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# COURSEWARE

# **Professional Skills** Agile Fundamentals Jira Git **DevOps** Cloud Fundamentals **Databases Introduction** Java Beginner Maven Testing (Foundation) Java Intermediate HTML **CSS** Introduction to CSS3 Fonts Transform Selectors Selectors - Pseudo-Class / Pseudo-Elements Spatial Attributes Alignment Overflow Display and Positioning Background and Borders **Bootstrap Introduction** Bootstrap Nav **Bootstrap Collapse** Bootstrap Grid Bootstrap Forms & Inputs Bootstrap Modal **Bootstrap Cards** Javascript Spring Boot

# Overflow

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#### Overview

In this module, we will be looking at the overflow property.

### Overflow property

The overflow property controls what happens to the content that is too big to fit into an area

It specifies whether to clip the content or to add scrollbars when the content of an element is too big to fit in the specified area.

The overflow property has the following values:

- visible Default. The overflow is not clipped. The content renders outside the element's box
- hidden The overview is clipped, and the rest of the content will be invisible
- scroll The overview is clipped, and a scrollbar is added to see the rest of the content
- auto Similar to scroll, but it adds scrollbars only when necessary.

#### Visible

By default, the overview is visible, meaning that it is not clipped and it renders outside the element's box:

```
div {
    width: 200px;
    height: 50px;
    background-color: #eee;
    border: 1px dotted black;
    overflow: visible;
}
```

Visible Overflow

Note: The overflow property only works for block elements with a specified height.

#### Hidden

With the hidden value, the overflow is clipped, and the rest of the content is hidden:

```
div {
   overflow: hidden;
}
```

Selenium

Sonarqube
Advanced Testing (Theory)
Cucumber
MongoDB
Express
NodeJS
React
Express-Testing
Pre-Project Assessment
Markdown

IDE Cheatsheet

#### Scroll

Setting the overflow value to scroll, the overflow is clipped and a scrollbar is added to scroll inside the box.

Note that this will add a scrollbar both horizontally and vertically (even if you do not need it):

```
div {
    overflow: scroll;
}
```

Scroll Overflow

#### **Auto**

The auto value is similar to scroll, only it add scrollbars when necessary:

```
div {
    overflow: auto;
}
```

Auto Overflow

## Overflow-x and Overflow-y

The overflow-x and overflow-y property specifies whether to change the overflow of the content just horizontally or vertically (or both):

- overflow-x specifies what to do with the left/right edges of the content
- overflow-y specifies what to do with the top/bottom edges of the content

```
div {
  overflow-x: hidden; /* Hide horizontal scrollbar */
  overflow-y: scroll; /* Add vertical scrollbar */
}
```

# All CSS Overflow Properties

Property	Description
overflow	Specifies what happens if content overflows an element's box
overflow- x	Specifies what to do with the left/right edges of the content if it overlaps the element's content area
overflow-	Specifies what to do with the top/bottom edges of the content if it overlaps the element's content area

## **Tutorial**

1. Create the following HTML document

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
 <html lang="en">
 <head>
     <meta charset="UTF-8">
     <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-</pre>
scale=1.0">
     <title>Overflow tutorial</title>
     <style>
     </style>
 </head>
 <body>
     The overflow property specifies what to do if the
     content of an element exceeds the size of the element's box.
     overflow:scroll
     <div class="scroll">You can use the overflow property when you want to
have better control of the layout. The default value is visible.</div>
     overflow:hidden
     <div class="hidden">You can use the overflow property when you want to
have better control of the layout. The default value is visible.</div>
 </body>
 </html>
```

2. Set the overflow property to scroll for <div class="scroll">

```
div.scroll {
    background-color: #00FFFF;
    width: 100px;
    height: 100px;
    overflow: scroll;
}
</style>
```

3. Set the overflow property to hidden for <div class="hidden">

```
<style>
...
div.hidden {
    background-color: #00FFFF;
    width: 100px;
    height: 100px;
    overflow: hidden;
}
</style>
```

The final code should look like this:

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```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title>Overflow tutorial</title>
    <style>
       div.scroll {
           background-color: #00FFFF;
           width: 100px;
           height: 100px;
           overflow: scroll;
       div.hidden {
           background-color: #00FF00;
           width: 100px;
           height: 100px;
           overflow: hidden;
       }
   </style>
</head>
<body>
    The overflow property specifies what to do if the
    content of an element exceeds the size of the element's box.
    overflow:scroll
    <div class="scroll">You can use the overflow property when you want to have
better control of the layout. The default value is visible.</div>
    overflow:hidden
    <div class="hidden">You can use the overflow property when you want to have
better control of the layout. The default value is visible.</div>
</body>
</html>
```

#### **Exercises**

- 1. Add a scrollbar to the <div> element
- 2. Specify that the overflowing text in the <div> element shouldn't be visible, not even with scrolling.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
 <html>
 <head>
     <style>
         div {
             background-color: #eee;
             width: 200px;
             height: 70px;
             border: 1px dotted black;
         }
     </style>
 </head>
 <body>
         Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do
eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim ad
minim veniam, quis nostrud exercitation ullamco laboris nisi ut aliquip ex
ea commodo consequat. Duis aute irure dolor in reprehenderit in voluptate
velit esse cillum dolore eu fugiat nulla pariatur. Excepteur sint occaecat
cupidatat non proident, sunt in culpa qui officia deserunt mollit anim id
est laborum.
     </div>
 </body>
 </html>
```

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▼ Solution 1.

```
div {
    ...
    overflow: scroll;
}
```

▼ Solution 2.

```
div {
    ...
    overflow: hidden;
}
```