

```
%unit Step
n = -5:1:10;
u = (n>=0);
subplot(4,4,1);
stem(n,u);
ylabel("u(t)");
xlabel("t");
xlim([-6 12]);
ylim([-0.2 1.2]);
title("Unit Step");
```

%unit Impulse $u_t=1$, $t=0$ & $u_t=0$ for else

```
ui = (n==0)
subplot(4,4,2);
stem(n,ui);
ylabel("ui(t)");
xlabel("t");
xlim([-6 12]);
ylim([-0.2 1.2]);
title("Unit Impulse");
```

%Ramp signal is denoted by $r(t)$, and it is defined as $r(t) = t$ when $t \geq 0$ else 0

```
r = (n>=0).*n;
subplot(4,4,3);
stem(n,r);
ylabel("Amplitude");
xlabel("ramp signal");
xlim([-6 12]);
ylim([-1 12]);
title("Ramp Signal");
```

```
%expotential
x= 0:1:10
a =0.8;
x2 = a.^x;
subplot(4,4,4);
stem(x,x2);
ylabel("x2(n)");
xlabel("n");
title("Expotential");
```

%Sinusoidal sequence:-

```
t=0:0.01:pi;
y=sin(2*pi*t);
subplot(4,4,5);
plot(t,y);
ylabel('Amplitude');
xlabel('e');
```

```
title('Sinusoidal Sequence');
```

```
% Cosine Sequence:-
```

```
t=0:0.01:pi;
```

```
y=cos(2*pi*t);
```

```
subplot(4,4,6);
```

```
plot(t,y);
```

```
ylabel('Amplitude');
```

```
xlabel('t');
```

```
title('Cosine Sequence');
```

```
%*****
```

```
%Allisins effect.....
```

```
%x = 5*sin(2*pi*1000*t+pi/2);
```

```
a = 2;
```

```
f = 1000;
```

```
t = linspace(0,.01,1000)
```

```
x = a*sin(2*pi*f*t);
```

```
subplot(4,4,7)
```

```
plot(t,x)
```

```
xlim([-0.0001 0.011])
```

```
%fs = f frequency.....
```

```
fs = 800;
```

```
T = 1/fs;
```

```
nmin = ceil(0/T);
```

```
nmax = floor(0.01/T);
```

```
n = nmin:nmax;
```

```
x4 = a*sin(2*pi*f*n*T);
```

```
subplot(4,4,8)
```

```
plot(t,x)
```

```
hold on
```

```
plot(n*T,x4,'o')
```

```
xlim([-0.0001 0.011])
```

```
hold off
```

```
%2*f frequency.....
```

```
fs = 3000;
```

```
T = 1/fs;
```

```
nmin = ceil(0/T);
```

```
nmax = floor(0.01/T);
```

```
n = nmin:nmax;
```

```
x3 = a*sin(2*pi*f*n*T);
```

```
subplot(4,4,9)
```

```
plot(t,x)
```

```
hold on
```

```
plot(n*T,x3,'o')
```

```
xlim([-0.0001 0.011])
```

hold off

%upper frequency.....

fs = 8000;

T = 1/fs;

nmin = ceil(0/T);

nmax = floor(.01/T);

n = nmin:nmax;

x2 = a*sin(2*pi*f*n*T);

subplot(4,4,10)

plot(t,x)

hold on

plot(n*T,x2,'o')

xlim([-0.0001 .011])

hold off

%TEST.....

% n=0:1:30; fs=8000; f=f/fs; y=1*sin(2*pi*f*n); stem(n,y);

%convulation

%x(n)*h(n) = y(n)

%(h(n) = impulse

clc;

clear all;

x=[1 2 3 4 0];

h=[0 0 1 5 2];

lenx=length(x);

lenh=length(h);

X=[x , zeros(1,lenx)];

H=[h , zeros(1,lenh)];

for i=1:lenx+lenh-1

 Y(i)=0;

 for j=1:lenx

 if(i-j+1>0)

 Y(i)=Y(i)+X(j)*H(i-j+1);

 else;

 end

 end

end

subplot(3,1,1);

stem(x);

title('x(n)');

subplot(3,1,2);

stem(h);

title('h(n)');

subplot(3,1,3);

```

stem(Y);
title('Y(n)');

%.....
%corelation.....

```

```

clc;
clear all;
x=[1 2 3 4 0];
h=[0 0 1 5 2];
%flip h.....
h= flip(h);
lenx=length(x);
lenh=length(h);
X=[x , zeros(1,lenx)];
H=[h , zeros(1,lenh)];
for i=1:lenx+lenh-1
    Y(i)=0;
    for j=1:lenx
        if(i-j+1>0)
            Y(i)=Y(i)+X(j)*H(i-j+1);
        else;
        end
    end
end
end

```

```

subplot(3,1,1);
stem(x);
title('x(n)');
subplot(3,1,2);
stem(h);
title('h(n)');
subplot(3,1,3);
stem(Y);
title('Y(n)');

```

```

%autocorelation.....

```

```

clc;
clear all;
x=[1 2 3 4 0];
h=x;
%h = x.....
h= flip(h);
lenx=length(x);
lenh=length(h);
X=[x , zeros(1,lenx)];
H=[h , zeros(1,lenh)];
for i=1:lenx+lenh-1
    Y(i)=0;
    for j=1:lenx

```

```

        if(i-j+1>0)
            Y(i)=Y(i)+X(j)*H(i-j+1);
        else;
        end
    end
end
end

```

```

subplot(3,1,1);
stem(x);
title('x(n)');
subplot(3,1,2);
stem(h);
title('h(n)');
subplot(3,1,3);
stem(Y);
title('Y(n)');

```

%DFT.....

```

clc;
clear al;
x=[0.3535 0.3535 0.6464 1.0607 0.3535 -1.0607 -1.3535 -0.3535]
N=length(x);
X=zeros(N,1);
for m=1:N
    for n=1:N
        X(m)=X(m) + x(n)*exp((-2j*pi*(n-1)*(m-1))/N);
    end
end
h=0:N-1;
disp(X);
subplot(3,1,1);
plot(h,abs(x));
title('X(n)');
subplot(3,1,2);
plot(h,abs(X));
title('Amplitude Spectrum');
subplot(3,1,3);
plot(h,angle(X)*180/pi)
title('Phase Spectrum');

```