

**Deal 1**

South Deals  
None Vul

♠ 6 4  
♥ 7 3  
♦ A Q 8 4 2  
♣ Q 10 7 2

13  
8 6  
13

♠ A 5  
♥ K Q 9 8 2  
♦ 10 9 6  
♣ A 6 3



♠ K Q 9 2  
♥ A 10 6  
♦ J 5  
♣ K 9 5 4

♠ J 10 8 7 3  
♥ J 5 4  
♦ K 7 3  
♣ J 8

West	North	East	South
			1 ♣
Pass	1 ♥	Pass	1 ♠
Pass	2 ♦	Pass	2 ♥
Pass	4 ♥	Pass	Pass
Pass			
4 ♥ by North			

With 14 points you will insist on game, but you aren't strong enough to jump shift. So you bid 1 ♥. Partner rebids 1 ♠.

Partner shows nothing extra. All you know now is that he doesn't have 4 ♥s. You know you want to be in game, but you aren't sure which game. If partner has 3 ♥s then 4 ♥ would be good. If not though, 3 NT would be good if he has a ♦ stopper. The way to find out what he has is with Fourth Suit Forcing. So you bid 2 ♦. Partner answers with 2 ♥.

Partner tells you he has 3 ♥s. You bid the ♥ game.

**Deal 2**

South Deals

None Vul

♠ A 10 5

♥ K 7 4

♦ 10 9 8 5 2

♣ K 7

10  
10 7  
13

♠ K 7 2

♥ A J 10 9 3

♦ Q 6

♣ 9 5 3



♠ Q 9 8 6

♥ 8 2

♦ A K 7 4

♣ A 10 4

♠ J 4 3

♥ Q 6 5

♦ J 3

♣ Q J 8 6 2

*West**North**East**South*

Pass

1 ♥

Pass

1 ♦

Pass

2 ♣

Pass

1 ♠

Pass

Pass

Pass

2 NT

2 NT by South

You are the dealer.

With 13 points you open 1 ♦. Partner responds 1 ♥.

Partner might be 4-4 in the Majors so you bid 1 ♠. Apparently he wasn't since he says 2 ♣.

This is Fourth Suit Forcing and partner may or may not have a ♣ suit. You do not have 3 ♥s. You do have a ♣ stopper, so with a minimum hand you bid 2 NT and partner passes.

**Deal 3**

North Deals

None Vul

♠ J 10 8 7 3

♥ A 7 5

♦ K 7 3

♣ J 8

13  
9 5  
13

♠ K Q 9 2

♥ 10 6

♦ A J 5

♣ K 9 5 4



♠ A 5

♥ K Q 9 8 2

♦ 10 9 6

♣ A 6 3

♠ 6 4

♥ J 4 3

♦ Q 8 4 2

♣ Q 10 7 2

West	North	East	South
	1 ♣	Pass	1 ♥
Pass	1 ♠	Pass	2 ♦
Pass	2 NT	Pass	3 NT
Pass	Pass	Pass	
3 NT by North			

With 14 points you will insist on game, but you aren't strong enough to jump shift. So you bid 1 ♥. Partner rebids 1 ♠.

Partner shows nothing extra. All you know now is that he doesn't have 4 ♥s. You know you want to be in game, but you aren't sure which game. If partner has 3 ♥s then 4 ♥ would be good. If not though, 3 NT would be good if he has a ♦ stopper. The way to find out what he has is with Fourth Suit Forcing. So you bid 2 ♦. Partner answers with 2 NT.

Partner does not have 3 ♥s, but he does have ♦s stopped. So you bid 3 NT.

**Deal 4**

South Deals

None Vul

♠ Q 4 3

♥ 9 7 5

♦ J 3

♣ K J 6 5 2

14  
7 6  
13

♠ A K 7 5 2

♥ 8 6 3

♦ A K

♣ 9 8 4



♠ 6

♥ A J 10

♦ Q 10 9 5 4

♣ A Q 7 3

♠ J 10 9 8

♥ K Q 4 2

♦ 8 7 6 2

♣ 10

West

North

East

South

Pass

1 ♠

Pass

1 ♦

Pass

2 ♥

Pass

2 ♣

Pass

Pass

Pass

3 NT

3 NT by South

You are the dealer.

You open your 5-card suit, 1 ♦. Partner responds 1 ♠.

You might bid 1 NT, but since you have a singleton you prefer to say 2 ♣.

Partner bids 2 ♥. What do you say?

This is Fourth Suit Forcing and partner is fishing for more information. You certainly don't have 3 of his ♠s so that is out. On the other hand, you have a double stopper in ♥s, so with 14 points you go right to 3 NT.

**Deal 5**

South Deals

None Vul

♠ 9 8 6 5  
 ♥ K 9 2  
 ♦ A 7 6 5 2  
 ♣ 9

14  
 7 6  
 13

♠ K J 10 7  
 ♥ Q J  
 ♦ K Q J 9  
 ♣ J 7 6



♠ Q 4  
 ♥ A 10 8 6 4  
 ♦ 8 3  
 ♣ A K 8 2

♠ A 3 2  
 ♥ 7 5 3  
 ♦ 10 4  
 ♣ Q 10 5 4 3

<i>West</i>	<i>North</i>	<i>East</i>	<i>South</i>
			1 ♥
Pass	1 ♠	Pass	2 ♣
Pass	3 NT	Pass	Pass
Pass			
3 NT by North			

You show your 4-card Major. Bid 1 ♠. Partner rebids 2 ♣. What do you say next?

You have a nice ♦ suit but don't bid it now. That would be FSF and partner would assume you didn't have a ♦ stopper.

With 13 points, bid what you expect to make, 3 NT. Partner passes.

**Deal 6**

South Deals  
None Vul

♠ Q 3 2  
♥ 9 7 4  
♦ K 6 3 2  
♣ 5 3 2

14  
5 9  
12

West

Pass  
Pass  
Pass

5 ♣ by South

♠ A K 9 8 5  
♥ A 5  
♦ 8 7  
♣ Q J 9 4



♠ 7  
♥ K Q 8 6 3  
♦ 10 4  
♣ A K 10 8 6

North

1 ♠  
2 ♦  
5 ♣

East

Pass  
Pass  
ALL

South

1 ♥  
2 ♣  
3 ♣  
Pass

♠ J 10 6 4  
♥ J 10 2  
♦ A Q J 9 5  
♣ 7

You are the dealer.

You open 1 ♥. As expected, partner responds 1 ♠.

This is easy bidding so far. You bid your second 5-card suit, 2 ♣.

Partner says 2 ♦. What do you bid?

Partner's bid is FSF. He wants to know if you have 3 ♠s, (you don't), or if you can stop ♦s, (you can't). So you have to rebid one of your 5-carders, and you should bid the lower-ranking one. You bid 3 ♣ and partner raises to 5 ♣.

**Deal 7**

North Deals  
None Vul

♠ 10 3 2  
♥ 10 7 4 2  
♦ A 9 3 2  
♣ K 4

13  
7 6  
14

♠ 4  
♥ A J 8 6 3  
♦ Q J 10 7  
♣ A J 9



♠ K Q J 7 6  
♥ K Q  
♦ K 6 4  
♣ 8 6 3

♠ A 9 8 5  
♥ 9 5  
♦ 8 5  
♣ Q 10 7 5 2

<i>West</i>	<i>North</i>	<i>East</i>	<i>South</i>
	1 ♥	Pass	1 ♠
Pass	2 ♦	Pass	3 ♣
Pass	3 NT	Pass	Pass
Pass			
3 NT by North			

You have 15 points and you respond 1 ♠. Partner rebids 2 ♦. What do you say next?

You would love to play 4 ♠ if partner has 3 ♠s. Or, you would love partner to play 3 NT if he has ♣s stopped.

So you say 3 ♣ (FSF) to find out if either possibility exists. Partner does have ♣s stopped and bids 3 NT.

**Deal 8**

North Deals

None Vul

♠ A J 9 7  
 ♥ 6 4  
 ♦ 6 4  
 ♣ J 10 7 6 2

14  
 6 7  
 13

♠ 6

♥ Q J 8 2

♦ A K 10 9

♣ A 9 8 5



♠ Q 3 2

♥ 9 5 3

♦ Q J 7 3 2

♣ Q 3

♠ K 10 8 5 4

♥ A K 10 7

♦ 8 5

♣ K 4

West	North	East	South
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	1 ♦	Pass	1 ♠
--	-----	------	-----

Pass	2 ♣	Pass	3 ♥
------	-----	------	-----

Pass	4 ♥	Pass	Pass
------	-----	------	------

Pass

4 ♥ by South

You are the dealer.

With both 4-card minors you open 1 ♦.  
 Partner responds 1 ♠. What do you bid next?

You cannot bid 2 ♥ since you are not strong enough to reverse, so you bid 2 ♣.

Partner jumps to 3 ♥. What do you bid?

Since partner jumped this is NOT FSF.  
 Partner has a ♥ suit and a pretty good hand to go with it. You also have a ♥ suit so you bid 4 ♥.



**Deal 9**

North Deals

None Vul

♠ 10 8 7 2

♥ 10 3

♦ 9 6 5 4

♣ A K 8

13  
7 7  
13

♠ A 3

♥ A Q J 7 2

♦ Q 10 8 3

♣ 6 4



♠ K Q J 5

♥ 8 6 4

♦ A K 7

♣ 9 7 5

♠ 9 6 4

♥ K 9 5

♦ J 2

♣ Q J 10 3 2

*West**North**East**South*

1 ♥

Pass

1 ♠

Pass

2 ♦

Pass

4 ♥

Pass

Pass

Pass

4 ♥ by North

You have a totally square 13 points. Still, you don't want to ignore a 4-card ♠ suit so you respond 1 ♠. Partner rebids 2 ♦. What do you say next?

You COULD bid 3 ♣, FSF, to find out if partner has a ♣ stopper but that would be pointless. You already know of an 8-card ♥ fit so you say 4 ♥.

**Deal 10**

North Deals

None Vul

♠ A 9 8 5  
 ♥ 10 7  
 ♦ 7 5  
 ♣ J 10 8 7 2

13  
 5 9  
 13

West

Pass

Pass

ALL

4 ♠ by South

♠ 7 4 3

♥ K 2

♦ K J 10 8

♣ A Q 9 6



♠ K Q J 6 2

♥ 9 6 3

♦ A 6

♣ K 5 4

North

1 ♦

2 ♣

2 ♠

Pass

East

Pass

Pass

Pass

South

1 ♠

2 ♥

4 ♠

You are the dealer.

With both 4-card minors you open 1 ♦.  
 Partner responds 1 ♠.

You cannot support ♠s with only 3 of them. Instead you bid 2 ♣. Partner says 2 ♥.

This is FSF, asking you to further describe your hand, and you have a problem. You do have a ♥ stopper so you COULD bid 2 NT. You also have 3 ♠s so you COULD bid 2 ♠. Either way might turn out best, but that ♥ K looks pretty lonesome so you choose 2 ♠ and partner raises to 4 ♠.

**Deal 11**

North Deals  
None Vul

♠ A 10 8 4 2		♠ Q 6
♥ K J 8		♥ A 4 2
♦ 3 2		♦ J 8 7 5 4
♣ 7 5 2		♣ 10 9 4

12  
8 7  
13

♠ 9 7 5  
♥ 6 3  
♦ K 10  
♣ A K Q J 8 3

West	North	East	South
	1 ♥	Pass	2 ♣
Pass	2 ♦	Pass	2 ♠
Pass	2 NT	Pass	3 NT
Pass	Pass	Pass	

3 NT by North

You respond 2 ♣. Partner rebids 2 ♦. What is your next bid?

With 13 HCP and that ♣ suit you could jump to 4 ♣. However, that would sail you right past 3 NT which is very likely to turn out your best game. Rather than rebid ♣s, find out whether partner has ♠s stopped by using FSF.

You bid 2 ♠ and partner then says 2 NT. Where do you go from here?

It couldn't have worked out better. Notrump played from partner's side. You bid 3 NT.

**Deal 12**

North Deals

None Vul

♠ 10 2  
 ♥ Q 9 6 4  
 ♦ K 4  
 ♣ J 10 8 5 2

14  
 6 7  
 13

West

Pass

Pass

ALL

4 ♠ by South

♠ A 8 6 3

♥ A J 7 5

♦ 9

♣ K Q 6 4



♠ K Q 9 5

♥ K 3

♦ A J 8 6 3

♣ 9 3

North

1 ♣

1 ♥

2 ♠

Pass

East

Pass

Pass

Pass

South

1 ♦

1 ♠

4 ♠

You are the dealer.

There is only one possibility; you open  
 1 ♣. Partner responds 1 ♦.

You rebid "up-the-line", so you now say  
 1 ♥. Partner says 1 ♠. What do you bid?

Be careful! This is NOT Fourth Suit  
 Forcing. It is true that you are forced to  
 bid, but the difference is that in this  
 sequence partner has a real ♠ suit. With  
 4-card support you bid 2 ♠ and partner  
 raises to 4 ♠.

**Deal 13**

South Deals  
None Vul

♠ 8 2  
♥ 9  
♦ K Q J 10 8 7 5  
♣ J 10 4

12  
7 8  
13

♠ K Q J 5 3  
♥ 7 3  
♦ A 9 4  
♣ Q 8 3



♠ 10 9 4  
♥ K Q J 6 2  
♦ 6  
♣ A K 6 5

♠ A 7 6  
♥ A 10 8 5 4  
♦ 3 2  
♣ 9 7 2

West	North	East	South
			1 ♥
Pass	1 ♠	Pass	2 ♣
Pass	2 ♦	Pass	2 ♠
Pass	4 ♠	Pass	Pass
Pass			
4 ♠ by North			

You have 13 points and you respond 1 ♠. Partner rebids 2 ♣. What is your next bid?

You have ♦s stopped, and with your 13 points you might well jump to 3 NT. And while you may end up at 3 NT it can't hurt to find out if partner has 3 ♠s first. So you bid 2 ♦, FSF.

Partner says 2 ♠, telling you he has three of them, and you bid 4 ♠.

**Deal 14**

North Deals

None Vul

♠ 4 3

♥ 8 2

♦ A Q J 7 4 3

♣ 9 7 3

14  
7 8  
11

West

Pass

Pass

ALL

4 ♥ by South

♠ K 10 8 6

♥ K J 9

♦ 6

♣ A K 6 4 2

N  
W E  
S

♠ A 7

♥ A Q 7 4 3

♦ 10 8 2

♣ J 10 5

North

1 ♣

1 ♠

3 ♥

Pass

East

Pass

Pass

Pass

South

1 ♥

2 ♦

4 ♥

♠ Q J 9 5 2

♥ 10 6 5

♦ K 9 5

♣ Q 8

You are the dealer.

You have 15 points and you open 1 ♣.  
Partner responds 1 ♥.

Show your 4-card Major, bid 1 ♠. Partner  
says 2 ♦.

This is FSF, asking you to further  
describe your hand. Since you have 3 ♥s  
you will naturally let partner know that.  
But, your hand is so good you should  
jump to 3 ♥. Remember that partner may  
be bidding with only 12 points.

He was pretty weak, but with your jump  
finds enough to say 4 ♥.