# 旅行商问题

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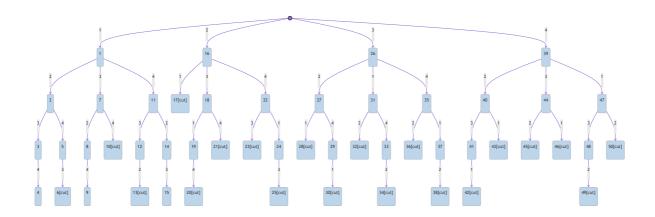
#### 算法目的

某售货员要到若干城市去推销商品,已知各城市之间的路程,他要选定一条从驻地出发,经过每个城市一遍,最后回到住地的路线,使总的路程最短。

## 剪枝策略

- 如果当前正在考虑的顶点j与当前路径中的末端结点i没有边相连,即w[i, j]= INF,则不必搜索j所在分支。
- 如果curnCost(i) ≥ bestCost,则停止搜索curnPath[i]分支及其下面的层 , 其中,bestCost代表到目前为止,在前面的搜索中,从其它已经搜索过的路径中,找到的最佳完整回路的权和(总长度)

## 解空间树



# 源码

```
int *curnPath, *bestPath;
void travel(int tier) {
   //如果达到解空间树叶子节点
    if (tier == n) {
        if (graph[curnPath[tier - 1]][curnPath[tier]] != INF &&
graph[curnPath[tier]][1] != INF &&
            (curnCost + graph[curnPath[tier - 1]][curnPath[tier]] +
graph[curnPath[tier]][1] < bestCost ||</pre>
             bestCost == INF)) {
            for (int i = 0; i < n + 1; i++)
                bestPath[i] = curnPath[i];
            bestCost = curnCost + graph[curnPath[tier - 1]][curnPath[tier]] +
graph[curnPath[tier]][1];
        return;
    //从当前节点向下搜索
    for (int i = tier; i < n; i++) {
        if (graph[curnPath[tier - 1]][curnPath[i]] != INF &&
            (curnCost + graph[curnPath[tier - 1]][curnPath[i]] < bestCost</pre>
             || bestCost == INF)) {
            swap(curnPath[i], curnPath[tier]);
            curnCost += graph[curnPath[tier - 1]][curnPath[tier]];
            travel(tier + 1);
            curnCost -= graph[curnPath[tier - 1]][curnPath[tier]];
            swap(curnPath[i], curnPath[tier]);
        }
   }
}
void output() {
    cout << bestCost << endl;</pre>
    cout << bestPath[1];</pre>
    for (int i = 2; i < n + 1; i++)
        cout << " " << bestPath[i];</pre>
    \verb"cout << " " << bestPath[1] << endl;
}
int main() {
    n = 4;
    curnPath = new int[n + 1];
    bestPath = new int[n + 1];
   for (int i = 0; i < n + 1; i++) {
        curnPath[i] = i;
    travel(2);
    output();
    return 0;
}
```

#### 运行结果

 $\label{lem:G:CoursewareAlgorithmAlgorithmFinalTask7\_TSP\cmake-build-debug\TSK7.exe 25$ 

1 2 3 4 1

Process finished with exit code 0