

COMMUNICATION SKILLS

OBJECTIVES

- What is communication
- What is communication skills
- Ways of communication
- Verbal communication
- Non verbal communication
- Listening skills
- Communication styles
- Effective and ineffective communication
- Characteristics of a good communicator
- Barriers to communication
- Ways to overcome these

barriers

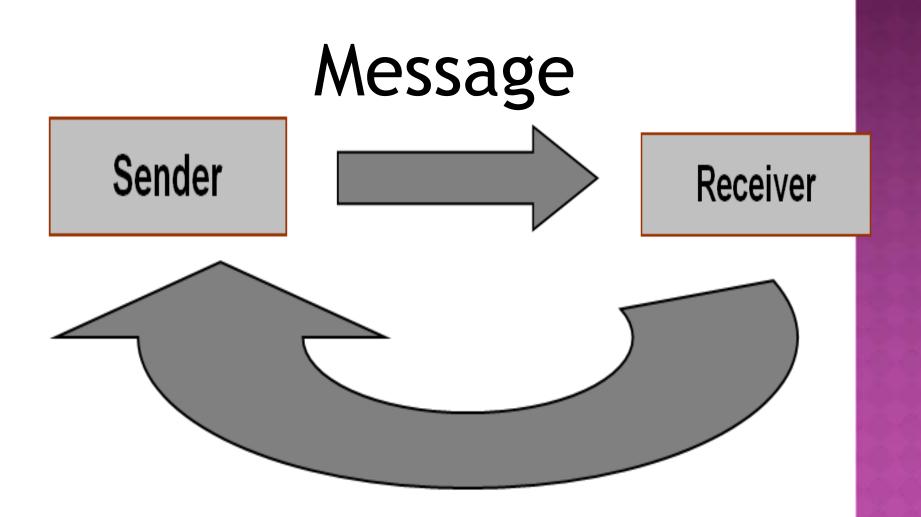
- How to improve communication skills
- Consequences of ineffective communication
- Communication skills in clinical settings

COMMUNICATION

➤ The act or process of using words, sounds, signs, or behaviors to express or exchange information or to express your ideas, thoughts, feelings, etc., to someone else.



COMMUNICATION IS A TWO-WAY PROCESS:



WHAT ARE COMMUNICATION SKILLS?

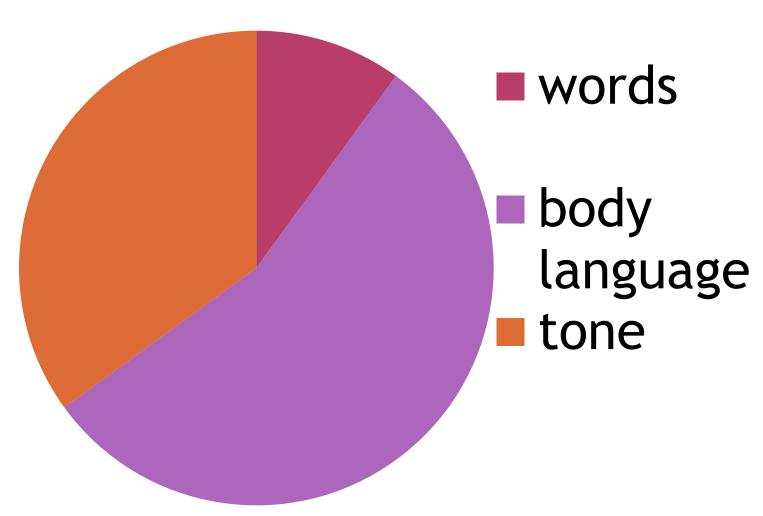
- Communication skills are set of skills required for effective communication
- > The purpose of communication is to get your message across to others.
- > This is a process that involves both the sender of the message and the receiver.

- This process leaves room for error, with messages often misinterpreted by one or more of the parties involved. This causes unnecessary confusion and counter productivity.
- In fact, a message is successful only when both the sender and the receiver perceive it in the same way. By successfully getting your message across, you convey your thoughts and ideas effectively.

WAYS OF COMMUNICATION:

- > Verbal communication
- Written communication
- Non verbal communication
- Listening

COMMUNICATION °



VERBAL COMMUNICATION:

- > Includes spoken words
- ➤ Tone
- > Volume
- > Rhythm
- > Cultural differences
- > Slang

NONVERBAL COMMUNICATION

- All behaviors that express messages without the use of words
- Body movement
- Physical appearance
- > Personal space
- > Touch
- Body language
- > Cultural considerations

LISTENING SKILLS:

- Active listening sends the message that you want to understand what is being said, and the person speaking is important to you.
- Being a good listener builds healthy relationships

THE PROCESS OF LISTENING:

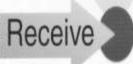
You get the stimuli

You focus on stimuli

You attach meanings to stimuli

You integrate the message into your frame of reference

You judge the merits of the information You decide what to do with the information







Interpret >

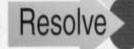


Understand



Evaluate





COMMUNICATION STYLES

> Passive Communicators:

Passive communicators do not stand up for themselves or defend their attitudes or beliefs.

> Aggressive Communicators:

Aggressive communicators often try to get their way through bullying and threats.

> Assertive Communicators:

Assertive communicators defend their attitudes and beliefs, but they also respect the rights of others.

Effective Communication

Ineffective Communication Passive,

Easily distracted

Does not ask

Information

Question

Active, Focused Pays attention

Information

Asks Question

Keeps Open Mind

Has Preconceptions Disregards Assimilates

KEY COMPONENTS OF EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION:

- Self-awareness: be aware of the feeling you have about yourself and others
- ➤ Empathy: ability to recognize and share the emotions and state of mind of another and to understand the meaning and significance of that person's behavior

- Genuineness: Convey a sense of care and truthfulness.
- Respect: shows respect towards the opinion or thinking of others.

BARRIERS TO COMMUNICATION:

- Language
- Values and beliefs
- Gender and age
- **Economic status**
- Educational level
- Physical barriers
- > Attitude
- ➤ Timing
- Understanding of message
- Trust

WAYS TO OVERCOME THESE BARRIERS

Physical barriers- try to use face-to-face communication frequently.

<u>Perceptual barriers-</u> recognize we have different values and try to be acquainted with other person's values.

Emotional barriers- try to build trust

- Cultural barriers- recognize differences in meaning, pacing, volume and gesture, space, and touch.
- Language barriers- learn more about different cultures, relax, try to find a place where there are not many additional stimuli to take away from the exchange of messages

HOW TO IMPROVE COMMUNICATION SKILLS

- Knowledge of the subject
- Know your audience—individuals or groups
- Message--- clear, concise, to the point, well organized
- Channel--- verbal, non verbal including written
- > Feedback---verbal or non verbal
- Context----environment setting
- Control of anxiety
- Etiquettes (manners)

CONSEQUENCES OF INEFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION

- ➤ Poor learning--- hindrance in education
- Poor performance or in-competency
- Misunderstandings and confusions
- > Psychological problems

COMMUNICATION SKILLS IN CLINICAL SETTINGS

- ➤ Knowledge
- >Welcome remarks
- ➤ Calling by name
- ➤ Shaking hands
- ➤ Active listening
- ➤ Positive body language
- ➤ Questioning
- ➤ Explaining
- >Answering the queries
- Reassurances and problem solving attitude

captain scoop



Potatoes were the first food to be grown in space. In 1996, potato plants were taken into space with the space shuttle Columbia.

