MIDDLE LAYER API

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queries.pm

Function	Arguments	Returns
get_results	2 strings: - The type of search (ID, location, product or accession) from the dropdown box of the application. - The search parameter typed by the user in the search box of the application.	Hash of results: - Keys = Genebank Accessions. - Values = ID + Location + Prod. Name.
get_sequences	1 string: the Genebank Accession number of the entry selected by the user.	2 strings: - The DNA sequence. - The translated amino acid sequence.
make_exons_hash	1 string: the Genebank Accession number of the entry selected by the user.	1 hash: - Keys = Exons start positions. - Values = Exons length.

cal.pm

Function	Arguments	Returns
protein_spacing	1 string: the amino acids sequence.	1 sequence: the amino acids sequence with a "-" sign on either side of each amino acid (for presentation purposes in the front end).
connect_exons	1 string and 1 hash: - The full DNA sequence. - The exons positions hash.	1 string: - The coding sequence (connected exons).
extract_exons	1 string and 1 hash: - The full DNA sequence. - The exons positions hash.	1 array where each value in the array is an exon sequence.

codons.pm

Function	Arguments	Returns
calc_cod_freq	1 string: the coding sequence.	1 hash: - Keys = Codons. - Values = Frequencies.

| calc_cod_ratio | 2 strings:
- The coding sequence.
- The amino acid sequence. | 1 hash:
- Keys = Codons.
- Values = Ratios. |
| map_codons | 2 strings:
- The coding sequence.
- The amino acid sequence. | 1 hash:
- Keys = Codons.
- Values = Corresponding Amino Acids. |

enzymes.pm

Function	Arguments	Returns
get_regions	1 string and 1 hash: - The full DNA sequence. - The exons positions hash.	3 strings: - The 5 region. - The middle region. - The 3 region.
check_ecori check_bamhi check_bsumi	3 strings: - The 5 region. - The middle region. - The 3 region.	True if the enzyme can cut the sequence in the 5 and/or 3 region but not in between. False if the opposite.
get_complementary	1 string: the restriction enzyme recognition motif typed by the user in the interface.	1 string: the complementary sequence of the motif the user typed in the interface.
check_enzyme	5 strings: - The 5 region. - The middle region. - The 3 region. - The restriction enzyme recognition motif entered by the user. - The complementary sequence of the restriction motif entered by the user.	True if the enzyme recognition motif entered by the user is found in the 5 and/or 3 region of the DNA sequence but not in between. False if the opposite.

The middle layer of the application is composed of 4 modules:

- queries.pm is the Data Access Tier. This module contains the SQL necessary to retrieve the data from the database.
- calculations.pm is part of the Business Logic Tier. This module contains subroutines which perform pre-calculations on the data retrieved from the database (such as building the coding sequence using exons data) before the data is passed to the front-end for presentation or to functions of the other 2 modules for restriction enzymes and codons calculations.

- codons.pm is part of the Business Logic Tier. This module contains subroutines which perform codon frequencies calculations.
- enzymes.pm is part of the Business Logic Tier. This module contains subroutines for assessing whether the 3 given restriction enzymes or an enzyme entered by the user can cut the DNA sequence of a gene at the 5 and/or 3 region but not in between.

To install the middle layer modules should be saved within a directory and should be used within the cgi scripts of the application.