

Deal 1

North Deals	♠ A 9 6
None Vul	♥ A Q 10
	♦ Q 8 4
	♣ K J 7 5

♠ 8 5 4 3
♥ J 4 3
♦ J 10 9
♣ 9 6 2

16	♠ J 10 7
2 11	♥ 8 6 5
11	♦ A 6 2
	♣ A Q 8 4

West	North	East	South
	1 NT	Pass	3 NT
Pass	Pass	Pass	

3 NT by North

Lead: ♥ 2

	♠ K Q 2
	♥ K 9 7 2
	♦ K 7 5 3
	♣ 10 3

North plays 3 NT. East leads the ♥ 2. West plays the ♥ J which you win with the ♥ Q.

This time there is only one suit you can eliminate, ♣s. So play all four ♣s, ending in dummy. They split 3-2.

You now play the ♠ J from dummy and let it ride when West follows with a low card. (If West had covered you would win the Ace then set up a second trick in the suit.) East wins with the ♠ Q, and guess what?

HE IS ENDPLAYED!. He has no ♣s, and whichever other suit he plays will give you your ninth trick!

Deal 2

East Deals

None Vul

Deal 3

North Deals

None Vul

♠ J 10 9 7 2

♥ K 10 7 4

♦ Q 8 2

♣ 7

♠ Q 5
♥ AJ 6 2
♦ A 9 6 4
♣ AJ 5

	N	
W		E
	S	

♠ K 8 6 3
♥ Q 9 8 3
♦ 10 7 5
♣ 8 2

♠ A 4
♥ 5
♦ K J 3
♣ K Q 10 9 6 4 3

West North East South
1 NT Pass 3 ♣

Pass 4 ♣
Pass Pass

6 ♣ by South

Lead: ♠ J

South considered Blackwood, then realized if North showed either 2 or 3 Aces he was going to bid slam. But if North showed just one Ace he would have to maneuver to play 5 NT which might be worse than 6 ♣. So he just bid the slam. South plays 6 ♣. West leads the ♠ J.

Perhaps an elimination play will improve your chances. Don't lead a trump yet though, you're going to need several entries to dummy to eliminate the ♥s.

Win the ♠, play to the ♥ A and ruff a ♥.

Play a trump to dummy's ♣ J (both defenders follow) and ruff another ♥ high.

Play to dummy's ♠ A, pulling their last trump, and ruff the last ♥.

Now execute the throw-in by leading a ♠. If West wins the trick he will have to play ♦s for you or give you a ruff-sluff. So if these are competent defenders they will make sure that it is EAST who wins the ♠ trick. So he does, and he plays a small ♦.

DO NOT PLAY THE JACK! If the finesse is going to work now it will still work one trick later. By playing low you take advantage of the possibility that East held the ♦T and West will have to put on the ♦ Q to prevent you taking a trick with dummy's ♦ 9.

Here you had two chances. First, West might have HAD to win the throw-in, either because he had all of the high ♠s, or more likely because he messed up. The second chance paid off when East took the throw-in but you found a fortunate position with the ♦s.

Deal 4West Deals
None Vul

♠ K J 8
 ♥ A J 5
 ♦ A 3
 ♣ A J 10 7 2

18 5
 14
 3

West North East South
 1♣ Pass 1♠ Pass
 2 NT Pass 4♣ Pass
 6♣ Pass Pass Pass

6♣ by West
 Lead: ♦ Q

♠ 9 6 5
 ♥ 9 8 4 3
 ♦ K Q 10 5 2
 ♣ 6

♠ A 10 7 2
 ♥ K Q
 ♦ 9 8 4
 ♣ K Q 8 4

♠ Q 4 3
 ♥ 10 7 6 2
 ♦ J 7 6
 ♣ 9 5 3

N
W E
S

The slam was easy to bid, now you just have to make it. West plays 6♣. North leads the ♦ Q.

Now eliminate ♥s from your hand and dummy by playing ♥ K, ♥ A, ♥ J. BUT BE CAREFUL! On the ♥ J you must discard a ♦ from dummy so both of you will be out of ♦s at the throw-in.

NOW you can execute the throw-in. Play your ♦, which eliminates ♦s from both you and dummy and at the same time throws in one of the defenders. Whoever it is will be forced to lead a ♠ and eliminate your guess for the ♠ Q or else give you a ruff-sluff, allowing you to ruff in dummy and discard a ♠ loser from your hand.

Perhaps Aunt Harriet isn't that lucky after all, perhaps she just knows how to perform elimination plays.

Hopefully in the future you will be the one with the reputation!

Deal 5

North Deals

None Vul

♠ A K 8 6 2

♥ 10 5

♦ 4 3 2

♣ A 8 5

♠ —

♥ 9 6

♦ K Q J 10 8 7

♣ Q J 9 7 2

W	N	E
S		

♠ Q J 9

♥ K Q J 8 7 4 2

♦ 9

♣ 10 4

11

9 9

11

♠ 10 7 5 4 3

♥ A 3

♦ A 6 5

♣ K 6 3

West

North

East

South

1 ♠

4 ♥

4 ♠

Pass

Pass

Pass

4 ♠ by North

Lead: ♥ K

When the bidding gets high in a hurry you sometimes have to guess what you can make. North plays 4 ♠. East leads the ♥ K.

And it looks like you are too high. Assuming the trumps split 2-1, you still have one ♥ loser, two ♦ losers and one ♣ loser.

You win the ♥ A and play a ♠ to your ♠ K. West discards a ♦!

From bad to worse. Now you must add a ♠ loser to the four you already had. Are you finished?

No, never give up. East has a bunch of ♥s and 3 ♠s, so he cannot have many ♦s and ♣s. If you can eliminate those and then throw him in it should work to your advantage.

Play your ♠ A, the ♦ A and the ♣ A K. East follows to everything.

You've done all you can do. Now play the ♥ T to East's high ♥.

East has just won his side's first trick with the ♥ J. He now plays the ♠ Q, winning his side's second trick.

Now, East is still on lead, and he has nothing in his hand but good ♥s. So he leads one of them, and you DO NOT RUFF. Instead you discard a ♣ from dummy and a ♦ from your own hand. East has now taken his side's third trick. He plays another good ♥, and you ruff in dummy and discard the last ♦ loser from your hand. You can now cross-ruff for the rest of the tricks.

You just wonder how many bridge players would have just conceded down 2 on this hand.

Not you or me, of course.

Deal 6

North Deals

None Vul

♠ A 10 9 3
♥ 7 5 4
♦ A J 6
♣ Q 7 5

²
11 19
8

West
3 ♠
5 ♥
Pass
6 ♠ by East
Lead: ♦ K

♠ 8 5
♥ J 10 9 6
♦ 9 8 7 4
♣ J 9 2

N
W E
S

♠ K Q J 7 4 2
♥ A Q 3
♦ 5
♣ A K 3

♠ 6
♥ K 8 2
♦ K Q 10 3 2
♣ 10 8 6 4

North
Pass
Pass
Pass
Pass

1 ♠
4 NT
6 ♠

South
Pass
Pass
Pass
Pass

West's 3 ♠ is a limit raise, 11-12 points in support of ♠s. When you discover that the raise includes two Aces you bid the slam. East plays 6 ♠. South leads the ♦ K, won by you with dummy's ♦ A.

So rather than finesse, eliminate! Pull trumps in two rounds, ending in dummy.

Ruff the ♦ 6, then play ♣ A, ♣ K, ♣ Q.

So here you are in dummy. Do you finesse the ♥ now? Of course not. You play the ♦ J and discard a small ♥ from your hand. South wins his ♦ Q (which his opening lead told you he held) and is end-played. He must lead a ♥ to your tenace or give you a ruff-sluff.

It is a pretty simple problem, but you are no doubt getting a lot better.