Lesson 2: Introducing the Course (and Haak et al. 2015)

Wednesday July 11: 9:00 – 11:30 am

What did you learn from Professor Fu's lecture?

What are you hoping to learn from this course?

July - August 2018

Cura day (Manadau	Tuesday		The use of our	Frieley	Caturday
Sunday 1	Monday 2	Tuesday 3	Wednesday	Thursday 5	Friday 6	Saturday 7
	2	3	4	5	6	
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
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15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	9:00-11:30, MY: D-statistics (Test of Treeness) 2:00- 4:00 pm: HW: Journal Club		9:00-11:30 , HW: PCA		9:00-11:30, MY: Outgroup f3- statistic/Introduce Mini-Project	
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	9:00-11:30, HS: D-statistics (Test of Admixture); 2:00-4:00 pm: AK: Journal Club		9:00-11:30 , MY: qpWave		9:00-11:30 , MY: qpAdm	
29	30	31	1	2	3	4
	9:00-11:30, HW: ADMIXTURE/PLINK; 2:00-4:00 pm: HS: Journal Club		9:00-11:30, MY: ADMIXTUREGRAPH/ Modeling		9:00-11:30, MY: Overflow Time. Meetings with Mel?	
5	6	Notes:				
	9:00-11:30: HS/AK/HS/MY/QF: Final Presentation	Lecturer/Discussion Leaders are listed by initials, as follows: QF=Qiaomei Fu; MY=Melinda Yang; AK=Albert Ko; HW=Hongru Wang; HS=Hassan Shafiey				

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Journal Clubs

- Two papers per week (Monday 2-4 pm)
- Short presentation in English within 15 minutes
 - Share background, main argument, opinion or questions
- Every student prepares ≥2 questions per paper.

Date	Guide	Paper	Student Leader	
2018.07.09	QE±MY	Lipson,2017,Nature	白帆	
		Skoglund,2016,Nature	與曼	
2018.07.16	HW	Lazaridis,2017,Nature	王恬怡	
	HVV	Damgaard,2018,Nature	刘俊岑,苗波	
2018.07.23	AK	Kivisild,2017,Human Genetic	王文君	
		Rierux,2014,Mol Bio Evo	郑泽权	
2018.07.30	HS	Damgaard,2018,Science		张明
		llardo,2018,Cell	丁曼雨	

July - August 2018

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- Meet MWF 9-11:30 am, with one W 2-4:30 pm class
- Class is a mixture of lecture and discussions
- Speaking in class invited and encouraged!
- Lecturers want you to learn and have fun
- Do the homework!
- Try your best that's all we ask for

- Meet MWF 9-11:30 am, with one W 2-4:30 pm class
- Class is a mixture of lecture and discussions
 - Homework Presentation
 - New material
 - Lecture
 - Discussion
 - Class Activities (often in small groups)
 - Review/Questions

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- Class is a mixture of lecture and discussions
- Speaking in class
 - Be ready to <u>TALK</u> and discuss previous material
 - Always ASK when you are confused
 - Don't be afraid to speak English practice makes perfect!

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- Lecturers want you to learn and have fun
- Do the homework!
 - The best learning is here
 - Ask questions of each other and the lecturers
 - It will take time, but be patient

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Homework

- Trying to design homework to take at least 7-8 hours.
- Mix of questions
 - Short answer/searching primary literature
 - Running introduced software
 - Writing short scripts to retrieve information, prepare data for analysis
 - More advanced scripts and/or thinking creatively.
 - You will upload homework onto the server more later!
- Be prepared to present some homework in future classes!

Preparing for the course

- Does everyone have internet access?
- Could everyone install jupyter notebook and the VPN?
- Can everyone connect to the VPN?
 - In a Terminal, try 'ssh student@192.168.1.2'
 - It will prompt you for a password (Ask me!).
 - This brings you to the ADMIN node, where you should work as little as possible.
 - Type ssh comput12
 - This brings you to computing node 12.
 - Type 'htop' and press enter.

Do's and Don'ts of Server Access

- htop way to check CPU and memory usage
 - DON'T use too many CPUs (for class, use one/run)
 - DON'T use too much RAM (We will warn you about memory intense runs, but check in htop to be sure!)
- Hard Disk Storage limited space, make sure to only write new files into the folder you make for yourself at /public/adna/summer2018/
 - DON'T copy large data files into the home directory!

Useful Unix commands

- less
- cat
- grep
- paste
- cut
- sort
- screen
- head
- tail

- vim
- mv
- cp
- rm
- mkdir
- pwd
- man
- wget
- •
- df -h

Make folder for your files

- The main directory we will work in is:
 - /public/adna/student/
 - In 2018class/, make a folder for yourself titled "lastname_firstname/"
 - This is where you will make new folders and files for the course on the server.
 - Make a folder for your homework exercises. You will upload your home problems to this folder.

Tunneling to the comput node

Type vim ~/.ssh/config onto a Terminal or Cygwin window on your computer.

In the text file, press 'i' and then copy the 'Host...' and lower lines.

Press 'esc' and then ':', and then 'w' to save.

Press ':' and then 'q' to quit.

Try ssh student12 in your Terminal window – you should have to input the password twice, but then end up directly in the comput12 node!

Host student12

User student

HostName comput12

ProxyCommand ssh student@192.168.1.2 nc %h %p 2> /dev/null

Accessing jupyter notebook

After saving the new config file, type 'ssh -NfL localhost:8880:localhost:8880 student@student12' in your Terminal window. If no error happens, open a web browser and type 'localhost:8880'

If they request a password, ask me!

Transferring files

- ssh need Terminal/Cygwin to login to server
- jupyter notebook (and accessing remotely) easy way of accessing server when writing scripts
- scp how to transfer files to and from server

```
scp -r student12:/public/adna/student/usefulfiles/ssh_config_file.txt .
```

- -This transfers the text file from the server onto your computer.
- scp -r ssh_config_file.txt student12:/public/adna/ student/2018class/lastname_firstname/
- -This transfers the text file from your computer onto the server.

Let's begin!

Haak et al. (2015)

LETTER

doi:10.1038/nature14317

Massive migration from the steppe was a source for Indo-European languages in Europe

Wolfgang Haak^{1*}, Iosif Lazaridis^{2,3*}, Nick Patterson³, Nadin Rohland^{2,3}, Swapan Mallick^{2,3,4}, Bastien Llamas¹, Guido Brandt⁵, Susanne Nordenfelt^{2,3}, Eadaoin Harney^{2,3,4}, Kristin Stewardson^{2,3,4}, Qiaomei Fu^{2,3,6,7}, Alissa Mittnik⁸, Eszter Bánffy^{9,10}, Christos Economou¹¹, Michael Francken¹², Susanne Friederich¹³, Rafael Garrido Pena¹⁴, Fredrik Hallgren¹⁵, Valery Khartanovich¹⁶, Aleksandr Khokhlov¹⁷, Michael Kunst¹⁸, Pavel Kuznetsov¹⁷, Harald Meller¹³, Oleg Mochalov¹⁷, Vayacheslav Moiseyev¹⁶, Nicole Nicklisch^{5,13,19}, Sandra L. Pichler²⁰, Roberto Risch²¹, Manuel A. Rojo Guerra²², Christina Roth⁵, Anna Szécsényi-Nagy^{5,9}, Joachim Wahl²³, Matthias Meyer⁶, Johannes Krause^{8,12,24}, Dorcas Brown²⁵, David Anthony²⁵, Alan Cooper¹, Kurt Werner Alt^{5,13,19,20} & David Reich^{2,3,4}

Haak et al. (2015)

LETTER

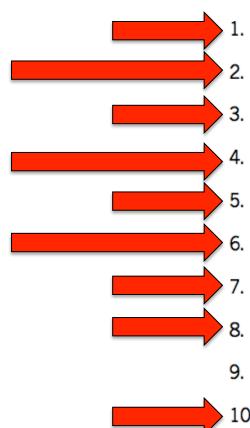
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What can you tell me about this study?

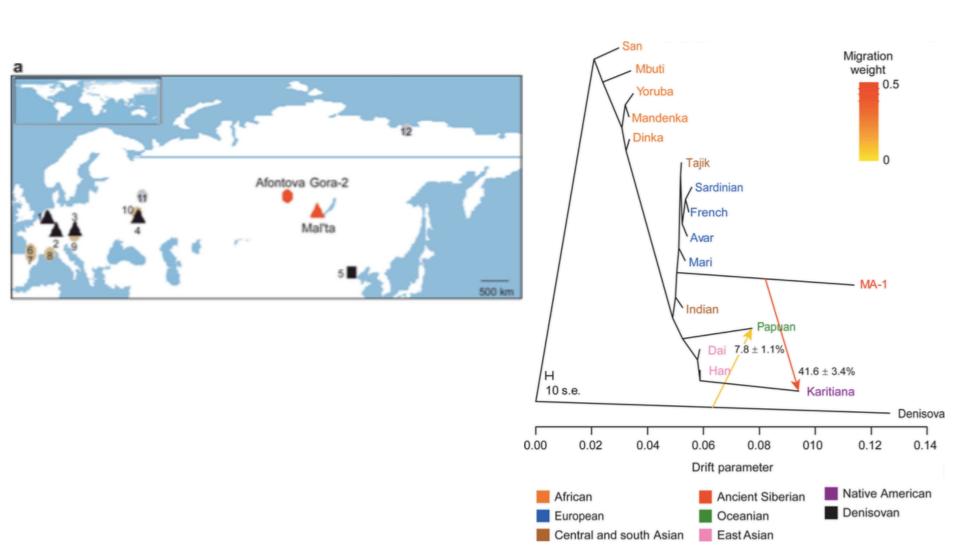
References



- Fu, Q. et al. Genome sequence of a 45,000-year-old modern human from western Siberia. *Nature* **514**, 445–449 (2014).
- 2. Gamba, C. et al. Genome flux and stasis in a five millennium transect of European prehistory. *Nature Commun.* **5**, 5257 (2014).
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- 9. Anthony, D. W. The Horse, the Wheel, and Language: How Bronze-Age Riders from the Eurasian Steppes Shaped the Modern World (Princeton Univ. Press, 2007).
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- 12. Patterson, N. et al. Ancient admixture in human history. Genetics 192, 1065–1093 (2012).
- 13. Fu, Q. et al. A revised timescale for human evolution based on ancient mitochondrial genomes. *Curr. Biol.* **23**, 553–559 (2013).

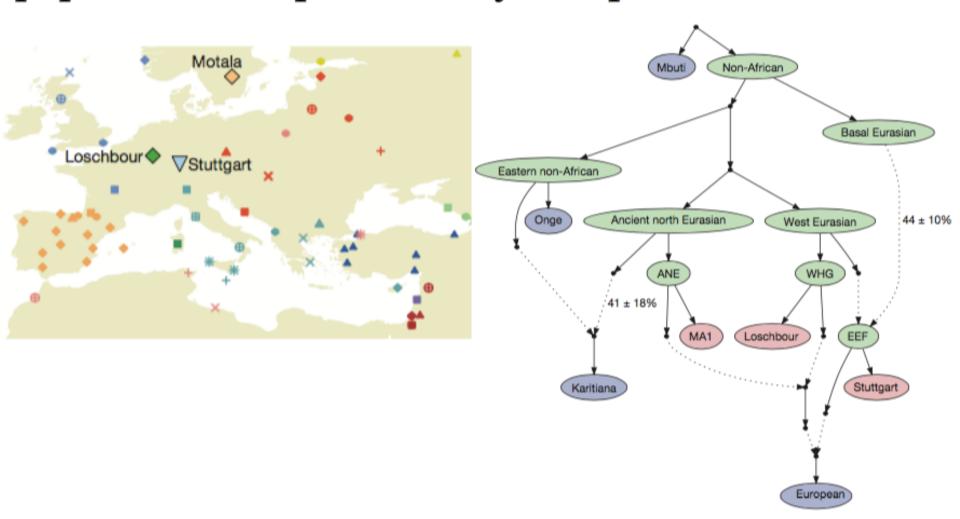
Upper Palaeolithic Siberian genome reveals dual ancestry of Native Americans

Maanasa Raghavan^{1,*}, Pontus Skoglund^{2,*}, Kelly E. Graf³, Mait Metspalu^{4,5,6}, Anders



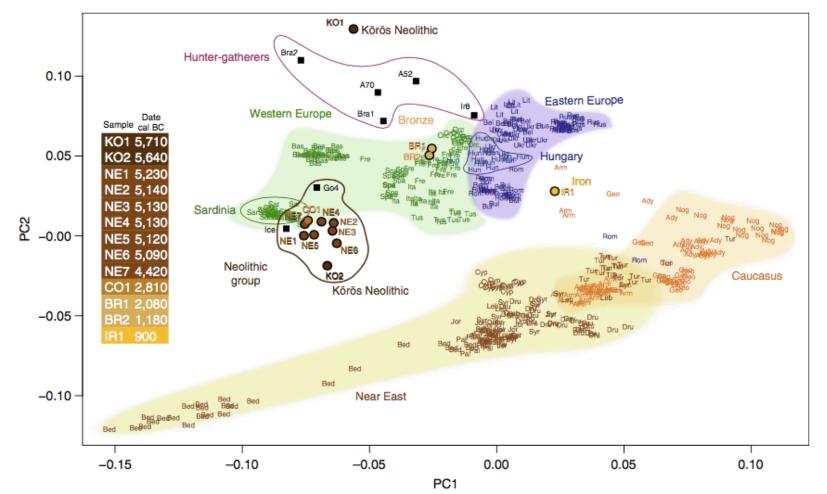


Ancient human genomes suggest three ancestral populations for present-day Europeans



Genome flux and stasis in a five millennium transect of European prehistory

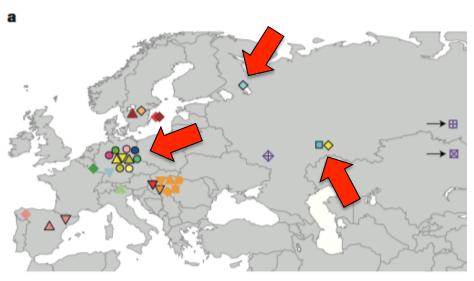
Cristina Gamba^{1,2,3}, Eppie R. Jones³, Matthew D. Teasdale³, Russell L. McLaughlin³, Gloria Gonzalez-Fortes⁴,

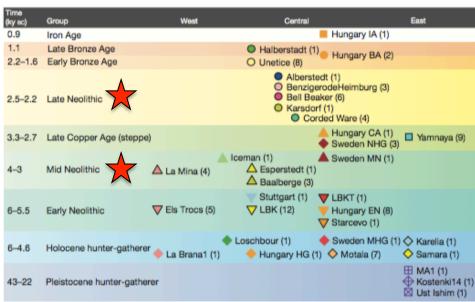


Major Players in Haak et al.

- Western European H-G (WHG)
- Eastern European H-G (EHG)*
- Scandinavian H-G (SHG)
- Early Neolithic (EN)*
- Middle Neolithic (MN)*
- Late Neolithic (LN)*
- Bronze Age (BA)*
- Present-day

Ancient individuals available





What questions are there?

What questions are there?

- If Europeans consist of three types of ancestry, when and how did each ancestry enter the European pool?
- What are differences between western and eastern Europeans? At different time periods?
- With many individuals from a small region (central Germany), what are local changes through time, and how does that compare to other regions?

Accessing the dataset

- https://reich.hms.harvard.edu/datasets
- AdmixTools:
 - https://github.com/DReichLab/AdmixTools
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 - CONVERTF helps us to convert to something readable – EIGENSTRAT format.
- The data can be found at /public/adna/ student/data/
- Let's go to jupyter notebook.

Class Activity

- Can we identify the ancient individuals in the dataset, and develop a text file containing extra information?
 - What information do we want?
 - Where do we look for this information?

 As a class, we will fill out an Excel with this information, standardizing nomenclature.

Gathering info on our individuals.

- We will divide into four groups, and each group will be responsible retrieving information for one of the four groups. I'll do Motala.
- EHG: Karelia, Samara
- SHG: Motala
- EN: LBK, LBKT, Starcevo, Spain_EN
- MN/CA: Yamnaya, Esperstedt, Baalberge, Spain_MN
- LN: Alberstedt, BenzigerodeHeimburg, Bell Beaker, Karsdorf, Corded Ware
- BA/IA: Halberstadt, Unetice

Assigning Ancient Individuals/ Populations

ID	N	ID	N	ID	N
HungaryGamba_BA*	2	Corded_Ware_LN	4	Starcevo_EN	1
HungaryGamba_CA*	1	SwedenSkoglund_MHG*	1	LaBrana1*	1
HungaryGamba_IA*	1	SwedenSkoglund_NHG*	3	Loschbour*	1
HungaryGamba_HG*	1	SwedenSkoglund_MN*	1	Motala_HG	7
HungaryGamba_EN*	8	Yamnaya	9	Karelia_HG	1
Halberstadt_LBA	1	lceman*	1	Samara_HG	1
Unetice_EBA	7	Esperstedt_MN	1	MA1*	1
Alberstedt_LN	1	Baalberge_MN	3	Kostenki14*	1
BenzigerodeHeimburg_LN	3	Stuttgart*	1	Ust_Ishim*	1
Bell_Beaker_LN	6	LBKT_EN	1	Spain_MN (La Mina)	4
Karsdorf_LN	1	LBK_EN	12	Spain_EN (Els Trocs)	4

Each student will be responsible for one of the starred individuals.

Two students together responsible for Sweden data.

Two students together responsible for HungaryGamba data.

Eleven all together.

Bolded=Haak et al. data

^{*=}Previously published data used in Haak et al. (2015)