# CN LAB EXAMINATION REPORT

#### Aim

To create and configure a suitable network topology involving both LAN and WAN using Cisco Packet Tracer. The setup includes 10-12 computers, switches, and routers, aiming to simulate the transmission of messages from computers in one network to computers in another network, ensuring proper connectivity and communication across different network segments.

#### **Procedure**

# 1. Topology Design

### **LAN Configuration**:

- 1. Designed a network topology with 12 computers connected to 2 switches, ensuring adequate connectivity within the LAN segment.
- 2. Implemented WAN configuration to connect the two LANs using 2

routers, establishing a broader network structure for communication. 2.

# **Network Setup in Cisco Packet Tracer Add Devices:**

- 1. Placed and connected 10 computers in two separate LAN segments:
  - o **LAN 1**: 5 computers o **LAN 2**: 5 computers
- 2. Added 2 switches to manage connections within each LAN.
- **3.** Introduced 2 routers to facilitate WAN connectivity.

#### **Configure IP Addresses:**

- 1. Assigned unique IP addresses to all computers: oLAN
  - **1**: 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.6 o **LAN 2**: 192.168.2.1 to 192.168.2.6
- 2. Configured router interfaces with appropriate IP addresses:
  - o **Router 1** (LAN 1 interface): 192.168.1.254 o **Router 2** (LAN 2 interface): 192.168.2.254 o **WAN** link:
    - Router 1: 10.0.0.1Router 2: 10.0.0.2
- 3. Set up routing protocols:

o Router 1: Configured with RIP. o

Router 2: Configured with OSPF. 3.

# **Configuration Steps LAN Configuration:**

- 1. Connected computers to the switches using appropriate network cables (copper straight-through).
- 2. Configured unique IP addresses on each computer, ensuring they were within the same subnet.
- 3. Connected the switches to ensure communication across devices within the LAN.

#### **WAN Configuration:**

- Connected the routers to each other using serial cables to establish the WAN connection.
- 2. Configured the router interfaces with IP addresses that facilitate communication across the WAN.
- 3. Set up routing:
  - o On Router 1:

```
bash Copy code
enable configure
terminal router rip
version 1 network
192.168.1.0 network
```

#### 10.0.0.0 o On Router 2:

bash Copy code enable configure terminal router ospf 1 network 192.168.2.0 0.0.0.255 area 0 network 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

## 4. Simulation

## Send a Message:

- 1. Utilized Cisco Packet Tracer's simulation mode to monitor network activity.
- 2. Configured and sent a message from a computer in LAN 1 (e.g., PC\_123) to a computer in LAN 2 (e.g., PC\_127).
- 3. Captured and verified the message transmission, ensuring successful delivery to the destination computer.

#### Result

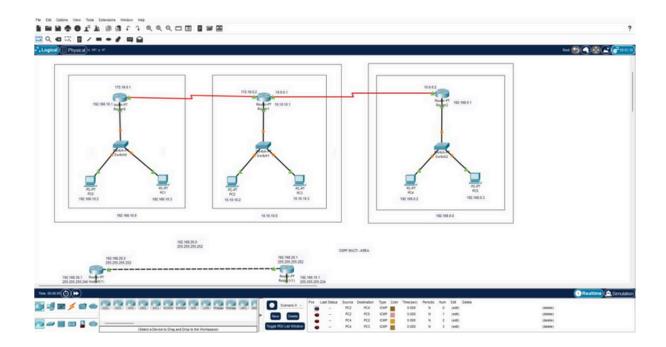
### **Network Topology and Configuration**:

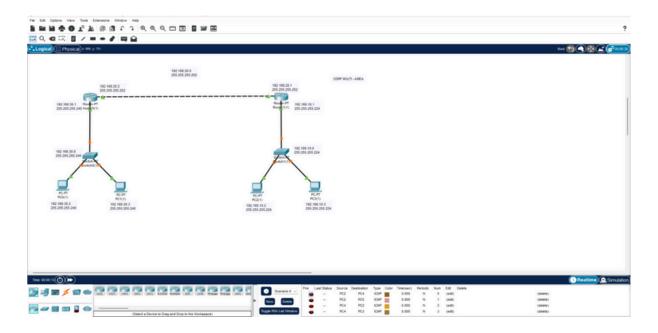
- LAN Setup: o Computers: 12 computers were successfully placed and connected. o Switches: 2 switches managed LAN connections.
  - o **IP Configuration**: Unique IP addresses were assigned within the same subnet for all computers.
- WAN Setup: 0 Routers: 2 routers were configured to connect the two distinct LANs.
  - o **Router IP Configuration**: Routers were assigned IP addresses to enable connectivity. o **Routing Protocols**:
    - RIP was implemented on Router 1.
    - OSPF was configured on Router 2.

# **Message Transmission:**

- A message was successfully sent from a computer in LAN 1 to a computer in LAN 2.
- Simulation mode in Cisco Packet Tracer confirmed that the message was routed correctly through the WAN and received at the destination computer.

#### **Screenshots:**





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