∾ HW2-2

假設:

(z): 巻積操作的結果

• $a = \sigma(z)$: 激活函數的輸出

• y':最終的迴歸結果

y:正確的標籤

• $L=(y-y')^2$: 均方誤差 (MSE) 損失函數

接著,我們使用Chain rule來推導梯度。

1. 對於 w_{11} 的梯度:

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{11}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial y'} \cdot \frac{\partial y'}{\partial a} \cdot \frac{\partial a}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial w_{11}}$$

• $rac{\partial L}{\partial y'} = 2(y'-y)$ (MSE的梯度)

• $\frac{\partial y'}{\partial a} = w$ (假設 y' = wa)

• $rac{\partial a}{\partial z} = \sigma'(z)$ (假設 σ 是 sigmoid 函數)

• $\frac{\partial z}{\partial w_{11}} = a_{11}$ (根據卷積操作)

將這些部分相乘,我們得到梯度:

$$rac{\partial L}{\partial w_{11}} = 2(y'-y) \cdot w \cdot \sigma'(z) \cdot a_{11}$$

2. 對於 a_{00} 的梯度:

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial a_{00}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial y'} \cdot \frac{\partial y'}{\partial a} \cdot \frac{\partial a}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial a_{00}}$$

• $\frac{\partial z}{\partial a_{00}} = w_{11} \cdot \sigma'(z) \cdot w_{11}$ (根據卷積操作和激活函數的導數)

將這些部分相乘,我們得到梯度:

$$rac{\partial L}{\partial a_{00}} = 2(y'-y)\cdot w\cdot \sigma'(z)\cdot w_{11}\cdot \sigma'(z)\cdot w_{11}$$