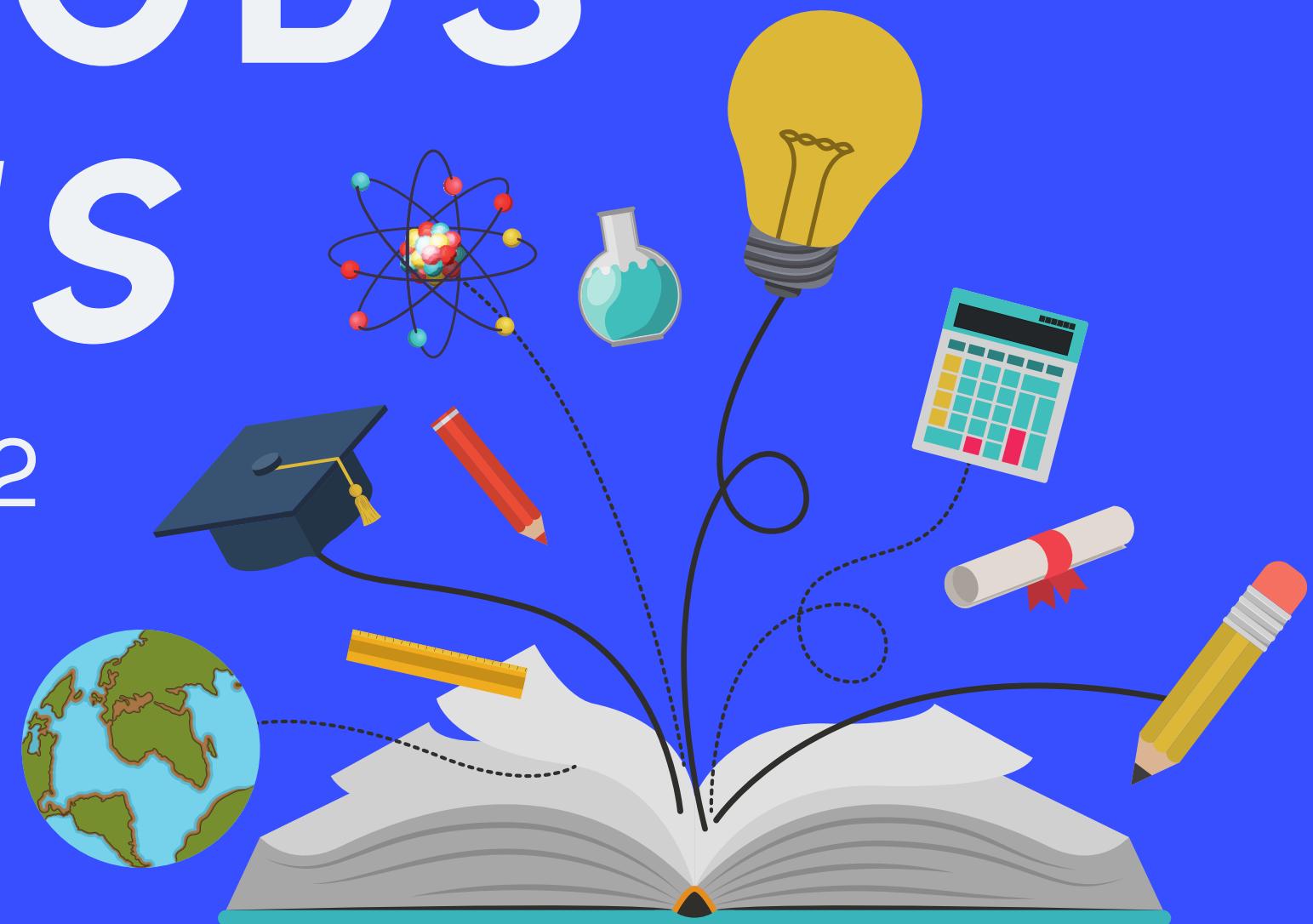


METHODS & THIS

Objects Pt. 2



THE SECRET LIFE OF OBJECTS

- We've seen the basics of object literals, but there is so much more to talk about with OBJECTS!



GOALS

- Add methods to objects
- Use new object shorthand syntax
- Use computed properties
- Explain how the `>this` works.

SHORTHAND PROPERTIES



```
const reviews = [4.5, 5.0, 3.44, 2.8, 3.5, 4.0, 3.5];
const max = Math.max(...reviews);
const min = Math.min(...reviews);
const sum = reviews.reduce((sum, r) => sum + r);
const avg = sum / reviews.length;

const stats = {min, max, sum, avg} ←
stats; // {min: 2.8, max: 5, sum: 26.74, avg: 3.82}
```

New!

COMPUTED PROPERTIES



```
const user = 'Jools';  
  
const userRoles = {  
  [user]: 'Admin'  
}  
  
userRoles; // {Jools: "Admin"}
```

We can use a variable as a key name in an object literal property!

METHODS



```
const math = {  
    multiply : function(x, y) {  
        return x * y;  
    },  
    divide   : function(x, y) {  
        return x / y;  
    },  
    square   : function(x) {  
        return x * x;  
    }  
};
```

We can add functions as properties on objects.

We call them methods!

SHORTHAND

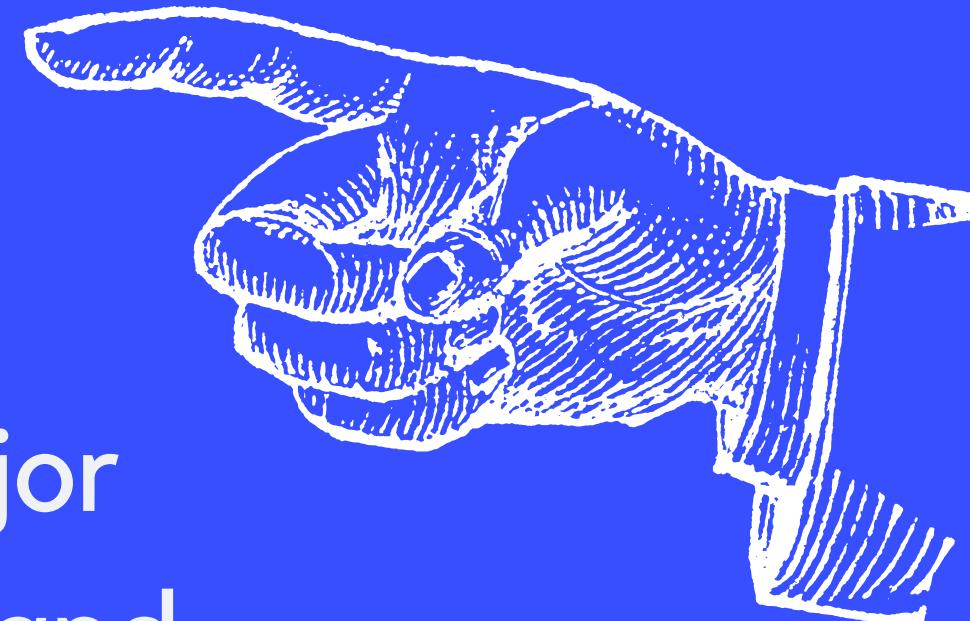


```
const math = {  
    blah: 'Hi!',  
    add(x, y) {  
        return x + y;  
    },  
    multiply(x, y) {  
        return x * y;  
    }  
}  
math.add(50, 60) //110
```

We do this so often that there's a new shorthand way of adding methods.

THIS

The keyword *this* can be a major point of confusion and misery and hardship and general suffering in the life of a new JS developer.





C O U R A G E

"One of the most courageous decisions you'll ever make is to try and learn the JavaScript keyword *this*."



fingers

It's actually
not that bad!

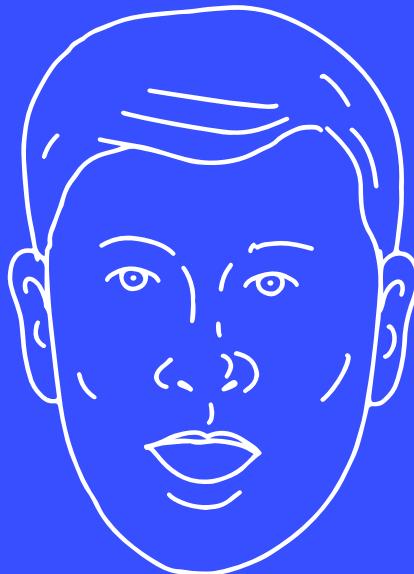


THIS IN METHODS

Use the keyword ***this*** to access other properties on the same object

```
● ● ●  
const person = {  
  first: 'Robert',  
  last: 'Herjavec',  
  fullName() {  
    return `${this.first} ${this.last}`  
  }  
}  
person.fullName(); // "Robert Herjavec"  
person.last = "Plant";  
person.fullName(); // "Robert Plant"
```

The value of **this** depends on
the invocation context of
the function it is used in.





SAME FUNCTION



```
const person = {  
  first: 'Robert',  
  last: 'Herjavec',  
  fullName() {  
    return `${this.first} ${this.last}`  
  }  
}
```



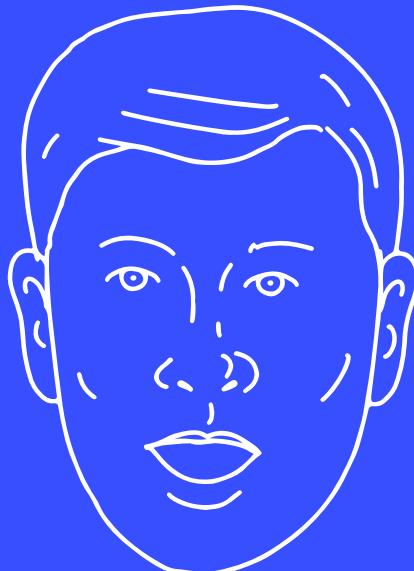
```
person.fullName();  
// "Robert Herjavec"
```

DIFFERENT RESULT???



```
const func = person.fullName;  
func()  
// "undefined undefined"
```

The value of **this** depends on
the **invocation context** the
function it is used in.



(ALMOST) EVERYTHING IS AN OBJECT (KIND OF)

"HI"



Primitive

Object Wrapper