

Deal 1

North Deals	♠ K Q 8 5
None Vul	♥ J 6 3
	♦ 8 7
	♣ A Q J 4

♠ 10 2
♥ Q 9 8 5 2
♦ 10 9 3
♣ 10 3 2

13
2 6
19

N	E
W	S
♠ 7 4	♥ K 10 7
♦ K 5 4 2	♣ 9 8 7 6

♠ A J 9 6 3
♥ A 4
♦ A Q J 6
♣ K 5

<i>West</i>	<i>North</i>	<i>East</i>	<i>South</i>
	1 ♣	Pass	2 ♣
Pass	3 ♠	Pass	4 NT
Pass	5 ♠	Pass	5 NT
Pass	6 ♠	Pass	6 ♠
Pass	Pass	Pass	
6 ♠ by South			

When NORTH gives immediate â™ support, SOUTH's thoughts naturally

turn to slam. This is a good hand to use Blackwood on, so SOUTH bids 4 NT.

NORTH's 5

â™|

answer shows one Ace, which SOUTH cleverly deduces

must be the â™£A.

SOUTH bids 6â™ since NORTH has not bid strongly enough to think about 7.

Deal 2

North Deals	♠ K Q J
None Vul	♥ A K 10
	♦ K Q 2
	♣ K Q 7 3
♠ 10 9 8 3 2	♠ 7 5
♥ 6	♥ 5 3 2
♦ A 6 5	♦ 10 7 4
♣ J 9 4 2	♣ A 10 8 6 5



23
5 4
8 ♠ A 6 4
♥ Q J 9 8 7 4
♦ J 9 8 3
♣ —

<i>West</i>	<i>North</i>	<i>East</i>	<i>South</i>
Pass	2 ♣	Pass	2 ♥
Pass	3 ♥	Pass	3 ♠
Pass	4 NT	Pass	6 ♣
Pass	6 ♥	Pass	Pass
Pass			
6 ♥ by South			

NORTH expects to bid 2 NT at his second turn, but SOUTH gives a positive 2

â™¥

response and his thinking changes! First he supports

â™¥

s, setting the

trump suit.

SOUTH then bids 3â™, showing first round control. NORTH tries 4 NT (Blackwood) and

SOUTH replies 6â™£. This shows a â™£ void and one Ace, obviously the â™ A.

NORTH bids 6

â™¥

, knowing they must lose the

â™!

A.

Deal 3South Deals
None Vul

♠ J 10 7 6
 ♥ 4
 ♦ J 4 2
 ♣ A 8 5 4 2

♠ A 8 4 2
 ♥ Q J 8 6
 ♦ A 9 8 6 3
 ♣ —



<i>West</i>	<i>North</i>	<i>East</i>	<i>South</i>
			1 ♥
Pass	4 ♣	Pass	4 NT
Pass	5 NT	Pass	7 ♥
Pass	Pass	Pass	

7 ♥ by South

NORTH's jump to 4 $\hat{a}^{\text{TM}}\mathfrak{L}$ is a Splinter bid,
at least 4-card

$\hat{a}^{\text{TM}}\mathbb{Y}$

support,

at least opening hand, and a $\hat{a}^{\text{TM}}\mathfrak{L}$
Singleton or Void.

SOUTH bids 4 NT, Blackwood.

NORTH's 5 NT reply shows two Aces and
a Void somewhere, obviously $\hat{a}^{\text{TM}}\mathfrak{L}$ s.

SOUTH counts thirteen tricks and bids 7

$\hat{a}^{\text{TM}}\mathbb{Y}$

.

Deal 4South Deals
None Vul

♠ A 10 8 6
 ♥ 6 4
 ♦ J 10 3 2
 ♣ 8 7 5

8
 5 9
18

	N	
W		E
	S	

♠ —
 ♥ A 9 7 5
 ♦ K 9 8 6 4
 ♣ J 9 3 2

♠ Q J 9 7 4 2
 ♥ 8 2
 ♦ Q 7 5
 ♣ A 4

♠ K 5 3
 ♥ K Q J 10 3
 ♦ A
 ♣ K Q 10 6

<i>West</i>	<i>North</i>	<i>East</i>	<i>South</i>
			1 ♥
Pass	3 ♥	Pass	4 NT
Pass	6 ♥	Pass	Pass
Pass			
6 ♥ by South			

SOUTH figures that if NORTH holds two Aces he will bid the slam.

NORTH only has one Ace, but she has something else just as good - a void in a suit which

is higher-ranking than

â™¥

s.

SOUTH manages to figure out that NORTH has a â™ void and bids the slam anyway.

Deal 5

South Deals

None Vul

♠ K 7 5 3

♥ J 8 7

♦ A 8 6 5

♣ 7 4

♠ J 10

♥ 10 5 4 3

♦ K Q J 10 4

♣ 10 5



♠ 8

7 8

17

♣ K J 6 3

West

North

East

South

1 ♠

Pass 2 ♠

Pass

Pass

4 ♠

Pass

Pass

Pass

4 ♠ by South

SOUTH may have a good hand but NORTH merely gave a simple raise.

Even if NORTH has a maximum there won't be a slam.

Deal 6

South Deals
None Vul
 ♠ A J 10 6 4
 ♥ 7 5
 ♦ Q 7 4
 ♣ 10 9 8

10
 7 7
16

	N	
W		E
	S	

♠ Q 7 5 3
 ♥ 10 9 4 2
 ♦ A 8
 ♣ K J 4

♠ K 9 8 2
 ♥ A
 ♦ 10 9 6 5 3
 ♣ 7 3 2

♠ —
 ♥ K Q J 8 6 3
 ♦ K J 2
 ♣ A Q 6 5

West North East South

Pass 3 ♥ Pass 4 ♣
 Pass 4 ♦ Pass 6 ♥
 Pass Pass Pass

6 ♥ by South

SOUTH has a tough decision after the two Control-showing bids.

If he uses Blackwood and NORTH shows two Aces he will be no better off, because he won't know if one

of the Aces is the useless \hat{a}^{TM} A. Based on knowing that NORTH holds the

\hat{a}^{TM} !

A,

he bids 6

\hat{a}^{TM} Y

, hoping that he can at least make that and that 7 isn't a laydown!