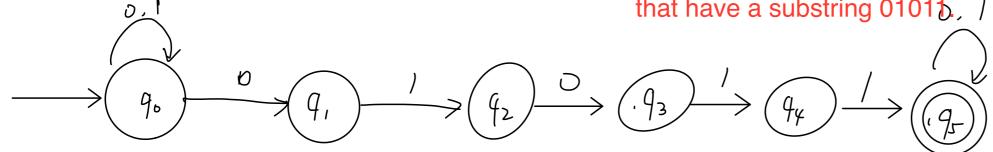
Build DFA D and NFA N such that L(D) = L(N), which consists of all binary strings that have a substring 0101b.



Proof of correctness!

For string contains 0/01/:

Suppose any binary string W that consists substring O[01],  $(W \in \mathbb{Z}^*)$  denote it as  $W = \times O[01]y$  for some  $\times , y \in \mathbb{Z}^*$ .

Let & be consumed by 90, then 01011 is consumed by states 9, 92, 93, 94, 97, 95 is final state, it consume y.

Thus, we have a path that could consumes string x01011y which starts at 90, ends at 95. i.e., This NFA accepts any strings that contains substring 0/011.

For string does not contain 0/0/1: (prove by induction)

BS: Suppose string with length 2, it must could not contain substring 0/01/. In this case, it could not be accepted since the path from 90 to 9, requires 3 input symbols.

IH: Suppose the NFA does not occept string does not contain 0/01/, the length of the string is n.
Prove it also works for string with 6n+1> length that does not contain 0/01/.

Is: Denote the string with length n as  $w.(w \in \mathbb{Z}^*)$ . Then add a binary number v to w, its length becomes n+1. There would be two cases: wo, w.

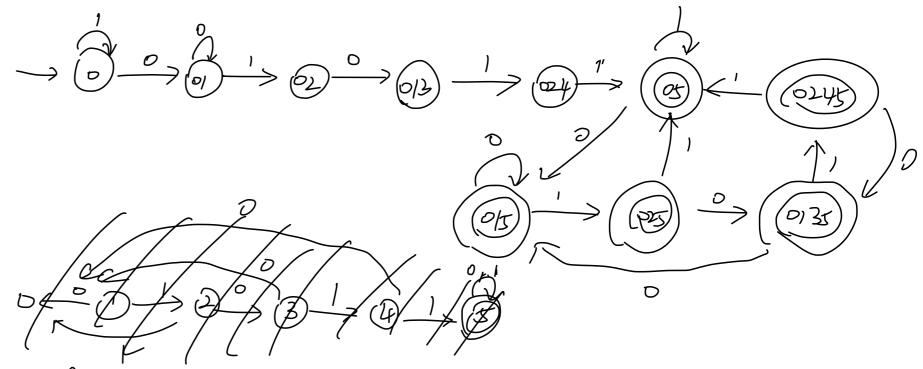
For case wo: Since we already know string in does not contain 0/01), so no would also does not contain 0/011. In this case, the NFA cannot accept wo as well.

## For case WI:

The only possibilities that WI could be accepted is when W ends with '0101's but in this case, WI contains substring 01011, which conflicts with IH, so W cannot ends nith "0101". So W cannot ends at state 94.

Since w cannot ends at 94, and it is a string that does not contain 01011, wI would also not be accepted.

Therefore, this NFA does not accept any string does not contain 0/01/.



(1) Do not need it since the states are not competed with the start state)

Merge the final states OI, 01I, 025, 0/3I, 0245 as P we get the DFA:

