1. This problem concerns the equation $2\sin(xy) = \sqrt{2}y^2$

(a) Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
: $D_{x} \left[2 \sin(xy) \right] = D_{x} \left[\sqrt{2} y^{2} \right]$

$$2 \cos(xy) \left(1 \cdot y + xy' \right) = \left[\sqrt{2} \cdot 2 \cdot y \cdot y' \right]$$

$$2 \cos(xy) y + 2 \cos(xy) xy' = 2 \sqrt{2} yy'$$

$$2 \cos(xy) xy' - 2 \sqrt{2} yy' = -2 \cos(xy) y$$

$$y' \cdot 2 \left(\cos(xy) x - \sqrt{2} y \right) = -2 \cos(xy) y$$

$$y' = -2y \cos(xy)$$

$$y' = -2y$$

(b) Use your answer from part (a) to find the slope of the tangent to the graph of $2\sin(xy) = \sqrt{2}y^2$ at the point $(\pi/4, 1)$.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} \left(\frac{\pi}{4} \right) = \frac{-1 \cos(\frac{\pi}{4} \cdot 1)}{\frac{\pi}{4} \cos(\frac{\pi}{4} \cdot 1)} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2} \cdot 1} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \sqrt{2}$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{2}(\frac{1}{2})}{\sqrt{2}(\frac{\pi}{8} - 1)} = \frac{-\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{\pi}{8} - 1} = \frac{-\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{\pi}{8} - 8} = \frac{-\frac{1}{4}}{11 - 8}$$

- 1. This problem concerns the equation ln(xy) = x y
 - (a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

$$D_{x}[\ln(xy)] = D_{x}[x-y]$$

$$-\frac{1}{xy}(i\cdot y + xy') = 1-y'$$

$$xy + xy' = (1-y') \times y$$

$$y + xy' = xy - xyy'$$

$$xy' + xy' = xy - y$$

$$y'(x + xy) = xy - y$$

$$y' = \frac{xy - y}{x + xy}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{xy - y}{x + xy}$$

(b) Use your answer from part (a) to find the slope of the tangent to the graph of ln(xy) = x - y at the point (1,1).

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{|\cdot|-|}{|+|\cdot|} = \frac{0}{3} = [0]$$

 $y' = \frac{\sin(xy)y - y}{x - \sin(xy)x}$

1. This problem concerns the equation $xy + \cos(xy) = 1$

(a) Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
. $D_{x} \left[xy + \cos(xy) \right] = D_{x} \left[1 \right]$

$$1 \cdot y + xy' - \sin(xy) \left(1 \cdot y + xy' \right) = 0$$

$$y + xy' - \sin(xy)y - \sin(xy)xy' = 0$$

$$xy' - \sin(xy)xy' = \sin(xy)y - y$$

$$y' \left(x - \sin(xy)x \right) = \sin(xy)y - y$$

$$y' \left(x - \sin(xy)x \right) = \sin(xy)y - y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{y}{x}$$

$$\frac{y' = \frac{y(\sin(xy) - 1)}{x(1 - \sin(xy))}$$

$$\frac{y' = -\frac{y}{x}}{y' = -\frac{y}{x}}$$

(b) Use your answer from part (a) to find the slope of the tangent to the graph of $xy + \cos(xy) = 0$ at the point (1,0).

$$m = \frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{0}{1} = \boxed{0}$$

1. This problem concerns the equation $x^4 + 2xy + y^4 = \cos(x)$

(a) Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
: $D_{x} \left[x^{4} + 2xy + y^{4} \right] = D_{x} \left[\cos(x) \right]$

$$4x^{3} + 2y + 2xy' + 4y^{3}y' = -\sin(x)$$

$$2xy' + 4y^{3}y' = -\sin(x) - 4x^{3} - 2y$$

$$y' \left(2x + 4y^{3} \right) = -\sin(x) - 4x^{3} - 2y$$

$$y' = \frac{-\sin(x) - 4x^{3} - 2y}{2x + 4y^{3}}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-\sin(x) - 4x^{3} - 2y}{2x + 4y^{3}}$$

(b) Use your answer from part (a) above to find the slope of the tangent to the graph of $x^4 + 2xy + y^4 = \cos(x)$ at the point (0,1).

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-\sin(0) - 4.0^{3} - 2.1}{2.0 + 4.1^{3}} = \frac{-2}{4}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2}$$