

Container with Most Water

The solution presented in `maxArea.cc` probably seems questionable at first sight, Here is how I thought about it:

We are tasked to find the two indices $[i, j]$ ($i < j$) such that

$$\min(\text{height}[i] - \text{height}[j]) * (j - i)$$

is maximized. Note that the smaller of $\text{height}[i]$ and $\text{height}[j]$ plays a dominant role in deciding the value of

$$\min(\text{height}[i] - \text{height}[j]) * (j - i)$$

Suppose $\text{height}[i] < \text{height}[j]$ (for $i < j$), then the algorithm will perform $i++$. Note that by incrementing i by 1, we effectively removed $[i, j - 1]$ as a candidate for the final solution (since we either perform $i++$ or $j--$ in all cases). Observe that

$$\begin{aligned} \min(\text{height}[i] - \text{height}[j]) * (j - i) &= \text{height}[i] * (j - i) \\ &> \text{height}[i] * (j - 1 - i) \\ &= \min(\text{height}[i] - \text{height}[j - 1]) * (j - 1 - i) \end{aligned}$$

which means the water in the container with vertical lines at indices $[i, j - 1]$ is less than the water in the container with the vertical lines at indices $[i, j]$ which means we can guarantee that $[i, j - 1]$ is not an optimal solution. Hence we will always reach the optimal indices.