Knowledge Representation and Semantic Technologies

Exercises on OWL 2 profiles

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EI

Given the following TBox:

- $(1) \text{ MALE} \sqsubseteq \text{PERSON}$
- (2) FEMALE

 □ PERSON
- (3) has Mother \sqsubseteq has Parent
- (4) has Father \sqsubseteq has Parent
- (5) has Child \sqsubseteq has Parent
- (6) MALE \sqcap FEMALE $\sqsubseteq \bot$
- (7) \exists hasParent \sqsubseteq IS-CHILD
- (8) IS-CHILD $\sqsubseteq \exists$ hasParent
- (9) ∃hasParent.HAPPY-PARENT

 HAPPY-CHILD
- (10) ∃hasChild.HAPPY-CHILD

 HAPPY-PARENT
- (11) HAPPY-CHILD $\sqsubseteq \exists$ hasParent
- (12) HAPPY-PARENT $\sqsubseteq \exists$ hasChild
- (13) HAPPY-PARENT \sqcap HAPPY-CHILD \sqsubseteq HAPPY
- (14) HAPPY □ HAPPY-PARENT
- (15) HAPPY \sqsubseteq HAPPY-CHILD

RL

(a) Tell which of these axioms can be expressed in DL-Lite_R, EL, and RL, respectively;

(b) given the following ABox:

- (A1) MALE(Bob)
- (A2) MALE(Paul)
- (A3) FEMALE(Ann)
- (A4) hasMother(Paul,Ann)
- (A5) hasFather(Mary,Paul)
- (A6) hasChild(Paul,Jane)
- (A7) hasChild(Jane,Bob)
- (A8) HAPPY(Ann)
- (A9) HAPPY-CHILD(Jane)

and the TBox obtained from the previous one by discarding the axioms not expressible in RL, determine the instances of the concept HAPPY by applying forward chaining;

- (c) Given the above ABox and the TBox obtained from the previous one by discarding the axioms not expressible in DL_Lite_R:
 - (c1) determine the instances of the concept HAPPY by applying query rewriting;
 - (c2) determine the instances of the query q(x):- hasParent(x,y) by applying query rewriting.

Exercise 1(a): Solution

The axioms expressible in DL-Lite_R are:

$$(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (11), (12), (14), (15)$$

Notice that axiom (6) can be expressed in DL-Lite_R by the equivalent axiom MALE $\sqsubseteq \neg$ FEMALE Not 9,10,13

The axioms expressible in EL are:

The axioms expressible in RL are:

Exercise 1(b): Solution

The ABox obtained by chasing the initial ABox with the RL axioms of the TBox is obtained by adding to the initial ABox the following assertions:

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(A10) PERSON(Bob) (follows from (A1) and TBox axiom (1))
(A11) PERSON(Paul) (follows from (A2) and TBox axiom (1))
(A12) PERSON(Ann) (follows from (A3) and TBox axiom (2))
(A13) hasParent(Paul,Ann) (follows from (A4) and TBox axiom (3))
(A14) hasParent(Mary,Paul) (follows from (A5) and TBox axiom (4))
(A15) hasParent(Jane,Paul) (follows from (A6) and TBox axiom (5))
(A16) hasParent(Bob,Jane) (follows from (A7) and TBox axiom (5))
(A17) IS-CHILD(Paul) (follows from (A13) and TBox axiom (7))
(A18) IS-CHILD(Mary) (follows from (A14) and TBox axiom (7))
(A19) IS-CHILD(Jane) (follows from (A15) and TBox axiom (7))
(A20) IS-CHILD(Bob) (follows from (A16) and TBox axiom (7))
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Exercise 1(b): Solution (cont'd)

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(A21) HAPPY-PARENT(Ann) (follows from (A8) and TBox axiom (14)) (A22) HAPPY-CHILD(Ann) (follows from (A8) and TBox axiom (15)) (A23) HAPPY-CHILD(Paul) (follows from (A13), (A21) and TBox axiom (9)) (A24) HAPPY-PARENT(Paul) (follows from (A6), (A9) and TBox axiom (10)) (A25) HAPPY(Paul) (follows from (A23), (A24) and TBox axiom (13)) (A26) HAPPY-CHILD(Mary) (follows from (A14), (A24) and TBox axiom (9))
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Therefore, the instances of the concept HAPPY are: {Ann, Paul}

Exercise 1(c1): Solution

The rewriting of the query

$$q(x) :- HAPPY(x)$$

w.r.t. the DL-LiteR axioms of the TBox is simply:

$$q(x) :- HAPPY(x)$$

since there are no subconcepts of HAPPY (notice that axiom (13) is not a DL-LiteR axiom, hence it is ignored).

By evaluating such a query on the initial ABox, we obtain the answers {Ann}.

Exercise 1(c2): Solution

The rewriting of the query

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q(x) :- hasParent(x,y)
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w.r.t. the DL-LiteR axioms of the TBox is the following:

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(Q1) q(x) := hasParent(x,y) (initial query)
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(Q2) q(x) :- hasMother(x,y) (obtained from (Q1) and TBox axiom (3))

(Q3) q(x) := hasFather(x,y) (obtained from (Q1) and TBox axiom (4))

(Q4) q(x) :- hasChild(y,x) (obtained from (Q1) and TBox axiom (5))

(Q5) q(x) := IS-CHILD(x) (obtained from (Q1) and TBox axiom (8))

(Q6) q(x) := HAPPY-CHILD(x) (obtained (Q1) and TBox axiom (11))

(Q7) q(x) :- HAPPY(x) (obtained from (Q6) and TBox axiom (15))

By evaluating such a query on the initial ABox, we obtain the answers {Paul, Mary, Jane, Bob, Ann}.