Programming 3-11: Flow-1

MA Jun

2018.12.21

1 Problem 3-11-A: 热心市民杰哥

```
1 #define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
 2 #include<iostream>
 3 #include < cstring >
   #include<queue>
 5 using namespace std;
 6 #define N 205
   #define MAX 100005
 8 int n, m, s, t, a, b, c, map[N][N], pre[N];
   bool vis[N];
10 bool BFS(int s, int t)
   {
11
12
       int p;
       queue < \underbrace{int} > q;
13
       memset(pre, -1, sizeof pre);
       memset(vis, false, sizeof vis);
15
       pre[s] = s, vis[s] = true;
16
       q.push(s);
       while (!q.empty())
18
19
20
           p = q.front();
           q.pop();
21
           for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
22
               if (map[p][i] && !vis[i])
23
24
                   pre[i] = p, vis[i] = true;
25
                   \quad \quad \textbf{if} \ (i \ == t)
26
                      return true;
                   q.push(i);\\
28
               }
29
30
       return false;
31
33 int EK(int s, int t)
34
       int flow = 0, add;
35
       while (BFS(s, t))
36
37
38
           add = MAX;
```

```
\quad \quad \text{for (int } i = t; \ i \ != s; \ i \ = pre[i])
39
                \mathbf{if} \ (\mathrm{add} > \mathrm{map}[\mathrm{pre}[i]][i])
40
                     \mathrm{add} = \mathrm{map}[\mathrm{pre}[\mathrm{i}]][\mathrm{i}];
41
            \quad \quad \textbf{for (int} \ i = t; \ i \ != s; \ i \ = pre[i])
42
43
                map[pre[i]][\,i\,] \ -= add;
44
                map[i][pre[i\,]] \ += add;
45
46
            \mathrm{flow}\ +=\ \mathrm{add};
47
        }
48
        return flow;
49
50 }
51 int main()
52 {
       scanf("%d%d%d%d", &n, &m, &s, &t);
53
        memset(map, 0, sizeof map);
54
        \mathbf{while}\;(m--)
55
56
        {
            scanf("%d%d%d", &a, &b, &c);
57
            map[a][b] \mathrel{+}= c;
58
59
        printf("%d\n", EK(s, t));
60
        {\bf return} \ 0;
61
62 }
    /*************************************
63
        Problem: 1575
        User: 171860571
65
66
       Language: C++
67
       Result: 正确
       Time:4 ms
68
        Memory:1720~\rm kb
   70
```

Listing 1: A by 171860571

2 Problem 3-11-B: 卫宫家的饭

```
#include<iostream>
   #include<cstdio>
   #include<cstring>
   #include<queue>
 6
   using namespace std;
   int N,F,D;
   int head[2000],depth[2000];
   const int INF=9999999;
   int cnt;
11
   queue < \underbrace{int} > q;
13
   int s,t;
14
   struct Edge{
15
16
       int len;
17
18
       int next;
19
   };
20
   Edge e [100000];
21
22
   void adde(int a,int b,int c){
23
       e[cnt].to=b;
24
       e[cnt].len=c;
25
26
       e[cnt].next=head[a];
       {\bf head}[{\bf a}]{=}{\bf cnt}{+}{+};
27
28
29
   int min(int a,int b)
30
31
        if(a<b) return a;
32
              return b;
33
34
35
   int bfs()
36
37
   {
       memset(depth, 0, \textcolor{red}{\mathbf{sizeof}}(depth));
38
       depth[s]=1;
39
       q.push(s);
40
        while(!q.empty()){}
41
            int k=q.front();
42
43
            q.pop();
44
            for(int i=head[k];\sim i;i=e[i].next)
                if(e[i].len>0\&\&depth[e[i].to]==0)\{
45
                    depth[e[i\,].\,to]{=}depth[k]{+}1;
46
47
                    q.push(e[i].to);
                }
48
            }
49
        }
50
        if(depth[t]!=0) return 1;
51
```

```
else
                            return 0;
52
53
    }
54
    int dfs(int u,int dis)
55
56
          if(u == t) return dis;
57
          \mathbf{for}(\mathbf{int}\ i{=}\mathrm{head}[u]{;}{\sim}i{;}i{=}e[i].next)\{
58
              \mathbf{if}(\operatorname{depth}[e[i\,].\,to] == \operatorname{depth}[u] + 1 \&\&e[i].len! = 0) \{
59
                   \mathbf{int}\ di{=}dfs(e[i].\ to,min(dis,e[i].\ len));
60
                   if(di>0)
 61
                   {
62
                       e[i].len-=di;
63
                       e[i^1].len+=di;
                       return di;
65
66
67
68
          }
69
         return 0;
70
 71
 72
    int dinic(){
 73
         int maxflow=0;
 74
          while(bfs()){
 75
              while(int increase=dfs(s,INF)){}
 76
                   \max flow + = increase;
 77
 78
 79
          }
         return maxflow;
80
81
 82
83
    int main()
 84
85
    {
         cnt=0;
86
         memset(head, -1, sizeof(head));
         scanf("%d%d%d",&N,&F,&D);
88
         for(int i=1;i \le N;i++){
89
90
              adde(i+200,i+400,1);
              adde(i+400,i+200,0);
91
          }
92
         \mathbf{for}(\mathbf{int}\ i{=}1; i{<}{=}F; i{+}{+})\{
93
              adde(0,i,1);
94
              adde(i,0,0);
 95
         }
96
         for(int i=1;i<=D;i++){}
97
98
              adde(i+600,999,1);
              adde(999,i+600,0);
99
100
         }
101
         int f,d;
         {\bf for(int}\ i{=}1; i{<}{=}N; i{+}{+})\{
102
              scanf("%d%d",&f,&d);
103
              int now;
104
              \mathbf{for}(\mathbf{int}\ j{=}1;j{<}{=}f;j{+}{+})\{
105
                   scanf("%d",&now);
106
107
                   adde(now,i+200,1);\\
                   adde(i+200,now,0);\\
108
```

```
}
109
         \mathbf{for}(\mathbf{int}\ j{=}1;j{<}{=}d;j{+}{+})\{
110
111
            scanf("%d",&now);
            adde(i+400,now+600,1);
112
            adde(now+600,i+400,0);
113
         }
114
115
      }
116
      s=0;
      t=999;
117
      printf("%d\n",dinic());
119
      return 0;
120 }
   /**********************
      Problem: 1576
122
      User: 171240521
123
      Language: C++
124
      Result: 正确
125
126
     Time:4 ms
     Memory:2744 kb
127
```

Listing 2: B by 171240521

3 Problem 3-11-C: 机房的诱惑

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 2 using namespace std;
 3 #define MAXN 500
   queue<int> Q;
   int n,m,x,a,b;
   \mathbf{int} \ g[MAXN][MAXN], pre[MAXN], flow[MAXN], maxflow;
 6
   int bfs(int s, int t){
        \mathbf{while}\ (!Q.empty())\ Q.pop();
 9
10
        memset(pre, -1, (n+1)*sizeof(int));
        pre[s] = 0; flow[s] = INT\_MAX;
11
12
        Q.push(s);
13
        \mathbf{while}\ (!Q.empty())\{
14
            int cur = Q.front();
15
            Q.pop();
16
            if (cur==t) return flow[t];
17
            for (int i=1; i<=n;++i){
18
                if (g[cur][i]>0 && !\sim pre[i]){
19
20
                    pre[i] = cur;
                    flow[\,i\,] \,=\, min(flow[cur],g[cur][i\,])\,;
21
                    Q.push(i);
22
23
                }
            }
24
        }
25
26
        return -1;
27
28
   void EK(int s, int t){
29
        int inc;
30
        while (\sim(inc=bfs(s,t))){
31
            for (int k=t;k!=s;k=pre[k]){
32
33
                g[\operatorname{pre}[k\,]][\,k]\ -=\operatorname{inc};
34
                g[k][\operatorname{pre}[k]] \ += \operatorname{inc};
35
36
            \max flow + = inc;
37
        }
38
   }
39
   int main(){
40
        scanf("%d%d",&n,&m);
41
        for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
42
            scanf("%d%d", &a, &b);
43
44
            g[0][i] += a;
            g[i][n+1] += b;
45
46
        for (int i = 1; i <= m; ++i) {
47
            scanf("%d%d%d", &a, &b, &x);
48
            g[a][b] = x;
49
            g[b][a] = x;
50
        }
51
```

```
52
53
   n++;
   EK(0,n);
54
   printf("%d\n",maxflow);
55
   return 0;
56
57 }
58
 Problem: 1577
59
   User: 171860658
60
   Language: C++
61
62
   Result: 正确
   Time:96 ms
63
   Memory:2536 kb
```

Listing 3: C by 171860658

4 Problem 3-11-D: 圣诞礼物

```
#include <stdio.h>
   #include <algorithm>
 3 using namespace std;
   #define ll long long
   \#define N 1000009
   \quad \textbf{int} \ n,t,a[N],b[N];
   ll suma,sumb,ans;
   int \min(){}
 9
       scanf("%d",&t);
10
       \mathbf{while}(t--){
11
12
           suma=sumb=ans=0;
13
           scanf("%d",&n);
           \mathbf{for}(\mathbf{int}\ i{=}1; i{<}{=}n; i{+}{+})\{
14
              scanf("%d%d",&a[i],\&b[i]);
16
              suma+=a[i];
              sumb+=b[i];\\
17
18
           ans=min(suma,sumb);
19
           \mathbf{for}(\mathbf{int}\ i{=}1; i{<}{=}n; i{+}{+})\{
20
              ans{=}min(ans,suma{+}sumb{-}a[i]{-}b[i]);\\
21
22
23
           printf("%lld\n",ans);
       }
24
25
26
       Problem: 1578
27
       User: 171860538
28
       Language: C++
29
       Result: 正确
30
       Time:692 ms
31
       Memory:8768 kb
32
```

Listing 4: D by 171860538