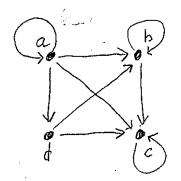
- 1. Let $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$ and consider the following relation on A: $R = \{(a, a), (a, c), (b, c), (b, b), (d, c), (a, b), (c, c), (d, b), (a, d)\}.$
 - (a) Draw a diagram of this relation.



(b) Is this relation reflexive?

No, because dRd.

(c) Is this relation symmetric?

No, because, for instance all but bla

(d) Is this relation transitive?

Yes by inspection, $\chi Ry \Lambda yRZ \Rightarrow \chi RZ$ for all $\chi, y, z \in A$.

2. Consider the $\equiv \pmod{3}$ relation on \mathbb{Z} . Prove that this relation is transitive.

We must show that if $x \equiv y \pmod{3}$ and $y \equiv z \pmod{3}$. Then $X \equiv Z \pmod{3}$.

We will use direct proof.

Assume $\chi \equiv y \pmod{3}$ and $y \equiv z \pmod{3}$

This means 3/(x-y) and 3/(y-Z).

Consequently |x-y=3k| and [y-z=3l] for k, lEZ

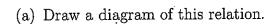
Adding the boxed equations results in

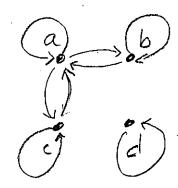
x-z=3k+3l=3(k+1). Hence 3/(x-z),

and consequently $x \equiv Z \pmod{3}$



Let $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$ and consider the following relation on A: $R = \{(a,b), (b,a), (a,c), (c,a), (a,a), (b,b), (c,c), (d,d)\}.$





(b) Is this relation reflexive?

xRx for all $x \in A$.

(c) Is this relation symmetric?

xRy =) yRx Yxy EA.

(d) Is this relation transitive?

No. For instance, cRalalb but cxb

Prove that the | (divides) relation on \mathbb{Z} is transitive.

We need to prove that if xly and ylz, then x/Z, We will use direct proof.

Suppose x/y and y/z.

This means y=xk and ==yl for some k, lEZ.

Then z = yl = xkl, that is |z = x(kl)|

for kl E I

Therefore X/Z

