

Deal 1

North Deals
None Vul

♠ —
♥ K 8 6 3
♦ Q 9 8 5
♣ Q 9 5 4 3

9
7 9
15

♠ A K 9 7 6 3
♥ Q 9 2
♦ 6 2
♣ 10 7



♠ Q J 4 2
♥ A 7 4
♦ K J 7 4
♣ K J

♠ 10 8 5
♥ J 10 5
♦ A 10 3
♣ A 8 6 2

West	North	East	South
	2 ♠	Pass	2 NT
Pass	3 ♥	Pass	3 ♠
Pass	Pass	Pass	
3 ♠ by North			

You dealt this hand. Decide what you would bid, then on BID above.

You open with a Weak 2-Bid, 2 ♠. Partner responds 2 NT. What do you say next?

The 2 NT bid is forcing. You have 11 points so you cannot reply 3 ♠. And your suit is not A K Q x x x so you cannot reply 3 NT. That means you must bid a "feature" and your ♥ Q is the best you have. You bid 3 ♥ and partner says 3 ♠. What do you say?

Pass. When you have already described your hand perfectly, partner becomes the Captain.

Deal 2

North Deals

None Vul

♠ K 9 7 5 4

♥ 5 2

♦ J 8 5

♣ 9 8 3

18
4 6
12

West

4 ♠

Pass

4 ♠×× by East

♠ —

♥ Q 10 8 4 3

♦ A K 10 3

♣ A K Q 4



♠ J 2

♥ A K J 9

♦ Q 7 6 2

♣ J 7 5

North

1 ♥

Dbl

East

2 ♠

Pass

South

3 ♥

Pass

♠ A Q 10 8 6 3

♥ 7 6

♦ 9 4

♣ 10 6 2

Decide what you would bid, then on BID above.

You should jump to 4 ♠, hoping to shut them out of their ♥ slam. As you can see they have at most one ♠ loser. Down 3 doubled for your side is much better than letting them bid and make a slam. Of course we know they should have continued bidding, but opponents sometimes make mistakes.

Deal 3

North Deals

None Vul

♠ 8
♥ K Q 10 4
♦ 10 9 8
♣ K Q 7 6 3

9
10 6
15

♠ 9 6
♥ 8 7 5
♦ A K Q 7 6 2
♣ 5 4



♠ A Q 7 4 2
♥ A 6 3
♦ J 5
♣ A 10 9

♠ K J 10 5 3
♥ J 9 2
♦ 4 3
♣ J 8 2

<i>West</i>	<i>North</i>	<i>East</i>	<i>South</i>
	2 ♦	Pass	2 NT
Pass	3 NT	Pass	Pass
Pass			
3 NT by South			

You dealt this hand. Decide what you would bid, then on BID above.

You open with a Weak 2-Bid, 2 ♦. Partner responds 2 NT. What do you say next?

The 2 NT bid is forcing and your suit is A K Q x x x. This is the standard guideline where you must rebid 3 NT. When you do, partner passes. Nice.

Deal 4

West Deals

None Vul

♠ —

♥ A Q 10 9 8 6 5

♦ Q 9 8 3

♣ J 2

♠ K Q 9 7 6 3

♥ J 2

♦ J 6

♣ 7 5 4



♠ A 8 5 4

♥ 3

♦ A K 5 2

♣ K Q 8 3

♠ J 10 2

♥ K 7 4

♦ 10 7 4

♣ A 10 9 6

9
7 16
8

West

2 ♠

Pass

4 ♠ by West

North

Pass

Pass

East

4 ♠

South

Pass

Decide what you would bid, then on BID above.

You should raise to 4 ♠ because that is what you expect partner to make.

Deal 5

North Deals

None Vul

♠ A 10 9 6 4 3	♠ 7 5	♠ 8
♥ 9	♥ K J 10 8 6 4	♥ A 3
♦ K 9 3	♦ 8 4	♦ Q J 10 7 6 2
♣ J 5 4	♣ A 9 7	♣ Q 10 6 2
	♠ K Q J 2	
	♥ Q 7 5 2	
	♦ A 5	
	♣ K 8 3	

West	North	East	South
	2 ♥	Pass	2 NT
Pass	3 ♣	Pass	4 ♥
Pass	Pass	Pass	
4 ♥ by North			

You dealt this hand. Decide what you would bid, then on BID above.

You open with a Weak 2-Bid, 2 ♥. Partner responds 2 NT. What do you say next?

The 2 NT bid is forcing and you have better than a minimum. You show your "feature" by bidding 3 ♣. Partner now bids the game.

Deal 6

East Deals

None Vul

♠ K J 5 4
 ♥ J 5 2
 ♦ A Q 10 3
 ♣ A 8

8
 15 6
 11

West

2 NT

Pass

3 ♥ by East

♠ Q 7 2
 ♥ 9 8 4
 ♦ K 8 6 2
 ♣ K 6 3



♠ A 10 8 3
 ♥ A
 ♦ J 9
 ♣ Q 10 9 5 4 2

North

Pass

Pass

East

2 ♥

3 ♥

South

Pass

Pass

Decide what you would bid, then on BID above.

One of the characteristics of Weak 2-Bids is that Responder often is unsure how high to go. That's why the 2 NT bid is such a great tool. In this case you bid 2 NT and partner says 3 ♥. What do you say?

Well, you weren't sure whether to take partner to game or not, so when he says he has a minimum hand you have to pass.