# Text Mining with R – an Analysis of Twitter Data

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#### Introduction

**Extracting Tweets** 

Text Cleaning

Frequent Words and Associations

Word Cloud

Clustering

Topic Modelling

# Text Mining

- unstructured text data
- text categorization
- text clustering
- entity extraction
- sentiment analysis
- document summarization
- **•** . . .

# Text mining of Twitter data with R <sup>1</sup>

- 1. extract data from Twitter
- 2. clean extracted data and build a document-term matrix
- 3. find frequent words and associations
- 4. create a word cloud to visualize important words
- text clustering
- 6. topic modelling

Introduction

#### **Extracting Tweets**

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#### Retrieve Tweets

#### Retrieve recent tweets by @RDataMining

```
## Option 1: retrieve tweets from Twitter
library(twitteR)
tweets <- userTimeline("RDataMining", n = 3200)</pre>
```

```
## Option 2: download @RDataMining tweets from RDataMining.com
url <- "http://www.rdatamining.com/data/rdmTweets.RData"
download.file(url, destfile = "./data/rdmTweets.RData")</pre>
```

```
## load tweets into R
load(file = "./data/rdmTweets-201306.RData")
```

```
(n.tweet <- length(tweets))</pre>
## [1] 320
tweets[1:5]
## [[1]]
## [1] "RDataMining: Examples on calling Java code from R \nht...
##
## [[2]]
## [1] "RDataMining: Simulating Map-Reduce in R for Big Data A...
##
## [[3]]
## [1] "RDataMining: Job opportunity: Senior Analyst - Big Dat...
##
## [[4]]
   [1] "RDataMining: CLAVIN: an open source software package f...
##
## [[5]]
## [1] "RDataMining: An online book on Natural Language Proces...
```

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```
# convert tweets to a data frame
# tweets.df <- do.call("rbind", lapply(tweets, as.data.frame))</pre>
tweets.df <- twListToDF(tweets)</pre>
dim(tweets.df)
## [1] 320 14
library(tm)
# build a corpus, and specify the source to be character vectors
myCorpus <- Corpus(VectorSource(tweets.df$text))</pre>
# convert to lower case
myCorpus <- tm_map(myCorpus, tolower)</pre>
```

Package tm v0.5-10 was used in this example. With tm v0.6, "content\_transformer" needs to be used to wrap around normal functions.

```
# tm v0.6
myCorpus <- tm_map(myCorpus, content_transformer(tolower))
```

```
# remove punctuation
myCorpus <- tm_map(myCorpus, removePunctuation)</pre>
# remove numbers
myCorpus <- tm_map(myCorpus, removeNumbers)</pre>
# remove URLs
removeURL <- function(x) gsub("http[[:alnum:]]*", "", x)</pre>
myCorpus <- tm_map(myCorpus, removeURL)</pre>
# add two extra stop words: 'available' and 'via'
myStopwords <- c(stopwords("english"), "available", "via")</pre>
# remove 'r' and 'big' from stopwords
myStopwords <- setdiff(myStopwords, c("r", "big"))</pre>
# remove stopwords from corpus
myCorpus <- tm_map(myCorpus, removeWords, myStopwords)</pre>
```

```
# keep a copy of corpus to use later as a dictionary for stem completio
myCorpusCopy <- myCorpus
# stem words
myCorpus <- tm_map(myCorpus, stemDocument)</pre>
```

```
# inspect the first 5 documents (tweets) inspect(myCorpus[1:5])
# The code below is used for to make text fit for paper width
for (i in 1:5) {
    cat(paste("[[", i, "]] ", sep = ""))
   writeLines(myCorpus[[i]])
## [[1]] exampl call java code r
##
## [[2]] simul mapreduc r big data analysi use flight data ...
## [[3]] job opportun senior analyst big data wesfarm indust...
## [[4]] clavin open sourc softwar packag document geotag g...
## [[5]] onlin book natur languag process python
```

```
## [[1]] examples call java code r
## [[2]] simulating mapreduce r big data analysis used flights...
## [[3]] job opportunity senior analyst big data wesfarmers in...
## [[4]] clavin open source software package document geotaggi...
## [[5]] online book natural language processing python
```

```
# count frequency of "mining"
miningCases <- tm_map(myCorpusCopy, grep, pattern = "\\<mining")</pre>
sum(unlist(miningCases))
## [1] 82
# count frequency of "miners"
minerCases <- tm_map(myCorpusCopy, grep, pattern = "\\<miners")</pre>
sum(unlist(minerCases))
## [1] 4
# replace "miners" with "mining"
myCorpus <- tm_map(myCorpus, gsub, pattern = "miners",</pre>
                    replacement = "mining")
```

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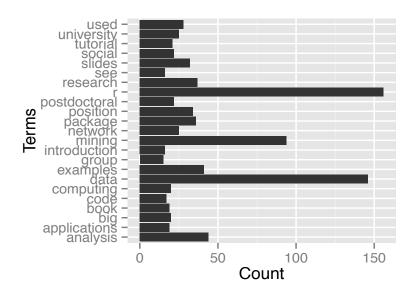
Clustering

Topic Modelling

```
idx <- which(dimnames(tdm)$Terms == "r")</pre>
inspect(tdm[idx + (0:5), 101:110])
## A term-document matrix (6 terms, 10 documents)
##
  Non-/sparse entries: 4/56
## Sparsity
                    : 93%
## Maximal term length: 12
## Weighting : term frequency (tf)
##
##
                Docs
## Terms
               101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110
##
    r
##
    ramachandran
##
    random
##
    ranked
##
    rann
##
    rapidminer
```

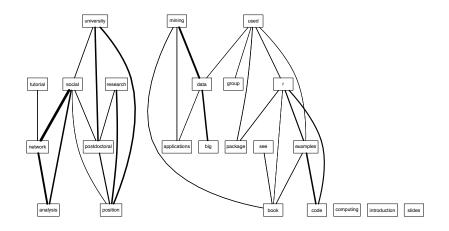
```
# inspect frequent words
(freq.terms <- findFreqTerms(tdm, lowfreq = 15))</pre>
   [1] "analysis"
                     "applications" "big"
                                                 "book"
##
                     "computing" "data"
## [5] "code"
                                                 "examples"
## [9] "group"
                    "introduction" "mining" "network"
## [13] "package"
                     "position" "postdoctoral" "r"
                     "see" "slides" "social"
##
  [17] "research"
## [21] "tutorial"
                     "university" "used"
term.freq <- rowSums(as.matrix(tdm))</pre>
term.freq <- subset(term.freq, term.freq >= 15)
df <- data.frame(term = names(term.freq), freq = term.freq)</pre>
```

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(df, aes(x = term, y = freq)) + geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
      xlab("Terms") + ylab("Count") + coord_flip()
```



```
# which words are associated with 'r'?
findAssocs(tdm, "r", 0.2)
##
## examples 0.32
## code 0.29
## package 0.20
# which words are associated with 'mining'?
findAssocs(tdm, "mining", 0.25)
##
                mining
               0.47
## data
## mahout
         0.30
## recommendation 0.30
## sets
        0.30
## supports 0.30
              0.26
## frequent
## itemset
               0.26
```

```
library(graph)
library(Rgraphviz)
plot(tdm, term = freq.terms, corThreshold = 0.12, weighting = T)
```



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```
library(wordcloud)
m <- as.matrix(tdm)
# calculate the frequency of words and sort it by frequency
word.freq <- sort(rowSums(m), decreasing = T)
wordcloud(words = names(word.freq), freq = word.freq, min.freq = 3,
    random.order = F)</pre>
```

```
opportunity statis, where controlling the controlling operation of the controlling operation of the controlling operation of the controlling operation of the controlling operation operation of the controlling operation operati
```

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Frequent Words and Associations

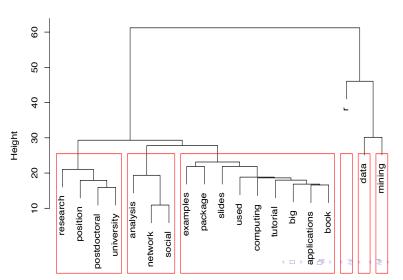
Word Cloud

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Topic Modelling

```
# remove sparse terms
tdm2 <- removeSparseTerms(tdm, sparse = 0.95)
m2 <- as.matrix(tdm2)
# cluster terms
distMatrix <- dist(scale(m2))
fit <- hclust(distMatrix, method = "ward")</pre>
```

#### **Cluster Dendrogram**



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```
m3 <- t(m2) # transpose the matrix to cluster documents (tweets)
set.seed(122) # set a fixed random seed
k <- 6 # number of clusters
kmeansResult <- kmeans(m3, k)</pre>
round(kmeansResult$centers, digits = 3) # cluster centers
##
    analysis applications big book computing data examples
      0.147
                0.088 0.147 0.015 0.059 1.015
                                               0.088
## 1
## 2 0.028
                0.167 0.167 0.250 0.028 1.556 0.194
## 3 0.810
                0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.048 0.095
## 4 0.080 0.036 0.007 0.058 0.087 0.000
                                               0.181
                0.000 0.000 0.067 0.067 0.333 0.067
## 5 0.000
## 6 0.119
                0.048 0.071 0.000 0.048 0.357
                                               0.000
##
    mining network package position postdoctoral r research
    0.338 0.015 0.015
## 1
                         0.059 0.074 0.235 0.074
## 2 1.056 0.000 0.222 0.000 0.000 1.000 0.028
## 3 0.048 1.000 0.095 0.143 0.095 0.286 0.048
## 4 0.065 0.022 0.174
                         0.000
                                   0.007 0.703 0.000
## 5 1.200 0.000
                0.000
                         0.000 0.067 0.067 0.000
## 6 0.119 0.000 0.024
                         0.643 0.310 0.000
                                                0.714
    slides social tutorial university used
##
## 1 0.074 0.000 0.015 0.015 0.029
```

0.000 0.000 0.000 0.250

0.762 0.190 0.000 0.095

## 2 0.056

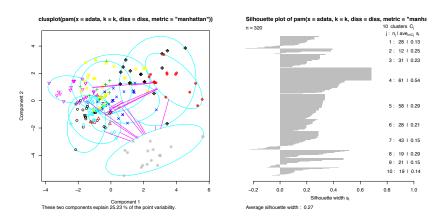
0.095

## 3

```
for (i in 1:k) {
    cat(paste("cluster ", i, ": ", sep = ""))
    s <- sort(kmeansResult$centers[i, ], decreasing = T)</pre>
    cat(names(s)[1:5], "\n")
    # print the tweets of every cluster
    # print(tweets[which(kmeansResult£cluster==i)])
## cluster 1:
               data mining r analysis big
## cluster 2:
               data mining r book used
## cluster 3:
              network analysis social r tutorial
## cluster 4:
               r examples package slides used
## cluster 5:
               mining tutorial slides data book
## cluster 6:
               research position university data postdoctoral
```

```
library(fpc)
# partitioning around medoids with estimation of number of clusters
pamResult <- pamk(m3, metric="manhattan")</pre>
k <- pamResult$nc # number of clusters identified
pamResult <- pamResult$pamobject</pre>
# print cluster medoids
for (i in 1:k) {
  cat("cluster", i, ": ",
      colnames(pamResult$medoids)[which(pamResult$medoids[i,]==1)], "\n
## cluster 1 : examples r
## cluster 2 : analysis data r
## cluster 3 :
                 data
## cluster 4:
## cluster 5 : r
## cluster 6:
                 data mining r
## cluster 7:
                 data mining
## cluster 8 :
                 analysis network social
## cluster 9 :
                 data position research
## cluster 10 :
                 position postdoctoral university
```

# plot clustering result
layout(matrix(c(1, 2), 1, 2)) # set to two graphs per page
plot(pamResult, col.p = pamResult\$clustering)



layout(matrix(1)) # change back to one graph per page

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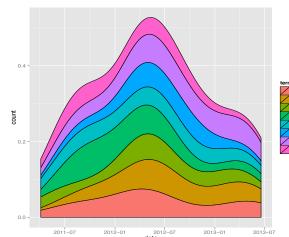
Clustering

Topic Modelling

# **Topic Modelling**

```
dtm <- as.DocumentTermMatrix(tdm)</pre>
library(topicmodels)
lda <- LDA(dtm, k = 8) # find 8 topics</pre>
term <- terms(lda, 4) # first 4 terms of every topic
term
## Topic 1 Topic 2 Topic 3 Topic 4
## [1,] "data" "mining" "r"
## [2,] "mining" "r" "r"
                             "lecture"
## [3,] "scientist" "mining" "tutorial" "time"
## [4,] "research" "book" "introduction" "series"
## Topic 5 Topic 6 Topic 7 Topic 8
## [1,] "position" "package" "r" "analysis"
## [2,] "research" "r" "data" "network"
## [3,] "postdoctoral" "clustering" "computing" "r"
## [4,] "university" "detection" "slides" "code"
term <- apply(term, MARGIN = 2, paste, collapse = ", ")
```

# Topic Modelling



#### n[topic] analysis, network, r, code

data, mining, scientist, research data, r, mining, book mining, r, tutorial, introduction package, r, clustering, detection position, research, postdoctoral, university r, data, computing, slides r, lecture, time, series

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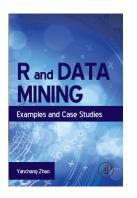
Clustering

Topic Modelling

- Chapter 10: Text Mining, in book R and Data Mining: Examples and Case Studies http://www.rdatamining.com/docs/RDataMining.pdf
- R Reference Card for Data Mining http://www.rdatamining.com/docs/R-refcard-data-mining.pdf
- ► Free online courses and documents http://www.rdatamining.com/resources/
- ► RDataMining Group on LinkedIn (7,000+ members)
  http://group.rdatamining.com
- ► RDataMining on Twitter (1,700+ followers)

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#### The End





#### Thanks!

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