

### Deal 1

North Deals  
None Vul

♠ J T 9 5  
♥ 7 5 2  
♦ 8 6 4  
♣ Q T 5

15  
3 11  
11

West

All Pass

3NT by South

♠ 8 6 4  
♥ A K 3  
♦ K J T 2  
♣ A 8 7



♠ K Q 3  
♥ 9 6 4  
♦ A Q 7 3  
♣ 6 4 2

North  
1NT

East  
Pass

South  
3NT

### Baker Finesse 1

North is to play 3NT. East leads the ♥Q.

Winners: ♠=0 ♥=2 ♦=4 ♣=1 Total = 7

Needing two more winners you will have to make both the ♠K and ♠Q. This will only be possible if East holds the ♠A. Win the first trick (if you don't East might switch to ♣s) and play a small ♠ toward dummy's ♠Q. It holds the trick.

You should take your four ♦ winners now, being sure to end up in your hand. Then play another small ♠ toward dummy's ♠K. This also wins.

You have now won 7 tricks so don't mess around now. Take your two Aces and let them have the last four tricks.

A Simple Finesse has only a 50% success rate. That's why we only take finesses as a last resort.

### Deal 2

North Deals  
None Vul

♠ T 4 3  
♥ 9 8 2  
♦ K J 6 3  
♣ J 9 7

18  
5 11  
6

♠ 9 8 6  
♥ A K Q J 4  
♦ A 7 4  
♣ A 2



♠ A Q 7  
♥ T 6  
♦ 9 8 5 2  
♣ 8 6 4 3

♠ K J 5 2  
♥ 7 5 3  
♦ Q T  
♣ K Q T 5

West	North	East	South
	1 ♥	Pass	1NT
Pass	3NT	All Pass	

3NT by North

time. The other half they lose.

### Baker Finesse 2

South is to play 3NT. West leads the ♦ 3.

Winners: ♠=1 ♥=5 ♦=1 ♣=1 Total = 8

You need just one more winner. Since West probably has 4 ♦s you will not be able to establish a trick in that suit, so your only hope is the ♠Q. You win the first ♦ so they don't get a chance to switch to ♣s, a suit you are worse off in. Then take your 5 ♥ tricks, ending in dummy.

You can't put it off any longer so play a small ♠ from dummy and put the ♠Q on. If it wins you will make your contract, if it loses you won't.

to find out which.

But remember, finesses only work half the

**Deal 3**

South Deals

E-W Vul

♠ Q J 9 4  
♥ 7 5 3  
♦ Q T 9 2  
♣ 9 4

20  
5      8  
7

♠ K 8 2  
♥ A K  
♦ A 8 5 3  
♣ A Q 8 7



♠ 6 5 3  
♥ 8 6 4 2  
♦ K 6  
♣ K J 5 2

♠ A T 7  
♥ Q J T 9  
♦ J 7 4  
♣ T 6 3

West	North	East	South
Pass	2NT	Pass	Pass
Pass	3♦	Pass	3♣
All Pass			3NT

3NT by South

**Baker Finesse 3**

North is to play 3NT. East leads the ♥Q.

Winners: ♠=0 ♥=2 ♦=2 ♣=4 Total = 8

Needing one more winner you should see right away that it cannot come from ♥s, ♦s, or ♣s. That means you must hope that West has the ♠A. Win the first ♥, then play your 4 ♣ winners ending in dummy.

The moment of truth. You lead a small ♠ from dummy. West plays low and you play the ♠K.

Unfortunately East takes your ♠K with the ♠A. He then plays another ♥ and you at least make 8 tricks but have no hope for a ninth one so you go down 1.

to see the bad news.

Welcome to the real world.

**Deal 4**

South Deals

None Vul

♠ K Q 9 3  
 ♥ T  
 ♦ K T 6 5  
 ♣ T 7 3 2

6  
 8 10  
 16

♠ 8 6 2  
 ♥ 8 4 3 2  
 ♦ A Q 7 4  
 ♣ 9 5

	N	
W		E
	S	

♠ A 7 4  
 ♥ K Q J 9 7 5  
 ♦ 8  
 ♣ K Q J

♠ J T 5  
 ♥ A 6  
 ♦ J 9 3 2  
 ♣ A 8 6 4

West	North	East	South
Pass	2♥	Pass	1♥
All Pass			4♥

4♥ by South

trumps and establishing the ♣s.

The risk was worthwhile though since it gave you your only chance of making the contract.

**Baker Finesse 4**

South is to play 4♥. West leads the ♠K.

Losers: ♠=2 ♥=1 ♦=0 ♣=1 Total = 4

West found the best opening lead for his side, exposing your ♠ losers before you could establish the ♣ suit for a discard. If you start to pull trumps right away the defense will grab the ♥A, then take their two ♠ tricks and you will still have the ♣A that you cannot avoid.

Other than the ♦A the only useful card in dummy is the ♦Q so you must try to make a winner out of that for a discard. So win the ♠A, lead your singleton ♦ and finesse the ♦Q. Your luck has returned, the ♦Q wins and you discard one of your ♠ losers on the ♦A.

At this point you have not lost any tricks, and you can see that you have only 3 losers remaining in your hand. So you start pulling

### Deal 5

South Deals  
N-S Vul

♠ 6 4  
♥ J T 5 4  
♦ 9 4 3  
♣ K 7 5 2

12  
4 5  
19

♠ K 9 5  
♥ A Q 2  
♦ Q J T 8 7  
♣ 8 3



♠ A Q J 2  
♥ 9 7 6  
♦ A K 5  
♣ A J T

♠ T 8 7 3  
♥ K 8 3  
♦ 6 2  
♣ Q 9 6 4

West	North	East	South
Pass	2NT	Pass	1 ♣
All Pass			6NT

6NT by South

### Baker Finesse 5

North is to play 6NT. East leads the ♠ 3.

Winners: ♠=4 ♥=1 ♦=5 ♣=1 Total = 11

You need one more winner from the ♥ or ♣ suit. The straight finesse of the ♥K offers a 50% chance of success. The double finesse of the ♣ K Q offers a 75% chance of success. It's a no-brainer. Run 4 ♠s and 5 ♦s ending in your hand. Be very careful not to discard a ♣ from your hand.

Lead a small ♣ and play the ♣T if East plays low. Let's say West wins the ♣K and returns a ♥.

DO NOT FINESSE THE ♥. Stick with your original 75% plan. Take the ♥A and play your small ♣, finessing the ♣J. This is why you couldn't discard a ♣ earlier.

The double ♣ finesse is much better because its success depends on East holding either of two cards, the ♣Q OR the ♣K.

# Deal 6

South Deals

None Vul

♠ 6 5  
♥ T 8 3  
♦ K Q J T 7  
♣ 8 4 2

5  
6 9  
20

♠ 4 3  
♥ 7 5 2  
♦ A 6 5 3  
♣ J T 9 5

N  
W E  
S

♠ A Q J T 9 8  
♥ A Q J  
♦ 8 4  
♣ A Q

♠ K 7 2  
♥ K 9 6 4  
♦ 9 2  
♣ K 7 6 3

West	North	East	South
			2 ♣
Pass	2 ♦	Pass	2 ♠
Pass	2NT	Pass	4 ♠
All Pass			

4 ♠ by South

the ♣K successfully you will eliminate your ♣ loser.

But as you can see, only the ♣ finesse will actually save you a trick.

## Baker Finesse 6

South is to play 4 ♠. West leads the ♦ K.

Losers: ♠=1 ♥=1 ♦=1 ♣=1 Total= 4

West has made another great lead. Any other suit would have given you a free finesse. You should duck the first ♦. It is very possible that West has led from ♦ K Q T and will be afraid to continue for fear you have the ♦ J in your hand. You'd be very happy to see him switch to any other suit. But he doesn't, he continues with the ♦ Q which you take with dummy's ♦ A.

You are in dummy for the first, last, and only time. You need to try a finesse right now, but which one? At first you might think it makes no difference but, in fact, there is only one reasonable choice. If you finesse the ♠ K successfully you may still have a ♠ loser. If you finesse the ♥ K successfully you will surely still have a ♥ loser. But if you finesse

**Deal 7**

North Deals

Both Vul

♠ -  
♥ T 8 7 3  
♦ K J 9 4  
♣ K 8 6 5 2

14  
7 8  
11

♠ K Q J 9 6 5 4

♥ A 4

♦ A 5 2

♣ 7



♠ A 8 7 3

♥ 9 6

♦ 7 6 3

♣ A Q J T

♠ T 2  
♥ K Q J 5 2  
♦ Q T 8  
♣ 9 4 3

West

Pass

Pass

North

1 ♠

4NT

6 ♠

East

Pass

Pass

All Pass

South

3 ♠

5 ♥

6 ♠ by North

you discard your ♥ loser. East may be able to win the trick but you can ruff a ♥ return, and dummy will have two good ♣s on which you can discard 2 ♦ losers.

But they are easy to overlook, mainly because we don't use them often.

**Baker Finesse 7**

North is to play 6 ♠. East leads the ♥K.

Losers: ♠=0 ♥=1 ♦=2 ♣=0 Total = 3

Your only hope for ridding yourself of two of those losers is dummy's ♣ suit. One possibility would be to finesse East for the ♣K, and if that works, discard your ♥ loser on the ♣A. You could then establish another ♣ winner for one of the ♦ losers. The problem with that plan is that if the finesse fails the defense will immediately take the setting ♥ trick.

A better plan is a ruffing finesse. Win the first trick with your ♥A and pull trumps with your ♠ K Q.

Next play your ♣7 to dummy's ♣A. Then lead the ♣Q from dummy. If West plays the ♣K you will ruff, enter dummy, and discard two red losers on the ♣ J T. If West plays low instead,

**Deal 8**

West Deals  
None Vul

♠ K J 3  
♥ Q 7 3  
♦ K Q J 9 5  
♣ 8 4

11  
12 0  
17

♠ 9 4 2  
♥ A T 5  
♦ 7 6 3  
♣ A K 6 5

N  
W E  
S

♠ A Q 5  
♥ K J 9  
♦ A T 4  
♣ Q J 9 2

♠ T 8 7 6  
♥ 8 6 4 2  
♦ 8 2  
♣ T 7 3

West	North	East	South
1♦	Pass	Pass	1NT
Pass	3NT	All Pass	

3NT by North

other 2 ♥ tricks. The ♠ A is your ninth trick.

Sometimes that may be right. But there are other times when information from the bidding or the opening lead allows you to make a higher-percentage guess.

**Baker Finesse 8**

South is to play 3NT. West leads the ♦ K.

Winners: ♠=1 ♥=2 ♦=1 ♣=4 Total = 8

You only need one more winner. If East has the ♠ K you can finesse him out of it. Or, you have a two-way finesse for the ♥ Q.

It is an easy choice. The defenders only have 12 HCP and West opened the bidding. So you know he must have both of the cards you are interested in.

Hold up the ♦ A until the third round just to be safe. Then play four rounds of ♣s ending in your hand.

Now play the ♥ J. If West doesn't cover, you will let it ride for your ninth trick. But West does cover so you take dummy's ♥ A, then your



# Deal 9

South Deals  
E-W Vul

♠ T 9 8  
♥ A Q 3  
♦ T 9 6 3 2  
♣ 9 7

12  
6 8  
14

♠ Q 6 5 3  
♥ 7 4 2  
♦ A K  
♣ Q J 5 4



♠ A J 7 4  
♥ T 9 6  
♦ Q 5  
♣ A K 8 2

♠ K 2  
♥ K J 8 5  
♦ J 8 7 4  
♣ T 6 3

West	North	East	South
			1 ♣
Pass	1 ♠	Pass	2 ♠
Pass	4 ♠	All Pass	

4 ♠ by North

lost a trick to the ♠T later.

The only hope is to try to drop the ♠K without wasting an extra honor.

## Baker Finesse 9

North is to play 4♠. East leads the ♥5. The defense wins 3 ♥ tricks, then switches to a ♦.

Losers: ♠ = ? ♥ = 3 ♦ = 0 ♣ = 0 Total = 3 ?

You have already lost the 3 ♥ tricks so you must pick up the trump suit without loss. The odds aren't in your favor, but you have no choice but to play East for the doubleton King.

Lead a small ♠ from your hand and when East plays low put on the ♠J. When this holds the trick plunk down the ♠A and hope.

for the complete Deal to see if the ♠K dropped or not.

Look what would have occurred if you had started with the ♠Q. East would have covered with the ♠K (if he had it) and you would have

# Deal 10

East Deals  
None Vul

♠ Q J 9 7  
♥ T 5 3  
♦ A K T 6  
♣ Q 6

6  
12 6  
16

♠ 8 6 2  
♥ A Q  
♦ 9 7 5 4  
♣ 8 5 3 2

N  
W E  
S

♠ A  
♥ K J 9 8 7 4 2  
♦ Q J  
♣ A J T

♠ K T 5 4 3  
♥ 6  
♦ 8 3 2  
♣ K 9 7 4

West	North	East	South
Pass	1NT	Pass	1♥
All Pass		Pass	4♥

4♥ by South

leftover trumps and your hand is good.

It was probably a better example of watching your entries. If you had pulled another trump before taking that first ♣ finesse you would not have been able to take the second one.

## Baker Finesse 10

South is to play 4♥. West leads the ♦ A. The defenders take two ♦ tricks, then switch to a trump.

Losers: ♠=0 ♥=0 ♦=2 ♣=2 Total=4

The status is pretty clear, you've already lost the 2 ♦s so you have to keep your ♣ losers to just one. You have a good chance of pulling that off by playing for the ♣K and ♣Q to lie in different hands and taking two finesses.

But you will only be in dummy once more so you MUST make the first finesse right now. Play a small ♣ from dummy and play the ♣T. West wins with the ♣Q and plays another trump.

In dummy for the last time you must now take your second ♣ finesse. You play a small ♣ to your ♣J. When the ♣J wins you pull any

# Deal 11

West Deals  
None Vul

♠ J T 9 2  
♥ T 9 8  
♦ 4  
♣ A J 9 5 3

18  
6 10  
6

♠ A Q 5  
♥ A K 7 5  
♦ K Q 9 8 6 3  
♣ -



♠ 7 4 3  
♥ J 6  
♦ A J T 7 2  
♣ 8 7 6

♠ K 8 6  
♥ Q 4 3 2  
♦ 5  
♣ K Q T 4 2

West	North	East	South
Pass	1 ♦	Pass	2 ♦
Pass	3 ♥	Pass	5 ♦
Pass	6 ♦	All Pass	

6 ♦ by North

Baker Finesse 11  
North is to play 6 ♦. East leads the ♣K.

Losers: ♠=2 ♥=2 ♦=0 ♣=0 Total = 4

You don't really have 2 ♥ losers since both of them can be ruffed in dummy. The 2 ♠ losers are real, though, and must be dealt with. If West holds the ♠K then a simple finesse will win the contract for you. A 50% chance. But there is more to this Deal than a simple finesse, look at it carefully.

In addition to the trumps, dummy has another useful card, the ♥J. You can give yourself a second chance by playing East to hold the ♥Q.

Ruff the opening ♣ lead, pull trumps with the ♦K, (they split 1-1), and play a low ♥ toward the ♥J. East fidgets, then puts on the ♥Q and plays another ♣ which you ruff.

You are in control now. You play a ♥ to dummy's ♥J, then a ♠ back to your ♠A. Discard dummy's 2 ♠ losers on the ♥ A K and claim your slam.

to see that this was the only way it would make this time.

Then you would have to rely on the ♠ finesse after all. You'd be no worse off because you could still discard one of dummy's ♠s on a big ♥.

This method of play gave you two chances instead of just one.

# Deal 12

South Deals

None Vul

♠ T 9 8 2

♥ Q 6 3

♦ 9 5 3

♣ 8 4 3

16

2 2

20

♠ K J 7

♥ K 7

♦ A J T 8

♣ K J 9 6



♠ A Q 5 3

♥ A J 8

♦ K Q

♣ A T 7 2

♠ 6 4

♥ T 9 5 4 2

♦ 7 6 4 2

♣ Q 5

## Baker Finesse 12

South is to play 7NT. West leads the ♠T.

Winners: ♠=4 ♥=2 ♦=4 ♣=2 Total = 12

A. Conan Doyle would have called this "The Tale of Two Queens". You need to find one more trick and to do so you are going to have to find either the ♥Q or the ♣Q. You can finesse East for the ♥Q, and you can finesse either defender for the ♣Q.

So which will you choose?

West

North

East

South

Pass

4♣

Pass

4NT

Pass

7NT

All Pass

Neither, yet. First take your 8 winners in ♠s and ♦s, hoping somebody discards something to help you. They don't.

Now play the ♣A, then ♣K, hoping the ♣Q falls. If she does you have your thirteenth trick in ♣s. If she doesn't you take the ♥K then finesse East for the ♥Q. Two chances.

7NT by North

to see what happened.

It always pays to look for a second chance. Here you try to drop the ♣Q, and if it doesn't work you have the finesse for the ♥Q in reserve.

Why not try to drop the ♥Q and keep the finesse for the ♣Q in reserve? Because you and dummy had 8 ♣s between you and only 6 ♥s. So the ♣Q was far more likely to be doubleton than the ♥Q.

### Deal 13

North Deals

Both Vul

♠ K 9 6 2  
♥ J 9 5  
♦ Q J 6 2  
♣ T 7

15  
7 7  
11

♠ 8 7 3  
♥ A K 2  
♦ K 8 3  
♣ A J 5 2

N  
W E  
S

♠ Q T 5  
♥ 8 6 4  
♦ A 7 5  
♣ K Q 8 6

♠ A J 4  
♥ Q T 7 3  
♦ T 9 4  
♣ 9 4 3

West	North	East	South
	1NT	Pass	3NT
All Pass			

3NT by South

and play another ♠, going up with the ♠Q if East plays low. If the ♠Q wins, take your 9 tricks and run.

Whenever the ♠A and ♠K are in different hands, the only thing that matters is the location of the ♠J.

So it is basically a 50% chance.

### Baker Finesse 13

North is to play 3NT. East leads the ♥3.

Winners: ♠=0 ♥=2 ♦=2 ♣=4 Total = 8

First things first. Win the first ♥, do not hold up. East's ♥3 indicates he has led a 4-card suit so a hold-up wouldn't help you. And if you did hold up they might pocket their ♥ trick and switch to ♦s, a suit you are no better off in.

You need to get one more winner and it will have to be a ♠ winner. You could lead toward the ♠Q, winning a trick if East holds BOTH the ♠A and ♠K. Or you could finesse the ♠T, gaining a trick if East holds the ♠J. Obviously the second choice is more likely.

Having won the first ♥ trick in your hand, play a small ♠ and finesse the ♠T. Suppose West wins the ♠K and returns a ♥. Take your ♥A

# Deal 14

South Deals  
None Vul

♠ 7  
♥ Q T 8 3  
♦ K J 9 2  
♣ 9 8 4 2

6  
6 8  
20

♠ Q 9 6 2  
♥ A 6 5  
♦ 8 6 4  
♣ 6 5 3



♠ A J T 8  
♥ K 4  
♦ Q 5 3  
♣ A K Q J

♠ K 5 4 3  
♥ J 9 7 2  
♦ A T 7  
♣ T 7

West	North	East	South
Pass	3♣	Pass	2NT
Pass	4♠	All Pass	3♠

4 ♠ by North

♠K again, then play your ♠A and the rest of your winners.

True, the chances of East holding 4 ♠s to the King are pretty small, but it costs you nothing to protect yourself against that holding.

And the rewards are great.

## Baker Finesse 14

South is to play 4♠. West leads the ♦2. The defenders win 3 ♦ tricks, then play a ♣.

Losers: ♠ = 0 or 1 ♥ = 0 ♦ = 3 ♣ = 0  
Total = 3 or 4

Since you have already lost 3 ♦ tricks you cannot also lose a ♠ trick. That means East will have to have the ♠K and it also means that you will have to be careful with your finessing.

In your hand with a ♣ you play over to dummy's ♥A. Now lead the ♠Q from dummy and when East plays low play the ♠J (or T) from your hand.

The ♠Q held the trick so you are still in dummy. Play the ♠9, and when East doesn't cover, play your ♠8 under it. West shows out on this trick and you are glad you played so carefully. Play one more ♠, finessing East's

### Deal 15

North Deals  
N-S Vul

♠ 9 6 5 2  
♥ A 9 6 2  
♦ T 8 3  
♣ K 3

18  
7 5  
10

♠ A K 3  
♥ K 4  
♦ A K 6 5  
♣ J 7 6 2



♠ Q T 7  
♥ T 5  
♦ Q 7 2  
♣ A Q T 8 5

♠ J 8 4  
♥ Q J 8 7 3  
♦ J 9 4  
♣ 9 4

West	North	East	South
	1 ♦	Pass	2 ♣
Pass	3NT	All Pass	

### Baker Finesse 15

North is to play 3NT. East leads the ♥7. West takes the ♥A and returns the ♥2.

Winners: ♠=3 ♥=1 ♦=3 ♣=1 Total = 8

You need one more winner and ♣s is your best suit. If the ♣K is in East's hand you can finesse it for 12 tricks. But if the ♣K is in West's hand you will lose that trick and at least 4 ♥s.

Before you put all your eggs in the ♣ finesse basket there is one thing you should do first.

You should test the ♦ suit by playing ♦Q, ♦K, ♦A. Both defenders follow three times and your ♦6 has become a winner, which you cash.

3NT by North

Now you have a problem. You have won 5 tricks so far and you have 4 more winners ready to take. So you can take your 9 tricks and run, or you can finesse the ♣ trying for 3 overtricks. It's your decision, but to see how your decision would have turned out.

But at Match Point Pairs the reward would be much greater, a probable very high board. Of course with this layout it might have gotten you a bottom board.

# Deal 16

South Deals

None Vul

♠ T 8 5 2  
♥ Q J 9 4 3  
♦ Q 4  
♣ J 9

8  
6 7  
19

♠ A 6 3  
♥ 7 5 2  
♦ A 7 5 3  
♣ T 5 4



♠ Q J 7 4  
♥ A K  
♦ T 8 6 2  
♣ A K Q

♠ K 9  
♥ T 8 6  
♦ K J 9  
♣ 8 7 6 3 2

West	North	East	South
Pass	2♦	Pass	1♦
All Pass			3NT

3NT by South

your ♠ Q J. Here East puts the ♠ K on and you are home-free.

If it had not dropped you would just have played a third round of ♠ s, hoping for a 3-3 split in the suit.

again.

## Baker Finesse 16

South is to play 3NT. West leads the ♥ Q.

Winners: ♠=1 ♥=2 ♦=1 ♣=3 Total = 7

You need two more winners and ♦ s is your longest combined suit. But you can only establish one extra winner in ♦ s, and before you could even do that the defenders would have taken a bunch of ♥ tricks.

So you must turn to the ♠ s for the extra two winners.

You win the first ♥ and lead . . . which ♠ ? If you play the ♠ Q you will go down, even if West has the ♠ K. He would cover and you would be held to just 2 ♠ tricks.

The only way to get 3 tricks from this holding is to play East for the ♠ K. So play a ♠ to dummy's ♠ A and then a small ♠ back toward



# Deal 17

South Deals  
None Vul

♠ K J 8 4  
♥ T 9 4 2  
♦ Q J T 5  
♣ 5

13  
7 7  
13

♠ Q 3  
♥ K Q 5  
♦ K 9 4 2  
♣ Q J 7 4



♠ A 7 5  
♥ A J 3  
♦ A 8 6  
♣ T 9 6 3

♠ T 9 6 2  
♥ 8 7 6  
♦ 7 3  
♣ A K 8 2

West	North	East	South
			1 ♣
Pass	2NT	Pass	3NT
All Pass			

3NT by South

## Baker Finesse 17

North is to play 3NT. East leads the ♣A, then ♣K, ♣2. West follows once, then discards a ♠ and a ♥.

West follows once, then discards a ♠ and a ♥.

Winners: ♠=1 ♥=3 ♦=2 ♣=2 Total = 8

There are two possibilities for getting an extra winner. If the ♦s are splitting 3-3 you could play ♦A, ♦K and another ♦ and establish the thirteenth ♦ as a winner. Or you could play West for the ♠K and lead toward your ♠Q.

The chance of West holding the ♠K is a little greater than 50%. (it is higher than the usual 50% because we know he started with only one ♣, giving him more spaces for other cards).

The chance of ♦s splitting 3-3 is about 40%.

So you should enter dummy with a ♥ and play a small ♠ toward your ♠Q.

Did it work? to see.

The problem is that you might run into this very distribution. You would establish a ♦ for West and when you played a ♠ from dummy West would jump up with the ♠K and cash his winning ♦ for down 1.

### Deal 18

West Deals  
None Vul

♠ K J 3  
♥ Q 7 3  
♦ K Q J 9 5  
♣ 8 4

11  
12 0  
17

♠ 9 4 2  
♥ A 8 5  
♦ 7 6 3  
♣ A K 6 5

N  
W E  
S

♠ A Q 5  
♥ K J 9  
♦ A T 4  
♣ Q J 9 2

♠ T 8 7 6  
♥ T 6 4 2  
♦ 8 2  
♣ T 7 3

West	North	East	South
1♦	Pass	Pass	1NT
Pass	3NT	All Pass	

### Baker Finesse 18

South is to play 3NT. West leads the ♦K.

Winners: ♠=1 ♥=2 ♦=1 ♣=4 Total = 8

You only need one more winner. If East has the ♠K or the ♥Q a simple finesse will give you the trick.

There are two problems though. The first one is that if West gets in he may take too many ♦ tricks. But the bigger problem is that East cannot possibly have either of those two high cards. You and dummy together hold 28 HCP and West must surely hold the other 12 since he opened the bidding. Neither simple finesse will work so you must try what is called a Backward Finesse.

Hold up the ♦A until the third round to confirm that East has only 2. He does. Then

3NT by North

play four rounds of ♣s ending in your hand.

Now play the ♥J. If West doesn't cover, you will let it ride for your ninth trick. But West does cover so you must take dummy's ♥A. Next play a small ♥ from dummy and finesse the ♥9, hoping East has the ♥T. This is the Backward Finesse.

for the complete Deal to see if it worked.

Like this time.

By the way. Those of you with great short-term memories might think they have seen this hand before. Well, you ALMOST have. Deal 8 has an almost identical layout but a much simpler theme. Check it out.

**Deal 19**

West Deals

E-W Vul

♠ Q 8  
 ♥ Q J 9 4 2  
 ♦ 9 5  
 ♣ J 9 7 2

17  
 6      6  
 11

♠ A 7 6  
 ♥ K 7 5  
 ♦ K J 6 3  
 ♣ A Q 3

	N	
W		E
	S	

♠ T 4 2  
 ♥ A 8 3  
 ♦ A T 7 2  
 ♣ K 6 4

♠ K J 9 5 3  
 ♥ T 6  
 ♦ Q 8 4  
 ♣ T 8 5

West	North	East	South
Pass	1NT	Pass	3NT
All Pass			

3NT by South

**Baker Finesse 19**

North is to play 3NT. East leads the ♠5, West plays the ♠Q.

Winners: ♠=1 ♥=2 ♦=2 ♣=3 Total = 8

Before worrying about where that one winner is going to come from you need to decide what to do with the opening lead. A good guideline is to hold up unless you fear a switch. Here, with all other suits well protected you would welcome a switch, so you let West win the ♠Q. West then plays the ♠8. Do you hold up again?

It probably doesn't matter, but since you cannot possibly win more than T tricks you might just as well hold up again. East wins the ♠J then plays the ♠3. West discards a ♥ on the third ♠.

OK, now it is time to figure out where that extra trick is coming from. Not much figuring is needed, it must come from the ♦ suit. Since you are missing 5 cards including the Queen, the odds favor a finesse over playing for the drop. And, since you have the option of finessing either defender are you going to finesse into the one who can set you or into the safe one?

Silly question. Of course you play the ♦K from your hand, then a small ♦ finessing dummy's ♦T, which wins the trick - and the game - and the overtrick.

But in a situation like this you don't play odds. By finessing East you guaranteed making the contract even if the finesse lost because West had no more ♠s. Even a losing ♦ finesse would have established the one trick you needed.

# Deal 20

North Deals  
None Vul

♠ 6  
♥ Q J T 3  
♦ 9 7 4 2  
♣ K 8 7 2

23  
6 3  
8

♠ A Q J 9  
♥ 6 5  
♦ A K Q  
♣ A Q J 5

N  
W E  
S

♠ K 7 5 3  
♥ A 8  
♦ J T 6  
♣ T 9 4 3

♠ T 8 4 2  
♥ K 9 7 4 2  
♦ 8 5 3  
♣ 6

West	North	East	South
	2♣	Pass	2NT
Pass	3♣	Pass	3♠
Pass	4NT	Pass	5♦
Pass	6♠	All Pass	

6 ♠ by North

## Baker Finesse 20

South is to play 6♠ after North's Stayman bid.  
West leads the ♥Q.

Losers: ♠=0 ♥=1 ♦=0 ♣=1 Total = 2

This looks like a very simple plan. Since the hands have mirrored distribution there will be no discards anywhere. That means the ♣K MUST be in West's hand or you will go down. But is that all there is to it?

If West has ♣K x or ♣K x x then yes, that's all there is to it. But if he has ♣K x x x then you won't have enough entries to your hand unless you take the first ♣ finesse BEFORE you start on trumps.

So win the ♥A and immediately play a ♣ to dummy's ♣J, which holds the trick. Then pull trumps, (it takes 4 rounds), ending in your hand.

Next play your ♣T, putting on the ♣5 from dummy when West plays low again. This lets you stay in your hand to play another ♣ to the ♣Q, picking up all four ♣ tricks and the slam.

But also you had to play to one of dummy's honors first so you could retain that ♣5 for letting you stay in your hand to make the third finesse. Bridge is great.