# Data Structures and Algorithms Lab

Lab 13 Marks 07

#### **Instructions**

Work on this lab individually. You can use your books, notes, handouts etc. but you are not allowed to borrow anything from your peer student.

#### **Marking Criteria**

Show your work to the instructor before leaving the lab to get some or full credit.

#### What you must do

Implement a class for **Binary Search Trees (BST)**. Each node of this tree will store the **student id**, **name**, and **fee** of a student exist in a text file named **input.txt**. The data in the **input** file is exactly in the following format: each new line contains **student-id** then a blank space **student-name** then a blank space **student-fee**.

The class definitions will look like:

```
class Student
{
       friend class StudentBST;
private:
       int stdId;
                                  //student identifier (unique)
                                  //student name
      string name;
                                  //student fee
      float fee;
       Student* left;
                                  //left subtree of a node
       Student* right;
                                  //right subtree of a node
};
class StudentBST
{
private:
      Student* root;
                                  //root of the tree
public:
       StudentBST();
                                  //constructor
      ~StudentBST();
                                  //destructor
};
```

You are required to implement the following member functions of the StudentBST class:

```
bool insert (int stdId, string name, float balance);
```

This function will **insert** a new student's record in the **BST**. The **3 arguments** of this function are the **student-id**, **name**, and **student-fee** of this new student, respectively. This function will check whether a **student** with the same **student-id** already **exists** in the tree. If it does not exist, then this function will insert it into the tree at its appropriate location and return **true**. If a **student** with the same **student-id** already exists, then this function should return **false**.

```
bool search (int stdId);
```

This function will search the **BST** for a member with the given **student-id**. If such a **student** is found, then this function should display the **details (student-id, name, and fee)** of this **student** and return **true**. If such a **student** is not found, then this function should **display a message** indicating this and return **false**.

```
void inOrder ();
```

This function will perform an **in-order** traversal of the **BST** and display the **details** (**student-id**, **name**, **and fee**) of each student. It will be a **public** member function of the **StudentBST** class. This function will call the following helper function to achieve its objective.

```
void inOrder (Student* stree);
```

This will be a **recursive** function which will perform the **in-order** traversal on the sub-tree which is being pointed by **stree**. It will be a **private** member function of the **StudentBST** class.

## void preOrder ();

This function will perform a **pre-order** traversal of the **BST** and display the **details (student-id, name, and fee)** of each student. It will be a **public** member function of the **StudentBST** class. This function will call the following helper function to achieve its objective.

# void preOrder (Student\* stree);

This will be a **recursive** function which will perform the **pre-order** traversal on the sub-tree which is being pointed by **stree**. It will be a **private** member function of the **StudentBST** class.

## void postOrder ();

This function will perform a **post-order** traversal of the **BST** and display the **details (student-id, name, and fee)** of each student. It will be a **public** member function of the **StudentBST** class. This function will call the following helper function to achieve its objective.

## void PostOrder (Student\* stree);

This will be a **recursive** function which will perform the **post-order** traversal on the sub-tree which is being pointed by **stree**. It will be a **private** member function of the **StudentBST** class.

# void destroy (Student\* stree);

This will be a **recursive** function which will destroy (**deallocate**) the nodes of the sub-tree pointed by **stree**. This function will destroy the nodes in **post-order** way i.e., the left and right sub-trees of a node are destroyed before de-allocating the node itself. This function will be a **private** member function of the **StudentBST** class.

Implement the main function and test the functionality of your created classes by taking data from the input file.

