

**Deal 1**

North Deals

None Vul

♠ 8 2  
♥ J T 9  
♦ A J 7 2  
♣ Q T 9 8

16  
8      3  
13

♠ K 6 5 3

♥ A 7 4

♦ Q 8 3

♣ A K 4

	N	
W		E
	S	

♠ J T 9 7  
♥ Q 6 5 2  
♦ T 6 4  
♣ 7 5

♠ A Q 4  
♥ K 8 3  
♦ K 9 5  
♣ J 6 3 2

West	North	East	South
	1NT	Pass	3NT

All Pass

3NT by South

Baker SecondHand 1

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

Partner led the ♠J, won by dummy's ♠Q. The ♦5 is now played from dummy. What do you play?

When you have made your choice

Considering that North opened 1NT, he must have the ♦Q for this play to make sense.

So if you put on your ♦A, North will have TWO ♦ winners established. If instead you play low, then North cannot get a second ♦ trick and will have to look elsewhere for his ninth trick. As you can see, he is not going to be able to find it.

**Deal 2**

South Deals

None Vul

♠ T 4  
♥ J T 5 4  
♦ 9 6 3  
♣ J T 9 3

**19**  
2      5  
**14**

♠ A 6  
♥ K 9 3  
♦ A Q J 7 4  
♣ K Q 7

	N	
W		E
	S	

♠ 9 7 5 3  
♥ Q  
♦ K T 5 2  
♣ 8 6 5 4

♠ K Q J 8 2  
♥ A 8 7 6 2  
♦ 8  
♣ A 2

West	North	East	South
Pass	3♦	Pass	3♥
Pass	3NT	Pass	4♥
Pass	4NT	Pass	5♥
Pass	6♥	Pass	

6♥ by North

Baker SecondHand 2

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

Your lead of the ♣J was won by South with the ♣A. South then played the ♥2 and you must decide whether to split your honors.

When you have made your choice

South's bidding showed at least 5 ♥s, so assuming he holds both the ♥A Q, it would be silly for him to finesse the ♥9 on the first trump play.

As it turns out, when you play low South calls for dummy's ♥K, East's ♥Q falls and you now have 2 trump tricks. If you had played the ♥T you would have tossed away the setting trick.

**Deal 3**

North Deals

E-W Vul

♠ Q 9 8 3 2  
♥ Q 4  
♦ T 9 8  
♣ A 9 3

16  
8      9  
7

♠ A 5  
♥ A T 9 7 5  
♦ A Q J  
♣ J 8 6

N  
W      E  
S

♠ J T 6 4  
♥ K  
♦ 7 6 4 2  
♣ K Q 7 5

♠ K 7  
♥ J 8 6 3 2  
♦ K 5 3  
♣ T 4 2

West      North      East      South  
All Pass      1♥      Pass      4♥

4♥ by South

you glad you didn't cover?

Baker SecondHand 3

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

Partner led the ♣K, and you played the ♣9 to encourage him. He continued with the ♣Q, then a small card to your ♣A. You then exit with the ♦T, taken by dummy's ♦K.

Declarer then calls for the ♥J. Do you cover with your ♥Q or not?

When you have made your choice

South has 5 ♥s and North must have at least 5. The reason you cover an Honor is that you hope to establish a lower card in either your hand or partner's hand. But your partner has one ♥ at the most so there is no hope of establishment.

Now that you have looked at the hands aren't

**Deal 4**

South Deals

None Vul

♠ K J 3

♥ J T 8 5

♦ T 6

♣ 9 7 6 4

7

5

19

♠ A T 5

♥ Q 6 3

♦ 8 7 4 2

♣ J 8 5

N		
W	E	
S		

♠ 8 6

♥ A K 7 2

♦ 9 5 3

♣ Q T 3 2

 ♠ Q 9 7 4 2  
 ♥ 9 4  
 ♦ A K Q J  
 ♣ A K
 

West	North	East	South
Pass	2♠	Pass	1♠
All Pass			4♠

4 ♠ by South

tricks and defeat the contract.

Baker SecondHand 4

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

You lead the ♥J, covered by dummy's ♥Q and won by East's ♥K. East wins the ♥A at the second trick and continues with a small ♥ruffed by South.

South then plays the ♠4 from his hand. Do you play low? or play the ♠J to force dummy's ♠A?

When you have made your choice

If South decides to finesse the ♠T then you will still win the one ♠ trick which you are entitled to win.

However, with South holding the ♠Q it would be very logical for him to go up with the ♠A then lead back toward his ♠Q, playing East for the ♠K. If he plays this way you will get two

**Deal 5**

North Deals

N-S Vul

♠ Q J 6 2
♥ 6 5 3
♦ 9 7 2
♣ 5 4 3

20
3      3
14

♠ A T 8
♥ K Q 4
♦ A K T
♣ A 9 8 2

N
W      E
S

♠ 9 5 3
♥ 9 8 7 2
♦ 8 6 5 3
♣ K 6

♠ K 7 4
♥ A J T
♦ Q J 4
♣ Q J T 7

West	North	East	South
	2NT	Pass	6NT

All Pass

6NT by South

Honor.

Since East will definitely win his King, you need to take one trick yourself, and the best way to do that is to split your Honors to establish one ♠ winner.

North has no defense to this, but if you had played low he would have played the ♠T and made the slam.

Baker SecondHand 5

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

Partner led the ♥9, taken by dummy's ♥T. The ♠4 is then played from dummy. Do you play low? or split your honors?

When you have made your choice

You should always make a point count check as soon as you see dummy. North's 2NT promises 20 or 21 points, South has 14 and you have 3; total = 37 or 38. Therefore East must have either 2 or 3 points. He cannot have two Jacks because you can see all four of them. Likewise he cannot have a Queen because you can see three of them and his ♥ lead (top of nothing) denied that Queen.

It follows that East MUST have a King, and it must be ♣s or ♦s since he has denied any ♥

**Deal 6**

South Deals

None Vul

♠ T 9 8 2  
 ♥ 9 6 3 2  
 ♦ 5 3  
 ♣ K Q 4

11  
 5 8  
 16

♠ K J 5  
 ♥ Q 7 4  
 ♦ T 7 2  
 ♣ A J 9 5

N  
 W E  
 S

♠ 7 6 3  
 ♥ K J T  
 ♦ K J 9 6  
 ♣ T 7 2

♠ A Q 4  
 ♥ A 8 5  
 ♦ A Q 8 4  
 ♣ 8 6 3

West	North	East	South
Pass	3NT	All Pass	1NT

3NT by North

finessing West for the ♣T. This is because ♣ K T or ♣ Q T are twice as likely as ♣ K Q.

If he does play this way East will win the ♣T and your ♣ K Q will get one more trick.

Baker SecondHand 6

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

You lead the ♠T; low cards from North and East, won by South with the ♠A.

South next plays the ♣3 and you must decide whether to split your ♣ K Q.

When you have made your choice

If you split your Honors, playing the ♣Q perhaps, dummy's ♣A will take the trick and South will later play through your ♣K toward dummy's ♣J 9 5. Played in this way he will establish 3 ♣ winners (which he needs for the contract).

If you play low, he MIGHT finesse the ♣J and again establish 3 ♣ winners. But South's correct play would be to put on dummy's ♣9,

**Deal 7**  
South Deals  
Both Vul

♠ T 6 2  
♥ 7 3  
♦ K 7 6 3  
♣ A 9 4 2

11  
7 4  
18

♠ Q 5  
♥ A J 9 8 5 4 2  
♦ -  
♣ K J 7 3

N  
W E  
S

♠ J 8 7 3  
♥ T  
♦ J T 9 8 5 2  
♣ Q 5

♠ A K 9 4  
♥ K Q 6  
♦ A Q 4  
♣ T 8 6

West	North	East	South
Pass	1 ♥	Pass	1 ♣
Pass	6 ♥	All Pass	2NT

6 ♥ by North

Baker SecondHand 7  
You are West. The bidding has been as shown, (wild).

Partner led the ♦J; ♦Q from dummy, ♦K from you and ruffed by North.

North then pulls two rounds of trumps, (East discards on the second one), followed by his ♠Q, dummy's ♠A K and dummy's ♦A. North discards ♣s on the last two cards.

The ♣6 is then played from dummy and you must make a decision - ♣A or ♣2?

When you have made your choice

You have a full count on North's hand. He started with 2 ♠s, 7 ♥s, and no ♦s. His other 4 cards must have been ♣s, and he has discarded 2 of them.

So he has 2 ♣s left in his hand. If one of them is the ♣K and you play your ♣A then you have handed him the contract.

By playing low you give him a guess to make. If he plays the ♣K he will make the contract, but if he plays the ♣J he will go down. He will probably play the ♣J, figuring you wouldn't have the nerve to duck with the ♣A. He'll know better next time he plays against you.

**Deal 8**

South Deals

None Vul

♠ K Q 4  
♥ 7 4  
♦ J 9 7 5 4  
♣ A J 3

12  
11 4  
13

♠ 8 6 2  
♥ A K Q J T  
♦ 8 3  
♣ Q T 6

N
W
E
S

♠ A T 7 3  
♥ 8 6 5 2  
♦ T 6 2  
♣ 8 4

♠ J 9 5  
♥ 9 3  
♦ A K Q  
♣ K 9 7 5 2

West	North	East	South
Pass	1♥	Pass	1NT
Pass	3NT	All Pass	

3NT by North

Baker SecondHand 8

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

You lead the ♦5; ♦3, ♦T and won by South with ♦K. South now leads the ♣9 from his hand and it is your play.

When you have made your choice

First ask yourself "Where are the ♦A and ♦Q?" East doesn't have either one or he would have played it at the first trick. So South has both of them. So with those 3 tricks and the 5 ♥s in dummy South only needs to find one more winner. Assuming he has the ♣K, (or why play the suit), if you play low he will find that one more winner whichever high ♣ he plays.

Next ask yourself "Where is the ♠A?" Clearly East DOES have this card; otherwise South has his 9 tricks.

So the way to beat the contract is to go up with your ♣A, then play ♠K, ♠Q and a third ♠, hoping East holds ♠ A x x x.

**Deal 9**

North Deals

E-W Vul

♠ J 9 7 4 3  
♥ 5 2  
♦ A 8 5  
♣ 9 7 4

17  
5 6  
12

♠ Q T 6

♥ K J 8

♦ K Q J 3

♣ A J 2

N		
W		E
S		

♠ 8 5 2  
♥ A Q 6 4 3  
♦ 7 4  
♣ T 6 3

♠ A K  
♥ T 9 7  
♦ T 9 6 2  
♣ K Q 8 5

West	North	East	South
	1NT	Pass	3NT

All Pass

3NT by South

to go with the ♥ he had already won.

Baker Second Hand 9

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

Partner led the ♥4, won by North's ♥8.

North enters dummy with the ♠K and leads the ♦T. What do you play?

When you have made your choice

You don't have much in your hand, but you do have the ♦A, and you also have the responsibility to help East set up his suit.

So even though you don't know for sure how good that suit is, your plan of action should be to take the ♦A and return a ♥.

As you see, this will defeat the contract. Had you played a low ♦ North would have pocketed that trick and added 4 ♣s and 3 ♠s

**Deal 10**

North Deals

None Vul

♠ K T 8 7 4  
 ♥ J 8 7 2  
 ♦ T 2  
 ♣ K J

12  
 8 7  
 13

♠ 9 5 3

♥ A Q

♦ A 6

♣ Q T 9 8 5 2

	N	
W		E
	S	

♠ 6 2

♥ T 9 4

♦ Q J 8 7 4

♣ A 7 4

West	North	East	South
	1♣	Pass	1♦
Pass	2♣	Pass	3NT
All Pass			

3NT by South

Baker SecondHand 10

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

You lead the ♠7; ♠3, ♠2 and won by South with ♠Q.

South then plays the ♣6 from his hand. Which ♣ should you play?

When you have made your choice

You should not allow yourself to be misled by South winning the first trick with the ♠Q. East does not hold either the ♠A or the ♠J or he would have played it. South is just trying to be deceptive.

That means you need the next ♠ play to come from East, so you play your ♣J and let East win his ♣A. You can be sure East has the ♣A because South would have played the suit differently if he held the Ace.

East will win the ♣A and return his ♠ through South's ♠ A Q. This allows you to set up your ♠ suit while you still have the ♣K for an entry.

**Deal 11**

North Deals  
None Vul

♠ 7  
♥ 9 6 4  
♦ K 8 6 3  
♣ J T 8 6 2

**26**  
4      5  
      5

♠ A J 9 4  
♥ A K Q J T  
♦ A  
♣ A K 5

N  
W   E  
S

♠ Q T 8 5 3 2  
♥ 7 3  
♦ Q J T  
♣ 9 4

♠ K 6  
♥ 8 5 2  
♦ 9 7 5 4 2  
♣ Q 7 3

West	North	East	South
	2♣	Pass	2♦
Pass	2♥	Pass	3♥
Pass	6♥	All Pass	

6♥ by North

♠ A J. He would then get the lead and pull your two remaining trumps. That would leave one trump in dummy to ruff his ♠ J, his only remaining loser.

Baker SecondHand 11

You are West. The bidding has been as shown. Partner led the ♦ Q, you signaled with the ♦ 8 and North won the ♦ A.

North then played low to dummy's ♠ K, and led dummy's ♠ 6. Your decision is not whether to play high or low, but whether to ruff or not, which amounts to the same thing.

When you have made your choice

Even though North holds the ♠ A, if you ruff now he will just put on a small ♠ and you will be ruffing a loser. Instead discard a ♦.

North will win the ♠ A, but will not be able to ruff any ♠ losers in dummy because your trumps can overruff any of South's trumps.

Suppose you had ruffed the ♠. North would have played his ♠ 9, leaving himself with

**Deal 12**

South Deals

None Vul

♠ Q 9 2  
♥ Q 3  
♦ Q J T 6  
♣ K Q J 8

8  
13 5  
14

♠ J 6 3  
♥ A K T 9 8  
♦ 8 2  
♣ T 9 4

N  
W E  
S

♠ A T 7 4  
♥ J 6 5 2  
♦ 9 5 4  
♣ 5 3

♠ K 8 5  
♥ 7 4  
♦ A K 7 3  
♣ A 7 6 2

West	North	East	South
Pass	1 ♥	Pass	1 ♦ 1NT
All Pass			

1 NT by South

Baker SecondHand 12

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

You lead the ♣K and continue with the ♣J then ♣Q, taken by South's ♣A. To trick 4 South plays the ♥4. What do you play?

When you have made your choice

To see why you should play the ♥Q, just visualize the result if you play low. South will finesse with dummy's ♥8. If East wins his ♥J on this trick there will be 4 good ♥ tricks in dummy. If East withholds his ♥J then Declarer will have 3 ♥ winners.

Now visualize the result of playing the ♥Q. Whether South takes this trick or not he cannot win more than 2 ♥s.

**Deal 13**

North Deals

Both Vul

♠ T 8 4 3  
♥ J 5 2  
♦ T 4  
♣ K T 8 6

17  
4 1  
18

♠ A J 2  
♥ K Q 4  
♦ K Q 7 5  
♣ Q 7 2

N  
W E  
S

♠ 9 7 6  
♥ T 9 8 7  
♦ J 9 6 3  
♣ 9 5

♠ K Q 5  
♥ A 6 3  
♦ A 8 2  
♣ A J 4 3

West	North	East	South
	1NT	Pass	6NT

All Pass

6NT by South

the ♣A.

Baker SecondHand 13

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

Partner led the ♥T, won by dummy's ♥A. At trick 2 North calls for dummy's ♣3. Which card do you play?

When you have made your choice

You would not have been expecting North to play a small ♣ from dummy's holding. The only way it makes sense is if North holds the ♣Q.

If you play your ♣K you will win the trick, but in so doing you will set up 3 ♣ tricks for North, which is all he needs to make the slam.

Play low instead and North will win his ♣Q. But now your ♣K sits behind dummy's ♣J 4 so he can get only one more trick in the suit,

**Deal 14**

South Deals

None Vul

♠ J T 9 6  
♥ -  
♦ T 8 6 4 3  
♣ A 8 4 3

11  
5 5  
19

♠ K 7 2	♦ 7 2	♣ K J T
♥ K J T 9 3		
		♠ 8 4 3
	W E	♥ 7 4
	S	♦ Q J 9 5
		♣ Q 9 7 5
♠ A Q 5		
♥ A Q 8 6 5 2		
♦ A K		
♣ 6 2		

West	North	East	South
Pass	3♥	Pass	1♥
Pass	5♣	Pass	4NT
All Pass			6♥

6♥ by South

you have the ♣Q.

Baker SecondHand 14

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

You lead the ♠J, the ♠K is played from dummy and holds the trick. Next come dummy's ♥K, then another trump to South's ♥A.

At trick 4 South plays the ♣2 from his hand and you must decide what to play.

When you have made your choice

South has 2 small ♣s and faces a choice of dummy plays in the suit. He must decide whether to play you for the ♣A or the ♣Q. If you play your ♣A you make the decision very easy for him.

When you correctly play your small ♣ life becomes harder for South. Sometimes he will guess correctly and play dummy's ♣K, but other times he will play dummy's ♣J, hoping

**Deal 15**

North Deals

N-S Vul

♠ A 9 3  
♥ Q 9 8  
♦ A 7 3  
♣ T 8 5 4

15  
10 4  
11

♠ K Q J  
♥ A K 7 3  
♦ Q T 9 4  
♣ 7 3

N  
W E  
S

♠ T 8 7 6 2  
♥ T 5 4  
♦ K 6  
♣ J 9 6

♠ 5 4  
♥ J 6 2  
♦ J 8 5 2  
♣ A K Q 2

West	North	East	South
All Pass	1NT	Pass	3NT

3NT by South

Baker SecondHand 15

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

Partner led the ♠6. You won the ♠A and returned the ♠9, won by North's ♠Q.

North next played to dummy's ♣A and led the ♦2. What do you play?

When you have made your choice

Count the points. North's 15-17 plus South's 11 plus your T comes to 36-38. So East has room for an Ace or a King, but no more.

East's second ♠ play was the 2, so it looks like he started with 5 ♠s. And the fall of North's ♠s looks like he may have 1 ♠ left, very likely the ♠K.

All this means that you should take your ♦A now and return your last ♠ to establish East's suit. Now East's ♦K will be an entry to the ♠s

If you play low, East will have to take the ♦K now, and although he can play a ♠ to establish the suit, he will not have an entry to be able to cash them.

**Deal 16**

South Deals

None Vul

♠ 9 4  
♥ A 2  
♦ T 6 4 3  
♣ Q J T 7 5

14  
7 4  
15

♠ K Q 8 6  
♥ K 7 5 3  
♦ A Q 5  
♣ 8 4

N  
W E  
S

♠ 5 2  
♥ Q J T  
♦ J 9 8 2  
♣ 9 6 3 2

♠ A J T 7 3  
♥ 9 8 6 4  
♦ K 7  
♣ A K

West	North	East	South
Pass	2♥	Pass	1♠
Pass	4♠	Pass	4♥
All Pass			6♠

6 ♠ by South

trick, and when another ♥ is played you will have to win it with your now bare ♥A. You will then have to play a ♦ or a ♣, giving South a ruff and sluff.

But if you take your ♥A now, then exit with your ♥2, South can win the ♥K but will still have to lose a ♥ to East.

Baker SecondHand 16

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

You lead the ♣Q, East plays low and South wins the ♣A.

South pulls trumps in 2 rounds. He then takes the ♦K, ♦Q, ♦A, discarding a ♥ on the last one. Next he plays dummy's last ♣ to his ♣K.

Having done all this, South now plays a low ♥ from his hand. What do you play?

When you have made your choice

If you followed what South was doing you will realize that he has eliminated both the ♦s and ♣s from both his hand and dummy. If it isn't clear that he is now out of ♣s, just remember the bidding - he must have had 5 ♠s and 4 ♥s.

Suppose you play low on this ♥ (as South hopes you will). Dummy's ♥K will take the

trick, and when another ♥ is played you will have to win it with your now bare ♥A. You will then have to play a ♦ or a ♣, giving South a ruff and sluff.

**Deal 17**

North Deals

None Vul

♠ 8 4 3  
♥ Q T 4  
♦ 8 7 3  
♣ J 8 7 4

14  
3 6  
17

♠ A 6  
♥ A K 9 6 5  
♦ J T 5  
♣ Q T 2

N		
W		E
S		

♠ T 7 2  
♥ J 8 7 3 2  
♦ A K Q  
♣ A K

West	North	East	South
Pass	1♥	Pass	3♦
All Pass	3NT	Pass	6♥

6♥ by South

again win with one of his high ones. But now the position will be clear to North and he will return to dummy and play another ♥, finessing your ♥T. With no trump loser he will make the slam.

Baker SecondHand 17

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

East led the ♠K, won by North's ♠A. North played a small ♣ to dummy's ♣A, then led dummy's ♥J.

What do you play? ♥Q or ♥4?

When you have made your choice

Remember that North opened 1♥, so he has 5 of them. With only 3 trumps out he has no intention of finessing. Perhaps he led the ♥J just to tempt you to cover in this situation.

If you play low he will win with one of his high ♥s and then you will have a sure ♥ winner. Along with the ♠ winner East has you will defeat the slam.

If you cover the ♥J with your ♥Q North will

**Deal 18**

South Deals

None Vul

♠ A 9 5 2
♥ 7 2
♦ 8 6 4
♣ T 8 5 3

16
4      12
8

♠ Q J 6
♥ T 5 4
♦ A K 3
♣ A Q 7 4
N
W    E
S
♠ K T 7 4
♥ A 3
♦ J T 9 2
♣ K J 9
♠ 8 3
♥ K Q J 9 8 6
♦ Q 7 5
♣ 6 2

West	North	East	South
Pass	4 ♥	All Pass	2 ♥

4 ♥ by North

Baker SecondHand 18

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

You decide a trump lead is called for and lead the ♥2. Your partner wins with the ♥A and plays the ♦J. South lets this go to dummy's ♦K, (but you know he has ♦Q), then plays a trump back to his ♥K, pulling the 2 outstanding trumps from West and East.

South's next play is the ♠3 from his hand. Do you play your ♠A or not?

When you have made your choice

Even if South doesn't have the ♠K he can establish a ♠ winner just by leading twice toward the ♠ Q J. That winner will take care of whatever black-suit loser he may have.

If East has a ♣ trick it is important to get it established soon. So go up with the ♠A and play a ♣ through dummy's ♣ A Q. When South tries the ♠ suit again EAST can win and cash his ♣K for the setting trick.

If you play low on South's ♠ play East will be forced to win the trick and he cannot profitably attack the ♣ suit from his side.

**Deal 19**

North Deals

E-W Vul

♠ A T 8 7 3  
♥ T 4  
♦ K J 8 4  
♣ 9 8

**20**  
8      3  
9

♠ K Q 5  
♥ A K 8 5 2  
♦ A 9 2  
♣ K J

N		♠ J 9 4 2
W	E	♥ 7 3
		♦ T 7 5
S		♣ Q T 6 5

♠ 6  
♥ Q J 9 6  
♦ Q 6 3  
♣ A 7 4 3 2

West	North	East	South
Pass	1♥	Pass	3♥
Pass	4NT	Pass	5♦
	6♥	All Pass	

6♥ by North

can then ruff his two ♦ losers and make the contract.

Now assume you play low. North will play the ♠Q which will win the trick and he will no longer have a ♠ loser. BUT - now he will have no way to dispose of the two ♦ losers and will go down 1.

Baker SecondHand 19

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

Partner led the ♥3, you play ♥T and North wins the ♥A. North pulls the last two trumps by leading low to dummy's ♥Q. He now calls for the ♠6. Will you play your ♠A or not?

When you have made your choice

When a singleton in dummy is led through your Ace it is more often better to play low than to go up with the Ace. Declarer might not even have the King, or he may have the King Jack combination and guess wrong.

Here it works out best to play low even though North has the ♠ K Q 5.

Assume you play your ♠A. North will play his loser, of course, and later will be able to discard two of dummy's ♦s on the ♠ K Q. He

**Deal 20**

North Deals

None Vul

♠ 8 4  
♥ K 5  
♦ J T 9 5 4  
♣ 9 8 6 2

17  
4 5  
14

♠ K Q T 3

♥ J 8 7 4

♦ A 3

♣ A K 7

N		
W		E
	S	

♠ 7 2  
♥ Q T 3  
♦ Q 8 6 2  
♣ J T 5 4

♠ A J 9 6 5  
♥ A 9 6 2  
♦ K 7  
♣ Q 3

West	North	East	South
	1NT	Pass	3♠
Pass	6♠	All Pass	

6 ♠ by North

Baker SecondHand 20

You are West. The bidding has been as shown.

You lead the ♦ J and dummy's ♦ A wins the first trick. Declarer pulls trumps with dummy's ♠ K, then his ♠ A. He then plays his ♦ K and follows with ♣ Q, ♣ K and ♣ A, discarding a ♥ from his hand on the last.

With all that completed South plays the ♥ A. What do you play?

When you have made your choice

It may look foolish to waste your ♥ K but look what will happen if you don't. South will follow up with another ♥ and when you win the ♥ K you will be forced to play a minor suit. Since both North and South are out of ♦ s and ♣ s you will be giving them a ruff-sluff and the contract.

But if you dump your ♥ K under South's ♥ A look at what's left. South has ♥ losers and when he plays a ♥ from either hand East will scoop up two tricks with his ♥ Q T.