Advice for Applying Machine Learning

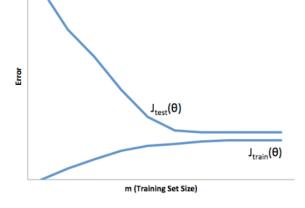
TOTAL POINTS 5

1. You train a learning algorithm, and find that it has unacceptably high error on the test set. You plot the learning curve, and obtain the figure below. Is the algorithm suffering from high bias, high variance, or neither?

1 point

1 point





Neither

High bias

High variance

2. Suppose you have implemented regularized logistic regression to classify what object is in an image (i.e., to do object recognition). However, when you test your hypothesis on a new set of images, you find that it makes unacceptably large errors with its predictions on the new images. However, your hypothesis performs well (has low error) on the training set. Which of the following are promising steps to





Try adding polynomial features.

Use fewer training examples.

take? Check all that apply.

Get more training examples.

Try using a smaller set of features.



3. Suppose you have implemented regularized logistic regression to predict what items customers will purchase on a web shopping site. However, when you test your hypothesis on a new set of customers, you find that it makes unacceptably large errors in its predictions. Furthermore, the hypothesis performs poorly on the training set. Which of the



1 point

	following might be promising steps to take? Check all that	
	apply.	
	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	
	Try adding polynomial features.	
	Try using a smaller set of features.	
	Try to obtain and use additional features.	
	4. Which of the following statements are true? Check all that apply.	1 point
	Suppose you are using linear regression to predict housing prices, and your dataset comes sorted in order of increasing sizes of houses. It is then important to randomly shuffle the dataset before splitting it into training, validation and test sets, so that we don't have all the smallest houses going into the training set, and all the largest houses going into the test set.	
	Suppose you are training a logistic regression classifier using polynomial features and want to select what degree polynomial (denoted <i>d</i> in the lecture videos) to use. After training the classifier on the entire training set, you decide to use a subset of the training examples as a validation set. This will work just as well as having a validation set that is separate (disjoint) from the training set.	
	It is okay to use data from the test set to choose the regularization parameter λ , but not the model parameters (θ).	
	A typical split of a dataset into training, validation and test sets might be 60% training set, 20% validation set, and 20% test set.	
	5. Which of the following statements are true? Check all that apply.	1 point
	If a learning algorithm is suffering from high bias, only adding more training examples may not improve the test error significantly.	
	When debugging learning algorithms, it is useful to plot a learning curve to understand if there is a high bias or high variance problem.	
	We always prefer models with high variance (over those with high bias) as they will able to better fit the training set.	
	If a learning algorithm is suffering from high variance, adding more training examples is likely to improve the test error.	
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