Distributed Systems 9/01/2017 Corso di Laurea Magistrale in Ingegneria Informatica

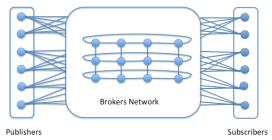
5 Credits	6 out of 12 Credits (not passed CNS yet	
6 Credits	6 out of 12 Credits (passed CNS)	
	(tick the appropriate box above – write clear below)	
Family Name	Name	Student ID

- Ex 1: Detail how the structure of a regular consensus algorithm changes moving from a synchronous system to an eventually synchronous one.
- **Ex 2:** Consider the FIFO, Causal and Total Order broadcast primitives. Describe the relations (equivalence, orthogonality, inclusion) that exist among them, providing examples (runs) as a motivation to your answer.
- Ex 3: Consider the operations executed on a (1,N) register shown in the run below.



Assuming that the initial value of the register is 0, answer the following questions:

- 1. List the value returned by each read operation considering the register be regular. Explain why.
- 2. List the value returned by each read operation considering the register be atomic. Explain why.
- **Ex 4:** Describe properties of *fair-loss*, *stubborn* and *perfect* point-to-point channels. In addition, discuss the relationship between point-to-point channels abstraction and TCP/UDP protocols.
- **Ex 5:** Let us consider a distributed system composed by publishers, subscribers and brokers. Processes are arranged in a network made as follows and depicted below:



- 1. Each publisher is connected to k brokers trough perfect point-to-point links;
- 2. Each subscriber is connected to k brokers trough perfect point-to-point links;
- 3. Each broker is connected to k brokers trough perfect point-to-point links and the resulting broker network is k-connected ¹(4-connected in the example);

Answer to the following questions:

- 1. Write the pseudo-code of an algorithm implementing the event-flooding dissemination scheme assuming that processes are not going to fail.
- 2. Discuss how many crash failures the proposed algorithm can tolerate.
- 3. Modify the proposed algorithm in order to tolerate f Byzantine processes in the broker network and discuss the relation between f and k.

According to the Italian law 675 of the 31/12/96, I authorize the instructor of the course to publish on the
web site of the course results of the exams.

Signature:	

¹ Let us recall that a graph G is said to be k-connected if there does not exist a set of k-1 vertices whose removal disconnects the graph.