

Board 1

North Deals

None Vul

♠ K 5
 ♥ Q J 9 7 2
 ♦ A Q 6
 ♣ 9 7 3

♠ A Q 8 3
 ♥ T 6
 ♦ 7 5 2
 ♣ A K Q 5



♠ 7 4
 ♥ A K 4
 ♦ T 9 8 4
 ♣ T 8 4 2

♠ J T 9 6 2
 ♥ 8 5 3
 ♦ K J 3
 ♣ J 6

West	North	East	South
	1 ♣	Pass	1 ♠
2 ♥	3 ♠	All Pass	

3 ♠ by North

Baker ThirdHand 11

The bidding has been as shown. Partner led the ♥Q, dummy played the ♥6 and it is your play.

When you have made your choice

Your side needs to take 5 tricks to defeat this contract. Two of them will be ♥s, but it doesn't look like you can win any ♣s or ♠s.

That means you need to win 3 ♦ tricks and the only way that can happen is if you play ♦s from your side.

So win the first ♥K (so partner will know you also have the ♥A), and play the ♦T. Presumably South will play an honor, but West will take the trick and put you back on lead with your ♥A. You play the ♦9 and your side will collect 3 ♦ tricks to go with your 2 ♥s.

Board 2

North Deals

None Vul

♠ A K Q 8 6 4

♥ 8

♦ 7 4 2

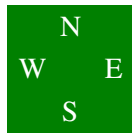
♣ A J 9

♠ J 3

♥ K Q J 6

♦ A K Q T 5

♣ 6 2



♠ T

♥ 7 3 2

♦ 9 8 6 3

♣ Q 7 5 4 3

♠ 9 7 5 2

♥ A T 9 5 4

♦ J

♣ K T 8

West

North

East

South

1 ♦

Pass

1 ♥

1 ♠

4 ♥

All Pass

4 ♥ by North

through South's ♣K at trick 3.

Baker ThirdHand 12

The bidding has been as shown. Partner led the ♠A, then the ♠K. Dummy follows suit and it is your play to the second trick.

When you have made your choice

It is obvious that your side can only get 2 ♠ tricks. And assuming that South has the Ace of trumps you will not make a single trick in the red suits. So you need to make 2 ♣ tricks.

If partner has the ♣A K then he will take them, but if he has the ♣A J he cannot win 2 ♣ tricks from his side.

To allow for this situation it will be better to play ♣s from your side of the table, and the way to make that happen is for you to ruff partner's ♠K with an otherwise useless trump. You still get your two ♠ winners (sort of) but now you get to play a ♣

Board 3

North Deals
None Vul

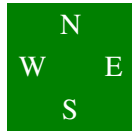
♠ 9 7 5 2
♥ 8 2
♦ T 7 6 4 3
♣ K 7

♠ A T 4

♥ J 6 3

♦ A K 8 2

♣ Q T 5



♠ J 8 3

♥ A K 9 7 5

♦ Q 9 5

♣ 6 3

♠ K Q 6

♥ Q T 4

♦ J

♣ A J 9 8 4 2

West	North	East	South
	1 ♦	1 ♥	2 ♣
Pass	3 ♣	Pass	3NT
All Pass			

3 NT by South

Not today. Partner takes the ♣K and returns his ♥2 to your four winners.

Baker ThirdHand 13

The bidding has been as shown. Partner led the ♥8, dummy played the ♥J and it is your play.

When you have made your choice

South played dummy's ♥J to tempt you to cover. Don't fall for it.

Partner's lead of a high spot card shows no honors in the suit. That added to the fact that South bid Notrump after you had mentioned ♥s is pretty good evidence that South holds at least ♥Q x x.

To maintain communication with partner your best hope is to duck the first ♥, but to signal encouragement with the ♥9.

South wins the first trick easily, but must try to establish ♣s. He will enter dummy with the ♠A, then try to run the ♣Q.

Board 4

South Deals

None Vul

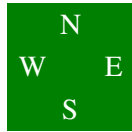
♠ K 6 2
 ♥ T 6 4
 ♦ A J 6 5 4
 ♣ 9 2

♠ Q J 9 3

♥ K Q J 5

♦ 9 3

♣ Q J T



♠ 8 4

♥ 9 7 3

♦ T 8 7 2

♣ A 6 5 3

♠ A T 7 5

♥ A 8 2

♦ K Q

♣ K 8 7 4

West	North	East	South
			1NT
Pass	2♣	Pass	2♠
Pass	4♠	All Pass	

4 ♠ by North

wait. Declarer then runs dummy's ♠Q. Partner wins the ♠K, returns his OTHER ♣ to your ♣A, and NOW you give him the ruff. He takes the ♦A for down 1.

Baker ThirdHand 14

The bidding has been as shown. Partner led the ♣9, dummy played the ♣T and it is your play.

When you have made your choice

Partner's ♣9 is likely from a short suit. If it is a singleton, you should take the ♣A immediately and return the suit for a ruff. If it is a doubleton, you should NOT take your ♣A now, but should hope partner can get the lead and play his second ♣ to your Ace so you can give him the ruff.

You can figure out which it is.

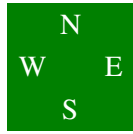
If it is a singleton, then South must hold 5 ♣s. But you know South has 4 ♠s, so if he also has 5 ♣s then he only has 4 red cards, and he would not have opened 1NT with either 5-4-2-2 or 5-4-3-1 distribution.

So partner's ♣9 is not a singleton, and you should

Board 5
 East Deals
 None Vul

♠ T 8 3
 ♥ T 2
 ♦ Q J 8 6 4 2
 ♣ 8 3

♠ 6 5 2
 ♥ J 9 8
 ♦ 9 5
 ♣ K J T 9 7



♠ Q J 9 7
 ♥ K Q 6 5 3
 ♦ T
 ♣ A 6 4

♠ A K 4
 ♥ A 7 4
 ♦ A K 7 3
 ♣ Q 5 2

West	North	East	South
		1 ♥	Dbl
Pass	2 ♣	Pass	2NT
Pass	3NT	All Pass	

3 NT by North

Baker ThirdHand 15
 The bidding has been as shown. Partner led the ♥T, dummy played the ♥J and it is your play.

When you have made your choice

Declarer gets two ♥ winners whether you play one of your honors on this trick or not. So why does it matter what you do?

Suppose you cover with your ♥Q. South will win his ♥A, then play ♣s until your ♣A is forced out on the third round. He can then force an entry to dummy in the ♥ suit to reach the two ♣ winners.

Now suppose you duck the ♥J. Again South will push ♣s, and again you hold up until the third round. Ahh, what a difference. Now declarer cannot use the ♥s to enter dummy and he will never get to enjoy those two ♣ winners.