

**Deal 1**

North Deals  
None Vul

♠ Q 10 3  
♥ Q 9 5  
♦ J 9 8 6  
♣ A 7 3

17  
9 5  
9

West

Pass  
Pass

3 NT by North

Lead: ♠ 6

♠ A 8 2  
♥ A 10 8 2  
♦ A 3  
♣ K Q 10 4



♠ 7 5  
♥ K 6 4  
♦ K Q 7 4  
♣ J 9 8 6

North

1 NT  
3 NT

East

Pass  
Pass

South

2 NT  
Pass

♠ K J 9 6 4  
♥ J 7 3  
♦ 10 5 2  
♣ 5 2

Partner's 2 NT bid invites you to bid game if you have a maximum hand. Your 17 points is certainly a maximum so you bid 3 NT.

Will you take your ♠ A immediately? or at trick 2? or trick 3?

You need 3 more tricks, and they must come from ♣s. So you must drive out the ♣ A. The problem is that when the defenders win the ♣ A they may also take 4 ♠ tricks.

While you cannot guarantee the contract you can at least give yourself a better chance by holding up your ♠ A on the first trick, and also on West's ♠ continuation. You win the third ♠ with your ♠ A.

Now you drive out the ♣ A. There are four possibilities: East may win the ♣ A and cash two more ♠s, down 1. East may win the ♣ A and cash just one ♠s, you make it. West may win the ♣ A and have a fourth ♠ to lead, you make it. West may win the ♣ A and be out of ♠s, you make it.

If you win the first or second ♠ trick you will fail.

When you attack ♣s, West will win the ♣ A and play a ♠.

Holding up twice can never hurt, and in this case it is the only way to make the contract.

**Deal 2**

East Deals  
None Vul

♠ 10 5  
♥ A Q 6 2  
♦ A Q 4  
♣ A J 7 4

7  
17 4  
12

West

2 ♥

Pass

2 ♠ by East

Lead: ♣ 2

♠ K 7  
♥ J 10 9 8  
♦ J 9 7 2  
♣ Q 9 5



♠ A Q 3  
♥ K 7 5 3  
♦ 10 8  
♣ K 10 6 2

North

Pass

Pass

East

1 NT

2 ♠

South

Pass

Pass

♠ J 9 8 6 4 2  
♥ 4  
♦ K 6 5 3  
♣ 8 3

In the pre-transfer days you would have bid 2 ♠ with this hand and partner would have passed. Now you make partner bid the ♠s first by saying 2 ♥. Partner dutifully replies 2 ♠. What do you say?

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You say pass.

The contract would be 2 ♠ played by East.

To make West the declarer ROTATE.

West plays 2 ♠. North leads the ♣ 2. South plays the ♣ Q which you take with your ♣ A.

Count losers in the long-trump hand, (dummy this time).

You can make the contract if you just force out their big trumps. But there is another tempting possibility. You could enter dummy with the ♦ K and play the ♥ 4, finessing South for the ♥ K. If the finesse is successful you could then discard dummy's ♣ loser on the ♥ A.

Should you or shouldn't you?

The reward for this play would be an overtrick. The price of failure would be going down in a cold contract. So obviously, at rubber bridge, you would be foolish to take such a risk. Playing Duplicate though, you might consider it. But let's say you decide to play safe.

Win the ♣ A and play a trump. As soon as you get in play another trump. The defenders will no doubt take their ♣ winner when they get in. South will no doubt win one of those high trump tricks, and he MAY lead a ♥ when he gets in. There you will be, trying to decide again whether to finesse . . .

As you see, the ♥ K is in the wrong place this time, but might be right the next time.

Usually you should not risk your contract for the sake of an overtrick.

**Deal 3**

South Deals  
None Vul

♠ Q 10 8 7 3  
♥ 6 4 2  
♦ 9 5  
♣ Q 9 5

9  
4 10  
17

West

North

East

South

Pass

2 ♣

Pass

1 NT

Pass

2 NT

Pass

2 ♦

Pass

Pass

Pass

3 NT

3 NT by South

Lead: ♠ 7

♠ J 4

♥ A 9 8 5

♦ J 10 7 3

♣ K 8 2



♠ A 9 2

♥ J 10 7 3

♦ A 6 4

♣ J 6 3

♠ K 6 5

♥ K Q

♦ K Q 8 2

♣ A 10 7 4

Partner's 2 ♣ is Stayman convention. With no 4-card Major suit your response is 2 ♦. Partner now bids 2 NT. What do you say?

Partner's 2 ♣ is Stayman convention. With no 4-card Major suit your response is 2 ♦. Partner now bids 2 NT. What do you say?

The 2 NT bid is invitational, asking you to bid game with a maximum, pass with a minimum. You have 17 points so you bid 3 NT.

You put on dummy's ♠ J, but East wins the ♠ A then continues with the ♠ 9. Do you play your ♠ K now?

You need 3 more tricks, and they must come from ♦s. So you must drive out the ♦ A. The problem is that when the defenders win the ♦ A they may also take 4 ♠ tricks.

This is another case where you should hold up. Allow EW to win the second trick and take your ♠ K only at trick #3.

Now you drive out the ♦ A. If West has it and also started with 5 ♠s you will go down. But if East has the ♦ A you will make the contract no matter how ♠s split.

If you win the second ♠ East will still have a ♠ when he wins the ♦ A.

But if you hold up your ♠ K East will have no ♠ to put his partner in with.

**Deal 4**

West Deals  
None Vul

♠ Q 9  
♥ 8 4 3  
♦ K J 10 8 2  
♣ J 10 4

7  
7 20  
6

West  
2 NT  
Pass  
3 NT by West  
Lead: ♥ 5

♠ J 7 4 3  
♥ K J 9 5  
♦ Q 9 5  
♣ 8 5



♠ A 10 6 2  
♥ Q 10 7 6  
♦ 6 4  
♣ 9 6 3

North  
Pass  
Pass

♠ K 8 5  
♥ A 2  
♦ A 7 3  
♣ A K Q 7 2

East  
3 NT  
Pass

South  
Pass

Even if you wanted to show your ♦ suit how would you do it? If you bid 3 ♦ it would be a transfer and if you bid 4 ♦ you would have bypassed 3 NT, your probable best contract.

But you didn't want to bid them anyway, you just wanted to bid 3 NT, right?

The contract would be 3 NT played by West.

To make East the declarer ROTATE.

South leads ♥ 5, North plays the ♥ Q.

The first thing you need to decide is whether to hold up on the ♥.

First decide the holdup question. South led the ♥ 5 and you can see the ♥ 4, ♥ 3 and ♥ 2. Assuming South led fourth down he must have only a 4-card suit since there are no cards he could have lower than the ♥ 5. With ♥s splitting 4-4 a holdup would do no good, and isn't necessary anyway.

So take the ♥ A. Then what?

You COULD try the ♦ finesse. Even if it loses it would establish several ♦ winners. However, if the defenders win just 1 ♦ trick they will quickly grab their 3 ♥ tricks and their ♠ A and put you down 1.

This is why it is important to make a Plan which includes a Winner count. You need just one additional winner and all you have to do to get it is play a ♠ honor.

When you can see all four hands, including the location of the ♦ Q, it kind of makes you wished you had finessed and gotten all those overtricks.

Good Bridge players like to take tricks, but they are not greedy.

**Deal 5**

North Deals  
None Vul

♠ 9 6  
♥ Q 10 8 3  
♦ J 9 6 2  
♣ Q J 3

17  
6 4  
13

♠ A Q 10 2  
♥ K 7  
♦ K Q 7 3  
♣ K 7 5



♠ K J 8 5 3  
♥ A J 4 2  
♦ 5  
♣ A 6 4

♠ 7 4  
♥ 9 6 5  
♦ A 10 8 4  
♣ 10 9 8 2

West	North	East	South
	1 NT	Pass	2 ♥
Pass	3 ♠	Pass	4 NT
Pass	5 ♦	Pass	6 ♠
Pass	Pass	Pass	

6 ♠ by North

Lead: ♣ 10

Partner's 2 ♥ bid is a transfer; he expects you to bid 2 ♠. However, with such great ♠ support and an outside doubleton your hand now revalues to 18 points - more than an opening 1 NT. You indicate this with a jump to 3 ♠. This is called a "Super-Accept". Partner now bids 4 NT. What do you answer?

Partner's 2 ♥ bid is a transfer; he expects you to bid 2 ♠. However, with such great ♠ support and an outside doubleton your hand now revalues to 18 points - more than an opening 1 NT. You indicate this with a jump to 3 ♠. This is called a "Super-Accept". Partner now bids 4 NT. What do you answer?

Blackwood, and with one Ace you answer 5 ♦. Partner bids 6 ♠ and everybody passes.

It won't matter where you take it, but assume you win in your hand.

Since the ♦ loser is a sure thing you will need to find somewhere to discard a ♣. There are three possibilities: Finesse East for the ♥ Q. (50% chance) Try to drop the ♥ Q by ruffing the third

round. (also about 50%) Establish a ♦ honor. (To% certain)

First pull trumps, ending in dummy. It takes two rounds. Next play the ♦ 5 toward your ♦ Q. East wins this and plays another ♣. Win the ♣, come to your hand with the ♥ K, then play your good ♦ Q, discarding dummy's losing ♣.

You will need to ruff two ♥s in your hand, but the rest of the tricks are yours.

If they had been 3-1 you would have had to leave the last trump undrawn until after you had ruffed two ♥s in your hand.