

Deal 1

South Deals
None Vul

♠ J 10 9 7
♥ Q 6 5 2
♦ 10 6 4
♣ 7 5

13
3 8
16

West

North

East

South

Pass

3 NT

Pass

1 NT
Pass

Pass

3 NT by South

Lead: ♠ J

♠ A Q 4

♥ K 8 3

♦ K 9 5

♣ J 6 3 2



♠ K 6 5 3

♥ A 7 4

♦ Q 8 3

♣ A K 4

♠ 8 2

♥ J 10 9

♦ A J 7 2

♣ Q 10 9 8

You are East. The bidding has been as shown.

Partner led the ♠ J, won by dummy's ♠ Q. The ♦ 5 is now played from dummy. What do you play?

When you have made your choice

Considering that South opened 1 NT, he must have the ♦ Q for this play to make sense.

So if you put on your ♦ A, South will have TWO ♦ winners established. If instead you play low, then South cannot get a second ♦ trick and will have to look elsewhere for his ninth trick. As you can see, he is not going to be able to find it.

Deal 2

South Deals
None Vul

♠ 10 4
♥ J 10 5 4
♦ 9 6 3
♣ J 10 9 3

19
2 5
14

West

North

East

South

Pass

3 ♦

Pass

1 ♠

Pass

3 NT

Pass

3 ♥

Pass

4 NT

Pass

4 ♥

Pass

6 ♥

ALL

5 ♥

6 ♥ by South

Lead: ♣ J

♠ A 6

♥ K 9 3

♦ A Q J 7 4

♣ K Q 7



♠ K Q J 8 2

♥ A 8 7 6 2

♦ 8

♣ A 2

♠ 9 7 5 3

♥ Q

♦ K 10 5 2

♣ 8 6 5 4

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

Your lead of the ♣ J was won by South with the ♣ A. South then played the ♥ 2 and you must decide whether to split your honors.

When you have made your choice

South's bidding showed at least 5 ♥s, so assuming he holds both the ♥ A Q, it would be silly for him to finesse the ♥ 9 on the first trump play.

As it turns out, when you play low South calls for dummy's ♥ K, East's ♥ Q falls and you now have 2 trump tricks. If you had played the ♥ T you would have tossed away the setting trick.

Deal 3

South Deals
None Vul

♠ J 10 6 4
♥ K
♦ 7 6 4 2
♣ K Q 7 5

7
9 8
16

♠ K 7
♥ J 8 6 3 2
♦ K 5 3
♣ 10 4 2



♠ Q 9 8 3 2
♥ Q 4
♦ 10 9 8
♣ A 9 3

♠ A 5
♥ A 10 9 7 5
♦ A Q J
♣ J 8 6

West	North	East	South
			1 ♥
Pass	4 ♥	Pass	Pass
Pass			
4 ♥ by South			
Lead: ♣ K			

You are East. The bidding has been as shown.

Partner led the ♣ K, and you played the ♣ 9 to encourage him. He continued with the ♣ Q, then a small card to your ♣ A. You then exit with the ♦ T, taken by dummy's ♦ K.

Declarer then calls for the ♥ J. Do you cover with your ♥ Q or not?

When you have made your choice

North has 5 ♥s and South must have at least 5. The reason you cover an Honor is that you hope to establish a lower card in either your hand or partner's hand. But your partner has one ♥ at the most so there is no hope of establishment.

Now that you have looked at the hands aren't you glad you didn't cover?

Deal 4

South Deals
None Vul

♠ K J 3
♥ J 10 8 5
♦ 10 6
♣ 9 7 6 4

7
5 9
19

♠ A 10 5
♥ Q 6 3
♦ 8 7 4 2
♣ J 8 5



♠ Q 9 7 4 2
♥ 9 4
♦ A K Q J
♣ A K

♠ 8 6
♥ A K 7 2
♦ 9 5 3
♣ Q 10 3 2

West	North	East	South
			1 ♠
Pass	2 ♠	Pass	4 ♠
Pass	Pass	Pass	
4 ♠ by South			
Lead: ♥ J			

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

You lead the ♥ J, covered by dummy's ♥ Q and won by East's ♥ K. East wins the ♥ A at the second trick and continues with a small ♥ ruffed by South.

South then plays the ♠ 4 from his hand. Do you play low? or play the ♠ J to force dummy's ♠ A?

When you have made your choice

If South decides to finesse the ♠ T then you will still win the one ♠ trick which you are entitled to win.

However, with South holding the ♠ Q it would be very logical for him to go up with the ♠ A then lead back toward his

♠ Q, playing East for the ♠ K. If he plays this way you will get two tricks and defeat the contract.

Deal 5

South Deals
None Vul

♠ 9 5 3
♥ 9 8 7 2
♦ 8 6 5 3
♣ K 6

14
3 3
20

West

Pass

Pass

6 NT by South

Lead: ♥ 9

♠ K 7 4
♥ A J 10
♦ Q J 4
♣ Q J 10 7



♠ A 10 8
♥ K Q 4
♦ A K 10
♣ A 9 8 2

North

6 NT

East

Pass

♠ Q J 6 2

♥ 6 5 3

♦ 9 7 2

♣ 5 4 3

South

2 NT

Pass

You are East. The bidding has been as shown.

Partner led the ♥ 9, taken by dummy's ♥ T. The ♠ 4 is then played from dummy. Do you play low? or split your honors?

When you have made your choice

You should always make a point count check as soon as you see dummy. South's 2 NT promises 20 or 21 points, North has 14 and you have 3; total = 37 or 38. Therefore West must have either 2 or 3 points. He cannot have two Jacks because you can see all four of them. Likewise he cannot have a Queen because you can see three of them and his ♥ lead (top of nothing) denied that Queen.

It follows that West MUST have a King, and it must be ♣s or ♦s since he has denied any ♥ Honor.

Since West will definitely win his King, you need to take one trick yourself, and the best way to do that is to split your Honors to establish one ♠ winner.

South has no defense to this, but if you had played low he would have played the ♠ T and made the slam.