

Board 1

South Deals

None Vul

♠ 8 7 5 4 3

♥ Q T 3

♦ A 4

♣ J T 3

♠ A T 2

♥ A J 7

♦ J 8 6 2

♣ K 6 5



♠ K Q 9

♥ K 6 4

♦ K Q T 3

♣ 7 4 2

♠ J 6

♥ 9 8 5 2

♦ 9 7 5

♣ A Q 9 8

West	North	East	South
Pass	2NT	Pass	1 ♦
All Pass			3NT

3 NT by South

Baker O'Leary 13

The bidding has been as shown. The contract is 3NT and it is your lead.

When you have made your choice

Your ♣s are so good that all your instincts tell you to lead the ♣8, and perhaps set up 3 winners.

If you had one more small ♣s your instincts would be right, but with only a 4-card suit you should think a little longer. Three tricks won't set this contract, so you must depend on partner winning something. And if partner is going to win something perhaps he will lead a ♣ and you might make FOUR tricks in the suit.

So lead the ♥9. You lead a high card so partner won't be tempted to return the suit when he gets the lead. Note that although this lead finesses partner's ♥Q, it didn't do anything that declarer wouldn't have done on his own.

Declarer must play ♦s to get some winners, and when West takes the ♦A he will surely switch to the ♣J. Down goes declarer.

Board 2

North Deals
N-S Vul

♠ K T 8
♥ 7
♦ A 7 5 3 2
♣ 8 5 3 2

♠ 5
♥ K Q 9 6 3
♦ K 6
♣ K Q T 9 6

	N	
W		E
	S	

♠ Q J 9 7 6 2
♥ A 8 5 4
♦ 4
♣ 7 4

♠ A 4 3
♥ J T 2
♦ Q J T 9 8
♣ A J

West	North	East	South
	1 ♥	2 ♠	3 ♦
3 ♠	4 ♣	Pass	4 ♥
Pass	Pass	4 ♠	Dbl
All Pass			

4 ♠ X by East

his ♥ losers and actually made the contract.

Baker O'Lead 14

The bidding has been as shown. The contract is 4 ♠ doubled and it is your lead.

When you have made your choice

East's 2 ♠ bid is a Weak-jump Overcall, based on a 6-card ♠ suit and a weak hand.

Either the ♦ Q or ♥ J would normally be good leads.

But on this deal West/East have clearly sacrificed against your almost certain ♥ game. Since they don't have enough high-card strength to make this contract declarer is hoping to get some ruffs.

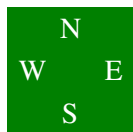
The way to cut down the number of ruffs he can make is to lead a trump at every opportunity.

So take the ♠ A and then play another ♠. Declarer will still be able to ruff one ♥ in dummy, but will be left with two losing ♥s and will be down 2. Without the two trump plays he could have ruffed all three of

Board 3
 South Deals
 None Vul

♠ K 8 7 3
 ♥ Q T 7 3
 ♦ 7 5
 ♣ 6 3 2

♠ T 6 4
 ♥ 6 4 2
 ♦ K 9 4 2
 ♣ A K J



♠ Q 9 2
 ♥ K 8 5
 ♦ A 8 6
 ♣ T 9 7 5

♠ A J 5
 ♥ A J 9
 ♦ Q J T 3
 ♣ Q 8 4

West	North	East	South
Pass	3NT	All Pass	1NT

3 NT by North

Baker OLead 15
 The bidding has been as shown. The contract is 3NT
 and it is your lead.

When you have made your choice

Sometimes it comes down to just this kind of choice.
 Do you lead fourth down from ♠ K 8 7 3 or from
 ♥ Q T 7 3.

The presence of the ♥T bolsters the ♥ suit enough
 to give it the edge.

The suits could be arranged something like shown at
 left. With a ♠ lead the presence of the ♠T in dummy
 allows declarer to make a second ♠ trick, which
 happens to be declarer's ninth trick.

But when you lead the ♥3 it does not promote a ♥
 winner for declarer, and left to his own devices, he
 cannot establish the ♠ winner.

Board 4

East Deals

Both Vul

♠ K Q J 9 5 4

♥ A J T

♦ 6

♣ A 5 2

♠ 6 3

♥ K 6 3

♦ A 7 4

♣ T 9 8 7 4



♠ A T

♥ 9 4

♦ K Q J 9 8 3

♣ K Q J

♠ 8 7 2

♥ Q 8 7 5 2

♦ T 5 2

♣ 6 3

West	North	East	South
		1 ♦	Pass
1 ♠	Pass	3 ♦	Pass
3 ♠	Pass	4 ♠	Pass
4NT	Pass	5 ♦	Pass
6 ♠	All Pass		

6 ♠ by West

Baker OLead 16

The bidding has been as shown. The contract is 6 ♠ and it is your lead.

When you have made your choice

The ♣T would probably be a very safe lead. But you don't want "safe", you want "attack".

Dummy has advertised a long, strong ♦ suit which declarer will no doubt establish for discards.

It is important for your side to create a winner before your ♦A is forced out. The most likely looking winner is your ♥K. So lead the small ♥ and hope partner has the Queen.

Board 5

South Deals

N-S Vul

♠ K Q J T 8

♥ 7 5 2

♦ A 5

♣ 9 6 3

♠ 5 3

♥ K Q J

♦ Q J T 9 7

♣ A T 4

	N	
W		E
	S	

♠ 4

♥ T 9 8 4

♦ 8 6 3 2

♣ K 8 7 2

♠ A 9 7 6 2

♥ A 6 3

♦ K 4

♣ Q J 5

West

North

East

South

Pass

2NT

Pass

1 ♠

Dbl

All Pass

3NT

3 NTX by South

Baker OLead 17

The bidding has been as shown. The contract is 3NT and it is your lead.

When you have made your choice

If partner had not doubled the contract you would probably have started with the ♥T, or possibly the ♣2.

But partner DID double, and most good players play that doubling 3NT is lead-directing as follows: If you have bid a suit, lead it. If doubler has bid a suit, lead it. If neither of you has bid, lead dummy's first bid suit.

So lead a ♠, certainly not a lead you would have made without the double. Partner immediately establishes 4 ♠ winners and he has the ♦A for an entry.

With any other lead declarer will make the contract.

Board 6

East Deals

E-W Vul

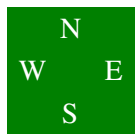
♠ A 8 6 4
 ♥ A J 6 5
 ♦ Q 7
 ♣ J 6 3

♠ 5 2

♥ Q 7 3

♦ 8 4 2

♣ A K Q 7 4



♠ K Q 7
 ♥ K T 9 8
 ♦ A K 5
 ♣ T 9 2

♠ J T 9 3

♥ 4 2

♦ J T 9 6 3

♣ 8 5

West

North

East

South

2♣

Dbl

2♥

Pass

4♥

All Pass

4♥ by West

Baker O'Leary 18

The bidding has been as shown. The contract is 4♥ and it is your lead.

When you have made your choice

If partner had not doubled West's Stayman 2♣ bid you would probably have started with one of your Jacks.

But partner DID double, and the double of a conventional bid clearly means that the doubler would like you to lead that suit.

So lead a ♣, and partner will take three ♣ tricks. With any other lead declarer would quickly discard a ♣ from dummy on a high ♦, easily making the contract.

Declarer may still make the contract if he guesses the ♥Q correctly, but maybe not.