详解crifan的C#库:crifanLib.cs

版本: v1.0

Crifan Li

摘要

本文主要介绍了我, crifan, 的C#库: crifanLib.cs的功能和用法。



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修订 1.0	2013-08-20	crl	
1. 从C#学习心得提取出来成立独立的book			
 2. 更新了N多函数的代码和用法			

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目录

前言	
1. 本文目的	viii
2. crifanLib.cs的由来	viii
3. 最新最全的crifanLib.cs完整代码下载	viii
4. crifanLib.cs所包含的引用(using)	
4.1. crifanLib.cs中的宏定义	
4.2. crifanLib.cs中引用的所有的库	ix
4.3. crifanLib.cs中各个宏的解释	
4.3.1. USE_GETURLRESPONSE_BW	
4.3.2. USE_HTML_PARSER_SGML和USE_HTML_PARSER_HTMLAGILITYP	^ ^CK
4.5.2. O3E_TTME_FAR3ER_3GME/HO3E_TTME_FAR3ER_TTMEAGETTF	TCK v
4.3.3. USE DATAGRIDVIEW	
4.3.4. USE JSON	
5. crifanLib.cs中的全局变量,初始化代码,私有函数	
1. crifanLib.cs之TreeView/TreeNode	
1.1. 查找TreeNode的根节点:findRootTreeNode	
1.2. 取消节点的高亮:unHighlightNode	
1.3. 高亮TreeNode:highlightNode	
2. crifanLib.cs之Unit Conversion	
2.1. 盎司转千克:ounceToKiloGram	
2.2. 千克转盎司:kiloGramToOunce	
2.3. 英镑转千克:poundToKiloGram	
2.4. 千克转英镑:kiloGramToPound	5
2.5. 英尺转厘米:inchToCm	6
2.6. 厘米转英尺:cmToInch	6
3. crifanLib.cs之Values	7
3.1. 和Javascript中Math.Random()等价的函数:mathRandom	7
4. crifanLib.cs之Time	8
4.1. 计算(代码执行)时间消耗(的时间段/时	
长):elapsedTimeSpanInit,getElapsedTimeSpan	8
4.2. 获得(从epoch时间纪元以来的)(以毫秒为单位的)当前时间:getCurTimeInMi	llisec
11-15-15 (17-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-	
4.3. 将毫秒转换为 (自1970年1月1日以来的) 本地时间:milliSecToDateTime	
4.4. 将Javascript中的"new Date(xxx)"转换为C#中的DateTime变量:parseJsNewDate	10
5. crifanLib.cs之String	
5.1. 格式化字符串中间对齐左右填充:formatstring	
5.2. 初始化null的字符串位空字符串"":emptyStringArray	
5.2.	12
5.4. 将"%21"解码为感叹号"!":decodeExclamationMark	12
5.5. 从字符串中提取单个的子字符串:extractSingleStr	
5.6. 组合参数列表(变成&xxx=yyy):quoteParas	13 1 <i>1</i>
5.6. 组合参数列表(变成&xxx=yyy).quoteraras	14
5.8. 把\xXX转换为对应的字符:filterEscapeSequence	16
5.9. 从文件的URL地址中提取文件名:extractFilenameFromUrl	
6. crifanLib.cs之Array	18
6.1. 从给定字符串中,从指定位置,提取指定长度的子字符串:getSubStrArr	18
7. crifanLib.cs之Cookie	19
7.1. 从Url中提取主机Host:extractHost	
7.2. 从Url中提取域Domain:extractDomain	
7.3. 从Url中提取域Domain的URL:getDomainUrl	
7.4. 将Cookie的某一项的值,添加到Cookie中:addFieldToCookie	20
7.5. 判断字符串是否是有效的cookie的某一项:isValidCookieField	
7.6. 校验Cookie的名字是否有效/合法:isValidCookieName	
7.7. 解析Cookie的名字和值:parseCookieNameValue	
7.8. 解析Cookie的项和域值:parseCookieField	
	_

详解crifan的C#库: crifanLib.cs

	7.9. 解析 (SetCookie的) 字符串为单个Cookie值:parseSingleCookie	. 27
	7.10. 解析(Http访问所返回的)Set-Cookie的字符串为Cookie数组:parseSetCookie	
	7.11. 解析Javascript中的setCookie为Cookie变量:parseJsSetCookie	
	7.12. 判断Cookie是否已经过期/失效/无效:isCookieExpired	
	7.13. 将单个Cookie添加到Cookie数组变量中:addCookieToCookies	
	7.14. 判断Cookies中是否包含某个Cookie:isContainCookie	
	7.15. 更新本地Cookie:updateLocalCookies	39
	7.16. 从一个CookieCollection获得一个Cookie的值:getCookieVal	40
8.	crifanLib.cs之Serialize/Deserialize	. 41
	8.1. 将一个对象序列化成字符串:serializeObjToStr	41
	8.2. 将字符串反序列化为对象:deserializeStrToObj	. 42
9.	crifanLib.cs之Http	. 44
	9.1. 设置代理:setProxy	
	9.2. 清除当前cookie:clearCurCookies	
	9.3. 获得当前cookie:getCurCookies	
	9.4. 设置当前cookie:setCurCookies	
	9.5. 获得Url地址的响应:getUrlResponse	. 47
	9.5.1. getUrlResponse的参数详解	. 47
	9.5.1.1. getUrlResponse的参数:url	. 47
	9.5.1.2. getUrlResponse的参数:headerDict	. 47
	9.5.1.3. getUrlResponse的参数:postDict	. 48
	9.5.1.4. getUrlResponse的参数:timeout	
	9.5.1.5. getUrlResponse的参数:postDataStr	. 48
	9.5.1.6. getUrlResponse的参数:readWriteTimeout	. 49
	9.5.2. getUrlResponse 的用法详解	. 49
	9.5.2.1. 被getUrlRespHtml调用	. 49
	9.5.2.2. 只传入url而获得对应的url的response	50
	9.6. 获得Url地址返回的网页内容:getUrlRespHtml	50
	9.6.1. getUrlRespHtml的参数详解	. 52
	9.6.2. getUrlRespHtml 的功能详解	
	9.6.2.1. 内部已默认指定了IE8的User-Agent	52
	9.6.2.2. 默认是允许自动跳转的	. 53
	9.6.2.3. 默认已支持解压缩html	. 53
	9.6.2.4. 已支持设置(单个)代理	53
	9.6.2.5. 支持网络超时设置	54
	9.6.2.6. 支持读写超时设置	54
	9.6.2.7. 支持自动处理cookie	54
	9.6.3. getUrlRespHtml 的用法详解	55
	9.6.3.1. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:只传入url而获得html	
	9.6.3.2. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:传入各种header信息	
	9.6.3.2.1. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:指定Referer	. 55
	9.6.3.2.2. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:禁止自动跳转	. 56
	9.6.3.2.3. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:手动设置Accept	. 57
	9.6.3.2.4. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:不保持连接	
	9.6.3.2.5. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:设置Accept-Language	58
	9.6.3.2.6. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:添加特定的User-Agent的header	
		. 58
	9.6.3.2.7. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:设置ContentType	. 60
	9.6.3.2.8. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:设置其他的特定的header	60
	9.6.3.3. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:设置网页字符编码charset	
	9.6.3.4. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:设置网络超时timeout时间	61
	9.6.3.5. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:设置Stream的读写超时readWriteTimeout	
	时间	61
	时间	62
	9.6.3.6.1. postDict示例:getDomainPageRank	. 62
	9.6.3.6.2. postDict示例:downloadSongtasteMusic	
	9.6.3.6.3. postDataStr示例:百度API上传文件	63
	9.6.3.6.4. postDataStr示例: 网易的心情随笔	64

详解crifan的C#库: crifanLib.cs

	9.7. 多次尝试版本的getUrlRespHtml:getUrlRespHtml_multiTry	64
	9.7.1. getUrlRespHtml_multiTry 的参数详解	65
	9.8. 获得Url地址所返回的二进制数据流:getUrlRespStreamBytes	66
	9.9. (谷歌)翻译一段话:translateString	67
	9.10. 将中文翻译为英文:transzhcntoen	69
	9.11. 查找获得域名的Page Rank:getDomainPageRank	
	9.12. 查找获得域名的Alexa Rank:getDomainAlexaRank	
10.	. crifanLib.cs之File/Folder	76
	10.1. 获得当前保存路径:getSaveFolder	76
	10.2. 二进制 (字节) 数据存为文件:saveBytesToFile	76
	10.3. (从网络上)下载文件(到本地):downloadFile	
	10.4. 调用资源管理器打开文件夹并选中文件:openFolderAndSelectFile	79
	10.5. (调用系统默认程序直接)打开文件:openFileDirectly	
11.	. crifanLib.cs之Screen	81
	11.1. 获得当前任务栏的尺寸大小:getCurTaskbarSize	81
	11.2. 获得当前任务栏的坐标位置:getCurTaskbarLocation	
	11.3. 获得当前屏幕的角落的坐标位置:getCornerLocation	
12.	. crifanLib.cs之Runtime	
	12.1. 获得当前软件的版本:getCurVerStr	85
13.	. crifanLib.cs之Html Parse	86
	13.1. 将HTML转换为XmlDocument:htmlToXmlDoc	86
	13.2. 将HTML转换为HtmlAgilityPack的HtmlDocument:htmlToHtmlDoc	88
	13.3. 去除HtmlNode中的子节点:removeSubHtmlNode	89
	13.4. 去除HTML的标签tag:htmlRemoveTag	
14.	· crifanLib.cs之集成DLL到exe中	92
	14.1. 集成DLL到exe中	
15.	. crifanLib.cs之DataGridView	
- •	15.1. 清楚DataGridView的内容:dgvClearContent	
	15.2. 让DataGridView显示行号:dgvDrawHeaderNum	
	15.3. 释放对象(变量):releaseObject	94
	15.4. 导出DataGridView内容到Excel文件:dgvExportToExcel	95
	15.5. 导出DataGridView内容到CSV文件:dgvExportToCsv	98
16.	b. crifanLib.cs之JSON	
	16.1. JSON字符串转换为字典变量:jsonToDict	
参考	考书目	

范例清单

	findRootTreeNode的使用范例	. 1
1.2.	unHighlightNode的使用范例	. 2
	highlightNode的使用范例	. 3
	ounceToKiloGram的使用范例	. 4
2.2.	kiloGramToOunce 的使用范例	. 5
2.3.	poundToKiloGram 的使用范例	. 5
2.4.	kiloGramToPound 的使用范例	. 5
2.5.	inchToCm 的使用范例	. 6
2.6.	kiloGramToPound 的使用范例	. 6
3.1.	mathRandom 的使用范例	7
4.1.	elapsedTimeSpanInit,getElapsedTimeSpan 的使用范例	. 8
	getCurTimeInMillisec 的使用范例	
	milliSecToDateTime 的使用范例	
	parseJsNewDate 的使用范例	
	formatstring 的使用范例	
	emptyStringArray 的使用范例	12
	encodeExclamationMark 的使用范例	
5.4.	decodeExclamationMark 的使用范例	13
	extractSingleStr 的使用范例	
	quoteParas 的使用范例	
	removeInvChrInPath 的使用范例	
	filterEscapeSequence 的使用范例	
	extractFilenameFromUrl 的使用范例	
	getSubStrArr 的使用范例	
	extractHost 的使用范例	
	extractDomain 的使用范例	
	getDomainUrl 的使用范例	
	addFieldToCookie 的使用范例	
	isValidCookieField 的使用范例	
	isValidCookieName 的使用范例	
	parseCookieNameValue 的使用范例	
	1	
	1 3	
	1.0 24 1.0 2.0	
	. parseJsSetCookie 的使用范例	
	. isCookieExpired 的使用范例	
	. addCookieToCookies 的使用范例	37
	. isContainCookie 的使用范例	
7.15	. updateLocalCookies 的使用范例	40
7.16	getCookieVal 的使用范例serializeObjToStr 的使用范例	40
8.1.	SerializeObj IoStr 的使用范例	41
8.2.	deserializeŠtrToObj 的使用范例	42
9.1.	setProxy 的使用范例clearCurCookies 的使用范例	44
9.2.	clearCurCookies 的使用范例	45
9.3.	getCurCookies 的使用范例setCurCookies 的使用范例	45
9.4.	setCurCookies 的使用范例	46
9.5.	getUrlResponse 的使用范例:被getUrlRespHtml调用	49
9.6.	getUrlResponse 的使用范例:只传入url	50
9.7.	getUrlResponse 的使用范例:只传入url	55
9.8.	getUrlRespHtml_multiTry 的使用范例	66
9.9.	getUrlRespStreamBytes 的使用范例	67
9.10	. translateString 的使用范例	69
9.11	translateString 的使用范例	69
9.12	. getDomainPageRank 的使用范例	71
9.13	. getDomainAlexaRank 的使用范例	75

详解crifan的C#库: crifanLib.cs

.0.1. getSaveFolder 的使用范例 7	76
	77
	79
.0.4. openFolderAndSelectFile 的使用范例	30
.0.5. openFileDirectly 的使用范例	
	32
.1.2. getCurTaskbarLocation 的使用范例	33
.1.3. getCornerLocation 的使用范例	
	35
	36
	39
.3.3. removeSubHtmlNode 的使用范例 9	90
	91
	92
.5.1. dgvClearContent 的使用范例 9	94
.5.2. dgvDrawHeaderNum 的使用范例 9	
	95
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	97
.5.5. dgvExportToCsv 的使用范例 9	99
.6.1. jsonToDict 的使用范例	

前言

1. 本文目的

本文目的在于,将自己的C#库crifanLib.cs中的函数都详细解释一遍以方便,看了我的库函数,知道如何使用。

2. crifanLib.cs的由来

之前在折腾WLW (Windows Live Writer) Plugin-InsertSkydriveFiles¹的过程中,先后遇到很多个问题,然后基本上也都自己解决了。对应的也写了相应的代码和函数。

后来又折腾了很多其他C#方面的东西,比如:

downloadSonstasteMusic(下载Songtaste歌曲) ²

前前后后,就把其中比较常用或通用的功能,整理提取出来,放到一个单独的文件中,即crifanLib.cs 此文就是专门针对每个函数,进行详细的解释其用法和给出示例。

3. 最新最全的crifanLib.cs完整代码下载

该文件,之前以帖子的方式发布到这里的: crifan的C#函数库: crifanLib.cs3

后来,就放到Google Code上去了,即:

所有的,完整的crifanLib.cs的内容,都是:

- 会不定期更新
- 最新版本始终都放在google code中的crifanLib⁴中的crifanLib.cs⁵了,需要的,自己去下载即可。
 其中,当前,截止到2013-08-20,crifanLib.cs的最新版本是:

4. crifanLib.cs所包含的引用(using)

如果你在使用这些函数的遇到说某某函数,类等找不到,那很可能是没有包含对应的此处的引用。 那么则请自行参考crifanLib.cs中的using部分,添加对应的引用。

4.1. crifanLib.cs中的宏定义

经过后来的版本升级,此时的crifanLib.cs中,已经包含了很多宏定义。

这些宏定义,主要用于,打开,关闭,某些库函数的,以便实现:

当你不想要使用某些函数,以及其会依赖到相关的库,的时候,则可以直接注释掉对应的宏,以实现此目的。

举例,比如,你此处,不想用.NET是3.5或更高的版本,也不想要使用JSON相关的函数,则可以在crifanLib.cs中,把JSON的宏注释掉,即:

¹ http://www.crifan.com/crifan_released_all/website/dotnet/wlw_plugin_insertskydrivefiles/

http://www.crifan.com/crifan released all/website/dotnet/downloadsongtastemusic/

http://www.crifan.com/crifan_csharp_lib_crifanlib_cs/

⁴ http://code.google.com/p/crifanlib/

⁵ http://code.google.com/p/crifanlib/source/browse/trunk/csharp/crifanLib.cs

//#define USE_JSON

如此,就不会使用到JSON相关的函数了:此刻的效果,主要是:

- 相关的函数jsonToDict等被注释掉
- 不需要用到(json所依赖的).NET 3.5+才有的库: System.Web.Script.Serialization了

```
#if USE_JSON using System.Web.Script.Serialization; // json lib, need: .NET 3.5+ #endif
```

4.2. crifanLib.cs中引用的所有的库

此处,就把crifanLib.cs目前所有依赖的库,即所有的using,都贴出来,供需要的人,自己添加自己所需要的:

```
//comment out following macros if not use them
#define USE_GETURLRESPONSE_BW //for getUrlResponse use backgroundworker version
//#define USE_HTML_PARSER_SGML //need SgmlReaderDll.dll
//#define USE_HTML_PARSER_HTMLAGILITYPACK //need HtmlAgilityPack.dll
//#define USE_DATAGRIDVIEW
//#define USE JSON
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Text.RegularExpressions;
using System.Web; // for server
using System.Net; // for client
using System.IO;
using System.Runtime.Serialization.Formatters.Binary;
using System.Text;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Reflection;
using System. Diagnostics;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System. Globalization;
#if USE_JSON
using System.Web.Script.Serialization; // json lib, need: .NET 3.5+
#endif
#if USE HTML PARSER SGML
using Sqml;
using System.Xml;
#endif
#if USE_HTML_PARSER_HTMLAGILITYPACK
using HtmlAgilityPack;
#endif
#if USE DATAGRIDVIEW
```

using Excel = Microsoft.Office.Interop.Excel; using Microsoft.Office.Interop.Excel; #endif

4.3. crifanLib.cs中各个宏的解释

如上所述, crifanLib.cs中包含了一些宏, 用于控制一些相关的功能, 是否使用。

此处,就对于这些宏,进行详细的解释:

4.3.1. USE GETURLRESPONSE BW

默认关闭此宏。

其背景是:

原先的getUrlResponse,是用于获得URL的响应,属于耗时操作,其在C#中使用时,一般都是出于默认的UI进程中。

导致结果是:当调用到getUrlResponse(以及相关的getUrlRespHtml等)函数时,UI失去响应,导致用户体验很不好。

所以后来又实现了一个BackgroundWorker版本的getUrlResponse

使得, 当调用getUrlResponse, UI也可以得到响应了。

所以,如果你想要用BackgroundWorker版本的getUrlResponse,就可以打开此宏:

#define USE GETURLRESPONSE BW //for getUrlResponse use backgroundworker version

如果没此需求,就关闭此宏:

//#define USE_GETURLRESPONSE_BW //for getUrlResponse use backgroundworker version

4.3.2. USE_HTML_PARSER_SGML和 USE_HTML_PARSER_HTMLAGILITYPACK

之前解析HTML,最初用的就是这个sgml库:SgmlReaderDll.dll

但是明显不是很好用。

后来发现了另外一个库:HtmlAgilityPack.dll,后,发现比较好用,就更多的时候,都用HtmlAgilityPack.dll这个库了。

所以,推荐做法:

当涉及到HTMI解析的时候,推荐用HtmlAgilityPack,不太推荐用Sgml

所以,一般设置为:

//#define USE_HTML_PARSER_SGML //need SgmlReaderDll.dll #define USE_HTML_PARSER_HTMLAGILITYPACK //need HtmlAgilityPack.dll

即可。

当然,如果你两个库都使用,也是可以的。



使用sgml或HtmlAgilityPack时要有对应的dll库

此处很明显,当使用对应的库时,则必须有对应的dll库文件,即

SgmlReaderDll.dll

详见:<u>【记录】C#中的HT</u>ML解析⁶

HtmlAgilityPack.dll

详见:<u>【记录】折腾C#中的HTML解析库:HtmlAglit</u>yPack⁷

4.3.3. USE DATAGRIDVIEW

DataGridView是表格控件。

之前的很多折腾:

- 【整理】如何使用C#中的DataGridView控件 ⁸
- <u>【已解决】C#中DataGridView</u>中的数据导出为CSV 9
- 【已解决】C#中,清除DataGridView中已有的数据 ¹⁰
- 【已解决】给C#的DataGridView中的DataGridViewButtonCell添加事件 11
- 【已解决】C#的DataGridView中,如何选中新添加的行 12
- 【已解决】C#的DataGridView中的单元格内添加按钮(整列都是按钮)
- 【已解决】C#的DataGridView中自动在行首添加行号
- 【已解决】将C#中的DataGridView中的数据,导出为Excel 15

整理出了这些函数:

- dqvClearContent
- dqvDrawHeaderNum
- releaseObject
- dgvExportToExcel
- dqvExportToCsv

所以, 当你需要的时候, 可以打开此宏:

#define USE_DATAGRIDVIEW

⁶ http://www.crifan.com/record_csharp_html_parser/

http://www.crifan.com/csharp play with html parse htmlaglitypack/

http://www.crifan.com/summary_how_to_use_csharp_datagridview/

⁹ http://www.crifan.com/csharp_export_datagridview_to_csv/
10 http://www.crifan.com/csharp_clear_all_datagridview_data/

http://www.crifan.com/csharp_datagridview_add_event_for_datagridviewbuttoncell/

http://www.crifan.com/csharp_datagridview_select_newly_added_row/

http://www.crifan.com/csharp_datagridview_add_whole_button_column_in_cell/

http://www.crifan.com/csharp_datagridview_auto_add_line_number_on_row_head/

¹⁵ http://www.crifan.com/csharp_datagridview_save_export_data_to_csv_or_excel/

去使用相关函数。

4.3.4. USE JSON

可以去开启JSON的宏:

#define USE_JSON

以去使用对应的函数:

isonToDict



json需要.NET 3.5+版本

json依赖的库是:System.Web.Script.Serialization,是需要.NET 3.5或更高的版本才可以 的。

换句话说,如果你当前C#项目是2.0的,那么需要转为3.5或更高版本的,才可以用此JSON函数。

5. crifanLib.cs中的全局变量,初始化代码,私有函数

此处,顺便也把对应的,全局变量,初始化代码,私有函数等等,贴出来,供参考:

```
public struct pairItem
    public string key;
    public string value;
 };
 private Dictionary<string, DateTime> calcTimeList;
 const char replacedChar = '_';
 string[] cookieFieldArr = { "expires", "domain", "secure", "path", "httponly", "version" };
 //IE7
 const string constUserAgent_IE7_x64 = "Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 7.0; Windows NT
6.1; WOW64; Trident/5.0; SLCC2; .NET CLR 2.0.50727; .NET CLR 3.5.30729; .NET CLR 3.0.30729;
Media Center PC 6.0; InfoPath.3; .NET4.0C; .NET4.0E)";
 //IE8
 const string constUserAgent_IE8_x64 = "Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT
6.1; WOW64; Trident/4.0; SLCC2; .NET CLR 2.0.50727; .NET CLR 3.5.30729; .NET CLR 3.0.30729;
Media Center PC 6.0; InfoPath.3; .NET4.0C; .NET4.0E";
 const string constUserAgent IE9 x64 = "Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 9.0; Windows NT 6.1;
WOW64; Trident/5.0)"; // x64
 const string constUserAgent_IE9_x86 = "Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 9.0; Windows NT 6.1;
Trident/5.0)"; // x86
 //Chrome
 const string constUserAgent_Chrome = "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 6.1; en-US)
AppleWebKit/533.4 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/5.0.375.99 Safari/533.4";
 //Mozilla Firefox
```

```
const string constUserAgent_Firefox = "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 6.1;
rv:1.9.2.6) Gecko/20100625 Firefox/3.6.6";
  private string gUserAgent;
  private WebProxy gProxy = null;
  //detault values:
  //getUrlResponse
  private const Dictionary<string, string> defHeaderDict = null;
  private const Dictionary<string, string> defPostDict = null;
  private const int defTimeout = 30 * 1000;
  private const string defPostDataStr = null;
  private const int defReadWriteTimeout = 30 * 1000;
  //getUrlRespHtml
  private const string defCharset = null;
  //getUrlRespHtml_multiTry
  private const int defMaxTryNum = 5;
  private const int defRetryFailSleepTime = 100; //sleep time in ms when retry fail for
getUrlRespHtml
  List<string> cookieFieldList = new List<string>();
  CookieCollection curCookies = null;
  //private long totalLength = 0;
  //private long currentLength = 0;
#if USE GETURLRESPONSE BW
  //indicate background worker complete or not
  bool bNotCompleted_resp = true;
  //store response of http request
  private HttpWebResponse gCurResp = null;
#endif
  private BackgroundWorker gBgwDownload;
  //indicate download complete or not
  bool bNotCompleted_download = true;
  //store current read out data len
  private int gRealReadoutLen = 0;
  Action<int> gFuncUpdateProgress = null;
  public crifanLib()
    //!!! for load embedded dll: (1) register resovle handler
    AppDomain.CurrentDomain.AssemblyResolve += new
ResolveEventHandler(CurrentDomain_AssemblyResolve);
    //http related
    gUserAgent = constUserAgent IE8 x64;
    //set max enough to avoid http request is used out -> avoid dead while get response
    System.Net.ServicePointManager.DefaultConnectionLimit = 200;
    curCookies = new CookieCollection();
    // init const cookie keys
    foreach (string key in cookieFieldArr)
       cookieFieldList.Add(key);
```

```
//init for calc time
    calcTimeList = new Dictionary<string, DateTime>();
#if USE_GETURLRESPONSE_BW
    gBgwDownload = new BackgroundWorker();
#endif
    //debua
    //gProxy = new WebProxy("127.0.0.1", 8087);
  /*-----*/
  //!!! for load embedded dll: (2) implement this handler
  System.Reflection.Assembly CurrentDomain_AssemblyResolve(object sender,
ResolveEventArgs args)
    string dllName = args.Name.Contains(",") ? args.Name.Substring(0,
args.Name.IndexOf(',')) : args.Name.Replace(".dll", "");
    dllName = dllName.Replace(".", "_");
    if (dllName.EndsWith("_resources")) return null;
    System.Resources.ResourceManager rm = new
System.Resources.ResourceManager(GetType().Namespace + ".Properties.Resources",
System.Reflection.Assembly.GetExecutingAssembly());
    byte[] bytes = (byte[])rm.GetObject(dllName);
    return System.Reflection.Assembly.Load(bytes);
  }
  // replace the replacedChar back to original ','
  private string _recoverExpireField(Match foundPprocessedExpire)
    string recovedStr = "";
    recovedStr = foundPprocessedExpire.Value.Replace(replacedChar, ',');
    return recovedStr;
  }
  //replace ',' with replacedChar
  private string _processExpireField(Match foundExpire)
    string replacedComma = "";
    replacedComma = foundExpire.Value.ToString().Replace(',', replacedChar);
    return replacedComma;
  }
  //replace "0A" (in \x0A) into '\n'
  private string _replaceEscapeSequenceToChar(Match foundEscapeSequence)
    char[] hexValues = new char[2];
    //string hexChars = foundEscapeSequence.Value.ToString();
    string matchedEscape = foundEscapeSequence.ToString();
    hexValues[0] = matchedEscape[2];
    hexValues[1] = matchedEscape[3];
    string hexValueString = new string(hexValues);
```

```
int convertedInt = int.Parse(hexValueString, NumberStyles.HexNumber,
NumberFormatInfo.InvariantInfo);
    char hexChar = Convert.ToChar(convertedInt);
    string hexStr = hexChar.ToString();
    return hexStr;
 }
 //check whether need add/retain this cookie
 // not add for:
 // ck is null or ck name is null
 // domain is null and curDomain is not set
 // expired and retainExpiredCookie==false
 private bool needAddThisCookie(Cookie ck, string curDomain)
    bool needAdd = false;
    if ((ck == null) || (ck.Name == ""))
      needAdd = false;
    else
      if (ck.Domain != "")
         needAdd = true;
      else// ck.Domain == ""
         if (curDomain != "")
           ck.Domain = curDomain;
           needAdd = true;
         else // curDomain == ""
           // not set current domain, omit this
           // should not add empty domain cookie, for this will lead execute
CookieContainer.Add() fail !!!
           needAdd = false;
      }
    }
    return needAdd;
 }
 //quote the input dict values
 //note: the return result for first para no '&'
 private string _quoteParas(Dictionary<string, string> paras, bool spaceToPercent20 = true)
    string quotedParas = "";
    bool isFirst = true;
    string val = "";
    foreach (string para in paras.Keys)
      if (paras.TryGetValue(para, out val))
         string encodedVal = "";
```

```
if (spaceToPercent20)
         //encodedVal = HttpUtility.UrlPathEncode(val);
         //encodedVal = Uri.EscapeDataString(val);
         //encodedVal = Uri.EscapeUriString(val);
         encodedVal = HttpUtility.UrlEncode(val).Replace("+", "%20");
       }
       else
       {
         encodedVal = HttpUtility.UrlEncode(val); //space to +
       if (isFirst)
         isFirst = false;
         quotedParas += para + "=" + encodedVal;
       else
         quotedParas += "&" + para + "=" + encodedVal;
    }
     else
    {
       break;
    }
  }
  return quotedParas;
}
/* get url's response
private HttpWebResponse _getUrlResponse(string url,
                   Dictionary < string > headerDict = defHeaderDict,
                   Dictionary<string, string> postDict = defPostDict,
                   int timeout = defTimeout,
                   string postDataStr = defPostDataStr,
                   int readWriteTimeout = defReadWriteTimeout)
  //CookieCollection parsedCookies;
  HttpWebResponse resp = null;
  HttpWebRequest req = (HttpWebRequest)WebRequest.Create(url);
  req.AllowAutoRedirect = true;
  req.Accept = "*/*";
  //req.ContentType = "text/plain";
  //const string gAcceptLanguage = "en-US"; // zh-CN/en-US
  //req.Headers["Accept-Language"] = gAcceptLanguage;
  req.KeepAlive = true;
  req.UserAgent = gUserAgent;
```

```
req.Headers["Accept-Encoding"] = "gzip, deflate";
    //req.AutomaticDecompression = DecompressionMethods.GZip;
    req.AutomaticDecompression = DecompressionMethods.GZip
DecompressionMethods.Deflate;
    req.Proxy = qProxy;
    if (timeout > 0)
      req.Timeout = timeout;
    if (readWriteTimeout > 0)
      //default ReadWriteTimeout is 300000=300 seconds = 5 minutes !!!
      //too long, so here change to 300000 = 30 seconds
      //for support TimeOut for later StreamReader's ReadToEnd
      req.ReadWriteTimeout = readWriteTimeout;
    if (curCookies != null)
      req.CookieContainer = new CookieContainer();
      req.CookieContainer.PerDomainCapacity = 40; // following will exceed max default 20
cookie per domain
      req.CookieContainer.Add(curCookies);
    }
    if ((headerDict!= null) && (headerDict.Count > 0))
      foreach (string header in headerDict.Keys)
        string headerValue = "";
         if (headerDict.TryGetValue(header, out headerValue))
           string lowecaseHeader = header.ToLower();
           // following are allow the caller overwrite the default header setting
           if (lowecaseHeader == "referer")
             req.Referer = headerValue;
           else if (
                (lowecaseHeader == "allow-autoredirect") ||
                (lowecaseHeader == "allowautoredirect") ||
                (lowecaseHeader == "allow autoredirect")
             bool isAllow = false;
             if (bool.TryParse(headerValue, out isAllow))
                req.AllowAutoRedirect = isAllow;
           else if (lowecaseHeader == "accept")
             req.Accept = headerValue;
           else if (
```

```
(lowecaseHeader == "keep-alive") ||
            (lowecaseHeader == "keepalive") ||
            (lowecaseHeader == "keep alive")
       {
          bool isKeepAlive = false;
          if (bool.TryParse(headerValue, out isKeepAlive))
            req.KeepAlive = isKeepAlive;
       }
       else if (
            (lowecaseHeader == "accept-language") ||
            (lowecaseHeader == "acceptlanguage") ||
            (lowecaseHeader == "accept language")
       {
          req.Headers["Accept-Language"] = headerValue;
       else if (
            (lowecaseHeader == "user-agent") ||
            (lowecaseHeader == "useragent") ||
            (lowecaseHeader == "user agent")
       {
          reg.UserAgent = headerValue;
       }
       else if (
            (lowecaseHeader == "content-type") ||
            (lowecaseHeader == "contenttype") ||
            (lowecaseHeader == "content type")
       {
          req.ContentType = headerValue;
       }
       else
       {
          req.Headers[header] = headerValue;
     }
     else
       break;
  }
}
if (((postDict != null) && (postDict.Count > 0)) || (!string.IsNullOrEmpty(postDataStr)))
  req.Method = "POST";
  if (req.ContentType == null)
     req.ContentType = "application/x-www-form-urlencoded";
  if ((postDict != null) && (postDict.Count > 0))
```

```
postDataStr = _quoteParas(postDict);
       }
       //byte[] postBytes = Encoding.GetEncoding("utf-8").GetBytes(postData);
       byte[] postBytes = Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes(postDataStr);
       reg.ContentLength = postBytes.Length;
       try
       {
         Stream postDataStream = req.GetRequestStream();
         postDataStream.Write(postBytes, 0, postBytes.Length);
         postDataStream.Close();
       catch (WebException webEx)
         //for prev has set ReadWriteTimeout
         //so here also may timeout
         if (webEx.Status == WebExceptionStatus.Timeout)
            req = null;
       }
    }
    else
       req.Method = "GET";
    if (req != null)
       //may timeout, has fixed in:
       //http://www.crifan.com/
fixed_problem_sometime_httpwebrequest_getresponse_timeout/
       try
         resp = (HttpWebResponse)req.GetResponse();
         updateLocalCookies(resp.Cookies, ref curCookies);
       catch (WebException webEx)
         if (webEx.Status == WebExceptionStatus.Timeout)
         {
            resp = null;
    }
    return resp;
  }
#if USE_GETURLRESPONSE_BW
  private void getUrlResponse_bw(string url,
                     Dictionary<string, string> headerDict = defHeaderDict,
                     Dictionary<string, string> postDict = defPostDict,
                     int timeout = defTimeout,
                     string postDataStr = defPostDataStr,
                     int readWriteTimeout = defReadWriteTimeout)
```

```
// Create a background thread
    BackgroundWorker bgwGetUrlResp = new BackgroundWorker();
    bgwGetUrlResp.DoWork += new DoWorkEventHandler(bgwGetUrlResp_DoWork);
    bgwGetUrlResp.RunWorkerCompleted += new
RunWorkerCompletedEventHandler( bgwGetUrlResp_RunWorkerCompleted );
    //init
    bNotCompleted resp = true;
    // run in another thread
    object paraObj = new object[] { url, headerDict, postDict, timeout, postDataStr,
readWriteTimeout };
   bgwGetUrlResp.RunWorkerAsync(paraObj);
 }
 private void bgwGetUrlResp_DoWork(object sender, DoWorkEventArgs e)
    object[] paraObj = (object[])e.Argument;
    string url = (string)paraObj[0];
    Dictionary < string > headerDict = (Dictionary < string > )paraObi[1];
    Dictionary<string, string> postDict = (Dictionary<string, string>)paraObj[2];
    int timeout = (int)paraObj[3];
    string postDataStr = (string)paraObj[4];
    int readWriteTimeout = (int)paraObj[5];
    e.Result = _getUrlResponse(url, headerDict, postDict, timeout, postDataStr,
readWriteTimeout);
 }
 //void m_bqWorker_ProgressChanged(object sender, ProgressChangedEventArgs e)
 //
     bRespNotCompleted = true;
 //}
 private void bgwGetUrlResp_RunWorkerCompleted(object sender,
RunWorkerCompletedEventArgs e)
    // The background process is complete. We need to inspect
    // our response to see if an error occurred, a cancel was
   // requested or if we completed successfully.
   // Check to see if an error occurred in the
    // background process.
    if (e.Error != null)
      //MessageBox.Show(e.Error.Message);
      return;
    // Check to see if the background process was cancelled.
   if (e.Cancelled)
      //MessageBox.Show("Cancelled ...");
    else
      bNotCompleted_resp = false;
```

```
// Everything completed normally.
       // process the response using e.Result
       //MessageBox.Show("Completed...");
       gCurResp = (HttpWebResponse)e.Result;
  }
#endif
  private void getUrlRespStreamBytes_bw(ref Byte[] respBytesBuf,
                  string url,
                  Dictionary<string, string> headerDict,
                  Dictionary<string, string> postDict,
                  int timeout,
                  Action < int > funcUpdateProgress)
    // Create a background thread
    gBgwDownload = new BackgroundWorker();
    gBgwDownload.DoWork += bgwDownload_DoWork;
    gBgwDownload.RunWorkerCompleted += bgwDownload RunWorkerCompleted;
    gBgwDownload.WorkerReportsProgress = true;
    gBgwDownload.ProgressChanged += bgwDownload_ProgressChanged;
    bNotCompleted_download = true;
    gFuncUpdateProgress = funcUpdateProgress;
    // run in another thread
    object paraObj = new object[] {respBytesBuf, url, headerDict, postDict, timeout};
    gBgwDownload.RunWorkerAsync(paraObj);
  }
  private void bgwDownload_ProgressChanged(object sender, ProgressChangedEventArgs e)
    if (gFuncUpdateProgress != null)
      // This function fires on the UI thread so it's safe to edit
       // the UI control directly, no funny business with Control.Invoke.
       // Update the progressBar with the integer supplied to us from the
       // ReportProgress() function. Note, e.UserState is a "tag" property
      // that can be used to send other information from the
      // BackgroundThread to the UI thread.
       gFuncUpdateProgress(e.ProgressPercentage);
    }
  }
  private void bgwDownload_DoWork(object sender, DoWorkEventArgs e)
  // // The sender is the BackgroundWorker object we need it to
  // // report progress and check for cancellation.
  // BackgroundWorker gBgwDownload = sender as BackgroundWorker;
    object[] paraObj = (object[])e.Argument;
    Byte[] respBytesBuf = (Byte[])paraObj[0];
    string url = (string)paraObj[1];
    Dictionary<string, string> headerDict = (Dictionary<string, string>)paraObj[2];
    Dictionary < string > postDict = (Dictionary < string > )paraObj[3];
```

```
int timeout = (int)paraObj[4];
    //e.Result = _getUrlRespStreamBytes(ref respBytesBuf, url, headerDict, postDict, timeout);
    int curReadoutLen;
    int realReadoutLen = 0:
    int curBufPos = 0;
    long totalLength = 0;
    long currentLength = 0;
    try
      //HttpWebResponse resp = getUrlResponse(url, headerDict, postDict, timeout);
      HttpWebResponse resp = getUrlResponse(url, headerDict, postDict);
      long expectReadoutLen = resp.ContentLength;
      totalLength = expectReadoutLen;
      currentLength = 0;
      Stream binStream = resp.GetResponseStream();
      //int streamDataLen = (int)binStream.Length; // erro: not support seek operation
      do
         //let up layer update its UI, otherwise up layer UI will no response during this func
exec time
         //now has make this function to call by backgroundworker, so not need this to
update UI
         //System.Windows.Forms.Application.DoEvents();
         // here download logic is:
         // once request, return some data
         // request multiple time, until no more data
         curReadoutLen = binStream.Read(respBytesBuf, curBufPos, (int)expectReadoutLen);
         if (curReadoutLen > 0)
           curBufPos += curReadoutLen:
           currentLength = curBufPos;
           expectReadoutLen = expectReadoutLen - curReadoutLen;
           realReadoutLen += curReadoutLen;
           int currentPercent = (int)((currentLength * 100) / totalLength);
           if (currentPercent < 0)
             currentPercent = 0;
           }
           if (currentPercent > 100)
           {
             currentPercent = 100;
           }
```

```
gBgwDownload.ReportProgress(currentPercent);
      } while (curReadoutLen > 0);
    catch (Exception ex)
      string errorMessage = ex.Message;
      realReadoutLen = -1;
   //return realReadoutLen;
    e.Result = realReadoutLen;
   //gBgwDownload.ReportProgress(100);
 }
 private void bgwDownload_RunWorkerCompleted(object sender,
RunWorkerCompletedEventArgs e)
   // The background process is complete. We need to inspect
   // our response to see if an error occurred, a cancel was
   // requested or if we completed successfully.
   // Check to see if an error occurred in the
    // background process.
   if (e.Error != null)
      //MessageBox.Show(e.Error.Message);
      return;
   }
    // Check to see if the background process was cancelled.
   if (e.Cancelled)
      //MessageBox.Show("Cancelled ...");
   }
   else
      bNotCompleted_download = false;
      // Everything completed normally.
      // process the response using e.Result
      //MessageBox.Show("Completed...");
      gRealReadoutLen = (int)e.Result;
 }
```

第1章 crifanLib.cs之TreeView/ TreeNode

1.1. 查找TreeNode的根节点:findRootTreeNode

```
* [Function]
* find root TreeNode of current TreeNode
* [Input]
* some TreeNode
* [Output]
* root TreeNode of input TreeNode
* [Note]
public TreeNode findRootTreeNode(TreeNode curTreeNode)
  TreeNode rootTreeNode = curTreeNode.Parent;
  if (rootTreeNode == null)
    //root parent is null
    rootTreeNode = curTreeNode;
  else
    //child parent is not null
    while (rootTreeNode.Parent != null)
       rootTreeNode = rootTreeNode.Parent;
  return rootTreeNode;
}
```

例 1.1. findRootTreeNode的使用范例

```
//get input TreeNode's BrowseNode's SearchIndex
private string getSearchIndex(TreeNode curTreeNode)
{
    string strSearchIndex = "";

    //find the root node
    TreeNode rootTreeNode = crl.findRootTreeNode(curTreeNode);
```

1.2. 取消节点的高亮:unHighlightNode

```
* [Function]
* un highlight tree node
* [Input]
* some TreeNode
* [Output]
* restore color to background color
* [Note]
*/
public Color unHighlightNode(TreeView trvValue, TreeNode treeNode)
  Color oldColor = trvValue.BackColor;
  if (treeNode != null)
     oldColor = treeNode.BackColor;
    treeNode.BackColor = trvValue.BackColor;
    treeNode.ForeColor = Color.Black;
  }
  return oldColor;
}
```

例 1.2. unHighlightNode的使用范例

```
else if (e.ClickedItem == tsmiRemoveFromSelection)
{
   if (curSelTreeNodeList.Contains(curSelTreeNode))
   {
      //remove selection
      curSelTreeNodeList.Remove(curSelTreeNode);

      //unhightlight node
      crl.unHighlightNode(trvCategoryTree, curSelTreeNode);
   }
}
```

1.3. 高亮TreeNode:highlightNode

```
/*

* [Function]

* highlight tree node

* [Input]

* some TreeNode

*

* [Output]
```

crifanLib.cs之 TreeView/TreeNode

```
* set color to highlighted color

*

* [Note]

*/

public Color highlightNode(TreeView trvValue, TreeNode someNode)

{

Color oldColor = trvValue.BackColor; //"{Name=Window, ARGB=(255, 255, 255)}"

if (someNode!= null)

{

oldColor = someNode.BackColor; //"{Name=0, ARGB=(0, 0, 0, 0)}"

// HTML #3399FF -> RGB(51,153,255)

//"{Name=MenuHighlight, ARGB=(255, 51, 153, 255)}"

someNode.BackColor = SystemColors.MenuHighlight;

//node.BackColor = nodeHlBackColor;

//node.ForeColor = Color.FromArgb(255, 255, 255);

someNode.ForeColor = Color.White;

}

return oldColor;

}
```

例 1.3. highlightNode的使用范例

```
if (e.ClickedItem == tsmiAddToSelection)
{
    if (!curSelTreeNodeList.Contains(curSelTreeNode))
    {
        // add to selection
        curSelTreeNodeList.Add(curSelTreeNode);

        //hightlight node
        crl.highlightNode(trvCategoryTree, curSelTreeNode);
    }
}
```

第 2 章 crifanLib.cs之Unit Conversion

2.1. 盎司转干克:ounceToKiloGram

```
public float ounceToKiloGram(float ounce)
{
   float kiloGram = ounce * 0.028349523125F;
   return kiloGram;
}
```

例 2.1. ounceToKiloGram的使用范例

```
float kiloGram = -1.0F:
    string weightNumberStr = "";
    //type1:
    //http://www.amazon.com/Kindle-Fire-HD/dp/B0083PWAPW/ref=lp_1055398_1_1?
ie=UTF8&qid=1369487181&sr=1-1
    //<td style="font-weight: bold;text-align:left; font-size: 12px; border-bottom: 1px solid
#e2e2e2;" align="right">Weight13.9 ounces (395 grams)</
    //http://www.amazon.com/Kindle-Paperwhite-Touch-light/dp/B007OZNZG0/
ref=lp 1055398 1 2?ie=UTF8&gid=1369487181&sr=1-2
    //<td style="font-weight: bold;text-align:left; font-size: 12px; border-bottom: 1px solid
#e2e2e2;" align="right">Weight7.5 ounces (213 grams)</
td>
    if (!calculatedKiloGram)
      if (crl.extractSingleStr(@"Weight]+?"">([\.\d]+) ounces",
productHtml, out weightNumberStr))
        float onces = float.Parse(weightNumberStr);
        kiloGram = crl.ounceToKiloGram(onces);
```

2.2. 干克转盎司:kiloGramToOunce

```
public float kiloGramToOunce(float kiloGram)
{
  float ounce = kiloGram * 35.27396194958F;
  return ounce;
}
```

例 2.2. kiloGramToOunce 的使用范例

2.3. 英镑转干克:poundToKiloGram

```
public float poundToKiloGram(float pound)
{
   float kiloGram = pound * 0.45359237F;
   return kiloGram;
}
```

例 2.3. poundToKiloGram 的使用范例

```
else if (unitType.Equals("pounds"))
{
    float pound = float.Parse(weightNumberStr);
    kiloGram = crl.poundToKiloGram(pound);
}
```

2.4. 干克转英镑:kiloGramToPound

```
public float kiloGramToPound(float kiloGram)
{
  float pound = kiloGram * 0.45359237F;
  return pound;
}
```

例 2.4. kiloGramToPound 的使用范例

2.5. 英尺转厘米:inchToCm

```
public float inchToCm(float inch)
{
  float cm = inch * 2.54F;
  return cm;
}
```

例 2.5. inchToCm 的使用范例

```
dimensionInch.length = float.Parse(lengthInchStr);
dimensionInch.width = float.Parse(widthInchStr);
dimensionInch.height = float.Parse(heightInchStr);

dimensionCm.length = crl.inchToCm(dimensionInch.length);
dimensionCm.width = crl.inchToCm(dimensionInch.width);
dimensionCm.height = crl.inchToCm(dimensionInch.height);
```

2.6. 厘米转英尺:cmToInch

```
public float cmToInch(float cm)
{
  float inch = cm * 0.39370078740157F;
  return inch;
}
```

例 2.6. kiloGramToPound 的使用范例

第 3 章 crifanLib.cs之Values

3.1. 和Javascript中Math.Random()等价的函数:mathRandom

```
//equivalent of Math.Random() in Javascript
//get a 17 bit double value x, 0 < x < 1, eg:0.68637410117610087
public double mathRandom()
{
   Random rdm = new Random();
   double betweenZeroToOne17Bit = rdm.NextDouble();
   return betweenZeroToOne17Bit;
}</pre>
```

例 3.1. mathRandom 的使用范例

第 4 章 crifanLib.cs之Time

此处是和时间(Time, DateTime等)有关的函数

4.1. 计算(代码执行)时间消耗(的时间段/时 长):elapsedTimeSpanInit,getElapsedTimeSpan

使用前,先做最开始的初始化:

```
private Dictionary<string, DateTime> calcTimeList;
//init for calc time
calcTimeList = new Dictionary<string, DateTime>();
```

每次使用之前,使用:

```
// init for calculate time span
public void elapsedTimeSpanInit(string keyName)
{
    calcTimeList.Add(keyName, DateTime.Now);
}
```

然后就可以获得对应的时间消耗了:

```
// got calculated time span
public double getElapsedTimeSpan(string keyName)
{
    double milliSec = 0.0;
    if (calcTimeList.ContainsKey(keyName))
    {
        DateTime startTime = calcTimeList[keyName];
        DateTime endTime = DateTime.Now;
        milliSec = (endTime - startTime).TotalMilliseconds;
    }
    return milliSec;
}
```

例 4.1. elapsedTimeSpanInit,getElapsedTimeSpan 的使用范例

4.2. 获得(从epoch时间纪元以来的)(以毫秒 为单位的)当前时间:getCurTimeInMillisec

```
//refer: http://bytes.com/topic/c-sharp/answers/713458-c-function-equivalent-javascript-gettime-function
//get current time in milli-second-since-epoch(1970/01/01)
public double getCurTimeInMillisec()
{
    DateTime st = new DateTime(1970, 1, 1);
    TimeSpan t = (DateTime.Now - st);
    return t.TotalMilliseconds; // milli seconds since epoch
}
```

例 4.2. getCurTimeInMillisec 的使用范例

double curMilliSecDouble = crl.getCurTimeInMillisec(); //1343392590725.6758

4.3. 将毫秒转换为(自1970年1月1日以来的) 本地时间:milliSecToDateTime

```
// parse the milli second to local DateTime value
public DateTime milliSecToDateTime(double milliSecSinceEpoch)
{
    DateTime st = new DateTime(1970, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0);
    st = st.AddMilliseconds(milliSecSinceEpoch);
    return st;
}
```

例 4.3. milliSecToDateTime 的使用范例

```
double doubleVal = 0.0;
if (Double.TryParse(dateValue, out doubleVal))
{
   // try whether is double/int64 milliSecSinceEpoch
   parsedDatetime = milliSecToDateTime(doubleVal);
   parseOK = true;
}
```

4.4. 将Javascript中的"new Date(xxx)"转换为C#中的DateTime变量:parseJsNewDate

```
//parse xxx in "new Date(xxx)" of javascript to C# DateTime
//input example:
//new Date(1329198041411.84) / new Date(1329440307389.9) / new Date(1329440307483)
public bool parseJsNewDate(string newDateStr, out DateTime parsedDatetime)
bool parseOK = false;
parsedDatetime = new DateTime();
if ((newDateStr != "") && (newDateStr.Trim() != ""))
  string dateValue = "";
  if (extractSingleStr(@".*new\sDate\((.+?)\).*", newDateStr, out dateValue))
    double double Val = 0.0;
    if (Double.TryParse(dateValue, out doubleVal))
       // try whether is double/int64 milliSecSinceEpoch
       parsedDatetime = milliSecToDateTime(doubleVal);
       parseOK = true;
    else if (DateTime.TryParse(dateValue, out parsedDatetime))
       // try normal DateTime string
       //refer: http://www.w3schools.com/js/js_obj_date.asp
       //October 13, 1975 11:13:00
       //79,5,24 / 79,5,24,11,33,0
       //1329198041411.3344 / 1329198041411.84 / 1329198041411
       parseOK = true;
  }
return parseOK;
```

例 4.4. parseJsNewDate 的使用范例

```
DateTime expireTime;
if (parseJsNewDate(expire, out expireTime))
{
    parsedCk.Expires = expireTime;
}
```

第5章 crifanLib.cs之String

此处是和字符串(string等)有关的函数

5.1. 格式化字符串中间对齐左右填 充:formatstring

例 5.1. formatstring 的使用范例

```
string strFullCategoryName = String.Format("FullCategoryName={0}", curFullCategoryName); string strFormattedFullCategoryName = crl.formatString(strFullCategoryName, '=');
```

5.2. 初始化null的字符串位空字符串"":emptyStringArray

```
//init the string array to empty public string[] emptyStringArray(string[] strArr) {
```

```
if (strArr!= null)
{
    for (int idx = 0; idx < strArr.Length; idx++)
    {
        strArr[idx] = String.Empty;
        //strArr[idx] = "";
    }
}
return strArr;
}</pre>
```

例 5.2. emptyStringArray 的使用范例

```
//5 bullet
//public string[] bulletArr; // total 5 (or more, but only record 5)
productInfo.bulletArr = new string[5];
crl.emptyStringArray(productInfo.bulletArr);
```

5.3. 将感叹号"!"强制编码 为"%21":encodeExclamationMark

```
// encode "!" to "%21"
public string encodeExclamationMark(string inputStr)
{
    return inputStr.Replace("!", "%21");
}
```

例 5.3. encodeExclamationMark 的使用范例

```
getItemsUrl += "id=" + encodeExclamationMark(folderId).ToLower();
```

5.4. 将"%21"解码为感叹 号"!":decodeExclamationMark

```
// encode "%21" to "!"
public string decodeExclamationMark(string inputStr)
{
    return inputStr.Replace("%21", "!");
}
```

例 5.4. decodeExclamationMark 的使用范例

folderId = decodeExclamationMark(folderId);

5.5. 从字符串中提取单个的子字符串:extractSingleStr

```
//using Regex to extract single string value
// caller should make sure the string to extract is Groups[1] == include single () !!!
public bool extractSingleStr(string pattern, string extractFrom, out string extractedStr)
{
   bool extractOK = false;
   Regex rx = new Regex(pattern);
   Match found = rx.Match(extractFrom);
   if (found.Success)
   {
      extractOK = true;
      extractedStr = found.Groups[1].ToString();
   }
   else
   {
      extractOK = false;
      extractedStr = "";
   }
   return extractOK;
}
```

例 5.5. extractSingleStr 的使用范例

```
string resPreloadUrl = "";
//var srf_uPreload = 'https://skydrive.live.com/handlers/resourcespreload.mvc?
view=Folders.All&id;=250206&mkt;=EN-US';
```

string resPreloadP = @"var\ssrf_uPreload\s=\s'(.+?)';";
extractSingleStr(resPreloadP, html, out resPreloadUrl);



传入extractSingleStr的正则pattern中必须包含括号,即group

从代码中可见,传入extractSingleStr中的pattern,必须有一个括号,即一个group 然后查找出来的内容,才能得以提取出来

5.6. 组合参数列表(变成 &xxx=yyy):quoteParas

```
//quote the input dict values
//note: the return result for first para no '&'
public string quoteParas(Dictionary<string, string> paras, bool spaceToPercent20 = true)
  string quotedParas = "";
  bool isFirst = true;
  string val = "";
  foreach (string para in paras.Keys)
     if (paras.TryGetValue(para, out val))
       string encodedVal = "";
       if (spaceToPercent20)
          //encodedVal = HttpUtility.UrlPathEncode(val);
          //encodedVal = Uri.EscapeDataString(val);
          //encodedVal = Uri.EscapeUriString(val);
          encodedVal = HttpUtility.UrlEncode(val).Replace("+", "%20");
       }
       else
          encodedVal = HttpUtility.UrlEncode(val); //space to +
       }
       if (isFirst)
          isFirst = false:
          quotedParas += para + "=" + encodedVal;
       }
       else
       {
          quotedParas += "&" + para + "=" + encodedVal;
     }
     else
       break;
```

```
}
return quotedParas;
}
```

例 5.6. quoteParas 的使用范例

```
Dictionary < string > postDataDict = genPostsrfPostDict(html, login, passwd, isKeepLogin);
postData += quoteParas(postDataDict);
```

5.7. 去除文件名或路径中非法字符:removeInvChrInPath

例 5.7. removeInvChrInPath 的使用范例

string mid_tit;

```
if (crl.extractSingleStr(@"<p\s+?class=""mid_tit"">(?<mid_tit>.+?)", respHtml, out
mid_tit))
{
    albumInfo.name = crl.removeInvChrInPath(mid_tit);
}

string h1user;
if (crl.extractSingleStr(@"<h1\s+?class=""h1user"">(?<h1user>.+?)</h1>", respHtml,
out h1user))
{
    albumInfo.author = crl.removeInvChrInPath(h1user);
}
```

5.8. 把\xXX转换为对应的字符:filterEscapeSequence

```
//convert \xXX into corresponding char
//eg: \x0A -> '\n'
public string filterEscapeSequence(string esacapeSequenceStr)
{
    string filteredStr = Regex.Replace(esacapeSequenceStr, @"\\x\w{2}", new
MatchEvaluator(_replaceEscapeSequenceToChar));
    return filteredStr;
}
```

例 5.8. filterEscapeSequence 的使用范例

5.9. 从文件的URL地址中提取文件 名:extractFilenameFromUrl

```
//extract filename from url
//eg:
//http://g-ecx.images-amazon.com/images/G/01/kindle/dp/2012/KC/KC-slate-01-
lg._V401028090_.jpg
//KC-slate-01-lg._V401028090_.jpg
```

```
//file:///C:/Users/CLi/AppData/Local/Temp/WindowsLiveWriter-1737927945/
supfilesC19F10/now-the-service-status-is-active_thu%5B1%5D.png
   //now-the-service-status-is-active_thu%5B1%5D.png
   public string extractFilenameFromUrl(string fullUrl)
   {
      string filename = "";
      string[] slashList = fullUrl.Split('/');
      filename = slashList[slashList.Length - 1];
      return filename;
   }
```

例 5.9. extractFilenameFromUrl 的使用范例

```
string imageUrl = imageUrlList[idx];
gLogger.Info(String.Format("[{0}]={1}", idx, imageUrl));
string picFilename = crl.extractFilenameFromUrl(imageUrl);
```

第 6 章 crifanLib.cs之Array

此处是和数组 (Array) 有关的函数

6.1. 从给定字符串中,从指定位置,提取指定长 度的子字符串:getSubStrArr

例 6.1. getSubStrArr 的使用范例

```
string[] \ field Expressions = get SubStrArr (expressions, 1, expressions. Length - 1); \\
```

第7章 crifanLib.cs之Cookie

7.1. 从Url中提取主机Host:extractHost

```
//extrat the Host from input url
//example: from https://skydrive.live.com/, extracted Host is "skydrive.live.com"
public string extractHost(string url)
{
    string domain = "";
    if ((url != "") && (url.Contains("/")))
    {
        string[] splited = url.Split('/');
        domain = splited[2];
    }
    return domain;
}
```

例 7.1. extractHost 的使用范例

```
string host = "";
host = extractHost(url);
```

7.2. 从Url中提取域Domain:extractDomain

```
//extrat the domain from input url
//example: from https://skydrive.live.com/, extracted domain is ".live.com"
public string extractDomain(string url)
{
    string host = "";
    string domain = "";
    host = extractHost(url);
    if (host.Contains("."))
    {
        domain = host.Substring(host.IndexOf('.'));
    }
    return domain;
}
```

例 7.2. extractDomain 的使用范例

```
private string gCurDomain;
//update latest cookies
gCurDomain = commLib.extractDomain(getItemsUrl);
```

7.3. 从Url中提取域Domain的 URL:getDomainUrl

```
//extrat the domain url from original url
//from
//http://answers.yahoo.com/question/index?qid=20130323071141AA8PffP
//get
//http://answers.yahoo.com
public string getDomainUrl(string url)
{
    string domainUrl = "";
    Regex urlRx = new Regex(@"((https)|(http)|(ftp))://[\w\-\.]+");
    Match foundUrl = urlRx.Match(url);
    if (foundUrl.Success)
    {
        //int slashIndex = foundUrl.Index + foundUrl.Length;
        domainUrl = url.Substring(0, foundUrl.Length);
    }
    else
    {
        domainUrl = "";
    }
    return domainUrl;
}
```

例 7.3. getDomainUrl 的使用范例

7.4. 将Cookie的某一项的值,添加到Cookie中:addFieldToCookie

```
//add recognized cookie field: expires/domain/path/secure/httponly/version, into cookie
public bool addFieldToCookie(ref Cookie ck, pairItem pairInfo)
  bool added = false:
  if (pairInfo.key != "")
     string lowerKey = pairInfo.key.ToLower();
     switch (lowerKey)
       case "expires":
          DateTime expireDatetime;
          if (DateTime.TryParse(pairInfo.value, out expireDatetime))
            // note: here coverted to local time: GMT +8
            ck.Expires = expireDatetime;
            //update expired filed
            if (DateTime.Now.Ticks > ck.Expires.Ticks)
               ck.Expired = true;
            added = true;
          break:
       case "domain":
          ck.Domain = pairInfo.value;
          added = true;
          break;
       case "secure":
          ck.Secure = true;
          added = true;
          break;
       case "path":
          ck.Path = pairInfo.value;
          added = true;
          break;
       case "httponly":
          ck.HttpOnly = true;
          added = true;
          break;
       case "version":
          int versionValue;
          if (int.TryParse(pairInfo.value, out versionValue))
            ck.Version = versionValue;
            added = true;
          break;
       default:
          break;
     }
  }
  return added;
}//addFieldToCookie
```

例 7.4. addFieldToCookie 的使用范例

```
public bool parseSingleCookie(string cookieStr, ref Cookie ck)
    bool parsedOk = true;
    //Cookie ck = new Cookie();
    //string[] expressions =
cookieStr.Split(";".ToCharArray(),StringSplitOptions.RemoveEmptyEntries);
    //refer: http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/b873y76a.aspx
    string[] expressions = cookieStr.Split(new char[] { ';' },
StringSplitOptions.RemoveEmptyEntries);
    //get cookie name and value
    pairItem pair = new pairItem();
    if (parseCookieNameValue(expressions[0], out pair))
      ck.Name = pair.key;
      ck.Value = pair.value;
      string[] fieldExpressions = getSubStrArr(expressions, 1, expressions.Length - 1);
      foreach (string each Expression in field Expressions)
         //parse key and value
         if (parseCookieField(eachExpression, out pair))
           // add to cookie field if possible
           addFieldToCookie(ref ck, pair);
```

7.5. 判断字符串是否是有效的cookie的某一 项:isValidCookieField

```
public bool isValidCookieField(string cookieKey)
{
   return cookieFieldList.Contains(cookieKey.ToLower());
}
```

例 7.5. isValidCookieField 的使用范例

```
pair.key = ckFieldExpr.Substring(0, equalPos);
pair.key = pair.key.Trim();
if (isValidCookieField(pair.key))
```

```
{
  // only process while is valid cookie field
  pair.value = ckFieldExpr.Substring(equalPos + 1);
  pair.value = pair.value.Trim();
  parsedOK = true;
}
```

7.6. 校验Cookie的名字是否有效/合法:isValidCookieName

```
//cookie field example:
WLSRDAuth=FAAaARQL3KgEDBNbW84gMYrDN0fBab7xkQNmAAAEgAAACN7OQIVEO14E2ADnX8vEiz8fTuV7
DI6wTk5vXZbi2SEOHjt%2BbfDJMZGybHQm4NADcA9Qj/tBZOJ/
ASo5d9w3c1bTlU1jKzcm2wecJ5JMJvdmTCj4J0oy1oyxbMPzTc0iVhmDoyClU1dgaaVQ15oF6LTQZBrA0EXdBxq6
%2BUgYYB9DJDkSM/yFBXb2bXRTRgNJ1lruDtyWe%2Bm21bzKWS/
zFtTQEE56bIvn5ITesFu4U8XaFkCP/FYLiHj6gpHW2j0t
%2BvvxWUKt3jAnWY1Tt6sXhuSx6CFVDH4EYEEUALuqyxbQo2uqNwDkP9V5O%2B5FAyCf;
path=/; domain=.livefilestore.com; HttpOnly;,
WLSRDSecAuth=FAAaARQL3KgEDBNbW84gMYrDN0fBab7xkQNmAAAEgAAACJFcagD2IuX42ACdjP23wgEz1g
%2BgXPFhyTzOCgQNBVfvpfCPtSccxJHDIxy47Hg8Cr6RGUeXSpipLSIFHumjX5%2BvcJWkgxDEczrmBsdGnUcbz4
%2BK310KIZq9J35DgfNdkl12oYX5LMIBzdiTLwN1%2Bx9DgsYmmgxPbcuZPe/7y7dlb00jNNd8p/
rKtG4KLLT4w3EZkUAOcUwGF746qfznqDlOvXWVvZjGzA; path=/; domain=.livefilestore.com;
HttpOnly; secure;,
  //RPSShare=1; path=/;,
  //ANON=A=DE389D4D076BF47BCAE4DC05FFFFFFF&E=c44&W=1; path=/;
domain=.livefilestore.com;,
  //NAP=V=1.9&E=bea&C=VTwb1vAsViCeLWrDuow-
jCNgP5eS75JWWvYVe3tRppviqKixCvjqgw&W=1; path=/; domain=.livefilestore.com;,
  //RPSMaybe=; path=/; domain=.livefilestore.com; expires=Thu, 30-Oct-1980 16:00:00 GMT;
  //check whether the cookie name is valid or not
  public bool isValidCookieName(string ckName)
    bool isValid = true;
    if (ckName == null)
      isValid = false;
    else
      string invalidP = @"\W+";
      Regex rx = new Regex(invalidP);
      Match foundInvalid = rx.Match(ckName);
      if (foundInvalid.Success)
        isValid = false;
      }
```

```
return isValid;
}
```

例 7.6. isValidCookieName 的使用范例

```
name = foundSetck.Groups[1].ToString();
value = foundSetck.Groups[2].ToString();
domain = foundSetck.Groups[3].ToString();
path = foundSetck.Groups[4].ToString();
expire = foundSetck.Groups[5].ToString();
secure = foundSetck.Groups[6].ToString();

// must: name valid and domain is not null
if (isValidCookieName(name) && (domain != ""))
{
    parseOK = true;

    parsedCk.Name = name;
    parsedCk.Value = value;
    parsedCk.Domain = domain;
    parsedCk.Path = path;
```

7.7. 解析Cookie的名字和 值:parseCookieNameValue

```
// only process while is valid cookie field
    pair.value = ckNameValueExpr.Substring(equalPos + 1);
    pair.value = pair.value.Trim();
    parsedOK = true;
}
else
{
    pair.key = "";
    pair.value = "";
    parsedOK = false;
}
else
{
    pair.key = "";
    pair.value = ""
```

例 7.7. parseCookieNameValue 的使用范例

```
//string[] expressions =
cookieStr.Split(";".ToCharArray(),StringSplitOptions.RemoveEmptyEntries);
  //refer: http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/b873y76a.aspx
  string[] expressions = cookieStr.Split(new char[] { ';' },
StringSplitOptions.RemoveEmptyEntries);
  //get cookie name and value
  pairItem pair = new pairItem();
  if (parseCookieNameValue(expressions[0], out pair))
  {
```

7.8. 解析Cookie的项和域值:parseCookieField

```
// parse cookie field expression
public bool parseCookieField(string ckFieldExpr, out pairItem pair)
{
  bool parsedOK = false;

  if (ckFieldExpr == "")
  {
     pair.key = "";
     pair.value = "";
     parsedOK = false;
  }
  else
```

```
ckFieldExpr = ckFieldExpr.Trim();
     //some specials: secure/httponly
     if (ckFieldExpr.ToLower() == "httponly")
       pair.key = "httponly";
       //pair.value = "";
        pair.value = "true";
       parsedOK = true;
     else if (ckFieldExpr.ToLower() == "secure")
       pair.key = "secure";
       //pair.value = "";
        pair.value = "true";
       parsedOK = true;
     else // normal cookie field
       int equalPos = ckFieldExpr.IndexOf('=');
       if (equalPos > 0) // is valid expression
          pair.key = ckFieldExpr.Substring(0, equalPos);
          pair.key = pair.key.Trim();
          if (isValidCookieField(pair.key))
            // only process while is valid cookie field
             pair.value = ckFieldExpr.Substring(equalPos + 1);
             pair.value = pair.value.Trim();
             parsedOK = true;
          }
          else
          {
             pair.key = "";
             pair.value = "";
             parsedOK = false;
       }
       else
          pair.key = "";
          pair.value = "";
          parsedOK = false;
     }
  }
  return parsedOK;
}//parseCookieField
```

例 7.8. parseCookieField 的使用范例

```
foreach (string eachExpression in fieldExpressions)
{
   //parse key and value
   if (parseCookieField(eachExpression, out pair))
   {
      // add to cookie field if possible
      addFieldToCookie(ref ck, pair);
   }
   else
   {
      // if any field fail, consider it is a abnormal cookie string, so quit with false
      parsedOk = false;
      break;
   }
}
```

7.9. 解析(SetCookie的)字符串为单个Cookie 值:parseSingleCookie

```
//parse single cookie string to a cookie
  //example:
  //MSPShared=1; expires=Wed, 30-Dec-2037 16:00:00
GMT;domain=login.live.com;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1
  //PPAuth=CkLXJYvPpNs3w!fIwMOFcraoSIAVYX3K!
CdvZwQNwg3Y7gv74iqm9MqReX8XkJqtCFeMA6GYCWMb9m7CoIw!
ID5qx3pOt8sOx1U5qQPv6ceuyiJYwmS86IW*l3BEaiyVCqFvju9BMll7!FHQeQholDsi0xqzCHuW!
Qm2mrEtQPCv!qF3Sh9tZDjKcDZDI9iMByXc6R*J!JG4eCEUHIvEaxTQtftb4oc5uGpM!
YyWT!r5jXIRyxqzsCULtWz4lsWHKzwrNIBRbF!A7ZXqXyqCT8ek6luk7rarwLLJ!qaq2BvS;
domain=login.live.com;secure= ;path=/;HTTPOnly= ;version=1
  public bool parseSingleCookie(string cookieStr, ref Cookie ck)
    bool parsedOk = true;
    //Cookie ck = new Cookie();
    //string[] expressions =
cookieStr.Split(";".ToCharArray(),StringSplitOptions.RemoveEmptyEntries);
    //refer: http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/b873y76a.aspx
    string[] expressions = cookieStr.Split(new char[] { ';' },
StringSplitOptions.RemoveEmptyEntries);
    //get cookie name and value
    pairItem pair = new pairItem();
    if (parseCookieNameValue(expressions[0], out pair))
       ck.Name = pair.key;
       ck.Value = pair.value;
       string[] fieldExpressions = getSubStrArr(expressions, 1, expressions.Length - 1);
       foreach (string each Expression in field Expressions)
         //parse key and value
         if (parseCookieField(eachExpression, out pair))
```

```
// add to cookie field if possible
    addFieldToCookie(ref ck, pair);
}
else
{
    // if any field fail, consider it is a abnormal cookie string, so quit with false
    parsedOk = false;
    break;
}

else
{
    parsedOk = false;
}

return parsedOk;
}//parseSingleCookie
```

例 7.9. parseSingleCookie 的使用范例

```
Cookie ck = new Cookie();

// recover it back

string recoveredCookieStr = Regex.Replace(cookieStr, @"xpires=\w{3}" + replacedChar

+ @"\s\d{2}-\w{3}-\d{4}", new MatchEvaluator(_recoverExpireField));

if (parseSingleCookie(recoveredCookieStr, ref ck))

{

if (needAddThisCookie(ck, curDomain))

{

parsedCookies.Add(ck);

}

}
```

7.10. 解析(Http访问所返回的)Set-Cookie的字符串为Cookie数组:parseSetCookie

```
// parse the Set-Cookie string (in http response header) to cookies
// Note: auto omit to parse the abnormal cookie string
// normal example for 'setCookieStr':
// MSPOK=; expires=Thu, 30-Oct-1980 16:00:00
GMT;domain=login.live.com;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1,PPAuth=Cuyf3Vp2wolkjba!
TOr*0v22UMYz36ReuiwxZZBc8umHJYPlRe4qupywVFFcIpbJyvYZ5ZDLBwV4zRM1UCjXC4tUwNuKvh21iz6gQb0TYGfowB9VQpGA8esZ7iCRucC7d5LiP3ZAv*j4Z3MOecaJwmPHx7!
wDFdAMuQUZURhHuZWJiLzHP1j8ppchB2LExnlHO6IGAdZo1f0qzSWsZ2hq*yYP6sdy*FdTTKo336Q1B0i5q8jUgwNc6eSnFDeouX; domain=login.live.com;secure=;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1,PPLState=1; domain=.live.com;path=/;version=1,MSPShared=1; expires=Wed, 30-Dec-2037 16:00:00
GMT;domain=login.live.com;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1,MSPPre=;domain=login.live.com;path=/;Expires=
```

```
30-Oct-1980 16:00:00 GMT, MSPCID=; HTTPOnly=;
domain=login.live.com;path=/;Expires=Thu, 30-Oct-1980 16:00:00
GMT,RPSTAuth=EwDoARAnAAUWkziSC7RbDJKS1VkhugDegv7L0eAAOfCAY2+pKwbV5zUlu3XmBbgrQ8Edal
+FKtdGSuz/FpCYutqiHWdftd0YF21US7+1bPxuLJ0MO+wVXB8GtjLKZaA0xCXlU5u01r
+DOsxSVM777DmplaUc0Q4O1+Pi9gX9cyzQLAgRKmC/
QtlbVNKDA2YAAAhIwqiXOVR/DDqBocoO/n0u48RFGh79X2Q
+gO4Fl5GMc9Vtpa7SUJjZCCfoaitOmcxhEjlVmR/2ppdfJx3Ykek9OFzFd
+ijtn7K629yrVFt3O9q5L0lWoxfDh5/
daLK7lgJGKxn1KvOew0SHlOgxuuhYRW57ezFyicxkxSI3aLxYFigHSu9pg
+TIITqiflyfcAcw4MWpvHxm9on8Y1dM2R4X3sxuwrLQBpvNsG4oIaldTYIhMEnKhmxrP6ZswxzteNqIRvMEKsxiksE
Cnm6QYBZNsPawc6aAedZioeYwaV3Z/i3tNrAUwYTqLXve8oG6ZNXL6WLT/
irKq1EMilK6Cw8lT3G13WYdk/U9a6YZPJC8LdqR0vAHYpsu/xRF39/
On+xDNPE4keIThJBptweOeWQfsMDwvgrYnMBKAMjpLZwE=;
domain=.live.com;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1,RPSTAuthTime=1328679636;
domain=login.live.com;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1,MSPAuth=2OlAAMHXtDIFOtpaK1afG2n*AAxdfCnCBlJF
nH5G285k7AswJOrsr*qY29AVAbsiz2UscjIGHkXiKrTvIzkV2M;
domain=.live.com;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1,MSPProf=23ci9sti6DZRrkDXfTt1b3lHhMdheWIcTZU2zdJS9!
zCloHzMKwX30MfEAcCyOjVt*5WeFSK3l2ZahtEaK7HPFMm3INMs3r!
JxI8odP9PYRHivop5ryohtMYzWZzj3gVVurcEr5Bg6eJJws7rXOggo3cR4FuKLtXwz*FVX0VWuB5*aJhRkCT1GZn*L
domain=.live.com;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1,MSNPPAuth=CiGSMoUOx4gej8yQkdFBvN!
gvffvAhCPeWydcrAbcg!
O2lrhVb4gruWSX5NZCBPsyrtZKmHLhRLTUUIxxPA7LIhqW5TCV*YcInlG2f5hBzwzHt!
PORYbg79nCkvw65LKG399gRGtJ4wvXdNlhHNldkBK1jVXD4PoqO1Xzdcpv4sj68U6!
oGrNK5KgRSMXXpLJmCeehUcsRW1NmInqQXpyanjykpYOcZy0vq!6PIxkj3gMaAvm!
1vO58gXM9HX9dA0GloNmCDnRv4qWDV2XKqEKp!A7jiIMWTmHup1DZ!
*YCtDX3nUVQ1zAYSMjHmmbMDxRJECz!1XEwm070w16Y40TzuKAJVugo!pyF!
V2OaCsLjZ9tdGxGwEQRyi0oWc*Z7M0FBn8Fz0Dh4DhCzl1NnGun9kOYjK5itrF1Wh17sT!
62ipv1vI8omeu0cVRww2Kv!
qM*LFgwGlPOnNHj3*VulQOuaoliN4MUUxTA4owDubYZoKAwF*yp7Mg3zq5Ds2!
19Q$$; domain=.live.com;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1,MH=MSFT;
domain=.live.com;path=/;version=1,MHW=; expires=Thu, 30-Oct-1980 16:00:00
GMT;domain=.live.com;path=/;version=1,MHList=; expires=Thu, 30-Oct-1980 16:00:00
GMT;domain=.live.com;path=/;version=1,NAP=V=1.9&E=bea&C=zfjCKKBD0TqjZlWGgRTp__NiK08Lme_0XFai
$9;domain=login.live.com;path=/,pres=; expires=Thu, 30-Oct-1980
16:00:00 GMT;domain=.live.com;path=/;version=1,LOpt=0;
domain=login.live.com;path=/;version=1,WLSSC=EgBnAQMAAAAEgAAACoAASfCD
+8dUptvK4kvFO0gS3mVG28SPT3Jo9Pz2k65r9c9KrN4ISvidiEhxXaPLCSpkfa6fxH3FbdP9UmWAa9KnzKFJu/
IQNkZC3rzzMcVUMjbLUpSVVyscJHcfSXmpGGqZK4ZCxPqXaIl9EZ0xWackE4k5zWuqX7GR5m/
RzakyVIzWAFwA1gD9vwYA7Vazl9QKMk/
UCjJPECcAAAoQoAAAFwBjcmlmYW4yMDAzQGhvdG1haWwuY29tAE8AABZjcmlmYW4yMDAzQGhvdG1haWw
UAANQKMk/
domain=.live.com;secure=;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1,MSPSoftVis=@72198325083833620@:@;
domain=login.live.com;path=/;version=1
  // here now support parse the un-correct Set-Cookie:
  // MSPRequ=/; Version=1; version&lt=1328770452&id=250915&co=1;
path=/;version=1,MSPVis=$9;
Version=1;version=1$250915;domain=login.live.com;path=/,MSPSoftVis=@72198325083833620@:@;
domain=login.live.com;path=/;version=1,MSPBack=1328770312;
domain=login.live.com;path=/;version=1
  public CookieCollection parseSetCookie(string setCookieStr, string curDomain)
    CookieCollection parsedCookies = new CookieCollection();
    // process for expires and Expires field, for it contains ','
    //refer: http://www.yaosansi.com/post/682.html
    // may contains expires or Expires, so following use xpires
```

函数所输入的setCookieStr的值,是类似这种的:

```
MSPOK=; expires=Thu, 30-Oct-1980 16:00:00
GMT;domain=login.live.com;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1,PPAuth=Cuyf3Vp2wolkjba!
TOr*0v22UMYz36ReuiwxZZBc8umHJYPlRe4qupywVFFcIpbJyvYZ5ZDLBwV4zRM1UCjXC4tUwNuKvh21iz6gQb0
TYGfowB9VQpGA8esZ7iCRucC7d5LiP3ZAv*j4Z3MOecaJwmPHx7!
wDFdAMuQUZURhHuZWJiLzHP1j8ppchB2LExnlHO6IGAdZo1f0qzSWsZ2hq*yYP6sdy*FdTTKo336Q1B0i5q8jUq
wNc6eSnFDeouX; domain=login.live.com;secure=;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1,PPLState=1;
domain=.live.com;path=/;version=1,MSPShared=1; expires=Wed, 30-Dec-2037 16:00:00
GMT;domain=login.live.com;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1,MSPPre=;domain=login.live.com;path=/;Expires=
30-Oct-1980 16:00:00 GMT, MSPCID=; HTTPOnly=;
domain=login.live.com;path=/;Expires=Thu, 30-Oct-1980 16:00:00
GMT,RPSTAuth=EwDoARAnAAAUWkziSC7RbDJKS1VkhuqDegv7L0eAAOfCAY2+pKwbV5zUlu3XmBbgrQ8Edal
+FKtdGSuz/FpCYutqiHWdftd0YF21US7+1bPxuLJ0MO+wVXB8GtjLKZaA0xCXlU5u01r
+DOsxSVM777DmplaUc0Q4O1+Pi9gX9cyzQLAgRKmC/
QtlbVNKDA2YAAAhIwqiXOVR/DDgBocoO/n0u48RFGh79X2Q
+gO4Fl5GMc9Vtpa7SUJjZCCfoaitOmcxhEjlVmR/2ppdfJx3Ykek9OFzFd
+ijtn7K629yrVFt3O9q5L0lWoxfDh5/
daLK7lqJGKxn1KvOew0SHlOqxuuhYRW57ezFyicxkxSI3aLxYFiqHSu9pq
+TIITqiflyfcAcw4MWpvHxm9on8Y1dM2R4X3sxuwrLQBpvNsG4oIaldTYIhMEnKhmxrP6ZswxzteNqIRvMEKsxiksE
Cnm6QYBZNsPawc6aAedZioeYwaV3Z/i3tNrAUwYTqLXve8oG6ZNXL6WLT/
irKq1EMilK6Cw8lT3G13WYdk/U9a6YZPJC8LdqR0vAHYpsu/xRF39/
On+xDNPE4keIThJBptweOeWQfsMDwvgrYnMBKAMjpLZwE=;
domain=.live.com;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1,RPSTAuthTime=1328679636;
domain=login.live.com;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1,MSPAuth=20lAAMHXtDIFOtpaK1afG2n*AAxdfCnCBlJF
nH5G285k7AswJOrsr*gY29AVAbsiz2UscjIGHkXiKrTvIzkV2M;
domain=.live.com;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1,MSPProf=23ci9sti6DZRrkDXfTt1b3lHhMdheWIcTZU2zdJS9!
zCloHzMKwX30MfEAcCyOjVt*5WeFSK3l2ZahtEaK7HPFMm3INMs3r!
JxI8odP9PYRHivop5ryohtMYzWZzj3qVVurcEr5Bq6eJJws7rXOqqo3cR4FuKLtXwz*FVX0VWuB5*aJhRkCT1GZn*L
domain=.live.com;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1,MSNPPAuth=CiGSMoUOx4gej8yQkdFBvN!
gvffvAhCPeWydcrAbcg!
O2lrhVb4gruWSX5NZCBPsyrtZKmHLhRLTUUIxxPA7LIhqW5TCV*YcInlG2f5hBzwzHt!
PORYba79nCkvw65LKG399aRGtJ4wvXdNlhHNldkBK1jVXD4PoqO1Xzdcpv4si68U6!
```

```
oGrNK5KgRSMXXpLJmCeehUcsRW1NmInqQXpyanjykpYOcZy0vq!6PIxkj3gMaAvm!
1vO58gXM9HX9dA0GloNmCDnRv4gWDV2XKgEKp!A7jiIMWTmHup1DZ!
*YCtDX3nUVQ1zAYSMjHmmbMDxRJECz!1XEwm070w16Y40TzuKAJVugo!pyF!
V2OaCsLjZ9tdGxGwEQRyi0oWc*Z7M0FBn8Fz0Dh4DhCzl1NnGun9kOYjK5itrF1Wh17sT!
62ipv1vI8omeu0cVRww2Kv!
qM*LFqwGlPOnNHj3*VulQOuaoliN4MUUxTA4owDubYZoKAwF*yp7Mq3zq5Ds2!
19Q$$; domain=.live.com;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1,MH=MSFT;
domain=.live.com;path=/;version=1,MHW=; expires=Thu, 30-Oct-1980 16:00:00
GMT;domain=.live.com;path=/;version=1,MHList=; expires=Thu, 30-Oct-1980 16:00:00
GMT;domain=.live.com;path=/;version=1,NAP=V=1.9&E=bea&C=zfjCKKBD0TqjZlWGqRTp__NiK08Lme_0XFai
$9;domain=login.live.com;path=/,pres=; expires=Thu, 30-Oct-1980
16:00:00 GMT;domain=.live.com;path=/;version=1,LOpt=0;
domain=login.live.com;path=/;version=1,WLSSC=EqBnAQMAAAAEqAAACoAASfCD
+8dUptvK4kvFO0gS3mVG28SPT3Jo9Pz2k65r9c9KrN4ISvidiEhxXaPLCSpkfa6fxH3FbdP9UmWAa9KnzKFJu/
IQNkZC3rzzMcVUMjbLUpSVVyscJHcfSXmpGGgZK4ZCxPqXaII9EZ0xWackE4k5zWugX7GR5m/
RzakyVIzWAFwA1gD9vwYA7Vazl9QKMk/
UCjJPECcAAAoQoAAAFwBjcmlmYW4yMDAzQGhvdG1haWwuY29tAE8AABZjcmlmYW4yMDAzQGhvdG1haWw
UAANOKMk/
```

此处同时支持解析那些"非正常"的Set-Cookie:

domain=login.live.com;path=/;version=1

```
MSPRequ=/;Version=1;version&lt=1328770452&id=250915&co=1; path=/;version=1,MSPVis=$9; Version=1;version=1$250915;domain=login.live.com;path=/,MSPSoftVis=@72198325083833620@:@; domain=login.live.com;path=/;version=1,MSPBack=1328770312; domain=login.live.com;path=/;version=1
```

domain=.live.com;secure=;path=/;HTTPOnly=;version=1,MSPSoftVis=@72198325083833620@:@;

例 7.10. parseSetCookie 的使用范例

```
resp = (HttpWebResponse)req.GetResponse();
//update latest cookies
gCurDomain = commLib.extractDomain(getItemsUrl);
CookieCollection parsedCookies = commLib.parseSetCookie(resp.Headers["Set-Cookie"],
gCurDomain);
commLib.updateLocalCookies(parsedCookies, ref skydriveCookies);
```

另外一个例子:

```
resp = (HttpWebResponse)req.GetResponse();
// here resp.Cookies may be uncorrect, so parse the returned Set-Cookie to get real cookies
parsedCookies = commLib.parseSetCookie(resp.Headers["Set-Cookie"], gCurDomain);
commLib.updateLocalCookies(parsedCookies, ref skydriveCookies);
```

【已解决】又发现一个C#中解析Set-Cookie的一个bug:无故地添加cookie的path域¹中的例子:

```
HttpWebResponse addNk1Response = crl.getUrlResponse(addNk1Url, headerDict: headerDict, postDict: postDict);//<script>location.href='/add/'</script> String curDomain = crl.extractHost(addPhpUrl);//new.guguyu.com
    CookieCollection parsedCookies = crl.parseSetCookie(addNk1Response.Headers["Set-Cookie"], curDomain);
    CookieCollection curCookies = crl.getCurCookies();
    crl.updateLocalCookies(parsedCookies, ref curCookies);
    crl.setCurCookies(curCookies);
```

为了更加方便使用,又添加了一个重载函数:

```
// parse Set-Cookie string part into cookies
// leave current domain to empty, means omit the parsed cookie, which is not set its
domain value
public CookieCollection parseSetCookie(string setCookieStr)
{
    return parseSetCookie(setCookieStr, "");
}
```

所以上述调用此函数时,也可以不指定对应的domain:

```
resp = (HttpWebResponse)req.GetResponse();
//update latest cookies
CookieCollection parsedCookies = commLib.parseSetCookie(resp.Headers["Set-Cookie"]);
commLib.updateLocalCookies(parsedCookies, ref skydriveCookies);
```

当然,此时要注意,domain为空的cookie,一般来说,在后续的http的请求中,往往都是由于domain不匹配,而变成无效的cookie。

所以此处你需要知道自己在干什么,搞清楚了,再去使用此不指定domain的版本的parseSetCookie。

7.11. 解析Javascript中的setCookie为Cookie 变量:parseJsSetCookie

```
//parse Javascript string "$Cookie.setCookie(XXX);" to a cookie
// input example:
//
$Cookie.setCookie('wla42','cHJveHktYmF5LnB2dC1jb250YWN0cy5tc24uY29tfGJ5MioxLDlBOEI4QkY1MDFBMzlDate(1328842189083.44),1);
```

¹ http://www.crifan.com/csharp_another_set_cookie_parse_bug_add_wrong_path/

```
//
$Cookie.setCookie('wla42','YnkyKjEsOUE4QjhCRjUwMUEzOEEzNiwwLCww','live.com','/',new
Date(1329198041411.84),1);
  //$Cookie.setCookie('wla42', 'YnkyKjEsOUE4QjhCRjUwMUEzOEEzNiwwLCww', 'live.com', '/',
new Date(1329440307389.9), 1);
  //$Cookie.setCookie('wla42',
'cHJveHktYmF5LnB2dC1jb250YWN0cy5tc24uY29tfGJ5MioxLDlBOEI4QkY1MDFBMzhBMzYsMSwwLDA=',
'live.com', '/', new Date(1329440307483.5), 1);
  //$Cookie.setCookie('wls', 'A|eyJV-t:a*nS', '.live.com', '/', null, 1);
  //$Cookie.setCookie('MSNPPAuth','','.live.com','/',new Date(1327971507311.9),1);
  public bool parseJsSetCookie(string singleSetCookieStr, out Cookie parsedCk)
    bool parseOK = false;
    parsedCk = new Cookie();
    string name = "";
    string value = "";
    string domain = "";
    string path = "";
    string expire = "";
    string secure = "";
                                         2=value
                             1=name
                                                   3=domain
                                                                 4=path 5=expire
    //
6=secure
    string setckP = @"\$Cookie\.setCookie\('(\w+)',\s*'(.*?)',\s*'([\w\.]+)',\s*'(.+?)',\s*(.+?),
\s*(\d?)\);";
    Regex setckRx = new Regex(setckP);
    Match foundSetck = setckRx.Match(singleSetCookieStr);
    if (foundSetck.Success)
       name = foundSetck.Groups[1].ToString();
       value = foundSetck.Groups[2].ToString();
       domain = foundSetck.Groups[3].ToString();
       path = foundSetck.Groups[4].ToString();
       expire = foundSetck.Groups[5].ToString();
       secure = foundSetck.Groups[6].ToString();
       // must: name valid and domain is not null
       if (isValidCookieName(name) && (domain != ""))
         parseOK = true;
         parsedCk.Name = name;
         parsedCk.Value = value;
         parsedCk.Domain = domain;
         parsedCk.Path = path;
         // note, here even parse expire field fail
         //do not consider it must fail to parse the whole cookie
         if (expire.Trim() == "null")
            // do nothing
         else
            DateTime expireTime;
            if (parseJsNewDate(expire, out expireTime))
```

```
parsedCk.Expires = expireTime;
}

if (secure == "1")
{
    parsedCk.Secure = true;
}
else
{
    parsedCk.Secure = false;
}
}//if (isValidCookieName(name) && (domain != ""))
}//foundSetck.Success
return parseOK;
}
```

例 7.11. parseJsSetCookie 的使用范例

7.12. 判断Cookie是否已经过期/失效/无效:isCookieExpired

```
//check whether a cookie is expired
//if expired property is set, then just return it value
//if not set, check whether is a session cookie, if is, then not expired
//if expires is set, check its real time is expired or not
public bool isCookieExpired(Cookie ck)
{
    bool isExpired = false;

    if ((ck != null) && (ck.Name != ""))
    {
        if (ck.Expired)
        {
            isExpired = true;
        }
        else
        {
            DateTime initExpiresValue = (new Cookie()).Expires;
            DateTime expires = ck.Expires;

        if (expires.Equals(initExpiresValue))
        {
```

```
// expires is not set, means this is session cookie, so here no expire
} else
{
    // has set expire value
    if (DateTime.Now.Ticks > expires.Ticks)
    {
        isExpired = true;
    }
}
else
{
    isExpired = true;
}
return isExpired;
}
```

例 7.12. isCookieExpired 的使用范例

```
//extract cookies for upload file
      cookiesForUploadFile = new CookieCollection();
      foreach (Cookie ck in skydriveCookies)
        if ((ck.Domain == constDomainLiveCom) && (!commLib.isCookieExpired(ck)))
           Cookie ckToAdd = new Cookie(ck.Name, ck.Value, ck.Path, ck.Domain);
           ckToAdd.HttpOnly = ck.HttpOnly;
           ckToAdd.Expires = ck.Expires;
           ckToAdd.Secure = ck.Secure;
           ckToAdd.Version = ck.Version:
           cookiesForUploadFile.Add(ckToAdd);
        }
      }
      //!!! if not seperatly set new domain value, then will overwirtten the original domain of
cookie in skydriveCookies
      foreach (Cookie ckNew in cookiesForUploadFile)
        ckNew.Domain = constDomainUsersStorageLive;
```

7.13. 将单个Cookie添加到Cookie数组变量中:addCookieToCookies

```
//add a single cookie to cookies, if already exist, update its value
 public void addCookieToCookies(Cookie toAdd, ref CookieCollection cookies, bool
overwriteDomain)
    bool found = false;
    if (cookies.Count > 0)
      foreach (Cookie originalCookie in cookies)
         if (originalCookie.Name == toAdd.Name)
           //!!! for different domain, cookie is not same,
           // so should not set the cookie value here while their domains is not same
           // only if it explictly need overwrite domain
           if ((originalCookie.Domain == toAdd.Domain) ||
              ((originalCookie.Domain != toAdd.Domain) && overwriteDomain))
             //here can not force convert CookieCollection to HttpCookieCollection,
             //then use .remove to remove this cookie then add
             // so no good way to copy all field value
              originalCookie.Value = toAdd.Value;
              originalCookie.Domain = toAdd.Domain;
              originalCookie.Expires = toAdd.Expires;
              originalCookie.Version = toAdd.Version;
              originalCookie.Path = toAdd.Path;
             //following fields seems should not change
             //originalCookie.HttpOnly = toAdd.HttpOnly;
             //originalCookie.Secure = toAdd.Secure;
              found = true;
              break;
         }
      }
    if (!found)
      if (toAdd.Domain != "")
         // if add the null domain, will lead to follow req.CookieContainer.Add(cookies)
failed !!!
         cookies.Add(toAdd);
    }
 }//addCookieToCookies
 //add singel cookie to cookies, default no overwrite domain
 public void addCookieToCookies(Cookie toAdd, ref CookieCollection cookies)
    addCookieToCookies(toAdd, ref cookies, false);
```

}

例 7.13. addCookieToCookies 的使用范例

```
//ref CookieCollection localCookies
foreach (Cookie newCookie in cookiesToUpdate)
{
   if (isContainCookie(newCookie, omitUpdateCookies))
   {
      // need omit process this
   }
   else
   {
      addCookieToCookies(newCookie, ref localCookies);
   }
}
```

7.14. 判断Cookies中是否包含某个Cookie:isContainCookie

```
//check whether the cookies contains the ckToCheck cookie
//support:
//ckTocheck is Cookie/string
//cookies is Cookie/string/CookieCollection/string[]
public bool isContainCookie(object ckToCheck, object cookies)
{
   bool isContain = false;

   if ((ckToCheck!= null) && (cookies!= null))
{
      string ckName = "";
      Type type = ckToCheck.GetType();

      //string typeStr = ckType.ToString();

      //if (ckType.FullName == "System.string")
      if (type.Name.ToLower() == "string")
      {
       ckName = (string)ckToCheck;
      }
      else if (type.Name == "Cookie")
      {
       ckName = ((Cookie)ckToCheck).Name;
      }
```

```
if (ckName != "")
       type = cookies.GetType();
       // is single Cookie
       if (type.Name == "Cookie")
          if (ckName == ((Cookie)cookies).Name)
            isContain = true;
       // is CookieCollection
       else if (type.Name == "CookieCollection")
          foreach (Cookie ck in (CookieCollection)cookies)
            if (ckName == ck.Name)
               isContain = true;
               break:
       // is single cookie name string
       else if (type.Name.ToLower() == "string")
          if (ckName == (string)cookies)
            isContain = true;
       // is cookie name string[]
       else if (type.Name.ToLower() == "string[]")
          foreach (string name in ((string[])cookies))
            if (ckName == name)
               isContain = true;
               break;
  return isContain;
}//isContainCookie
```

例 7.14. isContainCookie 的使用范例

foreach (Cookie newCookie in cookiesToUpdate)

```
if (isContainCookie(newCookie, omitUpdateCookies))
{
    // need omit process this
}
else
{
    addCookieToCookies(newCookie, ref localCookies);
}
```

7.15. 更新本地Cookie:updateLocalCookies

主要用于管理本地Cookie。

比如提交某http请求后,返回一些cookie,然后加入到本地Cookies数组变量中,用于后续使用。

```
// update cookiesToUpdate to localCookies
 // if omitUpdateCookies designated, then omit cookies of omitUpdateCookies in
cookiesToUpdate
 public void updateLocalCookies(CookieCollection cookiesToUpdate, ref CookieCollection
localCookies, object omitUpdateCookies)
    if (cookiesToUpdate.Count > 0)
      if (localCookies == null)
         localCookies = cookiesToUpdate;
      else
         foreach (Cookie newCookie in cookiesToUpdate)
           if (isContainCookie(newCookie, omitUpdateCookies))
             // need omit process this
           else
             addCookieToCookies(newCookie, ref localCookies);
        }
      }
 }//updateLocalCookies
 //update cookiesToUpdate to localCookies
 public void updateLocalCookies(CookieCollection cookiesToUpdate, ref CookieCollection
localCookies)
    updateLocalCookies(cookiesToUpdate, ref localCookies, null);
```

例 7.15. updateLocalCookies 的使用范例

```
resp = (HttpWebResponse)req.GetResponse();
updateLocalCookies(resp.Cookies, ref curCookies);
```

7.16. 从一个CookieCollection获得一个Cookie 的值:getCookieVal

```
// given a cookie name ckName, get its value from CookieCollection cookies
public bool getCookieVal(string ckName, ref CookieCollection cookies, out string ckVal)
{
    //string ckVal = "";
    ckVal = "";
    bool gotValue = false;

    foreach (Cookie ck in cookies)
    {
        if (ck.Name == ckName)
        {
            gotValue = true;
            ckVal = ck.Value;
            break;
        }
    }
    return gotValue;
}
```

例 7.16. getCookieVal 的使用范例

第8章 crifanLib.cs之Serialize/ Deserialize

8.1. 将一个对象序列化成字符串:serializeObjToStr

```
// serialize an object to string
public bool serializeObjToStr(Object obj, out string serializedStr)
{
   bool serializeOk = false;
   serializedStr = "";
   try
   {
      MemoryStream memoryStream = new MemoryStream();
      BinaryFormatter binaryFormatter = new BinaryFormatter();
      binaryFormatter.Serialize(memoryStream, obj);
      serializedStr = System.Convert.ToBase64String(memoryStream.ToArray());
      serializeOk = true;
   }
   catch
   {
      serializeOk = false;
   }
   return serializeOk;
}
```

例 8.1. serializeObjToStr 的使用范例

```
[Serializable]
public struct loginInfo_t
{
    public bool valid;
    public string username;
    public string cid;
    public string appid;
    public string bitProtocol;
    public string canary;
    public CookieCollection cookies;
    public DateTime createdTime; // record the login info(cookie) create time public DateTime lastUpldateTime;// last update the login info(cookie)'s time
};

private bool updateLoginInfo(skydrive.loginInfo_t loginInfo)
{
```

crifanLib.cs之 Serialize/Deserialize

```
bool updateOk = false;
string serializedStr = "";
loginInfo.lastUpldateTime = DateTime.Now;
if (skydrive.commLib.serializeObjToStr(loginInfo, out serializedStr))
{
    Settings.Default.loginInfoStr = serializedStr;
    Settings.Default.Save();
    updateOk = true;
}
```

8.2. 将字符串反序列化为对象:deserializeStrToObj

```
// deserialize the string to an object
public bool deserializeStrToObj(string serializedStr, out object deserializedObj)
{
   bool deserializeOk = false;
   deserializedObj = null;

   try
   {
     byte[] restoredBytes = System.Convert.FromBase64String(serializedStr);
     MemoryStream restoredMemoryStream = new MemoryStream(restoredBytes);
     BinaryFormatter binaryFormatter = new BinaryFormatter();
     deserializedObj = binaryFormatter.Deserialize(restoredMemoryStream);

   deserializeOk = true;
   }
   catch
   {
     deserializeOk = false;
   }
   return deserializeOk;
}
```

例 8.2. deserializeStrToObj 的使用范例

```
//restore login info object deserializedObj = null; if (skydrive.commLib.deserializeStrToObj(Settings.Default.loginInfoStr, out deserializedObj))
```

crifanLib.cs之 Serialize/Deserialize

{
 loginInfo = (skydrive.loginInfo_t)deserializedObj;

第9章 crifanLib.cs之Http

此处是和网络(Http等)有关的函数

9.1. 设置代理:setProxy

```
/* set proxy

* Note:

* 1. current only support http proxy

* 2. current only support single proxy

*/
public void setProxy(string proxyIp, int proxyPort)
{
    gProxy = new WebProxy(proxyIp, proxyPort);
}
```

例 9.1. setProxy 的使用范例

```
public crifanLib crl;

crl = new crifanLib();

crl.setProxy("127.0.0.1", 8087);
```

然后后续的(去用getUrlRespHtml等等)去访问网络,就会自动使用该代理了。

9.2. 清除当前cookie:clearCurCookies

```
/*
 * Note: currently support auto handle cookies
 * currently only support single caller -> multiple caller of these functions will cause cookies
accumulated
 * you can clear previous cookies to avoid unexpected result by call clearCurCookies
 */
public void clearCurCookies()
{
    if (curCookies != null)
    {
        curCookies = null;
        curCookies = new CookieCollection();
    }
}
```

例 9.2. clearCurCookies 的使用范例

```
//http://www.crifan.com/
example_of_how_to_use_ie9_f12_to_capture_the_real_music_mp3_address_of_some_songtaste_musc/
// here must clear previous cookies
// otherwise access html with previous cookies will get fault html:
//信息提示: 对不起,该用户不存在! 3 秒钟以后系统将自动跳转!
crl.clearCurCookies();
string respHtml = "";
respHtml = crl.getUrlRespHtml(songInfo.url, stHtmlCharset);

另外InsertSkydriveFiles<sup>1</sup>中的一个例子:

private void clearGolobalValues()
{
    //gCurDomain = "";
    skydriveCookies = null;
    commLib.clearCurCookies();
```

9.3. 获得当前cookie:getCurCookies

```
/* get current cookies */
public CookieCollection getCurCookies()
{
    return curCookies;
}
```

例 9.3. getCurCookies 的使用范例

```
string primeRespHtml = getSkydriveRespHtmlLogin(ref resp);
skydriveCookies = getCurCookies();
```

另外【已解决】又发现一个C#中解析Set-Cookie的一个bug:无故地添加cookie的path域²中的一个例子:

¹ http://code.google.com/p/insertskydrivefiles/

http://www.crifan.com/csharp_another_set_cookie_parse_bug_add_wrong_path/

```
crl = new crifanLib();

HttpWebResponse addNk1Response = crl.getUrlResponse(addNk1Url, headerDict:
headerDict, postDict: postDict);//<script>location.href='/add/'</script>
String curDomain = crl.extractHost(addPhpUrl);//new.guguyu.com
    CookieCollection parsedCookies = crl.parseSetCookie(addNk1Response.Headers["Set-Cookie"], curDomain);
    CookieCollection curCookies = crl.getCurCookies();
    crl.updateLocalCookies(parsedCookies, ref curCookies);
    crl.setCurCookies(curCookies);
```

9.4. 设置当前cookie:setCurCookies

主要用于,重置当前的cookie,设置为所需的状态。

```
/* set current cookies */
public void setCurCookies(CookieCollection cookies)
{
   curCookies = cookies;
}
```

例 9.4. setCurCookies 的使用范例

```
skydriveCookies = new CookieCollection();
skydriveCookies = loginInfo.cookies;
setCurCookies(skydriveCookies);
```

另外<u>【已解决】又发现一个C#中解析Set-Cookie的一个bug:无故地添加cookie的path域</u>³中的一个例子:

```
crl = new crifanLib();

HttpWebResponse addNk1Response = crl.getUrlResponse(addNk1Url, headerDict:
headerDict, postDict: postDict);//<script>location.href='/add/'</script>
String curDomain = crl.extractHost(addPhpUrl);//new.guguyu.com
    CookieCollection parsedCookies = crl.parseSetCookie(addNk1Response.Headers["Set-Cookie"], curDomain);
    CookieCollection curCookies = crl.getCurCookies();
    crl.updateLocalCookies(parsedCookies, ref curCookies);
    crl.setCurCookies(curCookies);
```

http://www.crifan.com/csharp_another_set_cookie_parse_bug_add_wrong_path/

9.5. 获得Url地址的响应:getUrlResponse

```
/* get url's response
  public HttpWebResponse getUrlResponse(string url,
                        Dictionary<string, string> headerDict = defHeaderDict,
                        Dictionary<string, string> postDict = defPostDict,
                        int timeout = defTimeout,
                        string postDataStr = defPostDataStr,
                        int readWriteTimeout = defReadWriteTimeout)
#if USE GETURLRESPONSE BW
    //BackgroundWorker Version getUrlResponse
    HttpWebResponse localCurResp = null;
    getUrlResponse_bw(url, headerDict, postDict, timeout, postDataStr, readWriteTimeout);
    while (bNotCompleted_resp)
       System.Windows.Forms.Application.DoEvents();
    localCurResp = qCurResp;
    //clear
    gCurResp = null;
    return localCurResp;
#else
    //non-BackgroundWorker Version getUrlResponse
    return _getUrlResponse(url, headerDict, postDict, timeout, postDataStr);;
#endif
  }
```

从上面的代码中可以看出,此处的getUrlResponse内部的实现,是依赖于是否设置宏USE_GETURLRESPONSE_BW,而去调用对应的BackgroundWorker版本的,还是非BackgroundWorker版本的_getUrlResponse

此处, getUrlResponse, 是用来返回HttpWebResponse的, 且支持N多参数。

9.5.1. getUrlResponse的参数详解

下面就对于getUrlResponse的各个参数,进行详细解释一下:

9.5.1.1. getUrlResponse的参数:url

要访问的url地址

必填参数,无默认值。

支持http,也支持https类型的地址。

9.5.1.2. getUrlResponse的参数:headerDict

headerDict的意思是, header的dict, 即用于存放对应的header信息

默认的headerDict的值为defHeaderDict

defHeaderDict值是null:

```
private const Dictionary<string, string> defHeaderDict = null;
```

作用是, 当不指定对应的header信息时, 默认为空

常见用法中,一般也不需要指定此headerDict

当然,有时候,需要用到一些header,比如其中最最常见的referer等等。

9.5.1.3. getUrlResponse的参数:postDict

postDict即POST的dict,用于存放post数据。

默认的postDict的值为defPostDict

defPostDict值是null:

private const Dictionary<string, string> defPostDict = null;

一般的GET时,无需指定此参数。

只有当是POST时,才可能会用到此postDict。

9.5.1.4. getUrlResponse的参数:timeout

timeout用于指定网络超时的最大允许时间,单位是毫秒ms。

默认的timeout的值为defTimeout

defTimeout值是30000毫秒==30秒:

private const int defTimeout = 30 * 1000;

注意,此timeout,是针对于http网络发送请求后,得到服务器的响应之前,这段时间,是否超时,即和GetResponse和GetRequestStream有关。

一般来说,也不需要设置此timeout,即无需改变对应的默认超时时间。

当然,如果有需要,可以根据你自己的情况修改为更合适的值。

9.5.1.5. getUrlResponse的参数:postDataStr

postDataStr是用来传递,特殊的POST的数据是以回车为分隔符的那些POST数据的。

postDataStr的默认值为defPostDataStr

defPostDataStr值也是null:

private const string defPostDataStr = null;

需要注意的是,如果是GET,很明显无需关系此参数,而如果是POST,正常情况下,也只需要去设置对应的postDict参数即可,对应的内部处理POST数据,都是以'&'为分隔符的。

但是,有些特殊的POST,POST的数据是以回车为分隔符的,比如之前折腾<u>【记录】给BlogsToWordPress添加支持导出网易的心情随笔</u>4时遇到这种特殊情况,此时,才需要你用到此去设置postDataStr

9.5.1.6. getUrlResponse的参数:readWriteTimeout

readWriteTimeout指的是,针对于获得了response后,用SteamReader去read或write时,对应的超时时间。单位是毫秒ms。

readWriteTimeout的默认值是defReadWriteTimeout

defReadWriteTimeout值是30000毫秒==30秒:

private const int defReadWriteTimeout = 30 * 1000;

注意,参考微软官网的解释:<u>HttpWebRequest.ReadWriteTimeout</u>属性 ⁵其默认的ReadWriteTimeout是300秒=5分钟,太长了。

所以,此处才把默认时间改短一些的,否则,5分钟的超时时间,太长了。

此参数,是经过多次折腾后,才搞明白的,详见:【已解决】C#中在GetResponseStream得到的 Stream后,通过StreamReader去ReadLine或ReadToEnd会无限期挂掉 + 给StreamReader添加 Timeout支持⁶

9.5.2. getUrlResponse 的用法详解

getUrlResponse参数太多,但是其实也是自己一点点,从无到有,加进去的,以适应各种应用需求。 此处,就来通过例子来说明,如何使用此getUrlResponse函数。

9.5.2.1. 被getUrlRespHtml调用

其实,此处的getUrlResponse,在绝大多数的时候,都是被,我的另外一个函数:getUrlRespHtml,所调用的。

即,getUrlRespHtml,调用,getUrlResponse,获得对应的HttpWebResponse,然后后续再处理,得到返回的html的。

所以,用起来,一般都是这样的:

例 9.5. getUrlResponse 的使用范例:被getUrlRespHtml调用

⁴ http://www.crifan.com/blogstowordpress_add_feeling_card_for_163_netease_blog/

http://msdn.microsoft.com/zh-cn/library/system.net.httpwebrequest.readwritetimeout.aspx

⁶ http://www.crifan.com/csharp_httpwebresponse_streamreader_readline_dead_again/

关于此种用法,更详细的代码和解释,参见下面要介绍的:<u>第 9.6 节 "获得Url地址返回的网页内</u> 容:getUrlRespHtml"

9.5.2.2. 只传入url而获得对应的url的response

getUrlResponse的相对次要的用法是:当有时候,不仅仅需要html,而且也要关心和处理 HttpWebResponse时,此时,才会考虑直接调用getUrlResponse(而不是去调用getUrlRespHtml)

而直接使用getUrlResponse的话,相对简单的用法就是,只传入对应的url即可:

例 9.6. getUrlResponse 的使用范例:只传入url

```
const string constSkydriveUrl = "https://skydrive.live.com/";
HttpWebResponse resp = getUrlResponse(constSkydriveUrl);
```

9.6. 获得Url地址返回的网页内容:getUrlRespHtml

```
if (!string.IsNullOrEmpty(charset))
         Encoding htmlEncoding = Encoding.GetEncoding(charset);
         sr = new StreamReader(respStream, htmlEncoding);
       else
         sr = new StreamReader(respStream);
       try
         respHtml = sr.ReadToEnd();
         //while (!sr.EndOfStream)
             respHtml = respHtml + sr.ReadLine();
         //}
         //string curLine = "";
         //while ((curLine = sr.ReadLine()) != null)
         //{
         // respHtml = respHtml + curLine;
         //}
         ////http://msdn.microsoft.com/zh-cn/library/system.io.streamreader.peek.aspx
         //while (sr.Peek() > -1) //while not error or not reach end of stream
         //{
             respHtml = respHtml + sr.ReadLine();
         //
         //}
         //respStream.Close();
         //sr.Close();
         //resp.Close();
       catch (Exception ex)
         //【未解决】C#中StreamReader中遇到异常:未处理ObjectDisposedException,无法访问
已关闭的流
         //http://www.crifan.com/
csharp_streamreader_unhandled_exception_objectdisposedexception_cannot_access_closed_stream
         //System.ObjectDisposedException
         respHtml = "";
       }
       finally
         if (respStream != null)
            respStream.Close();
         if (sr != null)
            sr.Close();
         if (resp != null)
            resp.Close();
```

```
}
}
return respHtml;
}
```

9.6.1. getUrlRespHtml的参数详解

很明显可以看出,此处的getUrlRespHtml的很多参数,和前面介绍的<u>第 9.5 节 "获得Url地址的响应:getUrlResponse"</u>非常类似。

此处,针对于getUrlRespHtml的参数,也要再解释一下:

其他参数,包括url,headerDict,postDict,timeout,postDataStr,readWriteTimeout,都和getUrlResponse的参数含义相同。所以不再赘述。

另外还有参数,需要解释一下:

charset

charset表示返回的网页内容,用何种字符编码去解码。

charset默认值是defCharset

defCharset的值是:

```
private const string defCharset = null;
```

此处,之所以defCharset的值,不是我们所常见的GBK,UTF-8等等,是因为此处是为了支持,当不设置charset时,就不去尝试用某种编码去解码通过StreamReader所读取出来的内容。

这样的就可以获得,原始的,返回的html,可以供有需要的人,后期进行自己的处理,比如自己去解码等等。

9.6.2. getUrlRespHtml 的功能详解

getUrlRespHtml内部,已经实现了足够多的,相对比较复杂的功能,对此,需要详细解释一下:

9.6.2.1. 内部已默认指定了IE8的User-Agent

getUrlRespHtml内部调用getUrlResponse,内部已经加上了对应的User-Agent了。

当然默认使用的是IE8的User-Agent,相关部分的代码是:

```
//IE7
const string constUserAgent_IE7_x64 = "Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 7.0; Windows NT 6.1; WOW64; Trident/5.0; SLCC2; .NET CLR 2.0.50727; .NET CLR 3.5.30729; .NET CLR 3.0.30729; Media Center PC 6.0; InfoPath.3; .NET4.0C; .NET4.0E)";
//IE8
const string constUserAgent_IE8_x64 = "Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 6.1; WOW64; Trident/4.0; SLCC2; .NET CLR 2.0.50727; .NET CLR 3.5.30729; .NET CLR 3.0.30729; Media Center PC 6.0; InfoPath.3; .NET4.0C; .NET4.0E";
```

```
//IE9
const string constUserAgent_IE9_x64 = "Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 9.0; Windows NT 6.1; WOW64; Trident/5.0)"; // x64
const string constUserAgent_IE9_x86 = "Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 9.0; Windows NT 6.1; Trident/5.0)"; // x86
//Chrome
const string constUserAgent_Chrome = "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 6.1; en-US)
AppleWebKit/533.4 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/5.0.375.99 Safari/533.4";
//Mozilla Firefox
const string constUserAgent_Firefox = "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 6.1; rv:1.9.2.6) Gecko/20100625 Firefox/3.6.6";
private string gUserAgent;
gUserAgent = constUserAgent_IE8_x64;
req.UserAgent = gUserAgent;
```

所以,不会出现,被服务器当做普通的机器人或蜘蛛爬虫的情况。

9.6.2.2. 默认是允许自动跳转的

内部相关代码:

```
req.AllowAutoRedirect = true;
```

默认是启用了自动跳转的。

如果想要禁止自动跳转,可以去给headerDict中加上对应的"AllowAutoRedirect"为"false"的参数更多使用实例,详见后续的例子。

9.6.2.3. 默认已支持解压缩html

内部相关代码:

```
req.Headers["Accept-Encoding"] = "gzip, deflate";
//req.AutomaticDecompression = DecompressionMethods.GZip;
req.AutomaticDecompression = DecompressionMethods.GZip |
DecompressionMethods.Deflate;
```

相关帖子:【已解决】C#中HttpWebRequest使用Proxy后异常⁷

9.6.2.4. 已支持设置(单个)代理

内部相关代码:

⁷ http://www.crifan.com/csharp_httpwebrequest_proxy_abnormal_not_working/

```
private WebProxy gProxy = null;
req.Proxy = gProxy;
```

关于如何设置代理,详见: 第 9.1 节 "设置代理:setProxy"

9.6.2.5. 支持网络超时设置

即前面所解释的参数:<u>第 9.5.1.4 节 "getUrlResponse的参数:timeout"</u>,指的是网络方面的超时,和 GetResponse和GetRequestStream有关

内部相关部分的代码是:

```
if (timeout > 0)
{
    req.Timeout = timeout;
}
```

9.6.2.6. 支持读写超时设置

即前面所解释的参数: <u>第 9.5.1.6 节 "getUrlResponse的参数:readWriteTimeout"</u>,指的是StreamReader或StreamWriter的读写超时,和readLine之类的有关。

内部相关部分的代码是:

```
if (readWriteTimeout > 0)
{
    //default ReadWriteTimeout is 300000=300 seconds = 5 minutes !!!
    //too long, so here change to 300000 = 30 seconds
    //for support TimeOut for later StreamReader's ReadToEnd
    req.ReadWriteTimeout = readWriteTimeout;
}
```

相关折腾见:【已解决】C#中在GetResponseStream得到的Stream后,通过StreamReader去ReadLine或ReadToEnd会无限期挂掉 + 给StreamReader添加Timeout支持⁸

9.6.2.7. 支持自动处理cookie

此处已经支持, getUrlRespHtml内部, 自动处理cookie。

内部相关部分的代码是:

```
CookieCollection curCookies = null;
```

⁸ http://www.crifan.com/csharp_httpwebresponse_streamreader_readline_dead_again/

```
curCookies = new CookieCollection();

if (curCookies != null)
{
    req.CookieContainer = new CookieContainer();
    req.CookieContainer.PerDomainCapacity = 40; // following will exceed max default 20
cookie per domain
    req.CookieContainer.Add(curCookies);
}

resp = (HttpWebResponse)req.GetResponse();
    updateLocalCookies(resp.Cookies, ref curCookies);
```

其中,注意到,设置了最大支持40个cookie,是因为,之前折腾<u>InsertSkydriveFiles⁹期间,遇到相对极端的情况:cookie超过默认的20多个,一个CookieContainer都装不下了,所以才改为40个,以便支持如此多的cookie。</u>

9.6.3. getUrlRespHtml 的用法详解

getUrlRespHtml的参数够多,用法,也有很多种。

此处,就来通过例子来说明,如何使用此getUrlResponse函数。

9.6.3.1. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:只传入url而获得html

getUrlRespHtml最常用,也是最简单的用法,就是:直接传入url,然后获得返回的html

代码如下:

例 9.7. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:只传入url而获得html

```
string mainJsUrl = "http://image.songtaste.com/inc/main.js";
string respHtmlMainJs = getUrlRespHtml(mainJsUrl);
```

其中,getUrlRespHtml内部,会自动帮你处理各种细节,比如cookie,header中的User-Agent等等内容,而你就直接可以得到对应返回的html了。

9.6.3.2. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:传入各种header信息

很多时候,在折腾抓取网页和模拟登陆时,都会遇到,需要额外再指定一些header,用于实现一些特定的目的。

9.6.3.2.1. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:指定Referer

比如,添加对应的Referer,以便成功模拟网页逻辑,获得所需返回的内容的:

```
string tmpRespHtml = "";
Dictionary<string, string> headerDict;
//(1)to get cookies
```

⁹ http://code.google.com/p/insertskydrivefiles/

```
string pageRankMainUrl = "http://pagerank.webmasterhome.cn/";
tmpRespHtml = getUrlRespHtml(pageRankMainUrl);
//(2)ask page rank
string firstBaseUrl = "http://pagerank.webmasterhome.cn/?domain=";
//http://pagerank.webmasterhome.cn/?domain=answers.yahoo.com
string firstWholeUrl = firstBaseUrl + noHttpPreDomainUrl;
headerDict = new Dictionary<string, string>();
headerDict.Add("referer", pageRankMainUrl);
tmpRespHtml = getUrlRespHtml(firstWholeUrl, headerDict: headerDict);
```



header中的Referer支持大小写任意

```
由具体的实现代码:

string lowecaseHeader = header.ToLower();
// following are allow the caller overwrite the default header setting if (lowecaseHeader == "referer")
{
    req.Referer = headerValue;
}

可以看出,此处的"referer",写成常见的首字母大写"Referer"也是可以的。
```

9.6.3.2.2. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:禁止自动跳转

如<u>第 9.6.2.2 节 "默认是允许自动跳转的"</u>所述,默认是启用了自动跳转的,想要禁止自动跳转,可以通过header去设置:

```
Dictionary<string, string> headerDict = new Dictionary<string, string>(); headerDict.Add("AllowAutoRedirect", "false"); string respHtml = getUrlRespHtml(yourUrl, headerDict: headerDict);
```



header中的AutoRedirect支持多种写法

```
}
可以看出,此处的"AllowAutoRedirect",写成别的形式,也是支持的,比如:"allowautoredirect","allow-autoredirect","Allow-Autoredirect","allow autoredirect","Allow Autoredirect",
Allow Autoredirect Autoredirect Autoredirect Autoredirect Autoredirect Autoredirect Autoredirect Autoredirect
```

9.6.3.2.3. getUrlRespHtml用法示例: 手动设置Accept

此处默认的Accept是"*/*",如果想要指定不同的类型,可以手动通过header去设置:

```
Dictionary<string, string> headerDict = new Dictionary<string, string>(); headerDict.Add("Accept", "text/html"); string respHtml = getUrlRespHtml(yourUrl, headerDict: headerDict);
```

关于Accept更多可能的取值,自己参考官网的解释:14.1 Accept 10



header中的Accept支持大小写任意

由具体的实现代码:

```
else if (lowecaseHeader == "accept")
{
    req.Accept = headerValue;
}
```

可以看出,此处的"Accept",写成别的形式,也是支持的,比如:"accept"

9.6.3.2.4. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:不保持连接

此处默认的KeepAlive是true的,如果不想继续保持连接,则可以通过header去禁止:

```
Dictionary<string, string> headerDict = new Dictionary<string, string>(); headerDict.Add("Keep-Alive", "false"); string respHtml = getUrlRespHtml(yourUrl, headerDict: headerDict);
```



header中的KeepAlive支持多种写法

由具体的实现代码:

else if (

¹⁰ http://www.w3.org/Protocols/rfc2616/rfc2616-sec14.html#sec14.1

9.6.3.2.5. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:设置Accept-Language

此处默认没有指定Accept-Language,有需要的话,可以去通过header设置:

```
Dictionary<string, string> headerDict = new Dictionary<string, string>(); headerDict.Add("Accept-Language", "en-US"); //"zh-CN" string respHtml = getUrlRespHtml(yourUrl, headerDict: headerDict);
```

关于Accept-Language更多可能的取值,自己参考官网的解释:14.4 Accept-Language11



header中的Accept-Language支持多种写法

可以看出,此处的"Accept-Language",写成别的形式,也是支持的,比如:"accept-language","acceptlanguage","AcceptLanguage","accept language","AcceptLanguage","accept language","Accept language",accept language",accept language",accept language lan

9.6.3.2.6. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:添加特定的User-Agent的header

如<u>第 9.6.2.1 节 "内部已默认指定了IE8的User-Agent"</u>所述,我此处的getUrlRespHtml,默认添加的 User-Agent是IE8的。

¹¹ http://www.w3.org/Protocols/rfc2616/rfc2616-sec14.html#sec14.4

如果有需要,你可以自己换成别的,比如Firefox的User-Agent:

```
//Mozilla Firefox
const string constUserAgent_Firefox = "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 6.1; rv:1.9.2.6)
Gecko/20100625 Firefox/3.6.6";
Dictionary<string, string> headerDict = new Dictionary<string, string>();
headerDict.Add("User-Agent", constUserAgent_Firefox);
string respHtml = getUrlRespHtml(yourUrl, headerDict: headerDict);
```

其中,关于各种浏览器的User-Agent,你可以自己去网络上找到。也可以参考我代码中的值:

```
//IE7
 const string constUserAgent IE7 x64 = "Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 7.0; Windows NT
6.1; WOW64; Trident/5.0; SLCC2; .NET CLR 2.0.50727; .NET CLR 3.5.30729; .NET CLR 3.0.30729;
Media Center PC 6.0; InfoPath.3; .NET4.0C; .NET4.0E)";
 const string constUserAgent IE8 x64 = "Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT
6.1; WOW64; Trident/4.0; SLCC2; .NET CLR 2.0.50727; .NET CLR 3.5.30729; .NET CLR 3.0.30729;
Media Center PC 6.0; InfoPath.3; .NET4.0C; .NET4.0E";
 const string constUserAgent IE9 x64 = "Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 9.0; Windows NT 6.1;
WOW64; Trident/5.0)"; // x64
 const string constUserAgent_IE9_x86 = "Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 9.0; Windows NT 6.1;
Trident/5.0)"; // x86
 //Chrome
 const string constUserAgent_Chrome = "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 6.1; en-US)
AppleWebKit/533.4 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/5.0.375.99 Safari/533.4";
 //Mozilla Firefox
 const string constUserAgent_Firefox = "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 6.1;
rv:1.9.2.6) Gecko/20100625 Firefox/3.6.6";
```



header中的User-Agent支持多种写法

由具体的实现代码:

9.6.3.2.7. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:设置ContentType

此处默认情况下,对于GET,没有指定ContentType,对于POST,已经指定了"application/x-www-form-urlencoded"。

如果你有别的特殊需求,需要设置ContentType的话,可以去通过header设置:

```
Dictionary<string, string> headerDict = new Dictionary<string, string>(); headerDict.Add("Content-Type", "text/plain"); string respHtml = getUrlRespHtml(yourUrl, headerDict: headerDict);
```

关于Content-Type更多可能的取值,自己参考官网的解释: 14.17 Content-Type 12



header中的Content-Type支持多种写法

由具体的实现代码:

```
else if (
          (lowecaseHeader == "content-type") ||
          (lowecaseHeader == "contenttype") ||
          (lowecaseHeader == "content type")
          )
          req.ContentType = headerValue;
}
```

可以看出,此处的"Content-Type",写成别的形式,也是支持的,比如:"content-type","contentType","content Type","Content Typ

9.6.3.2.8. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:设置其他的特定的header

在很多时候,都需要设置,某些其他的,非标准的,header信息,则也可以去通过header设置。 比如,之前折腾<u>InsertSkydriveFiles</u>¹³时所用到的:

```
string createFolerUrl = "https://skydrive.live.com/API/2/AddFolder?lct=1";

Dictionary<string, string> headerDict = new Dictionary<string, string>();
headerDict.Add("Accept", "application/json");
headerDict.Add("Referer", constSkydriveUrl);
headerDict.Add("Canary", gCanary);
headerDict.Add("Appid", gAppid);
headerDict.Add("X-Requested-With", "XMLHttpRequest");
headerDict.Add("Cache-Control", "no-cache");

string postDataStr = genCreateFolderPostData(folderName, parentId, cid);
```

13 http://code.google.com/p/insertskydrivefiles/

¹² http://www.w3.org/Protocols/rfc2616/rfc2616-sec14.html#sec14.17

respJson = getUrlRespHtml(createFolerUrl, headerDict:headerDict, postDataStr:postDataStr);



指定某些特定的header

由具体的实现代码:

```
else
{
  req.Headers[header] = headerValue;
}
```

可以看出,此处,不限制你所指定的,其他某些特殊的header,但是你自己要清楚,你设置的什么header,是用来干什么用的。

9.6.3.3. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:设置网页字符编码charset

有时候,已经网页是某种编码的,所以为了正确解析返回的html,需要指定对应的字符编码charset:

```
string songtasteUserUrl = "http://www.songtaste.com/user/351979/";
string songtasteHtmlCharset = "GB18030";
string respHtmlUnicode = getUrlRespHtml(songtasteUserUrl,
charset:songtasteHtmlCharset);
```

即可返回对应的,已经解码后的,Unicode字符串了。

9.6.3.4. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:设置网络超时timeout时间

如果你觉得默认的网络超时时间30秒不合适,可以自己另外指定,比如:

```
int timeoutInMilliSec = 10 * 1000;
string respHtml = getUrlRespHtml(someUrl, timeout:timeoutInMilliSec);
```

9.6.3.5. getUrlRespHtml用法示例:设置Stream的读写超时readWriteTimeout时间

如果你觉得默认的Stream的读写超时时间30秒不合适,可以自己另外指定,比如:

```
int streamRdWrTimeout = 20 * 1000;
string respHtml = getUrlRespHtml(someUrl, readWriteTimeout:streamRdWrTimeout);
```

9.6.3.6. getUrlRespHtml用法示例: POST操作

在模拟登陆时,往往会用到POST,会传递对应的POST数据

此处,主要有两种方式传递POST数据:

postDict

一般都是通过postDict传递数据进去

然后内部通过quoteParas转换为对应的post data,是以"&"为分隔符的。

postDataStr

个别情况下,特殊的情况下,会用到此postDataStr

其传递的post数据,是以换行为分隔符的。此时需要,不设置postDict(默认为null),然后设置对应的postDataStr即可。

下面,针对两种情况,都给出对应的多个示例来说明如何使用:

9.6.3.6.1. postDict示例: getDomainPageRank

比如,之前折腾:第9.11节 "查找获得域名的Page Rank:getDomainPageRank"时所用到的:

```
//Method 1: use http://www.pagerankme.com/
queryUrl = "http://www.pagerankme.com/";
postDict = new Dictionary < string > ();
postDict.Add("url", domainUrl);
respHtml = getUrlRespHtml(queryUrl, postDict: postDict);
```

9.6.3.6.2. postDict示例: downloadSongtasteMusic

比如,之前折腾:<u>DownloadSongtas</u>teMusic¹⁴时所用到的:

```
const string stHtmlCharset = "GB18030";

Dictionary<string, string> headerDict = new Dictionary<string, string>();
headerDict.Add("x-requested-with", "XMLHttpRequest");
// when click play
// access http://songtaste.com/time.php, post data:
//
str=5bf271ccad05f95186be764f725e9aaf07e0c7791a89123a9addb2a239179e64c91834c698a9c5d82f1ced3fet
Dictionary<string, string> postDict = new Dictionary<string, string>();
postDict.Add("str", str);
postDict.Add("sid", sid);
postDict.Add("t", "0");
string getRealAddrUrl = "http://songtaste.com/time.php";
songInfo.realAddr = crl.getUrlRespHtml(getRealAddrUrl, headerDict:headerDict,
postDict:postDict, charset:stHtmlCharset);
```

¹⁴ http://www.crifan.com/crifan_released_all/website/dotnet/downloadsongtastemusic/

9.6.3.6.3. postDataStr示例:百度API上传文件

比如,之前折腾:<u>【未解决】通过百度API上传单个文件出现403的错误</u>¹⁵时所遇到的就是,post数据 是以换行符非分隔符的,所以就要去直接设置对应的postDataStr:

```
string[] token = respTokenJson.Split(',');
string tokenStr = token[2].Split(':')[1].Trim('"');
byte[] fileBytes = null;
string filename = "fileForUpload2.txt";
string fullFilePath = @"d:\" + filename;
using (FileStream fs = new FileStream(fullFilePath, FileMode.Open))
  fileBytes = new byte[fs.Length];
  fs.Read(fileBytes, 0, fileBytes.Length);
StringBuilder buffer = new StringBuilder();
char[] fileCh = new char[fileBytes.Length];
for (int i = 0; i < fileBytes.Length; <math>i++)
  fileCh[i] = (char)fileBytes[i];
buffer.Append(fileCh);
//postDict = new Dictionary<string, string>();
//postDict.Add("file", buffer.ToString());
string postDataStr = buffer.ToString();
string uploadSingleFileUrl = "https://pcs.baidu.com/rest/2.0/pcs/file?";
Dictionary < string > queryParaDict = new Dictionary < string > ();
queryParaDict.Add("method", "upload");
queryParaDict.Add("access_token", tokenStr);
queryParaDict.Add("path", "/apps/测试应用/" + filename);
uploadSingleFileUrl += crifanLib.quoteParas(queryParaDict);
curCookies = crifanLib.getCurCookies();
newCookies = new CookieCollection();
foreach (Cookie ck in curCookies)
  if (ck.Name == "BAIDUID" || ck.Name == "BDUSS")
     ck.Domain = "pcs.baidu.com";
  newCookies.Add(ck);
crifanLib.setCurCookies(newCookies);
string boundaryValue = "----WebKitFormBoundaryS0JIa4uHF7yHd8xJ";
string boundaryExpression = "boundary=" + boundaryValue;
```

¹⁵ http://www.crifan.com/baidu_api_single_file_upload_403_forbidden/

9.6.3.6.4. postDataStr示例: 网易的心情随笔

比如,之前折腾:<u>【记录】给BlogsToWordPress添加支持导出网易的心情随笔</u>¹⁶时所遇到的就是,post数据是以换行符非分隔符的,所以就要去直接设置对应的postDataStr:

```
string postDataStr =
    "callCount=1" + "\r\n" +
    "scriptSessionId=${scriptSessionId}187" + "\r\n" +
    "c0-scriptName=BlogBeanNew" + "\r\n" +
    "c0-methodName=getBlogs" + "\r\n" +
    "c0-id=0" + "\r\n" +
    "c0-param0=" + "number:" + userId + "\r\n" +
    "c0-param1=" + "number:" + startBlogIdx + "\r\n" +
    "c0-param2=" + "number:" + onceGetNum;
  //http://api.blog.163.com/ni_chen/dwr/call/plaincall/BlogBeanNew.getBlogs.dwr
  string getBlogsDwrMainUrl = blogApi163 + "/" + blogUser + "/" + "dwr/call/plaincall/
BlogBeanNew.getBlogs.dwr";
  Dictionary<string, string> headerDict = new Dictionary<string, string>();
  headerDict = new Dictionary<string, string>();
  //Referer http://api.blog.163.com/crossdomain.html?t=20100205
  headerDict.Add("Referer", "http://api.blog.163.com/crossdomain.html?t=20100205");
  headerDict.Add("Content-Type", "text/plain");
  string blogsRespHtml = getUrlRespHtml(getBlogsDwrMainUrl, headerDict:headerDict,
postDataStr:postDataStr);
```

9.7. 多次尝试版本的 getUrlRespHtml:getUrlRespHtml_multiTry

默认的getUrlRespHtml只允许一次,即当出错时,就返回空字符串了,就不再继续了。

¹⁶ http://www.crifan.com/blogstowordpress_add_feeling_card_for_163_netease_blog/

此处的getUrlRespHtml_multiTry,是带多次尝试的版本。

其完整代码是:

```
public string getUrlRespHtml_multiTry
                     (string url,
                     Dictionary<string, string> headerDict = defHeaderDict,
                     string charset = defCharset,
                     Dictionary<string, string> postDict = defPostDict,
                     int timeout = defTimeout,
                     string postDataStr = defPostDataStr,
                     int readWriteTimeout = defReadWriteTimeout,
                     int maxTryNum = defMaxTryNum,
                     int retryFailSleepTime = defRetryFailSleepTime)
    string respHtml = "";
    for (int tryIdx = 0; tryIdx < maxTryNum; tryIdx++)
      respHtml = getUrlRespHtml(url, headerDict, charset, postDict, timeout, postDataStr,
readWriteTimeout);
      if (!string.IsNullOrEmpty(respHtml))
         break;
      }
      else
        //something wrong
         //maybe network is not stable
         //so wait some time, then re-do it
         System.Threading.Thread.Sleep(retryFailSleepTime);
    }
    return respHtml;
 }
```

9.7.1. getUrlRespHtml_multiTry 的参数详解

很明显可以看出,此处的getUrlRespHtml_multiTry的很多参数,和前面介绍的<u>第 9.6 节 "获得Url地</u>址返回的网页内容:getUrlRespHtml" 非常类似。

此处,还有另外两个参数,需要解释一下:

 maxTryNum maxTryNum表示最大(当出错时)重试次数。
 maxTryNum默认值是defMaxTryNum
 defMaxTryNum的值是5:

```
private const int defMaxTryNum = 5;
```

当你需要,在出错时,重试更多次,则可以修改此参数。

 retryFailSleepTime retryFailSleepTime表示在每次出错之后, sleep的时间。
 retryFailSleepTime默认值是defRetryFailSleepTime defRetryFailSleepTime的值是100毫秒:

private const int defRetryFailSleepTime = 100; //sleep time in ms when retry fail for getUrlRespHtml

此处,是为了,尽量适应网络不稳定等异常情况,在出错后,sleep一段时间重试,以希望实现,网络不稳定的时候,经过多次尝试,且每次错误后会sleep,达到增大网络访问成功的机会。

例 9.8. getUrlRespHtml_multiTry 的使用范例

```
//respHtml = crl.getUrlRespHtml(viewHtmlUrl);
respHtml = crl.getUrlRespHtml_multiTry(viewHtmlUrl);
```

9.8. 获得Url地址所返回的二进制数据流:getUrlRespStreamBytes

}

例 9.9. getUrlRespStreamBytes 的使用范例

```
public bool downloadStMusicFile(string musicRealAddr, string fullnameToStore, out string
errStr, Action<int> funcUpdateProgress)
       bool downloadOk = false;
       errStr = "未知错误!";
       if (musicRealAddr == null ||
         musicRealAddr == "" ||
         fullnameToStore == null ||
         fullnameToStore == "")
      {
         errStr = "Songtaste歌曲真实的地址无效!";
         return downloadOk;
      }
       Dictionary<string, string> headerDict = new Dictionary<string, string>();
      //headerDict.Add("Referer", "http://songtaste.com/music/");
headerDict.Add("Referer", "http://songtaste.com/");
      //const int maxMusicFileLen = 100 * 1024 * 1024; // 100M
       const int maxMusicFileLen = 300 * 1024 * 1024; // 300M
       Byte[] binDataBuf = new Byte[maxMusicFileLen];
       int respDataLen = crl.getUrlRespStreamBytes(ref binDataBuf, musicRealAddr,
headerDict, null, 0, funcUpdateProgress);
      if (respDataLen < 0)
         errStr = "无法读取歌曲数据!";
         return downloadOk;
```

9.9. (谷歌)翻译一段话:translateString

```
//------/
//translate strToTranslate from fromLanguage to toLanguage
//return the translated string
//return empty string if error
//some frequently used language abbrv:
//Chinese Simplified: zh-CN
//Chinese Traditional: zh-TW
//English: en
//German: de
//Japanese: ja
//Korean: ko
```

```
//French:
  //more can be found at:
  //http://code.google.com/intl/ru/apis/language/translate/v2/using_rest.html#language-
params
  public string translateString(string strToTranslate, string fromLanguage, string toLanguage)
    string translatedStr = "";
    string transRetHtml = "";
    ////following refer: http://python.u85.us/viewnews-335.html
    //string googleTranslateUrl = "http://translate.google.cn/translate_t";
    //Dictionary<string, string> postDict = new Dictionary<string, string>();
    //postDict.Add("hl", "zh-CN");
    //postDict.Add("ie", "UTF-8");
    //postDict.Add("text", strToTranslate);
    //postDict.Add("langpair", fromLanguage + "|" + toLanguage);
    //const string googleTransHtmlCharset = "UTF-8";
    //string transRetHtml = getUrlRespHtml(googleTranslateUrl,
charset:googleTransHtmlCharset, postDict:postDict);
    ////http://translate.google.cn/#zh-CN/en/%E4%BB%96%E4%BB%AC%E6%98%AF
%E8%BF%99%E6%A0%B7%E8%AF%B4%E7%9A%84
    //string googleTransBaseUrl = "http://translate.google.cn/#";
    //strToTranslate = "他们是这样说的";
    //string encodedStr = HttpUtility.UrlEncode(strToTranslate);
    //string googleTransUrl = googleTransBaseUrl + fromLanguage + "/" + toLanguage + "/"
+ encodedStr:
    //string transRetHtml = getUrlRespHtml(googleTransUrl);
    //http://translate.google.cn/translate a/t?client=t&text=%E4%BB%96%E4%BB%AC
%E6%98%AF%E8%BF%99%E6%A0%B7%E8%AF%B4%E7%9A%84&hI=zh-CN&sI=zh-
CN&tl=en&ie=UTF-8&oe=UTF-8&multires=1&ssel=0&tsel=0&sc=1
    //strToTranslate = "他们是这样说的";
    string encodedStr = HttpUtility.UrlEncode(strToTranslate);
    string googleTransBaseUrl = "http://translate.google.cn/translate a/t?";
    string googleTransUrl = googleTransBaseUrl;
    googleTransUrl += "&client=" + "t";
    googleTransUrl += "&text=" + encodedStr;
    googleTransUrl += "&hl=" + "zh-CN";
    googleTransUrl += "&sl=" + fromLanguage;// source language
    googleTransUrl += "&tl=" + toLanguage; // to
    googleTransUrl += "&ie=" + "UTF-8"; // input encode
    googleTransUrl += "&oe=" + "UTF-8";
                                           // output encode
    try
       transRetHtml = getUrlRespHtml multiTry(googleTransUrl);
       //[[["They say","他们是这样说的","","Tāmen shì zhèyàng shuō de"]],,"zh-CN",,[["They",
[5],0,0,1000,0,1,0],["say",[6],1,0,1000,1,2,0]],[["他们 是",5,[["They",1000,0,0],["they are",0,0,0],
["they were",0,0,0],["that they are",0,0,0],["they are the",0,0,0]],[[0,3]],"他们是这样说的"],["这样
说",6,[["say",1000,1,0],["said",0,1,0],["say so",0,1,0],["says",0,1,0],["say this",0,1,0]],[[3,6]],""]],,,
[["zh-CN"]],1]
       if (extractSingleStr(@"\[\[""(.+?)"","".+?"",", transRetHtml, out translatedStr))
         //extrac out:They say
```

```
}
}
catch
{
    // if pass some special string, such as "彭德怀", then will occur 500 error
    // here tmp not process the error, just omit it here
}
return translatedStr;
}
```

例 9.10. translateString 的使用范例

```
string strToTranslate = "他们是这样说的";
string translatedStr = translateString(strToTranslate, "zh-CN", "en");
```

9.10. 将中文翻译为英文:transzhcntoen

```
public string transZhcnToEn(string strToTranslate)
{
   return translateString(strToTranslate, "zh-CN", "en");
}
```

例 9.11. transzhcntoen 的使用范例

```
string strToTranslate = "他们是这样说的";
string translatedEnglishStr = transZhcnToEn(strToTranslate);
```

9.11. 查找获得域名的Page Rank:getDomainPageRank

```
//get page rank for some domain url
//para: http://answers.yahoo.com
//return: 7
public int getDomainPageRank(string domainUrl)
{
  int pageRank = 0;
```

```
string queryUrl = "";
    string respHtml = "";
    Dictionary<string, string> postDict = new Dictionary<string, string>();
    string rankStr = ""
    bool prevMethodFail = true;
    if ((pageRank == 0) && prevMethodFail)
       //Method 1: use http://www.pagerankme.com/
       queryUrl = "http://www.pagerankme.com/";
       postDict = new Dictionary<string, string>();
       postDict.Add("url", domainUrl);
       respHtml = getUrlRespHtml multiTry(gueryUrl, postDict: postDict);
       //<a href="http://www.pagerankme.com" target="_blank" style="text-
decoration:none;color:#000000;">PageRank 7</a>
       rankStr = ""
       if (extractSingleStr(@"<a href=""http://www\.pagerankme\.com"" target="" blank""
style="".+?"">PageRank (\d+)</a>", respHtml, out rankStr))
         pageRank = Int32.Parse(rankStr);
         prevMethodFail = false;
       }
       else
       {
         prevMethodFail = true;
       }
    }
    if ((pageRank == 0) && prevMethodFail)
       //Method 2: use http://moonsy.com/pagerank_checker/
       //(1) http://moonsy.com/pagerank_checker/
       queryUrl = "http://moonsy.com/pagerank_checker/";
       postDict = new Dictionary<string, string>();
       postDict.Add("domain", domainUrl);
       postDict.Add("Submit", "CHECK");
       respHtml = getUrlRespHtml multiTry(gueryUrl, postDict: postDict);
       //<h3>Your Page Rank: 7/10
       rankStr = "";
       if (extractSingleStr(@"<h3>Your Page Rank.+?(\d+)/10", respHtml, out rankStr))
         pageRank = Int32.Parse(rankStr);
         prevMethodFail = false;
       else
         prevMethodFail = true;
    }
    if ((pageRank == 0) && prevMethodFail)
       //Method 3: use http://pagerank.webmasterhome.cn/
       string noHttpPreDomainUrl = Regex.Replace(domainUrl, "((https)|(http)|(ftp))://", "");
       //http://pagerank.webmasterhome.cn/prLoading.asp?domain=answers.yahoo.com
```

```
string tmpRespHtml = "";
       Dictionary<string, string> headerDict;
       //(1)to get cookies
       string pageRankMainUrl = "http://pagerank.webmasterhome.cn/";
       tmpRespHtml = getUrlRespHtml multiTry(pageRankMainUrl);
       //(2)ask page rank
       string firstBaseUrl = "http://pagerank.webmasterhome.cn/?domain=";
       //http://pagerank.webmasterhome.cn/?domain=answers.yahoo.com
       string firstWholeUrl = firstBaseUrl + noHttpPreDomainUrl;
       headerDict = new Dictionary < string > ();
       headerDict.Add("referer", pageRankMainUrl);
       tmpRespHtml = getUrlRespHtml_multiTry(firstWholeUrl, headerDict: headerDict);
       string baseUrl = "http://pagerank.webmasterhome.cn/prLoading.asp?domain=";
       //http://pagerank.webmasterhome.cn/prLoading.asp?domain=answers.yahoo.com
       queryUrl = baseUrl + noHttpPreDomainUrl;
       headerDict = new Dictionary < string > ();
       headerDict.Add("referer", firstWholeUrl);
       respHtml = getUrlRespHtml multiTry(gueryUrl, headerDict: headerDict);
       //'<img src=\"http://primg.webmasterhome.cn/pr7.gif\" style=
\"width:40px;height:5px;border:0px;\" alt=PageRank align=absmiddle> (7/10)'
       rankStr = "";
       if (extractSingleStr(@"\((\d+)/10\)", respHtml, out rankStr))
         pageRank = Int32.Parse(rankStr);
         prevMethodFail = false;
       }
       else
         prevMethodFail = true;
       }
    }
    //TODO:
    //Google PR (PageRank) Checker
    //http://www.searchbliss.com/seo-tools/google-pagerank-checker.php
    //tmp is "We're sorry, the Google PR check is currently being repaired."
    //future: if Ok, mayby can use it
    return pageRank;
  }
```

例 9.12. getDomainPageRank 的使用范例

```
public struct searchItemInfo
{
   public string title;
   public string googleUrl; // with google appendix
   public string originalUrl;
   public string description;
   //add domain url and rank
   public string domainUrl;
```

```
public int pageRank;
  public int alexaRank;
};

singleItemInfo.domainUrl = crifanLib.getDomainUrl(singleItemInfo.originalUrl);
singleItemInfo.pageRank = crifanLib.getDomainPageRank(singleItemInfo.domainUrl);
singleItemInfo.alexaRank = crifanLib.getDomainAlexaRank(singleItemInfo.domainUrl);
```

9.12. 查找获得域名的Alexa Rank:getDomainAlexaRank

```
//get alexa rank for some domain url
  //para: http://answers.yahoo.com
  //return: 4
  public int getDomainAlexaRank(string domainUrl)
     int alexaRank = 0;
     string queryUrl = "";
     string respHtml = "";
     Dictionary<string, string> postDict = new Dictionary<string, string>();
     string alexaRankStr = ""
     bool prevMethodFail = true;
    //string noHttpPreDomainUrl = Regex.Replace(domainUrl, "((https)|(http)|(ftp))://", "");
     if ((alexaRank == 0) && prevMethodFail)
       //Method 1: use http://www.searchbliss.com/rank.asp
       string mainUrl = "http://www.searchbliss.com/rank.asp";
       respHtml = getUrlRespHtml_multiTry(mainUrl);
       //<input type="hidden" name="RAC" value="EIS">
       string accessCode = ""
       if (extractSingleStr(@"<input\s+type=""hidden""\s+name=""RAC""\s+value=""([A-
Z]+)"">", respHtml, out accessCode))
          queryUrl = "http://www.searchbliss.com/rank.asp";
          //AC EIS
          //RAC EIS
          //rank http://hubpages.com
          postDict = new Dictionary<string, string>();
          //postDict.Add("domain", noHttpPreDomainUrl);
         postDict.Add("AC", accessCode);
postDict.Add("RAC", accessCode);
postDict.Add("rank", domainUrl);
          respHtml = getUrlRespHtml_multiTry(queryUrl, postDict: postDict);
          //<a href="http://www.alexa.com/data/details/main/http://hubpages.com"
target="_blank">444</a>
          if (extractSingleStr(@"<a\s+href=""http://www\.alexa\.com/data/details/main/.
+?""\s+target=""_blank"">(\d+)</a>", respHtml, out alexaRankStr))
            //alexaRank = Int32.Parse(alexaRankStr);
```

```
if (Int32.TryParse(alexaRankStr, out alexaRank))
              prevMethodFail = false;
           }
           else
            {
              prevMethodFail = true;
           prevMethodFail = false;
         }
         else
         {
            prevMethodFail = true;
         }
       else
       {
         prevMethodFail = true;
       }
    }
    #if USE_HTML_PARSER_HTMLAGILITYPACK
    if ((alexaRank == 0) && prevMethodFail)
       //Method 2: use http://www.alexa.com/
       string tmpUrl = "http://www.alexa.com";
       //to get cookies
       string tmpRespHtml = getUrlRespHtml_multiTry(tmpUrl);
       //then do work
       queryUrl = "http://www.alexa.com/search";
       //http://www.alexa.com/search?q=crifan.com&r=home_home&p=bigtop
       queryUrl += "?q=" + domainUrl;
       queryUrl += "&r=" + "home_home";
       queryUrl += "&p=" + "bigtop";
       respHtml = getUrlRespHtml_multiTry(queryUrl);
       HtmlAqilityPack.HtmlDocument htmlDoc = htmlToHtmlDoc(respHtml);
       HtmlNode rootHtmlNode = htmlDoc.DocumentNode:
       //<span>
       //<img class="align-top" src="/images/icons/globe-sm.gif" />
       //<span class="traffic-stat-label">Alexa Traffic Rank:</span>
       //<a href="/siteinfo/yahoo.com#trafficstats">
       //4</a>
       //</span>
       //<span class="traffic-stat-label">Alexa Traffic Rank:</span>
       //<a href="/siteinfo/crifan.com#trafficstats">
       //170,557</a>
      //</span>
       //HtmlNode trafficHtmlNode = rootHtmlNode.SelectSingleNode("//span/
span[@class='traffic-stat-label']/a[@href]");
       //HtmlNode trafficHtmlNode = rootHtmlNode.SelectSingleNode("//span/
span[@class='traffic-stat-label']/a]");
       //HtmlNodeCollection trafficHtmlNodes = rootHtmlNode.SelectNodes("//span/
span[@class='traffic-stat-label']");
```

```
HtmlNode trafficHtmlNode = rootHtmlNode.SelectSingleNode("//span/
span[@class='traffic-stat-label']");
       if ((trafficHtmlNode!= null) && (trafficHtmlNode.InnerText.StartsWith("Alexa Traffic
Rank:")))
         HtmlNode parentHtmlNode = trafficHtmlNode.ParentNode;
         HtmlNode aHrefNode = parentHtmlNode.SelectSingleNode(".//a[@href]");
         string tracfficNumberStr = aHrefNode.InnerText;
         alexaRankStr = tracfficNumberStr.Trim().Replace(",", "");
         //speical:
         //"No Data"
         //alexaRank = Int32.Parse(alexaRankStr);
         if(Int32.TryParse(alexaRankStr, out alexaRank))
            prevMethodFail = false;
         else
            prevMethodFail = true;
         }
       }
       else
       {
         prevMethodFail = true;
       }
    }
    #endif
    if ((alexaRank == 0) && prevMethodFail)
       //Method 3: use http://moonsy.com/alexa_rank/
       //(1) http://moonsy.com/alexa_rank/
       queryUrl = "http://moonsy.com/alexa_rank/";
       postDict = new Dictionary<string, string>();
       //postDict.Add("domain", noHttpPreDomainUrl);
       postDict.Add("domain", domainUrl);
       postDict.Add("Submit", "CHECK");
       respHtml = getUrlRespHtml_multiTry(queryUrl, postDict: postDict);
       //<h2>Alexa Rank of <b>ANSWERS.YAHOO.COM</b> is : <b>4</b></h2>
       alexaRankStr = "";
       if (extractSingleStr(@"<h2>Alexa Rank of.+?is.+?(\d+).+?</h2>", respHtml, out
alexaRankStr))
         //alexaRank = Int32.Parse(alexaRankStr);
         if (Int32.TryParse(alexaRankStr, out alexaRank))
            prevMethodFail = false;
         else
            prevMethodFail = true;
         prevMethodFail = false;
```

```
    else
    {
        prevMethodFail = true;
    }
}

//TODO:
    //maybe future can use:
    //http://www.dakola.com/tools/alexa/
    return alexaRank;
}
```

例 9.13. getDomainAlexaRank 的使用范例

```
public struct searchItemInfo
{
    public string title;
    public string googleUrl; // with google appendix
    public string originalUrl;
    public string description;
    //add domain url and rank
    public string domainUrl;
    public int pageRank;
    public int alexaRank;
};

singleItemInfo.domainUrl = crifanLib.getDomainUrl(singleItemInfo.originalUrl);
singleItemInfo.pageRank = crifanLib.getDomainPageRank(singleItemInfo.domainUrl);
singleItemInfo.alexaRank = crifanLib.getDomainAlexaRank(singleItemInfo.domainUrl);
```

第 10 章 crifanLib.cs之File/Folder

10.1. 获得当前保存路径:getSaveFolder

调用对应的FolderBrowserDialog控件,得到用户所选的(保存文件的)路径

```
public string getSaveFolder(FolderBrowserDialog fbdSave)
{
    string saveFolderPath = "";
    //string saveFolderPath = System.Environment.CurrentDirectory;
    //fbdSaveFolder.SelectedPath = System.Environment.CurrentDirectory;
    DialogResult saveFolderResult = fbdSave.ShowDialog();
    if (saveFolderResult == System.Windows.Forms.DialogResult.OK)
    {
        saveFolderPath = fbdSave.SelectedPath;
    }
    else if (saveFolderResult == System.Windows.Forms.DialogResult.Cancel)
    {
        saveFolderPath = "";
    }
    return saveFolderPath;
}
```

例 10.1. getSaveFolder 的使用范例

//private System.Windows.Forms.FolderBrowserDialog fbdSaveFolder; string saveFolderPath = getSaveFolder(fbdSaveFolder);

10.2. 二进制(字节)数据存为文件:saveBytesToFile

```
//save binary bytes into file
public bool saveBytesToFile(string fileToSave, ref Byte[] bytes, int dataLen, out string errStr)
{
   bool saveOk = false;
   errStr = "未知错误!";

   try
   {
     int bufStartPos = 0;
     int bytesToWrite = dataLen;
```

```
FileStream fs;
  fs = File.Create(fileToSave, bytesToWrite);
  fs.Write(bytes, bufStartPos, bytesToWrite);
  fs.Close();

  saveOk = true;
}
catch (Exception ex)
{
  errStr = ex.Message;
}

return saveOk;
}
```

例 10.2. saveBytesToFile 的使用范例

```
public bool downloadStMusicFile(string musicRealAddr, string fullnameToStore, out string
errStr, Action<int> funcUpdateProgress)
      bool downloadOk = false;
      errStr = "未知错误!";
      if (musicRealAddr == null ||
         musicRealAddr == "" ||
         fullnameToStore == null ||
         fullnameToStore == "")
         errStr = "Songtaste歌曲真实的地址无效!";
         return downloadOk;
      Dictionary<string, string> headerDict = new Dictionary<string, string>();
      //headerDict.Add("Referer", "http://songtaste.com/music/");
      headerDict.Add("Referer", "http://songtaste.com/");
      //const int maxMusicFileLen = 100 * 1024 * 1024; // 100M
      const int maxMusicFileLen = 300 * 1024 * 1024; // 300M
      Byte[] binDataBuf = new Byte[maxMusicFileLen];
      int respDataLen = crl.getUrlRespStreamBytes(ref binDataBuf, musicRealAddr,
headerDict, null, 0, funcUpdateProgress);
      if (respDataLen < 0)
         errStr = "无法读取歌曲数据!";
         return downloadOk;
      if (crl.saveBytesToFile(fullnameToStore, ref binDataBuf, respDataLen, out errStr))
         downloadOk = true;
```

10.3. (从网络上)下载文件(到本地):downloadFile

```
//download file from url
  //makesure destination folder exist before call this function
  //input para example:
  //http://g-ecx.images-amazon.com/images/G/01/kindle/dp/2012/KC/KC-slate-01-
lg._V401028090_.jpg
  //download\B007OZNZG0\KC-slate-01-lg._V401028090_.jpg
  public bool downloadFile(string fileUrl, string fullnameToStore, out string errStr,
Action < int > funcUpdateProgress)
    bool downloadOk = false;
    errStr = "未知错误!";
    if ((fileUrl == null) || (fileUrl == ""))
       errStr = "URL地址为空!";
       return downloadOk;
    if ((fullnameToStore == null) || (fullnameToStore == ""))
       errStr = "文件保存路径为空!";
       return downloadOk;
    }
    //const int maxFileLen = 100 * 1024 * 1024; // 100M
    const int maxFileLen = 300 * 1024 * 1024; // 300M
    const int lessMaxFileLen = 100 * 1024 * 1024; // 100M
    Byte[] binDataBuf;
    try
       binDataBuf = new Byte[maxFileLen];
    catch (Exception ex)
       //if no enough memory, then try alloc less
       binDataBuf = new Byte[lessMaxFileLen];
    int respDataLen = getUrlRespStreamBytes(ref binDataBuf, fileUrl, null, null, 0,
funcUpdateProgress);
    if (respDataLen < 0)
       errStr = "无法下载文件数据!";
       return downloadOk;
    }
    if (saveBytesToFile(fullnameToStore, ref binDataBuf, respDataLen, out errStr))
```

```
{
    downloadOk = true;
}

return downloadOk;
}
```

例 10.3. downloadFile 的使用范例

```
public void updateProgress(int percentage)
      //pgbDownload.Value = percentage;
    public void downloadPictures(string productUrl, string respHtml, out string[]
picFullnameList)
    {
      //.....
      string[] imageUrlList = amazonLib.extractProductImageList(respHtml);
      gLogger.Info("Extracted image url list:");
      if (imageUrlList != null)
         picFullnameList = new string[imageUrlList.Length];
         for (int idx = 0; idx < imageUrlList.Length; idx++)
            string imageUrl = imageUrlList[idx];
           qLogger.Info(String.Format("[{0}]={1}", idx, imageUrl));
           string picFilename = crl.extractFilenameFromUrl(imageUrl);
           string picFullFilename = Path.Combine(picFolderFullPath, picFilename);
           string errorStr = "";
           qLogger.Info(String.Format("Downloading {0} to {1}", imageUrl, picFullFilename));
            crl.downloadFile(imageUrl, picFullFilename, out errorStr, updateProgress);
```

10.4. 调用资源管理器打开文件夹并选中文件:openFolderAndSelectFile

```
//open folder and select file
public void openFolderAndSelectFile(string fullFilename)
{
    System.Diagnostics.Process.Start("Explorer.exe", "/select," + fullFilename);
}
```

例 10.4. openFolderAndSelectFile 的使用范例

```
string outputFilename = txbExpAlertFilename.Text + ".xls";
string fullFilename = Path.Combine(saveFolderPath, outputFilename);
//.....
crifanLib.openFolderAndSelectFile(fullFilename);
```

10.5. (调用系统默认程序直接)打开文件:openFileDirectly

```
//open file/url/...
public void openFileDirectly(string fullFilename)
{
    System.Diagnostics.Process.Start(fullFilename);
}
```

例 10.5. openFileDirectly 的使用范例

```
private void btnOpenOutputFolder_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
   if (Directory.Exists(txbOutputFolder.Text))
   {
      crl.openFileDirectly(txbOutputFolder.Text);
   }
}
```

第 11 章 crifanLib.cs之Screen

11.1. 获得当前任务栏的尺寸大小:getCurTaskbarSize

```
// get current taskbar size(width, height), support 4 mode: taskbar bottom/right/up/left
 public Size getCurTaskbarSize()
    int width = 0, height = 0;
   if ((Screen.PrimaryScreen.Bounds.Width == Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Width)
&&
      (Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Y == 0))
      //taskbar bottom
      width = Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Width;
      height = Screen.PrimaryScreen.Bounds.Height -
Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Height;
    else if ((Screen.PrimaryScreen.Bounds.Height ==
Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Height) &&
        (Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.X == 0))
      //taskbar right
      width = Screen.PrimaryScreen.Bounds.Width -
Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Width;
      height = Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Height;
    else if ((Screen.PrimaryScreen.Bounds.Width ==
Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Width) &&
        (Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Y > 0))
      //taskbar up
      width = Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Width;
      //height = Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Y;
      height = Screen.PrimaryScreen.Bounds.Height -
Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Height;
    else if ((Screen.PrimaryScreen.Bounds.Height ==
Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Height) &&
        (Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.X > 0))
      //taskbar left
      width = Screen.PrimaryScreen.Bounds.Width -
Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Width;
      height = Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Height;
   return new Size(width, height);
 }
```

例 11.1. getCurTaskbarSize 的使用范例

```
Size curTaskbarSize = crl.getCurTaskbarSize();
```

11.2. 获得当前任务栏的坐标位 置:getCurTaskbarLocation

```
// get current taskbar position(X, Y), support 4 mode: taskbar bottom/right/up/left
 public System.Drawing.Point getCurTaskbarLocation()
    int xPos = 0, yPos = 0;
    if ((Screen.PrimaryScreen.Bounds.Width == Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Width)
&&
      (Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Y == 0))
      //taskbar bottom
      xPos = 0;
      yPos = Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Height;
    else if ((Screen.PrimaryScreen.Bounds.Height ==
Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Height) &&
         (Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.X == 0))
      //taskbar right
      xPos = Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Width;
      yPos = 0;
    else if ((Screen.PrimaryScreen.Bounds.Width ==
Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Width) &&
         (Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Y > 0))
      //taskbar up
      xPos = 0;
      yPos = 0;
    else if ((Screen.PrimaryScreen.Bounds.Height ==
Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Height) &&
         (Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.X > 0))
      //taskbar left
      xPos = 0;
      yPos = 0;
    return new System.Drawing.Point(xPos, yPos);
 }
```

例 11.2. getCurTaskbarLocation 的使用范例

Point curTaskbarLocation = crl.getCurTaskbarLocation();

11.3. 获得当前屏幕的角落的坐标位 置:getCornerLocation

```
// get current right bottom corner position(X, Y), support 4 mode: taskbar bottom/right/up/
left
  public System.Drawing.Point getCornerLocation(Size windowSize)
    int xPos = 0, yPos = 0;
    if ((Screen.PrimaryScreen.Bounds.Width == Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Width)
&&
       (Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Y == 0))
       //taskbar bottom
       xPos = Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Width - windowSize.Width;
       yPos = Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Height - windowSize.Height;
    else if ((Screen.PrimaryScreen.Bounds.Height ==
Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Height) &&
         (Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.X == 0))
       //taskbar right
      xPos = Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Width - windowSize.Width;
      yPos = Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Height - windowSize.Height;
    else if ((Screen.PrimaryScreen.Bounds.Width ==
Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Width) &&
         (Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Y > 0))
       //taskbar up
      xPos = Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Width - windowSize.Width;
       yPos = Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Y;
    else if ((Screen.PrimaryScreen.Bounds.Height ==
Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Height) &&
         (Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.X > 0))
       //taskbar left
      xPos = Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.X;
       yPos = Screen.PrimaryScreen.WorkingArea.Height - windowSize.Height;
```

```
return new System.Drawing.Point(xPos, yPos);
}
```

例 11.3. getCornerLocation 的使用范例

this.Location = crl.getCornerLocation(this.Size);

第 12 章 crifanLib.cs之Runtime

12.1. 获得当前软件的版本:getCurVerStr

```
public string getCurVerStr()
{
    string curVerStr = "";
    Assembly asm = Assembly.GetExecutingAssembly();
    FileVersionInfo fvi = FileVersionInfo.GetVersionInfo(asm.Location);
    curVerStr = String.Format("{0}.{1}", fvi.ProductMajorPart, fvi.ProductMinorPart);
    return curVerStr;
}
```

例 12.1. getCurVerStr 的使用范例

```
//update version string
this.Text += " v" + getCurVerStr();
```

第 13 章 crifanLib.cs之Html Parse

13.1. 将HTML转换为 XmlDocument:htmlToXmlDoc

```
#if USE_HTML_PARSER_SGML
//convert html to XML document
public XmlDocument htmlToXmlDoc(string html)
  // setup SgmlReader
  SgmlReader sgmlReader = new SgmlReader();
  sgmlReader.DocType = "HTML";
  sgmlReader.WhitespaceHandling = WhitespaceHandling.All;
  sgmlReader.CaseFolding = Sgml.CaseFolding.ToLower;
  string decodedHtml = HttpUtility.HtmlDecode(html);
  sgmlReader.InputStream = new StringReader(decodedHtml);
  // create document
  XmlDocument xmlDoc = new XmlDocument();
  xmlDoc.PreserveWhitespace = true;
  xmlDoc.XmlResolver = null;
  xmlDoc.Load(sgmlReader);
  return xmlDoc;
#endif
```

例 13.1. htmlToXmlDoc 的使用范例

```
//(1) with xmlns
string withXmlnsUrl = "http://fiverr.com/gigs/search?utf8=%E2%9C
%93&query=seo&x=15&y=13&page=2";
string withXmlnsHtml = getUrlRespHtml(withXmlnsUrl);
XmlDocument xmlDocWithNs = htmlToXmlDoc(withXmlnsHtml);
```

另外,贴出,完整的示例代码:

```
//example code for html parse
void _demoHtmlParse()
{
    #if USE_HTML_PARSER_SGML
    //Method 1: use htmlToXmlDoc
    //(1) with xmlns
```

```
string withXmlnsUrl = "http://fiverr.com/gigs/search?utf8=%E2%9C
%93&query=seo&x=15&y=13&page=2";
    string withXmlnsHtml = getUrlRespHtml(withXmlnsUrl);
    XmlDocument xmlDocWithNs = htmlToXmlDoc(withXmlnsHtml);
    //<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN" "http://
www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
    //<html xmlns:og="http://ogp.me/ns#" xmlns:fb="http://www.facebook.com/2008/fbml"
xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" lang="en" xml:lang="en" >
    // <head>
    //
    XmlNamespaceManager m = new XmlNamespaceManager(xmlDocWithNs.NameTable);
    m.AddNamespace("w3org", "http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml");
    XmlNode titleNode = xmlDocWithNs.SelectSingleNode("//
w3org:h1[@itemprop='name']", m);
    string title = titleNode.InnerText;
    //(2) without xmlns
    string withoutXmlnsUrl = "http://www.amazon.com/qp/new-releases/appliances/
ref=zg bsnr nav 0";
    //<!DOCTYPE html>
    //<html>
    //<head>
    //...
    string withoutXmlnsHtml = getUrlRespHtml(withoutXmlnsUrl);
    XmlDocument xmlDocNoNs = htmlToXmlDoc(withoutXmlnsHtml);
    XmlNodeList pageNodeList = xmlDocNoNs.SelectNodes("//ol[@class='zg_pagination']/
li[@class]");
    #endif
    //common part
    //how to use Attributes
    //XmlNodeList pageNodeList = xmlDoc.SelectNodes("//ol[@class='zq_pagination']/
li[@class]");
    //if (pageNodeList != null)
    //{
    // for (int pageIdx = 1; pageIdx < pageNodeList.Count; pageIdx++)
    // {
          XmlNode curPageNode = pageNodeList[pageIdx];
    //
          //<a page="2"
ajaxUrl="http://www.amazon.com/gp/new-releases/appliances/
ref=zg_bsnr_appliances_pg_2/191-0874592-3518518?ie=UTF8&pg=2&ajax=1"
href="http://www.amazon.com/gp/new-releases/appliances/
ref=zg bsnr appliances pg 2/191-0874592-3518518?ie=UTF8&pg=2">21-40</a>
          XmlNode ajaxUrlNode = curPageNode.SelectSingleNode(".//a[@href]");
    //
          string pageUrl = ajaxUrlNode.Attributes["href"].Value;
    //
    // }
    //}
    #if USE HTML PARSER HTMLAGILITYPACK
    //Method 2: use htmlToHtmlDoc
    string testUrlWithXmlns = "http://sd.csdn.net/";
    string respHtml = getUrlRespHtml(testUrlWithXmlns);
    //<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN" "http://
www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
    //<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
    //<head>
```

```
HtmlAgilityPack.HtmlDocument htmlDoc = htmlToHtmlDoc(respHtml);
     //<div class="tabcontent" id="sc1">
     // 
     // <a href="http://www.csdn.net/article/tag/%E4%BA%A7%E5%93%81"
target=" blank">产品</a>
     // .....
// <a href="http://www.csdn.net/article/tag/%E8%AE%BE%E8%AE%A1"
target="_blank">设计</a>
                      //
     //</div>
     //...
     //<div class="tabcontent" id="sc4">
     // 
     // <a href="http://www.csdn.net/article/tag/%E6%95%B0%E6%8D%AE%E5%BA">// <a href="http://www.csdn.net/article/tag/%E6%95%B0%E6%8D%AE%E5%BA">// <a href="http://www.csdn.net/article/tag/%E6%95%B0%E6%8D%AE%E5%BA">// </a>
%93" target="_blank">数据库</a>
                      //</div>
     //here, no need to take care the html xmlns
     //is better than SGMLReader
     HtmlNode rootHtmlNode = htmlDoc.DocumentNode;
     HtmlNodeCollection htmlNodes = rootHtmlNode.SelectNodes("//
div[@class='tabcontent']");
     foreach (HtmlNode link in htmlNodes)
       HtmlAttribute att = link.Attributes["id"];
       string idHref = att.Value;
```

13.2. 将HTML转换为HtmlAgilityPack的 HtmlDocument:htmlToHtmlDoc

```
public HtmlAgilityPack.HtmlDocument htmlToHtmlDoc(string html)
{
    HtmlAgilityPack.HtmlDocument htmlDoc = new HtmlAgilityPack.HtmlDocument();

    //http://www.crifan.com/
htmlagilitypack_html_tag_form_option_no_child_via_sibling_get_innertext/
    //make some html tag: form/option, has child
    HtmlNode.ElementsFlags.Remove("form");
    HtmlNode.ElementsFlags.Remove("option");

    htmlDoc.LoadHtml(html);

    return htmlDoc;
}
```

例 13.2. htmlToHtmlDoc 的使用范例

注意,使用此函数之前,需要开启对应的宏USE_HTML_PARSER_HTMLAGILITYPACK,以及添加对应的dll库HtmlAgilityPack.dll的引用。

13.3. 去除HtmlNode中的子节点:removeSubHtmlNode

```
//remove sub node from current html node
 //ea:
 //"script"
 //for
 //<script type="text/javascript">
 public HtmlNode removeSubHtmlNode(HtmlNode curHtmlNode, string
subNodeToRemove)
    HtmlNode afterRemoved = curHtmlNode;
   ///method 1: fail
    ////foreach (var subNode in afterRemoved.Descendants(subNodeToRemove))
   //foreach (HtmlNode subNode in afterRemoved.Descendants(subNodeToRemove))
   //{
       //An unhandled exception of type 'System.InvalidOperationException' occurred in
mscorlib.dll
   // //Additional information: Collection was modified; enumeration operation may not
execute.
   // //afterRemoved.RemoveChild(subNode);
   // //curHtmlNode.RemoveChild(subNode);
   // subNode.Remove();
    //}
    //method 2: OK
    HtmlNodeCollection foundAllSub = curHtmlNode.SelectNodes(subNodeToRemove);
    if ((foundAllSub!= null) && (foundAllSub.Count > 0))
      foreach (HtmlNode subNode in foundAllSub)
        curHtmlNode.RemoveChild(subNode);
```

```
}
}
return afterRemoved;
}
```

例 13.3. removeSubHtmlNode 的使用范例

```
HtmlNode curBulletNode = allBulletNodeList[idx];

HtmlNode noJsNode = crl.removeSubHtmlNode(curBulletNode, "script");

HtmlNode noStyleNode = crl.removeSubHtmlNode(curBulletNode, "style");

string bulletStr = noStyleNode.InnerText;
```

13.4. 去除HTML的标签tag:htmlRemoveTag

```
* [Function]
   * remove html tag, retain html content
   * [Input]
   * html, with tag
   * [Output]
    pure content, no html tag
   * [Note]
  public string htmlRemoveTag(string html)
    string filteredHtml = "";
    if (!string.IsNullOrEmpty(html))
       HtmlAgilityPack.HtmlDocument htmlDoc = new HtmlAgilityPack.HtmlDocument();
       htmlDoc.LoadHtml(html);
       if (htmlDoc == null)
         return "";
       // 1. remove all comments
       //(1)get all comment nodes using XPATH
       HtmlNodeCollection commentNodeList = htmlDoc.DocumentNode.SelectNodes("//
comment()");
       if (commentNodeList != null)
```

```
foreach (HtmlNode comment in commentNodeList)
{
    //(2) remove comment node itself
    comment.ParentNode.RemoveChild(comment);
}

//2. get all content
foreach (var node in htmlDoc.DocumentNode.ChildNodes)
{
    filteredHtml += node.InnerText;
}

return filteredHtml;
}
```

例 13.4. htmlRemoveTag 的使用范例

第 14 章 crifanLib.cs之集成DLL到exe 中

14.1. 集成DLL到exe中

```
public yourClassname()
   //!!! for load embedded dll: (1) register resovle handler
    AppDomain.CurrentDomain.AssemblyResolve += new
ResolveEventHandler(CurrentDomain_AssemblyResolve);
   InitializeComponent();
 }
 //!!! for load embedded dll: (2) implement this handler
 System.Reflection.Assembly CurrentDomain_AssemblyResolve(object sender,
ResolveEventArgs args)
    string dllName = args.Name.Contains(",") ? args.Name.Substring(0,
args.Name.IndexOf(',')) : args.Name.Replace(".dll", "");
    dllName = dllName.Replace(".", "_");
    if (dllName.EndsWith("_resources")) return null;
    System.Resources.ResourceManager rm = new
System.Resources.ResourceManager(GetType().Namespace + ".Properties.Resources",
System.Reflection.Assembly.GetExecutingAssembly());
    byte[] bytes = (byte[])rm.GetObject(dllName);
    return System.Reflection.Assembly.Load(bytes);
 }
```

例 14.1. 集成DLL到exe中 的使用范例

```
public crifanLib()
{
    //!!! for load embedded dll: (1) register resovle handler
    AppDomain.CurrentDomain.AssemblyResolve += new
ResolveEventHandler(CurrentDomain_AssemblyResolve);
    //......
}
```

```
//!!! for load embedded dll: (2) implement this handler
System.Reflection.Assembly CurrentDomain_AssemblyResolve(object sender,
ResolveEventArgs args)
{
    string dllName = args.Name.Contains(",") ? args.Name.Substring(0,
    args.Name.IndexOf(',')) : args.Name.Replace(".dll", "");

    dllName = dllName.Replace(".", "_");

    if (dllName.EndsWith("_resources")) return null;

    System.Resources.ResourceManager rm = new
System.Resources.ResourceManager(GetType().Namespace + ".Properties.Resources",
System.Reflection.Assembly.GetExecutingAssembly());

    byte[] bytes = (byte[])rm.GetObject(dllName);
    return System.Reflection.Assembly.Load(bytes);
}
```

关于如何把DLL集成到exe中,详见:<u>【已解决】C#中集成DLL库到自己的exe程序中</u>1

http://www.crifan.com/csharp_integrate_dll_library_into_exe_application/

第 15 章 crifanLib.cs之DataGridView

15.1. 清楚DataGridView的内容:dgvClearContent

```
public void dgvClearContent(DataGridView dgvValue)
{
    dgvValue.Rows.Clear();
}
```

例 15.1. dgvClearContent 的使用范例

dgvClearContent(dgvSearchedAlerts);

15.2. 让DataGridView显示行号:dgvDrawHeaderNum

```
//draw the row index
public void dgvDrawHeaderNum(DataGridView dgvValue)
{
  for (int index = 0; (index <= (dgvValue.Rows.Count - 1)); index++)
    {
      int number = index + 1;
      dgvValue.Rows[index].HeaderCell.Value = String.Format("{0}", number);
    }
}</pre>
```

例 15.2. dgvDrawHeaderNum 的使用范例

dgvDrawHeaderNum(dgvSearchedAlerts);

15.3. 释放对象 (变量):releaseObject

```
//release object
public void releaseObject(object obj)
{
    try
    {
        System.Runtime.InteropServices.Marshal.ReleaseComObject(obj);
        obj = null;
    }
    catch (Exception ex)
    {
        obj = null;
        //MessageBox.Show("Exception Occured while releasing object " + ex.ToString());
    }
    finally
    {
        GC.Collect();
    }
}
```

例 15.3. releaseObject 的使用范例

```
xlWorkBook.Close(true, misValue, misValue);
xlApp.Quit();
releaseObject(xlWorkSheet);
releaseObject(xlWorkBook);
releaseObject(xlApp);
```

15.4. 导出DataGridView内容到Excel文件:dgvExportToExcel

```
xlWorkBook = xlApp.Workbooks.Add(misValue);
    xlWorkSheet = (Excel.Worksheet)xlWorkBook.Worksheets.get_Item(1);
    int rowIdx = 0, realRowIdx = 0;
    int columnIdx = 0, realColumnIdx = 0;
    const int excelRowHeader = 1;
    const int excelColumnHeader = 1;
    //save header
    for (columnIdx = 0, realColumnIdx = 0; columnIdx <= dqvValue.ColumnCount - 1;
columnIdx++)
   {
      if ((omitColumnIdxList != null) && omitColumnIdxList.Contains(columnIdx))
        //omit this column
      else
        //excelRowHeader and excelColumnHeader -> jump over the excel buildin row and
column
        xlWorkSheet.Cells[0 + excelRowHeader, realColumnIdx + excelColumnHeader] =
dqvValue.Columns[columnIdx].HeaderText;
        realColumnIdx++;
      }
   }
    const int excelTitleRow = 1;
    //save cells
    for (rowIdx = 0, realRowIdx = 0; rowIdx \leq dgvValue.RowCount - 1; rowIdx++)
      if ((omitRowIdxList != null) && omitRowIdxList.Contains(rowIdx))
        //omit this row
      }
      else
        for (columnIdx = 0, realColumnIdx = 0; columnIdx <= dqvValue.ColumnCount - 1;
columnIdx++)
           if ((omitColumnIdxList != null) && omitColumnIdxList.Contains(columnIdx))
             //omit this column
           else
             //note here use [columnIdx, rowIdx], not [rowIdx, columnIdx]
             DataGridViewCell curCell = dqvValue[columnIdx, rowIdx];
             if ((useTagColumnIdxList != null) &&
useTagColumnIdxList.Contains(columnIdx))
                xlWorkSheet.Cells[(realRowIdx + excelTitleRow) + excelRowHeader,
realColumnIdx + excelColumnHeader] = curCell.Tag;
             else
```

```
xlWorkSheet.Cells[(realRowIdx + excelTitleRow) + excelRowHeader,
realColumnIdx + excelColumnHeader] = curCell.Value;
             realColumnIdx++;
           }
        }
         realRowIdx++;
   }
   //formatting
   //(1) header to bold
   if (isHeaderBold)
      Range headerRow = xlWorkSheet.get Range("1:1", System.Type.Missing);
      headerRow.Font.Bold = true;
    //(2) auto adjust column width (according to content)
   if (isAutoFit)
      Range allColumn = xlWorkSheet.Columns;
      allColumn.AutoFit();
   }
   //output
    xlWorkBook.SaveAs( excelFullFilename,
                XIFileFormat.xlWorkbookNormal,
                misValue.
                misValue.
                misValue.
                misValue,
                XISaveAsAccessMode.xIExclusive,
                XISaveConflictResolution.xILocalSessionChanges,
                misValue.
                misValue,
                misValue,
                misValue):
   xlWorkBook.Close(true, misValue, misValue);
   xlApp.Quit();
    releaseObject(xlWorkSheet);
    releaseObject(xlWorkBook);
    releaseObject(xlApp);
 }
```

例 15.4. dgvExportToExcel 的使用范例

```
string outputFilename = txbExpAlertFilename.Text + ".xls";
string fullFilename = Path.Combine(saveFolderPath, outputFilename);
List<int> omitColumnIdxList = new List<int>();
//omit the last column: View page
```

```
omitColumnIdxList.Add(dgvSearchedAlerts.ColumnCount - 1);
crifanLib.dgvExportToExcel(dgvSearchedAlerts, fullFilename, omitColumnIdxList:
omitColumnIdxList);
```

15.5. 导出DataGridView内容到CSV文件:dgvExportToCsv

```
public void dgvExportToCsv(DataGridView dgvValue,
                       string csvFullFilename,
                       string delimiter = ",",
                       List<int> omitRowIdxList = null,
                       List<int> omitColumnIdxList = null,
                       List<int> useTagColumnIdxList = null)
    StreamWriter csvStreamWriter = new StreamWriter(csvFullFilename, false,
System.Text.Encoding.UTF8);
    int rowIdx = 0, realRowIdx = 0;
    int columnIdx = 0, realColumnIdx = 0;
    //output header data
    string headerRowStr = "";
    for (columnIdx = 0, realColumnIdx = 0; columnIdx <= dqvValue.ColumnCount - 1;
columnIdx++)
      if ((omitColumnIdxList != null) && omitColumnIdxList.Contains(columnIdx))
         //omit this column
      else
         headerRowStr += dqvValue.Columns[columnIdx].HeaderText + delimiter;
         realColumnIdx++;
      }
    csvStreamWriter.WriteLine(headerRowStr);
    //output rows data
    for (rowIdx = 0, realRowIdx = 0; rowIdx \leq dqvValue.RowCount - 1; rowIdx++)
      if ((omitRowIdxList != null) && omitRowIdxList.Contains(rowIdx))
         //omit this row
      }
      else
         string eachRowStr = "";
         for (columnIdx = 0, realColumnIdx = 0; columnIdx <= dqvValue.ColumnCount - 1;
columnIdx++)
```

```
if ((omitColumnIdxList != null) && omitColumnIdxList.Contains(columnIdx))
              //omit this column
            else
              DataGridViewCell curCell = dgvValue[columnIdx, rowIdx];//
dgvValue.Rows[rowIdx].Cells[columnIdx]
              if ((useTagColumnIdxList != null) &&
useTagColumnIdxList.Contains(columnIdx))
                 eachRowStr += curCell.Tag + delimiter;
              else
                 eachRowStr += curCell.Value + delimiter;
              realColumnIdx++;
            }
         }
         csvStreamWriter.WriteLine(eachRowStr);
         realRowIdx++;
       }
    }
    csvStreamWriter.Close();
  }
```

例 15.5. dgvExportToCsv 的使用范例

```
string outputFilename = txbExpAlertFilename.Text + ".csv";
string fullFilename = Path.Combine(saveFolderPath, outputFilename);

List<int> omitColumnIdxList = new List<int>();
//omit the last column: View page
omitColumnIdxList.Add(dgvSearchedAlerts.ColumnCount - 1);

crifanLib.dgvExportToCsv(dgvSearchedAlerts, fullFilename, omitColumnIdxList:
omitColumnIdxList);
```

第 16 章 crifanLib.cs之JSON

16.1. JSON字符串转换为字典变量:jsonToDict

```
#if USE JSON
   * [Function]
   * convert json string into dictionary object
   * [Input]
   * json string
   * [Output]
   * object, internally is dictionary
   * [Note]
   * 1.you should know the internal structure of the dictionary
   * then converted to specific type of yours
  public Object jsonToDict(string jsonStr)
     JavaScriptSerializer jsonSerializer = new JavaScriptSerializer() { MaxJsonLength =
int.MaxValue };
     Object dictObj = jsonSerializer.DeserializeObject(jsonStr);
     return dictObi;
  }
#endif
```

例 16.1. jsonToDict 的使用范例

```
string kibMasJson = "";
string colorImagesJson = "";

if (crl.extractSingleStr(@"window\.kibMAs\s*=\s*(\[.+?\])\s*;\s*window\.kibConfig\s*=",
productHtml, out kibMasJson, RegexOptions.Singleline))

{
    //2. json to dict
    Object[] dictList = (Object[])crl.jsonToDict(kibMasJson);

    //3. get ["preplayImages"]["L"]
    imageUrlList = new string[dictList.Length];
    crl.emptyStringArray(imageUrlList);

for (int idx = 0; idx < dictList.Length; idx++)
{
    Dictionary < string, Object > eachImgDict = (Dictionary < string, Object >)dictList[idx];
    Object imgUrlObj = null;
    if (eachImgDict.ContainsKey("preplayImages"))
    {
        eachImgDict.TryGetValue("preplayImages", out imgUrlObj);
    }
}
```

```
else if (eachImgDict.ContainsKey("imageUrls"))
            eachImgDict.TryGetValue("imageUrls", out imgUrlObj);
         }
         if (imgUrlObj != null)
            //"L": "http://g-ecx.images-amazon.com/images/G/01/kindle/dp/2012/KC/KC-
slate-01-lg._V401028090_.jpg",
            //"S": "http://g-ecx.images-amazon.com/images/G/01/kindle/dp/2012/KC/KC-
slate-01-sm._V401028090_.jpg"
            //"L": "http://g-ecx.images-amazon.com/images/G/01/kindle/dp/2012/KC/KC-
slate-03-lg._V400694812_.jpg",
            //"S": "http://g-ecx.images-amazon.com/images/G/01/kindle/dp/2012/KC/KC-
slate-03-sm._V400694812_.jpg",
           //"rich": {
           // src: "http://g-ecx.images-amazon.com/images/G/01/misc/untranslatable-
image-id.jpg",
               width: null,
           //
                height: null
            //
            //}
            //Type curType = imgUrlObj.GetType();
            Dictionary < string, Object > imgUrlDict = (Dictionary < string, Object > )imgUrlObj;
            Object largeImgUrObj = "";
            if (imgUrlDict.TryGetValue("L", out largeImgUrObj))
              //[0] "http://g-ecx.images-amazon.com/images/G/01/kindle/dp/2012/KT/KT-
slate-01-lg._V395919237_.jpg"
              //[1] "http://g-ecx.images-amazon.com/images/G/01/kindle/dp/2012/KT/KT-
slate-02-lg._V389394532_.jpg"
              //[2] "http://g-ecx.images-amazon.com/images/G/01/kindle/dp/2012/KT/KT-
slate-03-lg._V389394535_.jpg"
              //[3] "http://g-ecx.images-amazon.com/images/G/01//kindle/dp/2012/KT/KT-
slate-04-lg.jpg"
              //[4] "http://g-ecx.images-amazon.com/images/G/01/kindle/dp/2012/KT/KT-
slate-05-lg. V389394532 .jpg"
              imageUrlList[idx] = largeImgUrObj.ToString();
            }
            else
            {
              //something wrong
              //not get all pic
            }
         }
         else
           //something wrong
         }
      }
    }
```

参考书目

[1] <u>crifan的的库函数:crifanLib</u>1

[2] <u>crifan的C#库: crifanLib.cs</u>²

http://www.crifan.com/crifan_released_all/crifanlib/ http://code.google.com/p/crifanlib/source/browse/trunk/csharp/crifanLib.cs