

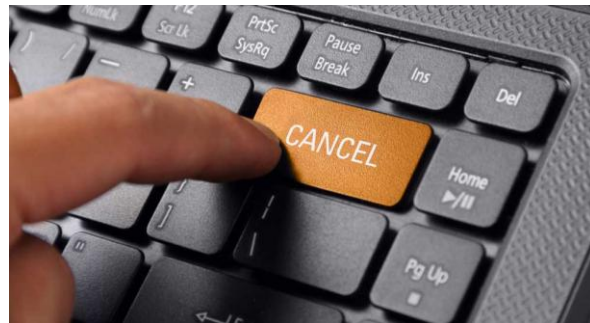


Business Problem: Hotel Reservation

Richie Tran – Machine Learning Business Analytics Project



Business Problem



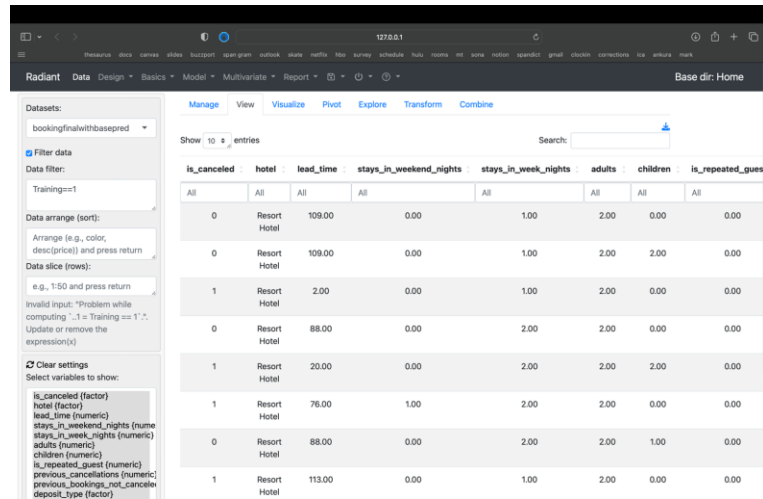
- **Problem Statement:** Hotels are seeing elevated booking cancellations, directly reducing revenue.
 - Broad fixes like marketing, renovations, or blanket customer initiatives are **costly and ineffective**.
- **Goal:** Use existing hotel data to identify the characteristics of guests most likely to cancel.
- **Impact:** Develop predictive ML models that flag high-risk bookings so hotels can intervene early, improve occupancy, and protect revenue.



Data Source & Summary Statistics

About the Dataset

- Combined two datasets: **40,060 resort bookings** and **79,330 city hotel bookings**
- Each booking includes **31 descriptive variables**
- Covers the period July 2015 – August 2017
- All personal identifiers were removed for privacy
- Data includes both cancelled and completed bookings.



The screenshot shows the Radiant Data Science interface. The sidebar on the left contains the following sections:

- Datasets:** A dropdown menu showing 'bookingfinalwithbasepred'.
- Filter data:** A section with a 'Trainings=1' filter.
- Data arrange (sort):** A section with options to 'Arrange (e.g., color, desc(price)) and press return' and 'Data slice (rows): e.g., 1:50 and press return'.
- Clear settings:** A section with a 'Select variables to show:' dropdown.

The main table view displays the following columns: **is_cancelled**, **hotel**, **lead_time**, **stays_in_weekend_nights**, **stays_in_week_nights**, **adults**, **children**, and **is_repeated_guest**. The table shows 10 entries, with the first entry being a cancelled booking at a Resort Hotel with a lead time of 109.00 and 1.00 stays in weekend nights.

is_cancelled	hotel	lead_time	stays_in_weekend_nights	stays_in_week_nights	adults	children	is_repeated_guest
0	Resort Hotel	109.00	0.00	1.00	2.00	0.00	0.00
0	Resort Hotel	109.00	0.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	0.00
1	Resort Hotel	2.00	0.00	1.00	2.00	0.00	0.00
0	Resort Hotel	88.00	0.00	2.00	2.00	0.00	0.00
1	Resort Hotel	20.00	0.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	0.00
1	Resort Hotel	76.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	0.00	0.00
0	Resort Hotel	88.00	0.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	0.00
1	Resort Hotel	113.00	0.00	1.00	2.00	0.00	0.00

Data Filtering

- Filtered to 2016 bookings, reducing the dataset to **58,000 observations**
- Created a **training indicator** and split data from the start
- Cleaned and reorganized variables for easier modeling.

Transformation type:
Training variable
Size: 0.7
Variable name: Training
Seed: 1234

☒ Filter data
Data filter:
Training==1
Data arrange (sort):

Remove/reorder levels
Reorder/remove levels:
January x April x August x
December x February x
July x June x March x
May x November x
October x September x

	OR	OR% coefficient	p.value
(Intercept)		-14.566	0.987
country AGO	5351282.717	535,128,171.7%	15.493 0.986
country AIA	1.000	0.0%	0.000 1.000
country ALB	1412144.050	141,214,305.0%	14.161 0.987
country AND	2118216.075	211,821,507.5%	14.566 0.987
country ARE	11120634.396	1,112,063,339.6%	16.224 0.985
country ARG	761233.902	76,123,290.2%	13.543 0.988
country ARM	1412144.050	141,214,305.0%	14.161 0.987
country ATA	1.000	0.0%	0.000 1.000
country AUS	535128.272	53,512,727.2%	13.190 0.988
country AUT	404239.709	40,423,870.9%	12.910 0.988
country AZE	2118216.075	211,821,507.5%	14.566 0.987
country BDI	1.000	0.0%	0.000 1.000
country BEL	493061.016	49,306,001.6%	13.108 0.988
country BEN	4486762877271.028	448,676,287,727,002.8%	29.132 0.981
country BGD	10591080.377	1,059,107,937.7%	16.176 0.985
country BGR	423643.215	42,364,221.5%	12.957 0.988
country BHR	1.000	0.0%	0.000 1.000
country BIH	1059108.038	105,910,703.8%	13.873 0.987
country BLR	2118216.075	211,821,507.5%	14.566 0.987
country BOL	1.000	0.0%	0.000 1.000

Variance Inflation Factors

	VIF	Rsqr
arrival_date_month	189.263	0.995
arrival_date_week_number	117.048	0.991
adr	1.594	0.373
previous_bookings_not_canceled	1.585	0.369
lead_time	1.541	0.351
previous_cancellations	1.481	0.325
pred_gbtwithcountry	1.451	0.311
is_repeated_guest	1.376	0.273
stays_in_week_nights	1.357	0.263
total_of_special_requests	1.322	0.243
meal	1.285	0.222
customer_type	1.264	0.209
stays_in_weekend_nights	1.246	0.198
hotel	1.191	0.160
days_in_waiting_list	1.100	0.091
deposit_type	1.042	0.040
booking_changes	1.023	0.023

Data Dictionary

Variable Name

Hotel:

Lead_time:

Is_canceled:

Arrival_date_month:

Stays_in_weekend_nights:

Stays_in_week_nights:

is_repeated_guest:

previous_cancellations:

Previous_bookings_not_canceled:

booking_changes:

deposit_type:

days_in_waiting_list:

customer_type:

adr:

Meals:

Total_of_special_requests:

Description

Hotel (H1 = Resort Hotel or H2 = City Hotel)

Number of days between the entering date of the booking and the arrival date

Value indicating if the booking was canceled (1) or not (0)

Month of booking arrival

Number of weekend nights (Saturday or Sunday) booked to stay

Number of week nights (Monday to Friday) booked to stay

Repeated guest (1) or not (0)

Number of previous bookings that were cancelled

Number of previous bookings not cancelled

Number of amendments made to the booking

No deposit, non refund, or refundable

Number of days the booking was in waiting before confirmation

Four categories: Contract, Group, Transient, Transient-party

Average Daily Rate

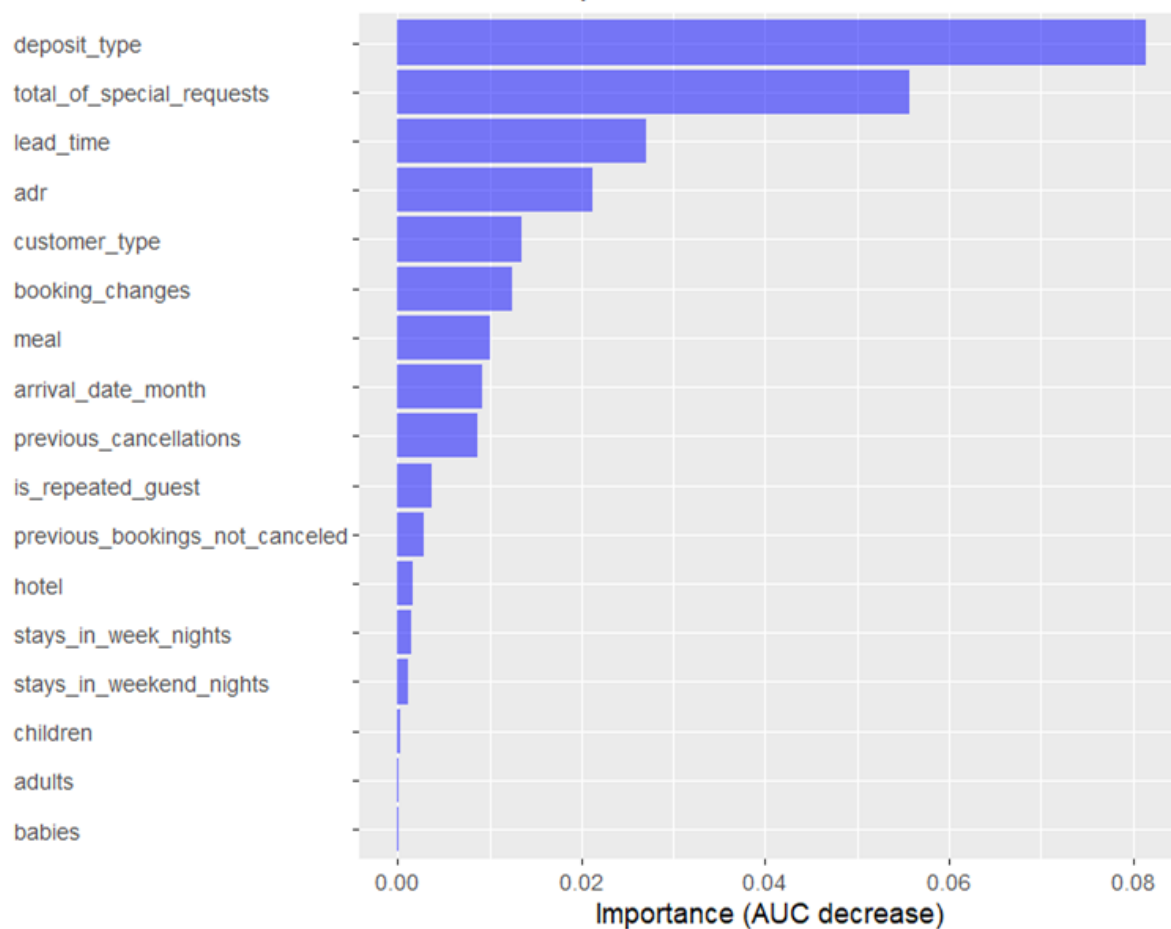
SC/Undefined – No Meals; BB – Bed & Breakfast; HB – BB + One Meal; FB - Three Meals

Number of special requests

Key Variables That Logically Influence Cancellations

- **Lead_time**
 - Longer time between booking and arrival increases the chance of cancellations due to price changes, plan changes, or unexpected events
- **Deposit_type**
 - Non-refundable deposits reduce cancellations; refundable or no-deposit bookings make cancelling easier
- **Booking_changes**
 - Frequent modifications may signal uncertainty, increasing the likelihood of cancellation.

Permutation Importance



1. Deposit_type
2. Total_of_special_requests
3. Lead_time
4. ADR
5. Customer_type



Models & Findings

Models Used

- Logistic Regression
- Decile Lift Chart
- Confusion Matrix
- Neural Network
- Gradient Boosted Trees
- Random Forest

Results Analysis: Logistic Regression

Confusion matrix

Data : RT_bookingfinal

Filter : Train=="1"

Results for: Both

Predictors : pred_logit

Response : is_canceled

Level : 1 in is_canceled

Cost:Margin: 1 : 2

Type	Predictor	TP	FP	TN	FN	total	TPR	TNR	precision	Fscore
Training	pred_logit	6,437	1,000	24,460	7,798	39,695	0.452	0.961	0.866	0.594
Test	pred_logit	2,781	480	10,430	3,321	17,012	0.456	0.956	0.853	0.594

Type	Predictor	accuracy	kappa	profit	index	ROME	contact	AUC
Training	pred_logit	0.778	0.462	5,437.000	1.000	0.731	0.187	0.809
Test	pred_logit	0.777	0.459	2,301.000	1.000	0.706	0.192	0.812

Results Analysis: Logistic Regression

Resort Hotel - (18.29%)

Lead Time - 0.40%

February - 60.32%

March - 25.36%

October - 50.98%

November - 47.55%

December - 92.13%

Stays Weekend - 8.33%

Stays Week - 5.34%

Repeat Guest - (63.76%)

Prev Cancellations - 134.67%

Prev Bookings Not Cancelled - (18.21%)

Booking Changes - (34.62%)

Non Refund - 10141.16%

Refundable - (77.66%)

Transient - 217.40%

Transient Party - 64.21%

ADR - 0.80%

HB Meal - (43.95%)

SC Meal - 45.35%

Special Req - (51.95%)

☐ Filter data

Create pivot table

Categorical variables:

pred_logit_entiredata_025cut x

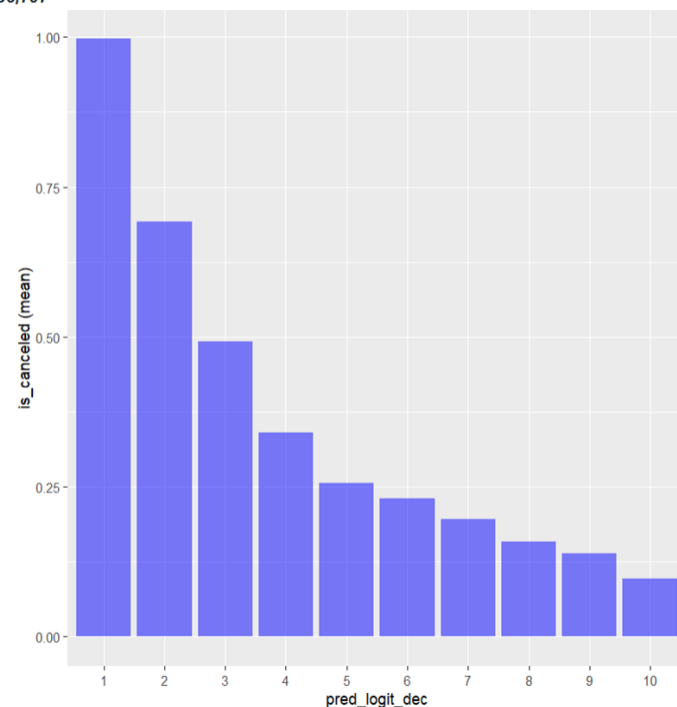
is_canceled {factor} x

pred_logit_entiredata_025cut				
is_canceled	X0		X1	Total
All	All	All	All	
0		20,743	15,627	36,370
1		3,728	16,609	20,337
Total		24,471	32,236	56,707

Sensitivity: $(16,609/20,337)*100 = \mathbf{81.67\%}$

Specificity: $(20,743/36,370)*100 = \mathbf{57.03\%}$

2 deciles have higher
than 50% probability of
cancelling



Results Analysis: Random Forest

Confusion matrix

Data : RT_bookingfinal

Filter : Train=="1"

Results for: Both

Predictors : pred_logit, pred_rf

Response : is_canceled

Level : 1 in is_canceled

Cost:Margin: 1 : 2

Type	Predictor	accuracy	kappa	profit	index	ROME	contact	AUC
Training	pred_logit	0.778	0.462	5,437.000	0.394	0.731	0.187	0.809
Training	pred_rf	0.989	0.976	13,804.000	1.000	0.986	0.353	0.999
Test	pred_logit	0.777	0.459	2,301.000	0.644	0.706	0.192	0.812
Test	pred_rf	0.851	0.668	3,571.000	1.000	0.668	0.314	0.908

Weights:

None

mtry: # trees:

13

1000



Min node size: Sample fraction:

4

0.8

Seed:

1234

?  

Results Analysis: Random Forest

Type	Predictor	accuracy	kappa	profit	index	ROME	contact	AUC
Training	pred_logit	0.778	0.462	5,437.000	0.391	0.731	0.187	0.809
Training	pred_rf	0.989	0.976	13,804.000	0.993	0.986	0.353	0.999
Training	pred_rf2	0.992	0.982	13,906.000	1.000	0.987	0.355	0.999
Test	pred_logit	0.777	0.459	2,301.000	0.644	0.706	0.192	0.812
Test	pred_rf	0.851	0.668	3,571.000	1.000	0.668	0.314	0.908
Test	pred_rf2	0.851	0.666	3,561.000	0.997	0.666	0.314	0.910

Confusion matrix

Data : bookingfinalwithbasepred

Filter : Train==1

Results for: Both

Predictors : pred_logit, pred_rf, pred_rf2

Response : is_canceled

Level : 1 in is_canceled

Cost:Margin: 1 : 2

Type	Predictor	TP	FP	TN	FN	total	TPR	TNR	precision	Fscore
Training	pred_logit	6,437	1,000	24,460	7,798	39,695	0.452	0.961	0.866	0.594
Training	pred_rf	13,904	100	25,360	331	39,695	0.977	0.996	0.993	0.985
Training	pred_rf2	14,001	95	25,365	234	39,695	0.984	0.996	0.993	0.988
Test	pred_logit	2,781	480	10,430	3,321	17,012	0.456	0.956	0.853	0.594
Test	pred_rf	4,457	886	10,024	1,645	17,012	0.730	0.919	0.834	0.779
Test	pred_rf2	4,453	892	10,018	1,649	17,012	0.730	0.918	0.833	0.778

Weights:

None

mtry:

trees:

10

1000

Min node size:

Sample fraction:

2

0.8

Seed:

1234

Results Analysis: Random Forest

	auc (mean)	std	min	max	mtry	min.node.size	num.trees	sample.fraction
1	0.9007128	0.003586407	0.8949845	0.9068864	7	4	500	0.8
2	0.9003412	0.005038050	0.8943738	0.9080599	7	5	500	0.8
3	0.8998140	0.004521882	0.8921382	0.9072942	7	3	500	0.8
4	0.8988100	0.002956099	0.8945491	0.9049659	9	3	500	0.8
5	0.8980661	0.002006282	0.8958051	0.9018199	9	4	500	0.8
6	0.8979671	0.002906688	0.8942659	0.9026324	9	5	500	0.8
7	0.8957692	0.002136930	0.8917583	0.8989563	11	4	500	0.8
8	0.8957631	0.004964185	0.8883107	0.9012223	11	5	500	0.8
9	0.8956985	0.002695795	0.8914092	0.9011373	11	3	500	0.8

	Type	Predictor	accuracy	kappa	profit	index	ROME	contact	AUC
Training	pred_logit		0.778	0.462	5,437.000	0.391	0.731	0.187	0.809
Training	pred_rf		0.989	0.976	13,804.000	0.994	0.986	0.353	0.999
Training	pred_rf2		0.991	0.981	13,890.000	1.000	0.987	0.355	0.999
Training	pred_rf_gs		0.986	0.970	13,684.000	0.985	0.982	0.351	0.998
Test	pred_logit		0.777	0.459	2,301.000	0.638	0.706	0.192	0.812
Test	pred_rf		0.851	0.668	3,571.000	0.990	0.668	0.314	0.908
Test	pred_rf2		0.848	0.660	3,509.000	0.973	0.647	0.319	0.907
Test	pred_rf_gs		0.853	0.671	3,606.000	1.000	0.684	0.310	0.910

Weights:

None

mtry:

7

trees:

1000

Min node size:

4

Sample fraction:

0.8

Seed:

1234

`cv.rforest(result, K=5, repeats=2, mtry = seq(7, 11, 2), min.node.size = seq(3, 5, 1), sample.fraction = seq(0.8,0.8,0), num.trees = 500, fun=auc)`

Results Analysis: Gradient Boosted Trees

Confusion matrix

Data : bookingfinalwithbasepred

Filter : Train==1

Results for: Both

Predictors : pred_logit, pred_rf, pred_gbt, pred_rf2

Response : is_canceled

Level : 1 in is_canceled

Cost:Margin: 1 : 2

Type	Predictor	TP	FP	TN	FN	total	TPR	TNR	precision	Fscore
Training	pred_logit	6,437	1,000	24,460	7,798	39,695	0.452	0.961	0.866	0.594
Training	pred_rf	13,904	100	25,360	331	39,695	0.977	0.996	0.993	0.985
Training	pred_gbt	10,076	1,320	24,140	4,159	39,695	0.708	0.948	0.884	0.786
Training	pred_rf2	14,001	95	25,365	234	39,695	0.984	0.996	0.993	0.988
Test	pred_logit	2,781	480	10,430	3,321	17,012	0.456	0.956	0.853	0.594
Test	pred_rf	4,457	886	10,024	1,645	17,012	0.730	0.919	0.834	0.779
Test	pred_gbt	4,095	800	10,110	2,007	17,012	0.671	0.927	0.837	0.745
Test	pred_rf2	4,453	892	10,018	1,649	17,012	0.730	0.918	0.833	0.778

Type	Predictor	accuracy	kappa	profit	index	ROME	contact	AUC
Training	pred_logit	0.778	0.462	5,437.000	0.391	0.731	0.187	0.809
Training	pred_rf	0.989	0.976	13,804.000	0.993	0.986	0.353	0.999
Training	pred_gbt	0.862	0.686	8,756.000	0.630	0.768	0.287	0.931
Training	pred_rf2	0.992	0.982	13,906.000	1.000	0.987	0.355	0.999
Test	pred_logit	0.777	0.459	2,301.000	0.644	0.706	0.192	0.812
Test	pred_rf	0.851	0.668	3,571.000	1.000	0.668	0.314	0.908
Test	pred_gbt	0.835	0.625	3,295.000	0.923	0.673	0.288	0.893
Test	pred_rf2	0.851	0.666	3,561.000	0.997	0.666	0.314	0.910

Weights:

None

Max depth:

6

Learning rate:

0.3

Min split loss:

0.01

Min child weight:

1

Sub-sample:

1

rounds:

100

Early stopping:

Seed:

1

Results Analysis: Gradient Boosted Trees

Confusion matrix

Data : bookingfinalwithbasepred

Filter : Train==1

Results for: Both

Predictors : pred_logit, pred_rf, pred_gbt, pred_rf2, pred_gbt2

Response : is_canceled

Level : 1 in is_canceled

Cost:Margin: 1 : 2

Type	Predictor	TP	FP	TN	FN	total	TPR	TNR	precision	Fscore
Training	pred_logit	6,437	1,000	24,460	7,798	39,695	0.452	0.961	0.866	0.594
Training	pred_rf	13,904	100	25,360	331	39,695	0.977	0.996	0.993	0.985
Training	pred_gbt	10,092	1,290	24,170	4,143	39,695	0.709	0.949	0.887	0.788
Training	pred_rf2	14,001	95	25,365	234	39,695	0.984	0.996	0.993	0.988
Training	pred_gbt2	13,087	437	25,023	1,148	39,695	0.919	0.983	0.968	0.943
Test	pred_logit	2,781	480	10,430	3,321	17,012	0.456	0.956	0.853	0.594
Test	pred_rf	4,457	886	10,024	1,645	17,012	0.730	0.919	0.834	0.779
Test	pred_gbt	4,095	754	10,156	2,007	17,012	0.671	0.931	0.845	0.748
Test	pred_rf2	4,453	892	10,018	1,649	17,012	0.730	0.918	0.833	0.778
Test	pred_gbt2	4,478	1,075	9,835	1,624	17,012	0.734	0.901	0.806	0.768

Type	Predictor	accuracy	kappa	profit	index	ROME	contact	AUC
Training	pred_logit	0.778	0.462	5,437.000	0.391	0.731	0.187	0.809
Training	pred_rf	0.989	0.976	13,804.000	0.993	0.986	0.353	0.999
Training	pred_gbt	0.863	0.689	8,802.000	0.633	0.773	0.287	0.933
Training	pred_rf2	0.992	0.982	13,906.000	1.000	0.987	0.355	0.999
Training	pred_gbt2	0.960	0.912	12,650.000	0.910	0.935	0.341	0.993
Test	pred_logit	0.777	0.459	2,301.000	0.644	0.706	0.192	0.812
Test	pred_rf	0.851	0.668	3,571.000	1.000	0.668	0.314	0.908
Test	pred_gbt	0.838	0.631	3,341.000	0.936	0.689	0.285	0.895
Test	pred_rf2	0.851	0.666	3,561.000	0.997	0.666	0.314	0.910
Test	pred_gbt2	0.841	0.648	3,403.000	0.953	0.613	0.326	0.896

Weights:

None

Max depth:

4

Learning rate:

0.3

Min split loss:

0.01

Min child weight:

1

Sub-sample:

1

rounds:

4000

Early stopping:

Seed:

1

Results Analysis: Gradient Boosted Trees

	nrounds	best_iteration	train_auc_mean	train_auc_std	test_auc_mean	test_auc_std	max_depth	learning_rate	min_split_loss	min_child_weight
39	1500	1434	0.9581358	0.0004325034	0.8976925	0.004066382	7	0.02	0	0
40	1500	1434	0.9581358	0.0004325034	0.8976925	0.004066382	7	0.02	0	0
63	2000	1434	0.9581358	0.0004325034	0.8976925	0.004066382	7	0.02	0	0
64	2000	1434	0.9581358	0.0004325034	0.8976925	0.004066382	7	0.02	0	0
23	1000	423	0.9707211	0.0006120578	0.8967523	0.004466010	7	0.10	0	0
24	1000	423	0.9707211	0.0006120578	0.8967523	0.004466010	7	0.10	0	0
47	1500	423	0.9707211	0.0006120578	0.8967523	0.004466010	7	0.10	0	0
48	1500	423	0.9707211	0.0006120578	0.8967523	0.004466010	7	0.10	0	0
71	2000	423	0.9707211	0.0006120578	0.8967523	0.004466010	7	0.10	0	0
72	2000	423	0.9707211	0.0006120578	0.8967523	0.004466010	7	0.10	0	0
61	2000	1944	0.9524448	0.0007236744	0.8959453	0.003913170	6	0.02	0	0
62	2000	1944	0.9524448	0.0007236744	0.8959453	0.003913170	6	0.02	0	0
21	1000	504	0.9606094	0.0003227200	0.8955458	0.004226730	6	0.10	0	0
22	1000	504	0.9606094	0.0003227200	0.8955458	0.004226730	6	0.10	0	0
45	1500	504	0.9606094	0.0003227200	0.8955458	0.004226730	6	0.10	0	0
46	1500	504	0.9606094	0.0003227200	0.8955458	0.004226730	6	0.10	0	0
69	2000	504	0.9606094	0.0003227200	0.8955458	0.004226730	6	0.10	0	0
70	2000	504	0.9606094	0.0003227200	0.8955458	0.004226730	6	0.10	0	0
55	2000	2000	0.9445172	0.0005519594	0.8950754	0.003808064	7	0.01	0	0
56	2000	2000	0.9445172	0.0005519594	0.8950754	0.003808064	7	0.01	0	0
15	1000	1000	0.9443548	0.0005497080	0.8948082	0.003811446	7	0.02	0	0
16	1000	1000	0.9443548	0.0005497080	0.8948082	0.003811446	7	0.02	0	0
37	1500	1500	0.9428779	0.0006080147	0.8940405	0.003875204	6	0.02	0	0

```
cv.gbt(result, K = 5, repeats =2, params = list(max_depth = 4:7, learning_rate = c(0.01, 0.02, 0.1), nrounds=c(1000, 1500, 2000)), fun = auc, maximize = TRUE)
```

Results Analysis: Neural Network

Confusion matrix

Data : bookingfinalwithbasepred

Filter : Train==1

Results for: Both

Predictors : pred_logit, pred_rf, pred_rf2, pred_nn1

Response : is_canceled

Level : 1 in is_canceled

Cost:Margin: 1 : 2

Type	Predictor	TP	FP	TN	FN	total	TPR	TNR	precision	Fscore
Training	pred_logit	6,437	1,000	24,460	7,798	39,695	0.452	0.961	0.866	0.594
Training	pred_rf	13,904	100	25,360	331	39,695	0.977	0.996	0.993	0.985
Training	pred_rf2	14,001	95	25,365	234	39,695	0.984	0.996	0.993	0.988
Training	pred_nn1	7,375	1,472	23,988	6,860	39,695	0.518	0.942	0.834	0.639
Test	pred_logit	2,781	480	10,430	3,321	17,012	0.456	0.956	0.853	0.594
Test	pred_rf	4,457	886	10,024	1,645	17,012	0.730	0.919	0.834	0.779
Test	pred_rf2	4,453	892	10,018	1,649	17,012	0.730	0.918	0.833	0.778
Test	pred_nn1	3,167	677	10,233	2,935	17,012	0.519	0.938	0.824	0.637

Type	Predictor	accuracy	kappa	profit	index	ROME	contact	AUC
Training	pred_logit	0.778	0.462	5,437.000	0.391	0.731	0.187	0.809
Training	pred_rf	0.989	0.976	13,804.000	0.993	0.986	0.353	0.999
Training	pred_rf2	0.992	0.982	13,906.000	1.000	0.987	0.355	0.999
Training	pred_nn1	0.790	0.502	5,903.000	0.424	0.667	0.223	0.810
Test	pred_logit	0.777	0.459	2,301.000	0.644	0.706	0.192	0.812
Test	pred_rf	0.851	0.668	3,571.000	1.000	0.668	0.314	0.908
Test	pred_rf2	0.851	0.666	3,561.000	0.997	0.666	0.314	0.910
Test	pred_nn1	0.788	0.498	2,490.000	0.697	0.648	0.226	0.807

Weights:

None

Size:

1

Decay:

0

Seed:

1234

Results Analysis: Neural Network

Type	Predictor	accuracy	kappa	profit	index	ROME	contact	AUC
Training	pred_logit	0.778	0.462	5,437.000	0.391	0.731	0.187	0.809
Training	pred_rf	0.989	0.976	13,804.000	0.993	0.986	0.353	0.999
Training	pred_gbt	0.863	0.689	8,802.000	0.633	0.773	0.287	0.933
Training	pred_rf2	0.992	0.982	13,906.000	1.000	0.987	0.355	0.999
Training	pred_nn1	0.790	0.502	5,903.000	0.424	0.667	0.223	0.810
Training	pred_nn16	0.831	0.613	7,528.000	0.541	0.691	0.275	0.887
Test	pred_logit	0.777	0.459	2,301.000	0.644	0.706	0.192	0.812
Test	pred_rf	0.851	0.668	3,571.000	1.000	0.668	0.314	0.908
Test	pred_gbt	0.838	0.631	3,341.000	0.936	0.689	0.285	0.895
Test	pred_rf2	0.851	0.666	3,561.000	0.997	0.666	0.314	0.910
Test	pred_nn1	0.788	0.498	2,490.000	0.697	0.648	0.226	0.807
Test	pred_nn16	0.823	0.595	3,091.000	0.866	0.654	0.278	0.875

Confusion matrix

Data : bookingfinalwithbasepred

Filter : Train==1

Results for: Both

Predictors : pred_logit, pred_rf, pred_gbt, pred_rf2, pred_nn1, pred_nn16

Response : is_canceled

Level : 1 in is_canceled

Cost:Margin: 1 : 2

Type	Predictor	TP	FP	TN	FN	total	TPR	TNR	precision	Fscore
Training	pred_logit	6,437	1,000	24,460	7,798	39,695	0.452	0.961	0.866	0.594
Training	pred_rf	13,904	100	25,360	331	39,695	0.977	0.996	0.993	0.985
Training	pred_gbt	10,092	1,290	24,170	4,143	39,695	0.709	0.949	0.887	0.788
Training	pred_rf2	14,001	95	25,365	234	39,695	0.984	0.996	0.993	0.988
Training	pred_nn1	7,375	1,472	23,988	6,860	39,695	0.518	0.942	0.834	0.639
Training	pred_nn16	9,215	1,687	23,773	5,020	39,695	0.647	0.934	0.845	0.733
Test	pred_logit	2,781	480	10,430	3,321	17,012	0.456	0.956	0.853	0.594
Test	pred_rf	4,457	886	10,024	1,645	17,012	0.730	0.919	0.834	0.779
Test	pred_gbt	4,095	754	10,156	2,007	17,012	0.671	0.931	0.845	0.748
Test	pred_rf2	4,453	892	10,018	1,649	17,012	0.730	0.918	0.833	0.778
Test	pred_nn1	3,167	677	10,233	2,935	17,012	0.519	0.938	0.824	0.637
Test	pred_nn16	3,908	817	10,093	2,194	17,012	0.640	0.925	0.827	0.722

Weights:

None

Size:

Decay:

Seed:

16



0.1



1234



Results Analysis: Neural Network

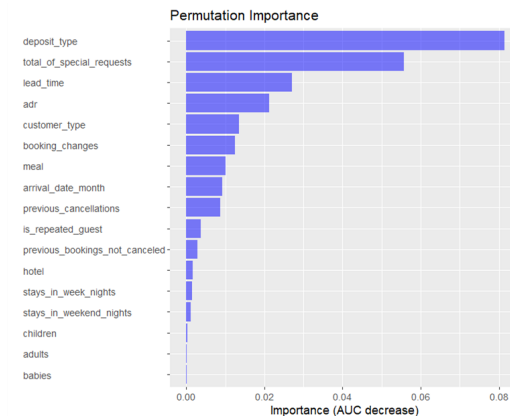
	auc (mean)	std	min	max	decay	size
1	0.8722634	0.007534552	0.8572860	0.8894517	0.10	16
2	0.8694011	0.007316247	0.8588586	0.8815639	0.01	12
3	0.8687490	0.009087587	0.8367591	0.8763577	0.01	16
4	0.8661605	0.012677093	0.8325696	0.8809241	0.10	12
5	0.8649392	0.007061612	0.8546878	0.8862028	0.10	8
6	0.8627408	0.007330560	0.8491588	0.8716677	0.01	8



Results

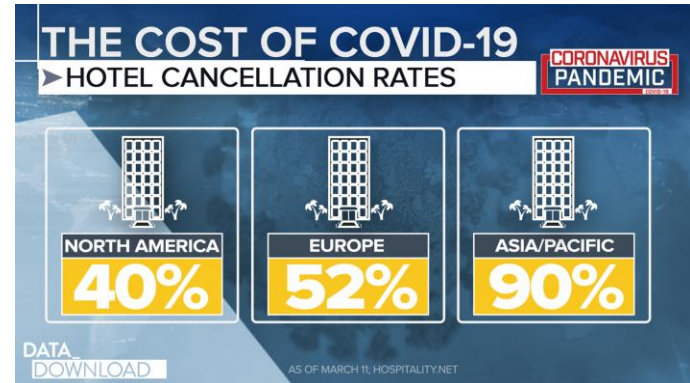
Machine Learning Model Outputs

- Comparative Performance of 3 machine learning models – RF, GBT, and NN
 - RF highest accuracy
 - GBT highest accuracy
 - NN highest accuracy
- Permutation Importance
 - Evaluation of Top Variables
 - Deposit_Type
 - Total_of_special_requests
 - Lead_time



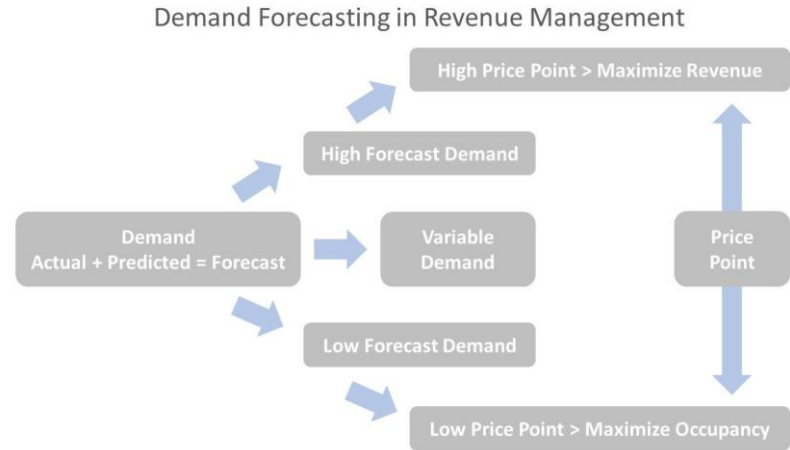
Why are cancellations problematic?

- Rise of cancellations after COVID19 and through Technological Advances.
 - Time Tax, etc.
- Online Travel Agencies (OTAs)
- Revenue per available room is lower when hotel have no shows and cancellations



How can Machine Learning alleviate cancellations?

- **Predict cancellations and timing** using ML models.
- **Adopt dynamic (open) pricing** instead of fixed seasonal pricing.
- **Use trend-based pricing adjustments** to optimize demand.
- **Train staff to identify at-risk guests** based on ML models and offer supportive alternatives.
- **Provide flexible deposit options** to reduce last-minute drop-offs.



3 Key Executive Actions

- **Deploy a unified ML system** to predict cancellations and guide pricing.
- **Shift to dynamic, data-driven policies** for pricing and deposits.
- **Enable staff with simple playbooks** to act on ML insights and reduce cancellations.





References

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