MIDDLE LAYER API

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| queries.pm | | |
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| Function | Arguments | Returns |
| get_results | 2 strings: - The type of search (ID, location, product or accession) from the dropdown box of the application. - The search parameter typed by the user in the search box of the application. | Hash of results: - Keys = Genebank Accessions Values = ID + Location + Prod. Name. |
| get_sequences | 1 string: the Genebank Accession number of the entry selected by the user. | 3 strings: - The DNA sequence The translated amino acid sequence The codon start position (ie. The reading frame). |
| make_exons_hash | 1 string: the Genebank Accession number of the entry selected by the user. | 1 hash: - Keys = Exons start positions Values = Exons length. |
| cal.pm | | |
| Function | Arguments | Returns |
| protein_spacing | 1 string: the amino acids sequence. | 1 sequence: the amino acids sequence with a "-" sign on either side of each amino acid (for presentation purposes in the front end). |
| connect_exons | 2 strings and 1 hash: - The full DNA sequence. - The codon start position. - The exons positions hash. | 1 string: - The coding sequence (connected exons). |
| extract_exons | 1 string and 1 hash: - The full DNA sequence The exons positions hash. | 1 array where each value in the array is an exon sequence. |

| codons.pm | | |
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| Function | Arguments | Returns |
| calc_cod_freq | 1 string: the coding sequence. | 1 hash: - Keys = Codons Values = Frequencies. |
| calc_cod_ratio | 2 strings: - The coding sequence. - The amino acid sequence. | 1 hash: - Keys = Codons Values = Ratios. |
| map_codons | 2 strings: - The coding sequence. - The amino acid sequence. | 1 hash: - Keys = Codons Values = Corresponding Amino Acids. |
| Enzymes.pm Function | Arguments | Returns |
| get_regions | 1 string and 1 hash: - The full DNA sequence. - The exons positions hash. | 3 strings: - The 5 region. - The middle region. - The 3 region. |
| check_ecori check_bamhi check_bsumi | 3 strings: - The 5 region. - The middle region. - The 3 region. | True if the enzyme can cut the sequence in the 5 and/or 3 region but not in between. False if the opposite. |
| get_complementary | 1 string: the restriction enzyme recognition motif typed by the user in the interface. | 1 string: the complementary sequence of the motif the user typed in the interface. |
| check_enzyme | 5 strings: - The 5 region. - The middle region. - The 3 region. - The restriction enzyme recognition motif entered by the user. - The complementary sequence of the restriction motif entered by the user. | True if the enzyme recognition motif entered by the user is found in the 5 and/or 3 region of the DNA sequence but not in between. False if the opposite. |

The middle layer of the application is composed of 4 modules:

- queries.pm is the Data Access Tier. This module contains the SQL necessary to retrieve the data from the database.
- calculations.pm is part of the Business Logic Tier. This module contains subroutines which perform pre-calculations on the

data retrieved from the database (such as building the coding sequence using exons data) before the data is passed to the front-end for presentation or to functions of the other 2 modules for restriction enzymes and codons calculations.

- codons.pm is part of the Business Logic Tier. This module contains subroutines which perform codon frequencies calculations.
- enzymes.pm is part of the Business Logic Tier. This module contains subroutines for assessing whether the 3 given restriction enzymes or an enzyme entered by the user can cut the DNA sequence of a gene at the 5 and/or 3 region but not in between.

To install the middle layer modules should be saved within a directory and should be used within the cgi scripts of the application.