

Feature Engineering

In this task, you will be performing feature engineering by adding new columns to an existing dataset. You are required to create four new columns by following the instructions below.

Step 1: Categorize Age into Age Groups

Objective: Create a new column `age_group` by categorizing the existing `age` column into specific age ranges.

- Categorize ages into the following groups:
 - o 18-25
 - o 26-35
 - o 36-45
 - o 46-55
 - o 56-70
 - o 70+
- Ensure that each age in the dataset is mapped to one of these age groups.
- After that, remove the original `age` column from the dataset.

Step 2: Create `cf_ab_score` (Consume Frequency and Awareness Brand Score)

Objective: Create a new column `cf_ab_score` by combining the information from `consume_frequency(weekly)` and `awareness_of_other_brands` columns.

- Use the following mappings for consume_frequency(weekly):
 - o "0-2 times" → 1
 - \circ "3-4 times" \rightarrow 2
 - \circ "5-7 times" \rightarrow 3
- Use the following mappings for awareness_of_other_brands:
 - \circ "0 to 1" \rightarrow 1
 - \circ "2 to 4" \rightarrow 2



- \circ "above 4" \rightarrow 3
- Calculate cf_ab_score using the following formula:

$$cf_ab_score = \frac{frequency\ score}{awareness\ score + frequency\ score}$$

• Round the result to two decimal places.

Step 3: Create Zone Affluence Score (ZAS)

Objective: Calculate the `zas_score` using a combination of the `zone` and `income levels` columns.

- Use the following mappings for the zone column:
 - \circ "Urban" \rightarrow 3
 - "Metro" → 4
 - "Rural" → 1
 - \circ "Semi-Urban" \rightarrow 2
- Use the following mappings for the income_levels column:
 - o "<10L" → 1</p>
 - \circ "10L 15L" \rightarrow 2
 - \circ "16L 25L" \rightarrow 3
 - \circ "26L 35L" \rightarrow 4
 - \circ "> 35L" \rightarrow 5
 - Not Reported" → 0
- Calculate the zas_score using the following formula:

 $zas_score = zone score \times income score$

Step 4: Brand Switching Indicator (BSI)

Objective: Create a binary indicator column `bsi` that identifies if a respondent is likely to switch brands.



- Check if the respondent's current_brand is not "Established".
- Also check if the reasons_for_choosing_brands are either "Price" or "Quality".
- If both conditions are true, assign a value of 1 to indicate potential for brand switching. Otherwise, assign 0.

Final Cleaning Step:

Removing Logical Outliers:

When reviewing the occupation data, we found logical inconsistencies. For
instance, there are students listed in the `56-70` age group, which seems like an
incorrect entry. We need to remove such records where the data doesn't make
sense logically.

occupation	Entrepreneur	Retired	Student	Working Professional
age_group				
18-25	535	0	7328	2605
26-35	1826	0	697	6570
36-45	1619	0	0	4353
46-55	799	0	0	2167
56-70	221	1130	35	106