

## Redwood Tutorial

#### <u>Code</u>

```
import edu.stanford.nlp.util.logging.*
```

```
StanfordRedwoodConfiguration.setup();
Redwood.log("Hello World!");
```

#### **Output**

>> Hello World!



#### Main Ideas

- We use logging to trace code flow
  - Want: Hierarchical structure, etc
  - Less Useful: Log levels / timestamps / etc.
- Single global logger: Redwood.java
  - Mark messages with channels, e.g. NER, Parser, etc.
- Simple configuration; reasonable default
- Captures existing loggers and sysout



### Logging: Why do it?

- For your sake:
  - Can filter what you want to see between runs
  - Can revisit logs in log files
  - Structured way to print information
  - Track timing information
- For others' sake:
  - Can filter which components you want to see logs from
  - Can easily track messages not written by you



## Logging: Features

- Log Files
- Log Levels
- Log Source (class.method() of call)
- Timestamps

Standard logging frameworks want to track events in a long-running program



### Logging: Features we use

- Log Files
- Log Levels
- Log Source (class.method() of call)
  - (but really, want Source Component, not class)
- Timestamps

We want to track **code flow** in a complex, well structured program



## Logging: Features we add

- Log Files
- Log Levels
- Log Source (component)
- Better show code flow
  - Track *tasks*, not *events*
  - Nested structure
  - Durations, not absolute timestamps
- Collapse repeated messages

Import Redwood

```
import edu.stanford.nlp.util.logging.Redwood;
```

- Configure Redwood
  - No configuration basic, general framework
  - Stanford configuration tuned to JavaNLP a bit StanfordRedwoodConfiguration.setup();
  - From properties most common option
     StanfordRedwoodConfiguration.apply(Properties p);
     or

RedwoodConfiguration.apply(Properties p);

#### Redwood.log([channel]\*,[message]);

Idea: Every message goes through log(); any information goes into channels

#### Redwood: Tracks

#### Idea: We use logs to track execution flow

- A Track should encapsulate a task
  - e.g. Running EM, Loading Data, etc.
- Tracks should be nestable: an outline of code

```
Running EM {
    Iteration 1 {
        Datum 1: likelihood -2.49
    }
}
```

#### Redwood: Tracks

```
Redwood.startTrack([channel]*,[name]);
Redwood.endTrack([matched_name]);
```

## Redwood: Setup Revisited

- Configuration uses the builder paradigm
  - e.s.n.util.logging.RedwoodConfiguration.java
- Big picture:

```
RedwoodConfiguration
  .current() // or .standard(), .empty()
  .changeInSomeWay()
  .changeInSomeOtherWay()
  .apply(); // ← actually apply config.
```

Methods documented; add new methods here!



## Redwood: Setup Revisited

- Some Methods:
  - console(): print messages to console (usually already there)
  - file(filename): print messages to a file
  - loggingClass(classname): ignore this class when finding the source of a log message
  - neatExit(): stop Redwood cleanly on an unexpected exit
  - static parse(properties): parse a properties object (documented in JavaDoc)
  - ...and more!

## Redwood: Log Revisited

- Magic with channels
  - Redwood. {ERR, WARN, . . . }: Log levels
  - Redwood.FORCE: Print me no matter what
  - "str": adds this message to the "str" channel
- Utilities
  - Redwood.Util has a bunch of helper methods
     tip: import static Redwood.Util.\*
  - For logf (printf syntax) with channels:
     Redwood.channels([channels]\*).logf("%s","hi");

## Redwood: Message Handlers

- Tree of Message Handlers, e.g.
  - Visibility Handler (console)
    - Repeated Message Handler (console)
      - Console Handler
  - Visibility Handler (file)
    - Repeated Message Handler (file)
      - File Handler
- Make your own: extend LogRecordHandler
- Add a handler:

```
RedwoodConfiguration.current()
   .handler([parent], [handler_to_add])
   .apply();
```

## Redwood: Visibility Handler

- Show only a subset of channels
  - e.g. only "EM," or only WARN and ERR
- Common enough for top-level methods:

```
Redwood.hideAllChannels();
Redwood.showOnlyChannels([channels]*);
Redwood.showAllChannels();
Redwood.hideOnlyChannels([channels]*);
```



## Advanced: Repeated Records

- Use Case: Same [generic] error prints often
- Solution: Collapse identical records

## Advanced: Repeated Records

- Use Case: Similar message prints often
- Solution: Collapse similar records

#### Extra: Colors!

- For track names:
  - For random track colors, try setting the property log.{console,file}.colorChannels
  - For specific colors, try setting the properties log.{console,file}.track[Name]Color (e.g. log.console.trackParserColor = Blue;)
  - Also: log.{console,file}.track[Name]Style
- For coloring output, pass in a color (e.s.n.util.logging.Color) as a channel.



# Extra: All your loggers are belong to us

- Capture stdout/stderr:
  - Redirects standard system streams to Redwood's STDOUT and STDERR channels
  - Default in StanfordRedwoodConfiguration.setup()
  - Also: RedwoodConfiguration.captureStreams()
- Capture java.util.logging:
  - Redirects calls to Java's logger to Redwood
  - SEVERE → ERR, WARN → WARN, <= FINE → DEBUG</li>
  - Default in StanfordRedwoodConfiguration.setup()

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