

# IMC Practice

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Day 1 - Question 1

Ridley

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Roelofs

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# Problem:

Let  $(a_n)_{n=1}^{\infty}$  and  $(b_n)_{n=1}^{\infty}$  be two sequences of positive numbers. Show that the following statements are equivalent:

① There is a sequence  $(c_n)_{n=1}^{\infty}$  of positive numbers such that

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_n}{c_n} \text{ and } \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{c_n}{b_n} \text{ both converge}$$

②  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sqrt{\frac{a_n}{b_n}}$  converges.

# Solution:

$$\text{Let } (c_n)_{n=1}^{\infty} = (a_n^2)_{n=1}^{\infty}$$

$$(b_n)_{n=1}^{\infty} = (a_n^3)_{n=1}^{\infty}$$

From ①

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_n}{c_n} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_n}{a_n^2} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{a_n} \text{ converges}$$

From ①

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{c_n}{b_n} \text{ converges}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_n^2}{a_n^3} \text{ Converges}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{a_n} \text{ Converges}$$

From ②

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sqrt{\frac{a_n}{b_n}} \text{ Converges}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sqrt{\frac{a_n}{a_n^3}} \text{ Converges}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a_n^2}} \text{ Converges}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{a_n} \text{ Converges}$$

$\Rightarrow$  ① and ② are equivalent in saying that

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{a_n} \text{ Converges for } (C_n)_{n=1}^{\infty} = (a_n^2)_{n=1}^{\infty}$$

$$(b_n)_{n=1}^{\infty} = (a_n^3)_{n=1}^{\infty}$$

Reflection:

My original solution was good for a specific case where  $(C_n)_{n=1}^{\infty} = (a_n^2)_{n=1}^{\infty}$

$$(b_n)_{n=1}^{\infty} = (a_n^3)_{n=1}^{\infty}$$

but I should have carried on to find  $C_n$  in terms of any  $a_n$  and  $b_n$ .

find  $C_n$  such that

$$\frac{a_n}{C_n} = \frac{C_n}{b_n} = \sqrt{\frac{a_n}{b_n}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_n &= \sqrt{\frac{a_n}{b_n}} \cdot b_n \\ &= \sqrt{a_n \cdot b_n} \end{aligned}$$

A choice of  $C_n = \sqrt{a_n \cdot b_n}$  shows equivalence of ① and ② for any two positive sequences  $a_n$  and  $b_n$ .