Download Datasets

```
!wget -q -c0 - https://zenodo.org/records/3941387/files/teaching_2018_features_tfidf_256.
!wget -q -c0 - https://zenodo.org/records/3941387/files/teaching_2019_features_tfidf_256
!wget -q -c0 - https://zenodo.org/records/3941387/files/mentalhealth_2018_features_tfidf
```

Import packages

```
import pandas as pd
from collections import Counter
from wordcloud import WordCloud, STOPWORDS
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
from sklearn.decomposition import KernelPCA, PCA
```

Load data

```
teaching_2018 = pd.read_csv('teaching_2018.csv')
teaching_2019 = pd.read_csv('teaching_2019.csv')
mental = pd.read_csv('mental.csv')
teaching_2018#.head(2)
```



	subreddit	author	date	post	automated_readability_ind
0	teaching	wdead	2018/01/01	Looking for BIG digital timers for my 7th grad	6.2056
1	teaching	tiger-bulldog1318	2018/01/02	School turnaround from the teacher's perspecti	7.1911(
2	teaching	PMcommenter	2018/01/02	Where on high school & college campuses ca	6.96115
3	teaching	amylizzie12	2018/01/02	What have you used to keep your students busy	7.13283
4	teaching	ravensandcrowsohmy	2018/01/02	Flexible, Free Vocabulary App/Website with a F	7.27808
544	teaching	Markenheimer15	2018/04/20	Looking for advice from someone who has switch	6.40870
545	teaching	ahoradevoar	2018/04/20	[UK] Another job interview with a teaching rec	3.25397
546	teaching	Amandamc2315	2018/04/20	Need Advice? I noticed a lot of people post he	7.2961(
547 .ng 2	teaching 019.head(2)	notwutiwantd	2018/04/20	Oh, you only want singles? OK! I posted this o	4.52612

teaching_2019.head(2)



mental.head(2)

	subreddit	author	date	post	automated_readability_index	cole
0	mentalhealth	LilUziVertsAutotune	2018/01/01	Any idea what this is? So I came here for awns	1.198856	
1	mentalhealth	Kyzzen	2018/01/01	Advice, please. I've been getting so easily en	3.750551	
2 r	rows × 350 colum	nns				
4						•

Combine data together

df = pd.concat([teaching_2018, teaching_2019, mental])
del teaching_2018, teaching_2019, mental

df

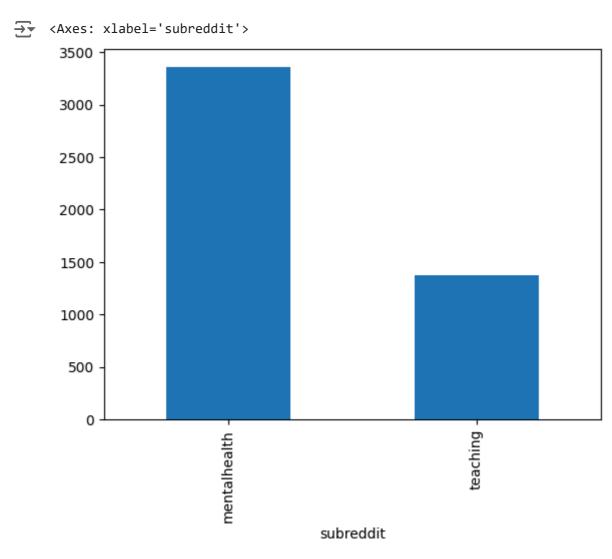


	subreddit	author	date	post	automated_readability
0	teaching	wdead	2018/01/01	Looking for BIG digital timers for my 7th grad	6
1	teaching	tiger-bulldog1318	2018/01/02	School turnaround from the teacher's perspecti	7
2	teaching	PMcommenter	2018/01/02	Where on high school & amp; college campuses ca	6
3	teaching	amylizzie12	2018/01/02	What have you used to keep your students busy	7
4	teaching	ravensandcrowsohmy	2018/01/02	Flexible, Free Vocabulary App/Website with a F	7
3355	mentalhealth	riverisaberry	2018/04/20	Does Anyone Have Chronic Hyperventilation Synd	-0
3356	mentalhealth	eshmaalfatin	2018/04/20	Psychiatrist in Dubai & Abu Dhabi - Genera	18
3357	mentalhealth	themonstrumologist	2018/04/20	My best friend just brought this to my attenti	0
3358	mentalhealth	scndplace	2018/04/20	Why do I get depressed instead of sad? i wanna	1
3359	mentalhealth	anniehall330	2018/04/20	What are the events that made you traumatised	4
4736 rd	ows × 350 colun	nns			
4					>

```
j = 0
for i in df.columns:
  if i[:5] == 'tfidf':
    print(j)
  j +=1
     94
     95
     96
     97
     98
     99
     100
     101
     102
     103
     104
     105
     106
     107
     108
     109
     110
     111
     112
     113
     114
     115
     116
     117
     118
     119
     120
     121
     122
     123
     124
     125
     126
     127
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     131
     132
     133
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     135
     136
     137
     138
     139
     140
     141
     142
     143
     144
     145
```

Data exploration

df.subreddit.value_counts().plot(kind='bar')



df[df.subreddit == 'mentalhealth']

e	_	_	
	•	_	
_	7	$\overline{}$	

,		subreddit	author	date	post	automated_readabilit
	0	mentalhealth	LilUziVertsAutotune	2018/01/01	Any idea what this is? So I came here for awns	,
	1	mentalhealth	Kyzzen	2018/01/01	Advice, please. I've been getting so easily en	(
	2	mentalhealth	somerandomperson93	2018/01/01	Can aggressive behavior in humans be modified	2
	3	mentalhealth	121802	2018/01/01	I heard my parents having sex and i need serio	2
	4	mentalhealth	Mewdot	2018/01/01	From the inside out This will probably be a lo	;
	3355	mentalhealth	riverisaberry	2018/04/20	Does Anyone Have Chronic Hyperventilation Synd	-(
	3356	mentalhealth	eshmaalfatin	2018/04/20	Psychiatrist in Dubai & Abu Dhabi - Genera	18
	3357	mentalhealth	themonstrumologist	2018/04/20	My best friend just brought this to my attenti	(
	3358	mentalhealth	scndplace	2018/04/20	Why do I get depressed instead of sad? i wanna	,
	3359	mentalhealth	anniehall330	2018/04/20	What are the events that made you traumatised	2
	3360 rc	ows × 350 colun	nns			
	4					>

txt = ' '.join(df[df.subreddit == 'teaching'].post.values)
word_list = txt.split()
Counter(word_list).most_common()

```
→ [('I', 7943),
      ('to', 6939),
      ('the', 6099),
      ('and', 5863),
      ('a', 5715),
      ('in', 3447),
      ('of', 3422),
      ('my', 2788),
      ('for', 2679),
      ('that', 2127),
      ('is', 2076),
      ('have', 2004),
      ('with', 1628),
      ('this', 1399),
      ('be', 1352),
      ('but', 1347),
      ('on', 1323),
      ('it', 1298),
      ('you', 1246),
      ("I'm", 1083),
      ('was', 1070),
      ('are', 1038),
      ('at', 1038),
      ('me', 1036),
      ('as', 1031),
      ('or', 1024),
      ('not', 971),
      ('am', 969),
      ('do', 937),
      ('school', 892),
      ('teaching', 888),
      ('so', 875),
      ('about', 867),
      ('they', 823),
      ('an', 812),
      ('if', 751),
      ('just', 737),
      ('would', 733),
      ('like', 725),
      ('what', 695),
      ('teacher', 688),
      ('can', 666),
      ('students', 662),
      ('get', 660),
      ('from', 635),
      ('know', 632),
      ('any', 628),
      ('out', 582),
      ('all', 573),
      ('been', 570),
      ('some', 564),
      ('them', 545),
      ('I'm', 543),
      ('how', 536),
      ('their', 507),
      ('want', 503),
      ('will', 491),
      ('had', 470),
```

```
txt = ' '.join(df[df.subreddit == 'mentalhealth'].post.values)
word list = txt.split()
Counter(word_list).most_common()[:20]
→ [('I', 40642),
      ('to', 25944),
      ('and', 24392),
      ('a', 17054),
      ('the', 16193),
      ('my', 13687),
      ('of', 12370),
      ('that', 8708),
      ('in', 8533),
      ('have', 7296),
      ('for', 7250),
      ('is', 7168),
      ('it', 6905),
      ('with', 6838),
      ('me', 6760),
      ('but', 6553),
      ('was', 5945),
      ('this', 5085),
      ('like', 5069),
      ("I'm", 4852)]
wordcloud = WordCloud(
        background_color = 'black',
        width = 500,
        height = 500,
        max words=100,
        stopwords = set(STOPWORDS)).generate(str(' '.join(df.post.values)))
fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize=(10, 10))
ax.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')
ax.axis("off")
fig.show()
```



```
around
anyone
             gettingSt
                                      mindl
                                    sometime
                                  parent
```

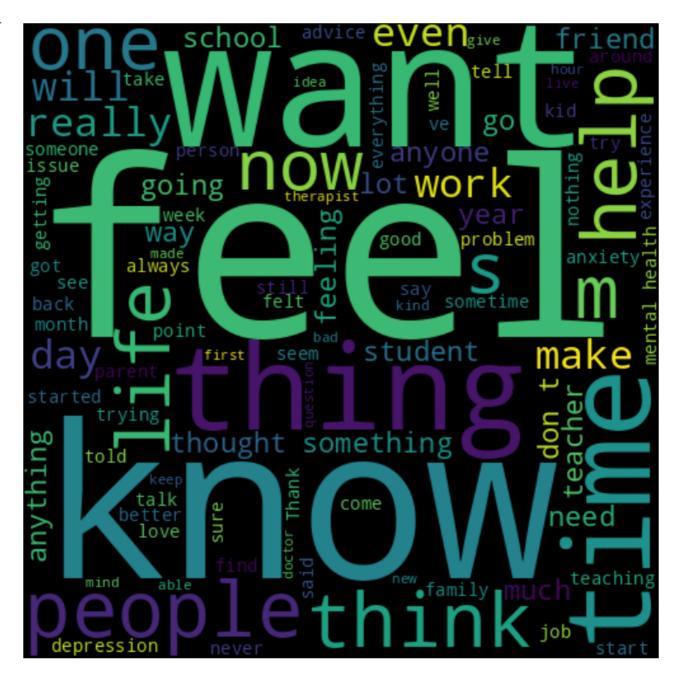
ax.axis("off")
fig.show()



```
sometime
                                         take
           job
       live
                                   go
                       school felt
studeni
                                        around
                                   love
   point
                             find
           to⊥d
   someone
```

fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize=(10, 10))
ax.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')
ax.axis("off")
fig.show()





Feature extraction

vectorizer = CountVectorizer()

ให้ทำการแปลงข้อความให้เป็น Feature โดยการระบุข้อมูลที่ใช้ในการแปลงให้ถูกต้อง

```
# X = vectorizer.fit_transform(____)

X = vectorizer.fit_transform(df.post.values)

print(X.shape)
print(X.toarray())
print(vectorizer.get_feature_names_out())

(4736, 21793)
[[0 0 0 ... 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 ... 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 ... 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 ... 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 ... 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 ... 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 ... 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 ... 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 ... 0 0 0]
[100' '000' '000m' ... 'accube' 'フタロこ']
```

Split Data into training and test sets

```
df['label'] = pd.Categorical(df.subreddit).codes
df
```

e		_	
_	4	_	
	~	~	

7		subreddit	author	date	post	automated_readability
	0	teaching	wdead	2018/01/01	Looking for BIG digital timers for my 7th grad	6
	1	teaching	tiger-bulldog1318	2018/01/02	School turnaround from the teacher's perspecti	7
	2	teaching	PMcommenter	2018/01/02	Where on high school & amp; college campuses ca	6
	3	teaching	amylizzie12	2018/01/02	What have you used to keep your students busy	7
	4	teaching	ravensandcrowsohmy	2018/01/02	Flexible, Free Vocabulary App/Website with a F	7
	3355	mentalhealth	riverisaberry	2018/04/20	Does Anyone Have Chronic Hyperventilation Synd	-0
	3356	mentalhealth	eshmaalfatin	2018/04/20	Psychiatrist in Dubai & Abu Dhabi - Genera	18
	3357	mentalhealth	themonstrumologist	2018/04/20	My best friend just brought this to my attenti	0
	3358	mentalhealth	scndplace	2018/04/20	Why do I get depressed instead of sad? i wanna	1
	3359	mentalhealth	anniehall330	2018/04/20	What are the events that made you traumatised	4
	4736 rd	ows × 351 colur	mns			
	4)

ให้ระบุคอลัมน์ ที่จะใช้เป็น label เพื่อที่จะใช้ในการสอนและทำนาย

y = df.label

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    X, y, test size=0.30, random state=42)
```

Modelling

```
log = LogisticRegression(random_state=0).fit(X_train, y_train)
print(log.predict(X_test[:10]))
print(log.predict_proba(X_test[:10]))
print(log.score(X_test, y_test))
→ [0000011100]
     [[1.00000000e+00 3.09881006e-11]
      [9.86735561e-01 1.32644392e-02]
      [9.45501761e-01 5.44982389e-02]
      [9.86729070e-01 1.32709295e-02]
      [9.16042616e-01 8.39573837e-02]
      [1.10372408e-03 9.98896276e-01]
      [5.20349080e-04 9.99479651e-01]
      [1.20955290e-03 9.98790447e-01]
      [9.99999873e-01 1.26532163e-07]
      [9.99999663e-01 3.37263137e-07]]
     0.971850809289233
```

ให้ทดลองสร้างโมเดล ด้วย Algorithms อื่นๆ ด้วยตัวเอง อีก 2 โมเดล

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
# RandomForestClassifier model
clf1 = RandomForestClassifier(random state=0).fit(X train, y train)
print(clf1.predict(X_test[:10]))
print(clf1.predict_proba(X_test[:10]))
print(clf1.score(X_test, y_test))
→ [0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0]
     [[0.93 0.07]
      [0.78 0.22]
      [0.8 0.2]
      [0.84 0.16]
      [0.81 0.19]
      [0.53 \ 0.47]
      [0.46 0.54]
      [0.35 0.65]
      [0.96 0.04]
      [0.97 0.03]]
     0.9268121041520057
```

```
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
```

```
# GradientBoostingClassifier model
clf2 = GradientBoostingClassifier(random_state=0).fit(X_train, y_train)
print(clf2.predict(X_test[:10]))
print(clf2.predict_proba(X_test[:10]))
print(clf2.score(X_test, y_test))
→ [0000011100]
     [[0.98553097 0.01446903]
      [0.83825515 0.16174485]
      [0.76252921 0.23747079]
      [0.93679944 0.06320056]
      [0.91158509 0.08841491]
      [0.04204465 0.95795535]
      [0.04645257 0.95354743]
      [0.00929147 0.99070853]
      [0.98229542 0.01770458]
      [0.99032615 0.00967385]]
     0.9422941590429276
```

Evaluation

```
# ระบุ y_true และ y_pred ด้วยตัวเองให้ถูกต้อง เพื่อใช้แสดงประสิทธิภาพของโมเดล
```

```
y_true = y_test
y_pred = log.predict(X_test)

target_names = ['MentalHealth', 'Teaching']
print(classification_report(y_true, y_pred, target_names=target_names))
```

→		precision	recall	f1-score	support	
	MentalHealth	0.97	0.99	0.98	993	
	Teaching	0.98	0.93	0.95	428	
	accuracy			0.97	1421	
	macro avg	0.97	0.96	0.97	1421	
	weighted avg	0.97	0.97	0.97	1421	

ระบุ y_true และ y_pred ด้วยตัวเองให้ถูกต้อง เพื่อใช้แสดงประสิทธิภาพของโมเดล clf1

```
y_true = y_test
y_pred = clf1.predict(X_test)

target_names = ['MentalHealth', 'Teaching']
```

print(classification_report(y_true, y_pred, target_names=target_names))

₹		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	MentalHealth	0.91	1.00	0.95	993
	Teaching	0.99	0.77	0.86	428
	accuracy			0.93	1421
	macro avg	0.95	0.88	0.91	1421
	weighted avg	0.93	0.93	0.92	1421

ระบุ y true และ y pred ด้วยตัวเองให้ถูกต้อง เพื่อใช้แสดงประสิทธิภาพของโมเดล clf2

```
y_true = y_test
y_pred = clf2.predict(X_test)

target_names = ['MentalHealth', 'Teaching']
print(classification_report(y_true, y_pred, target_names=target_names))
```

→		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	MentalHealth Teaching	0.93 0.98	0.99 0.82	0.96 0.90	993 428
	reaching	0.50	0.02	0.50	420
	accuracy			0.94	1421
	macro avg	0.95	0.91	0.93	1421
	weighted avg	0.94	0.94	0.94	1421

ให้สร้างโมเดลด้วยตัวเองโดยใช้ LIWC features ที่มีให้ใน Dataset เพื่อใช้ในการ Train และ Test โมเดลด้วยตัวเอง

```
# คอลัมน์ LIWC features จะอยู่ในคอลัมน์ที่ 4 ถึง 94
```

df.columns[4:94]

```
'liwc_fillers', 'liwc_friends', 'liwc_future_tense', 'liwc_health',
    'liwc_hear', 'liwc_home', 'liwc_humans', 'liwc_impersonal_pronouns',
    'liwc_inclusive', 'liwc_ingestion', 'liwc_inhibition', 'liwc_insight',
    'liwc_leisure', 'liwc_money', 'liwc_motion', 'liwc_negations',
    'liwc_negative_emotion', 'liwc_nonfluencies', 'liwc_numbers',
    'liwc_past_tense', 'liwc_perceptual_processes',
    'liwc_personal_pronouns', 'liwc_positive_emotion', 'liwc_prepositions',
    'liwc_present_tense', 'liwc_quantifiers', 'liwc_relativity',
    'liwc_religion', 'liwc_sadness', 'liwc_see', 'liwc_sexual',
    'liwc_social_processes', 'liwc_space', 'liwc_swear_words',
    'liwc_tentative', 'liwc_time', 'liwc_total_functional',
    'liwc_total_pronouns', 'liwc_work'],

dtype='object')
```

df.iloc[:, 4:94]

X = df.iloc[:, 4:94]

	automated_readability_index	coleman_liau_index	flesch_kincaid_grade_level f
0	6.205652	6.216433	6.272283
1	7.191104	10.905849	6.144719
2	6.961154	8.008078	7.135026
3	7.132836	9.284230	5.662866
4	7.278080	8.537186	6.422609
3355	-0.313579	1.816079	2.206408
3356	18.585441	21.801888	14.813529
3357	0.995289	3.198568	2.559184
3358	1.554975	3.657596	3.223969
3359	4.084419	5.502131	5.342527
4736 rd	ows × 90 columns		
4			

```
df['label'] = pd.Categorical(df.subreddit).codes
y = df['label']

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    X, y, test_size=0.30, random_state=42)

log = LogisticRegression(random_state=0).fit(X_train, y_train)

print(log.predict(X_test[:10]))
print(log.predict_proba(X_test[:10]))
print(log.score(X_test, y_test))
```

```
→ [0000011100]
     [[9.99997891e-01 2.10869240e-06]
      [5.67882860e-01 4.32117140e-01]
      [6.43006119e-01 3.56993881e-01]
      [9.91066061e-01 8.93393940e-03]
      [8.26669573e-01 1.73330427e-01]
      [2.31554510e-02 9.76844549e-01]
      [3.82515020e-03 9.96174850e-01]
      [5.21654621e-03 9.94783454e-01]
      [9.99989076e-01 1.09237770e-05]
      [9.99696400e-01 3.03599767e-04]]
     0.9176636171710063
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/linear_model/_logistic.py:469: Conver
     STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
     Increase the number of iterations (max_iter) or scale the data as shown in:
         https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
     Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
         https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-regression
       n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
# ระบุ y_true และ y_pred ด้วยตัวเองให้ถูกต้อง เพื่อใช้แสดงประสิทธิภาพของโมเดล
y_true = y_test
```

```
y_true = y_test
y_pred = log.predict(X_test)

target_names = ['MentalHealth', 'Teaching']
print(classification_report(y_true, y_pred, target_names=target_names))
```

₹		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	MentalHealth Teaching	0.93 0.88	0.95 0.84	0.94 0.86	993 428
	accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.91 0.92	0.89 0.92	0.92 0.90 0.92	1421 1421 1421

ให้สร้างโมเดลด้วยตัวเองโดยใช้ TF-IDF features ที่มีให้ใน Dataset เพื่อใช้ในการ Train และ Test โมเดลด้วยตัวเอง

```
# คอลัมน์ LIWC features จะอยู่ในคอลัมน์ที่ 94 ถึง 350

df.columns[94:350]

→ Index(['tfidf_abl', 'tfidf_abus', 'tfidf_actual', 'tfidf_addict', 'tfidf_adhd', 'tfidf_advic', 'tfidf_ago', 'tfidf_alcohol', 'tfidf_almost', 'tfidf_alon',
```

```
'tfidf_wish', 'tfidf_without', 'tfidf_wonder', 'tfidf_work',
            'tfidf_worri', 'tfidf_wors', 'tfidf_would', 'tfidf_wrong',
            'tfidf_x200b', 'tfidf_year'],
           dtype='object', length=256)
X = df.iloc[:, 94:350]
y = df['label']
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    X, y, test_size=0.30, random_state=42)
log = LogisticRegression(random_state=0).fit(X_train, y_train)
print(log.predict(X_test[:10]))
print(log.predict_proba(X_test[:10]))
print(log.score(X_test, y_test))
→ [0000011100]
     [[0.99035168 0.00964832]
      [0.67261441 0.32738559]
      [0.67965393 0.32034607]
      [0.67705508 0.32294492]
      [0.85869157 0.14130843]
      [0.09668609 0.90331391]
      [0.3095809 0.6904191 ]
      [0.17407609 0.82592391]
      [0.9123111 0.0876889]
      [0.97088547 0.02911453]]
     0.9289232934553132
# ระบุ y_true และ y_pred ด้วยตัวเองให้ถูกต้อง เพื่อใช้แสดงประสิทธิภาพของโมเดล
y_true = y_test
y_pred = log.predict(X_test)
target_names = ['MentalHealth', 'Teaching']
print(classification_report(y_true, y_pred, target_names=target_names))
\rightarrow
                   precision
                              recall f1-score
                                                    support
                                  0.97
     MentalHealth
                        0.93
                                            0.95
                                                        993
         Teaching
                        0.92
                                  0.84
                                            0.88
                                                        428
                                            0.93
                                                       1421
         accuracy
                        0.93
                                  0.90
                                            0.91
                                                       1421
        macro avg
                        0.93
                                  0.93
                                            0.93
                                                       1421
     weighted avg
```

ให้สร้างโมเดลด้วยตัวเองโดยใช้ TF-IDF และ LIWC features ที่มีให้ใน Dataset เพื่อใช้ในการ Train และ Test โมเดลด้วยตัวเอง

```
X = df.iloc[:, 94:350]
y = df['label']
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    X, y, test_size=0.30, random_state=42)
log = LogisticRegression(random state=0).fit(X train, y train)
print(log.predict(X_test[:10]))
print(log.predict_proba(X_test[:10]))
print(log.score(X_test, y_test))
→ [0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0]
     [[0.99035168 0.00964832]
      [0.67261441 0.32738559]
      [0.67965393 0.32034607]
      [0.67705508 0.32294492]
      [0.85869157 0.14130843]
      [0.09668609 0.90331391]
      [0.3095809 0.6904191 ]
      [0.17407609 0.82592391]
      [0.9123111 0.0876889]
      [0.97088547 0.02911453]]
     0.9289232934553132
# ระบุ y true และ y pred ด้วยตัวเองให้ถูกต้อง เพื่อใช้แสดงประสิทธิภาพของโมเดล
y_true = y_test
y_pred = log.predict(X_test)
target names = ['MentalHealth', 'Teaching']
print(classification_report(y_true, y_pred, target_names=target_names))
```