

Foundations of Artificial Intelligence

Prof. Dr. J. Boedecker, Prof. Dr. W. Burgard, Prof. Dr. F. Hutter, Prof. Dr. B. Nebel
T. Schulte, R. Rajan, S. Adriaensen, K. Sirohi
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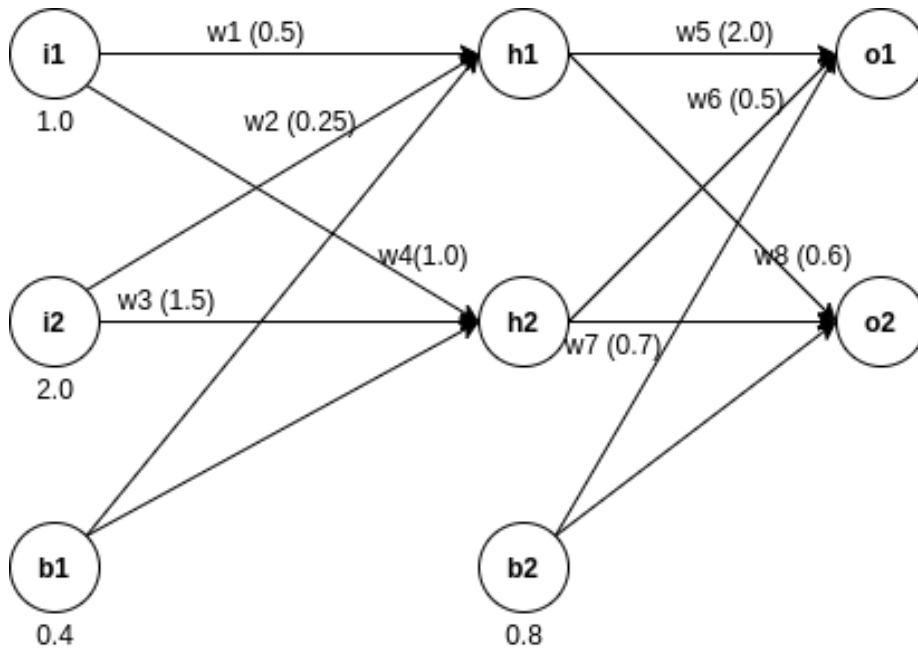
University of Freiburg
Department of Computer Science

Exercise Sheet 11 — Solutions

Exercise 11.1 (Multi Layer Perceptron)

Given below is a structure of a multilayer perceptron with 2 inputs ($i1$ and $i2$), 2 hidden layers ($h1$ and $h2$), biases ($b1$ and $b2$) and one output layer (o). Each hidden and output layer output is activated using logistic sigmoid activation function:.

- Perform one forward pass with the values of parameters depicted with every variable in the network and calculate the outputs ($o1, o2$).
- Calculate the mean square error given value of outputs ($o1, o2$) as (2.0, 4.0).



Solution:

- To solve the output of the network, the output of each node has to be calculated. Let the overall input of $h1$ be denoted by $inh1$ which is calculated as follows.

$$\begin{aligned} inh1 &= w1 * i1 + w2 * i2 + b1 \\ inh1 &= 0.5 * 1.0 + 0.25 * 2.0 + 0.4 = 1.4 \end{aligned}$$

This is activated using logistic sigmoid activation function to give output, $outh1$.

$$outh1 = 1/(1 + e^{-1.4}) = 0.8022$$

Similarly we calculate the output of the node $h2$.

$$\begin{aligned} inh2 &= w4 * i1 + w3 * i2 + b1 \\ inh2 &= 1.0 * 1.0 + 1.5 * 2.0 + 0.4 = 4.4 \end{aligned}$$

$$outh2 = 1/(1 + e^{-4.4}) = 0.9878$$

The output $outo_1$ is calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} ino_1 &= w5 * outh1 + w6 * outh2 + b2 \\ ino_1 &= 2.0 * 0.8022 + 0.5 * 0.9878 + 0.8 = 2.8963 \\ outo_1 &= 1/(1 + e^{-2.8963}) = 0.9477 \end{aligned}$$

The output oto_2 is calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} ino_2 &= w8 * outh1 + w7 * outh2 + b2 \\ ino_2 &= 0.6 * 0.8022 + 0.7 * 0.9878 + 0.8 = 1.97278 \\ outo_2 &= 1/(1 + e^{-1.97278}) = 0.87791 \end{aligned}$$

b) Mean square error is defined as:

$$\begin{aligned} MSE &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (o_i - outo_i)^2 \\ MSE &= (1/2) * ((o_1 - outo_1)^2 + (o_2 - outo_2)^2) \end{aligned}$$

Given values of o_1 and o_2 are 2.0 and 4.0 respectively.

$$\begin{aligned} MSE &= 0.5 * ((2.0 - 0.9477)^2 + (4.0 - 0.87791)^2) \\ MSE &= 5.4273 \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 11.2 (Convolutional Neural Network)

Given below is a sequence of operations in a small convolutional neural network(CNN) which takes input of shape (48 x 48 x 3). Calculate the output size and number of trainable parameters after each layer of the network.

conv1 and conv2 are the convolutional layers with given filter size f , stride s and output feature size o .

layer	shape	parameters
Input	(48,48,3)	0
conv1(f=3,s=1,o=8)		
conv2(f=5,s=1,o=16)		

Solution:

The output size of a convolution layer with input size $n \times n$, filter size $f \times f$, stride s and padding p is given by:

$$out = \frac{n-f-2p}{s} + 1$$

as no padding is provided, the padding is 0.

For a filter size of f , previous feature size i , output feature size o , the number of learnable parameters are calculated as:

$$num_{param} = (i * f * f * o) + o.$$

For conv1, it will lead to:

$$num_{param} = (3 * 3 * 3 * 8) + 8 = 224.$$

Using these formulas, the complete table is as follows.

layer	shape	parameters
Input	(48,48,3)	0
conv1(f=3,s=1,o=8)	(46,46,8)	224
conv2(f=5,s=1,o=16)	(42,42,16)	3216