

Board 1

North Deals

None Vul

♠ T 5 3 2

♥ 4 2

♦ A 9 5 2

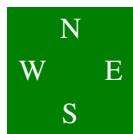
♣ K 4 2

♠ 4

♥ A J 8 6 3

♦ Q J T 7

♣ A J 9



♠ A 9 8

♥ T 9 7 5

♦ 8 3

♣ Q T 7 5

♠ K Q J 7 6

♥ K Q

♦ K 6 4

♣ 8 6 3

West

North

East

South

1 ♥

Pass

1 ♠

Pass 2 ♦

Pass

3 ♣

Pass 3NT

All Pass

3 NT by North

Baker FSF 7

You have 15 points and you respond 1 ♠. Partner rebids 2 ♦. What do you say next?

You would love to play 4 ♠ if partner has 3 ♠s. Or, you would love partner to play 3NT if he has ♣s stopped.

So you say 3 ♣ (FSF) to find out if either possibility exists. Partner does have ♣s stopped and bids 3NT.

Board 2

West Deals

N-S Vul

♠ 6

♥ Q J 8 2

♦ A K T 9

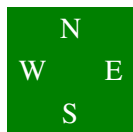
♣ A 9 8 5

♠ Q J 3 2

♥ 9 6 5 3

♦ 7 4 2

♣ Q 2



♠ K T 8 5 4

♥ A K T 7

♦ 8 5

♣ K 4

♠ A 9 7

♥ 4

♦ Q J 6 3

♣ J T 7 6 3

West

1 ♦

2 ♣

4 ♥

North

Pass

Pass

All Pass

East

1 ♠

3 ♥

South

Pass

Pass

4 ♥ by West

Baker FSF 8

You are the dealer.

With both 4-card minors you open 1 ♦. Partner responds 1 ♠. What do you bid next?

You cannot bid 2 ♥ since you are not strong enough to reverse, so you bid 2 ♣.

Partner jumps to 3 ♥. What do you bid?

Since partner jumped this is NOT FSF. Partner has a ♥ suit and a pretty good hand to go with it. You also have a ♥ suit so you bid 4 ♥.

Board 3

South Deals

E-W Vul

♠ 9 8 7 2

♥ T

♦ 9 5

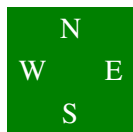
♣ A K Q 8 3 2

♠ K Q J 5

♥ 8 6 4

♦ A K 7

♣ 9 7 5



♠ T 6 4

♥ K 9 5 3

♦ J 6 4 2

♣ J T

♠ A 3

♥ A Q J 7 2

♦ Q T 8 3

♣ 6 4

West

North

East

South

Pass

1 ♠

Pass

1 ♥

Pass

4 ♥

All Pass

2 ♦

4 ♥ by North

Baker FSF 9

You have a totally square 13 points. Still, you don't want to ignore a 4-card ♠ suit so you respond 1 ♠. Partner rebids 2 ♦. What do you say next?

You COULD bid 3 ♣, FSF, to find out if partner has a ♣ stopper but that would be pointless. You already know of an 8-card ♥ fit so you say 4 ♥.

Board 4

East Deals

Both Vul

♠ K Q J 6 2

♥ 9 6 3

♦ A 6

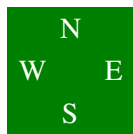
♣ K 5 4

♠ T 9 8 5

♥ A Q T 8 7 4

♦ 9 7

♣ 7



♠ 7 4 3

♥ K 2

♦ K J T 8

♣ A Q 9 6

♠ A

♥ J 5

♦ Q 5 4 3 2

♣ J T 8 3 2

West

North

East

South

1 ♠

Pass

1 ♦

Pass

2 ♥

Pass

2 ♣

Pass

4 ♠

Pass

2 ♠

Pass

4 ♠ by West

Baker FSF 10

You are the dealer.

With both 4-card minors you open 1 ♦. Partner responds 1 ♠.

You cannot support ♠s with only 3 of them. Instead you bid 2 ♣. Partner says 2 ♥.

This is FSF, asking you to further describe your hand, and you have a problem. You do have a ♥ stopper so you COULD bid 2NT. You also have 3 ♠s so you COULD bid 2 ♠. Either way might turn out best, but that ♥K looks pretty lonesome so you choose 2 ♠ and partner raises to 4 ♠.

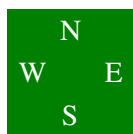
Board 5

North Deals

None Vul

♠ 4 2
 ♥ A K J
 ♦ 8 7 4 3
 ♣ 9 7 5 4

♠ K J 3
 ♥ Q T 9 7 5
 ♦ A Q 9 6
 ♣ 6



♠ A Q T 8 6
 ♥ 8 4 2
 ♦ J 5 2
 ♣ T 2

♠ 9 7 5
 ♥ 6 3
 ♦ K T
 ♣ A K Q J 8 3

West	North	East	South
	1 ♥	Pass	2 ♣
Pass	2 ♦	Pass	2 ♠
Pass	2NT	Pass	3NT
All Pass			

3 NT by South

Baker FSF 11

You respond 2 ♣. Partner rebids 2 ♦. What is your next bid?

With 13 HCP and that ♣ suit you could jump to 4 ♣. However, that would sail you right past 3NT which is very likely to turn out your best game. Rather than rebid ♣s, find out whether partner has ♠s stopped by using FSF.

You bid 2 ♠ and partner then says 2NT. Where do you go from here?

It couldn't have worked out better. Notrump played from partner's side. You bid 3NT.

Board 6

West Deals

E-W Vul

♠ A 8 6 3
♥ A J 7 5
♦ 9
♣ K Q 6 4

♠ J T 7

♥ 9 6 4 2

♦ T 7 2

♣ A J 5



♠ K Q 9 5

♥ K 3

♦ A J 8 6 3

♣ 9 3

♠ 4 2

♥ Q T 8

♦ K Q 5 4

♣ T 8 7 2

West	North	East	South
1 ♣	Pass	1 ♦	Pass
1 ♥	Pass	1 ♠	Pass
2 ♠	Pass	4 ♠	Pass

4 ♠ by East

Baker FSF 12
You are the dealer.

There is only one possibility; you open 1 ♣. Partner responds 1 ♦.

You rebid "up-the-line", so you now say 1 ♥. Partner says 1 ♠. What do you bid?

Be careful! This is NOT Fourth Suit Forcing. It is true that you are forced to bid, but the difference is that in this sequence partner has a real ♠ suit. With 4-card support you bid 2 ♠ and partner raises to 4 ♠.