Foundations of Artificial Intelligence Exercise Sheet 10

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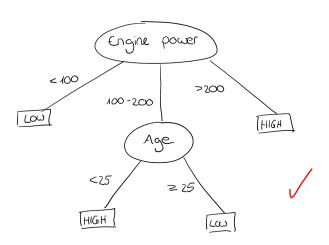
Exercise 10.1

$$R(engine\ power) = \frac{2}{6}I(0,\frac{2}{2}) + \frac{2}{6}I(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}) + \frac{2}{6}I(\frac{2}{2},0) = \frac{1}{3}(0+1+0) = \frac{1}{3}$$

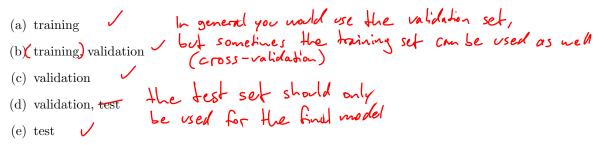
$$R(age) = \frac{1}{2}(I(\frac{2}{3},\frac{1}{3}) + I(\frac{2}{3},\frac{1}{3})) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{5}{6} + \frac{5}{6}) = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$Gain(engine\ power) = I(\frac{3}{6},\frac{3}{6}) - \frac{1}{3} = 1 - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$Gain(age) = I(\frac{3}{6},\frac{3}{6}) - \frac{5}{6} = 1 - \frac{5}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$$



Exercise 10.2



The test set should always be fixed a priori, because it defines the desired behaviour of the final model. \nearrow