

Board 1
 South Deals
 None Vul
 ♠ K 7 3
 ♥ Q T
 ♦ J T 9 5 2
 ♣ K 6 5

♠ 6 2
 ♥ 5 3 2
 ♦ A K Q 7 6 4
 ♣ 4 2

	N	
W		E
	S	

♠ J T 9 8 5
 ♥ K J 8 7 4
 ♦ -
 ♣ Q 9 8

♠ A Q 4
 ♥ A 9 6
 ♦ 8 3
 ♣ A J T 7 3

West	North	East	South
			2♦
Pass	2NT	Pass	3NT
All Pass			

3 NT by South

The ♠ lead assures you of two tricks in the suit. So you only need to create two more. If the ♦s split 3-2 (likely) you could get 3 extra tricks there. But there's a danger - if they split 4-1 you wouldn't have an entry to them. Well, you wouldn't have an entry unless you DUCKED the first ♦. Then a 4-1 split wouldn't prevent you from making 5 ♦ winners.

So you win the ♠ A and lead the ♦ 3, planning to duck.

West shows out.

Make PLAN B, then

West shows out.

That's tough. No matter how you play them you can only get 3 ♦ winners. So you must turn elsewhere - elsewhere being the ♣ suit.

Win the ♦ Q but don't play another ♦ yet, you need an entry back to dummy later. Instead, lead the ♣ 2 and finesse your ♣ T. West will win with one of the high ♣s and probably return a ♠. You may as well take the ♠ Q now. Play your ♦ 8 to dummy's ♦ K, cash the ♦ A, then play the ♣ 4, finessing your ♣ J. Fortunately this wins and when you cash your ♣ A both defenders follow. The rest of your clubs are good and you make an overtrick.

When the ♦s turned out to be 5-0 you had to get lucky. Your back-up Plan wasn't likely to work - it required the missing ♣ honors to be split, but also required a 3-3 ♣ split, not a likely outcome.

But there was no other choice so you have to try it.

Baker 100Deals 85
 You are South and it is your bid. Decide what you would say, then on BID.

With 11 points and a beautiful 6-card suit this is the perfect hand for a Weak-2 opener. So you open 2♦. Partner responds 2NT.

Partner's 2NT bid is a standard response to a Weak 2-bid. You are expected to rebid your suit if you have a minimum (6-8 point) hand. Otherwise you are to bid an outside suit in which you hold a high card - this is called "showing a feature". And the final possibility is this one, where you have a solid suit, either A K Q x x x or A K J T x x. In this case you bid 3NT.

North would play 3NT.

South plays 3NT. West leads ♠ J. East plays ♠ K.

Winner count: ♠ 2 : ♥ 1 : ♦ 3 : ♣ 1 : Total = 7

Board 2

South Deals

None Vul

♠ Q J T 8 3
♥ 6 3
♦ A J 3
♣ K T 7

♠ 6 5
♥ K 9
♦ 8 7 6 4 2
♣ A 8 5 3

	N	
W		E
	S	

♠ 9 4
♥ Q 5 2
♦ Q T 9
♣ Q J 9 6 2

♠ A K 7 2
♥ A J T 8 7 4
♦ K 5
♣ 4

West	North	East	South
1♠	Pass	Pass	1♥
Pass	4♥	All Pass	3♥

4♥ by North

to your hand and ruff the ♠7 with dummy's ♥9. East may over-ruff this, but only with a trump trick he was going to win anyway.

You will lose two ♦s and the ♥Q but no more.

The problem is that East would have over-ruffed the ♥9 and then played another ♥ and you would not have gotten to ruff either ♠,

Baker 100Deals 86

You are South and it is your bid. Decide what you would say, then on BID.

You open 1♥, West overcalls 1♠ and partner passes.

What do you say?

You shouldn't let West steal from you so you will bid your ♥s again. You must decide between 2♥ and 3♥. Given that partner might have had a pretty decent hand yet still have to pass, you decide to go with 3♥. Partner bids 4♥.

South plays 4♥. West leads the ♠Q.

Losers: ♠ 2 : ♥ 1 : ♦ 2 : ♣ 0 : Total = 5

Win the ♠K, then enter dummy with the ♣A and play another ♠ toward your ♠A. You do this to prevent East ruffing your high ♠. Next you lead the ♠2 and ruff with dummy's ♥K. Ruff a ♣ to get back

Board 3

North Deals
None Vul

♠ K T 7 6
♥ 8 3 2
♦ K 6 5
♣ J 8 4

♠ J 9 8 5 4

♥ Q 6

♦ J T 4

♣ A 7 2

N
W E
S

♠ Q 3 2
♥ 9 5
♦ Q 8 7 2
♣ K Q T 9

♠ A
♥ A K J T 7 4
♦ A 9 3
♣ 6 5 3

West	North	East	South
	1♥	Pass	1♠
Pass	3♥	Pass	4♥
All Pass			

4♥ by South

Baker 100Deals 87

You are South and it is your bid. Decide what you would say, then on BID.

You respond 1♠, your 5-card Major. Partner jumps to 3♥.

Make your next bid.

Partner is showing 16-18 points and you have 9. Since he rebid ♥s he must have at least six of them you know there is an 8-card fit. You bid 4♥.

North would play 4♥.

South plays 4♥. West leads the ♣K.

Losers: ♠ 0 : ♥ 0 : ♦ 2 : ♣ 2 : Total = 4

You might consider setting up dummy's ♠ suit for a discard but there are too few entries to make that work.

More promising is playing East to have at least one of the ♦ honors and taking two finesse in that suit. BUT, entries are still a problem. You can only reach dummy twice, once with the ♣A and once with the ♥Q, and you must play ♦s each time you are there.

Win the first trick with the ♣A and play the ♦J, letting it ride if East doesn't cover. West will win this trick and take two ♣s. He will probably then lead a ♠. You win your ♠A, play ♥A then a small ♥ to dummy's ♥Q. Now lead a ♦ and finesse with your ♦9. When this wins, pull trumps and claim.

This will happen about 75% of the time, so the double finesse is a good Plan. And on this Deal it was the only plan available.

Board 4

South Deals
Both Vul

 ♠ 9 8 4
♥ J 5
♦ T 9 8
♣ A K T 7 4

♠ 7
♥ A K Q 8 6 2
♦ A 5
♣ Q 9 5 3

 N
W E
S

 ♠ K Q T 3
♥ 9 7 3
♦ K J 6 2
♣ 8 2

 ♠ A J 6 5 2
♥ T 4
♦ Q 7 4 3
♣ J 6

West	North	East	South
			1♥
Pass	1♠	Pass	3♥
Pass	4♥	All Pass	

4♥ by North

Suppose you discard a ♦ from dummy. If West doesn't ruff this ♣ Then your ♣Q will win. You could then try to establish dummy's ♦Q to discard your fourth ♣ on.

But you know that plan won't work because West IS going to ruff this ♣ if you discard. You only have one chance to make this contract, and that is the chance that West was not dealt the ♥J. So you ruff with dummy's ♥T and pray West doesn't over-ruff.

So you won that trick and still had your ♣Q to use after you pulled trumps.

Baker 100Deals 88

You are North and it is your bid. Decide what you would say, then on BID.

You respond with your 5-card Major, 1♠.

Partner jumps to 3♥. What do you bid?

With partner's 16-18 points you probably have enough strength for game.

With partner's six ♥s you have an 8-card fit.

So you bid 4♥.

South would play 4♥.

North plays 4♥. East leads ♣A, ♣K, ♣4. West plays ♣8 then ♣2.

Losers: ♠ 0 : ♥ 0 : ♦ 1 : ♣ 3 : Total = 4

Board 5

North Deals

None Vul

♠ A J T 8 4

♥ 4 3

♦ T 7 4

♣ K T 3

♠ 6 3

♥ A J T

♦ A 6 3

♣ A 9 8 4 2

	N	
W		E
	S	

♠ K 9 5 2

♥ 9

♦ K Q J 9

♣ Q J 7 5

♠ Q 7

♥ K Q 8 7 6 5 2

♦ 8 5 2

♣ 6

West	North	East	South
	3♥	Pass	4♥

All Pass

4♥ by South

Baker 100Deals 89

You are South and it is your bid. Decide what you would say, then on BID.

Responding to preempts is easy. You don't count points, you just count tricks. Assume partner for 6 tricks and add yours to see how high to go (or not go).

Here, with three Aces and a possible ♠ ruff you raise to game.

North would play 4♥.

South plays 4♥. East leads the ♦ K.

Win the ♦ A, play ♣ A and ruff the ♣ 2 with a high trump. Play a ♥ to the ♥ T and ruff the ♣ 4 with a high trump. Play a ♥ to the ♥ J and ruff the ♣ 8 with a high trump. Play a ♥ to the ♥ A and discard a loser on the good ♣ 9.

Fortunately that occurs a high percentage of the time. In any case, there was no other hope.

Board 6

South Deals

E-W Vul

♠ Q 9 7 3
♥ J 7 2
♦ 9 6 5
♣ 8 6 2

♠ J T 5

♥ K Q 6

♦ K J T 3

♣ A K 9

	N	
W		E
	S	

♠ A 4 2
♥ T 9 5 3
♦ 7 4 2
♣ 5 4 3

♠ K 8 6
♥ A 8 4
♦ A Q 8
♣ Q J T 7

West	North	East	South
Pass	4NT	Pass	1NT
All Pass			6NT

6NT by South

Your goal is simple, you must win one ♠ trick before you lose two. So the crux of your problem is: Who holds the ♠A and ♠Q?

If East has both of them you are guaranteed to win the first trick no matter what you play.

If West has both of them you are going to lose the first two tricks no matter what you play.

The problem is to decide what to do if they are split. The answer relies on psychology, not on probability. East has made an attacking lead. But if you were East would you start out leading a low ♠ from a suit like ♠ A 9 7 3? That would be incredibly foolhardy, you would probably lead a different suit and save your ♠A for catching something high from declarer. On the other hand you would be quite likely to lead a small card from ♠ Q 9 7 3.

Your PLAN should be to play low in dummy and win your ♠T if West withholds the ♠A.

Since East is unlikely to underlead an Ace against 6NT you play West for the ♠A.

Baker 100Deals 90

You are North and it is your bid. Decide what you would say, then on BID.

You have 16 points - a pretty solid 16 in fact. Partner has 15, 16 or 17, so together you have 31, 32 or 33. You want to invite partner to bid 6NT if he has 17, but to decline if he has 15. The correct bid for this invitation is 4NT. It is called a "quantitative" 4NT since it is just an invitational raise. It is NOT Blackwood - if you wanted to ask for Aces you would use Gerber.

Partner bids the slam.

South would play 6NT.

North plays 6NT. East leads the ♠3.

Winner count: ♠ 0 : ♥ 3 : ♦ 4 : ♣ 4 : Total = 11

It's pretty clear which suit you have to worry about!