Bangladesh University of Engineering and Technology Department of Electrical & Electronic Engineering



Course No. EEE414

Course Name: Electrical Service Design

Project: 3-Storey Building Design

Group-7

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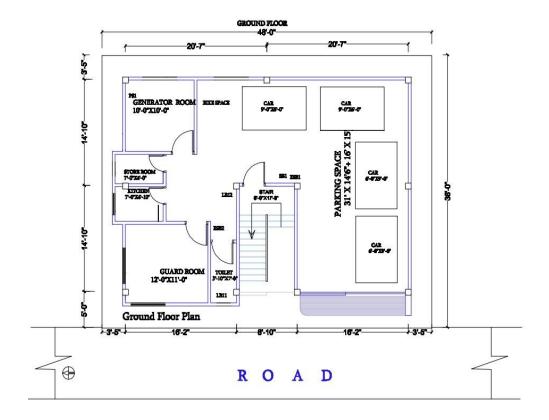
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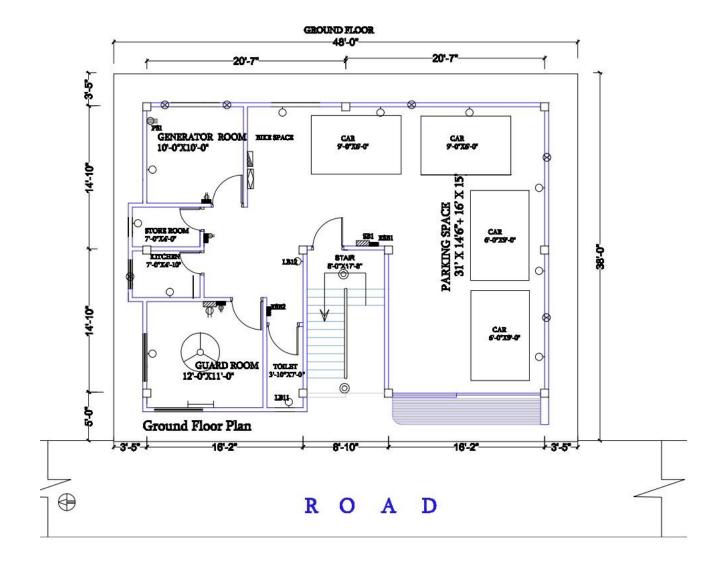
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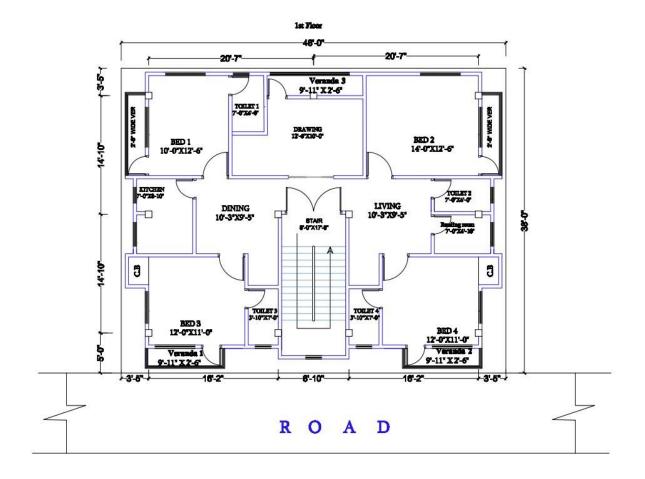
Fitting Fixture Layout

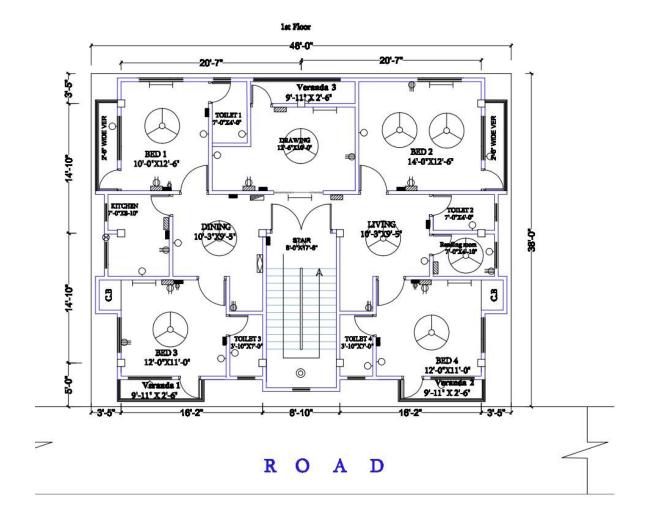
Ground Floor:



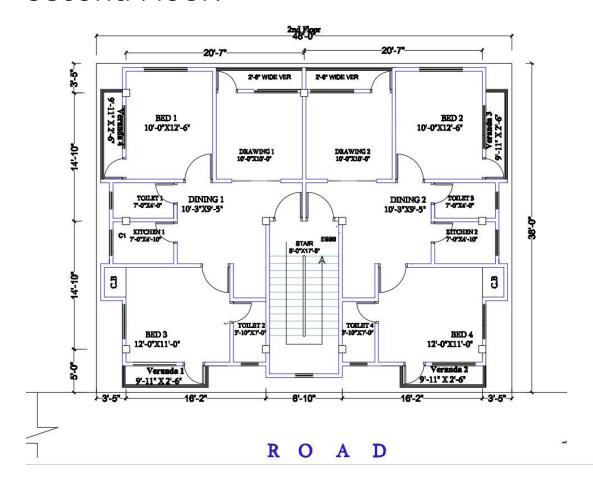


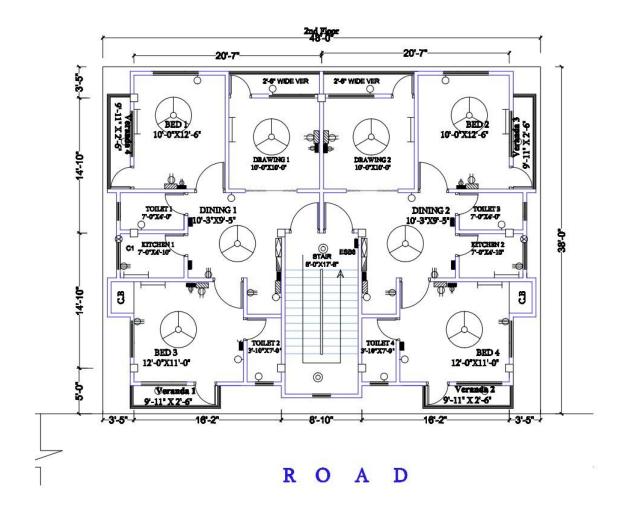
First Floor:





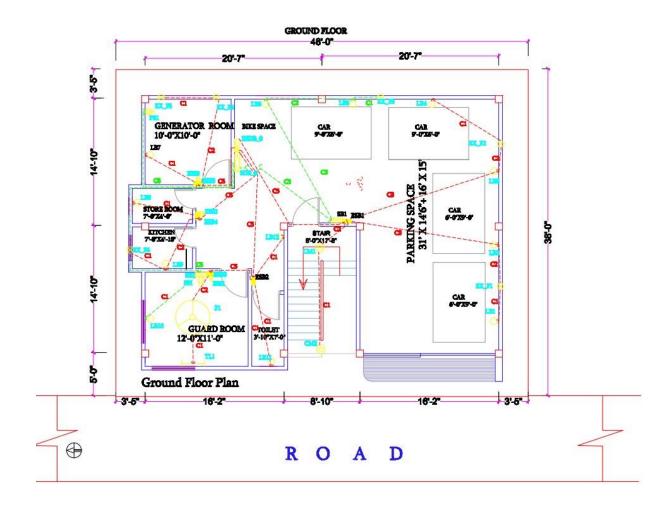
Second Floor:



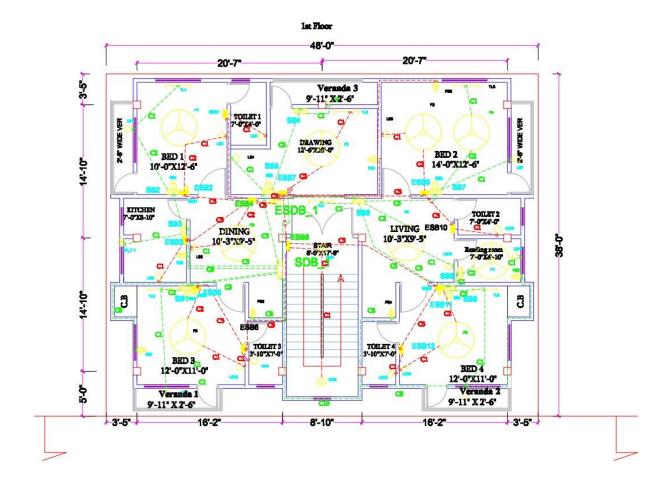


Condui Layout:

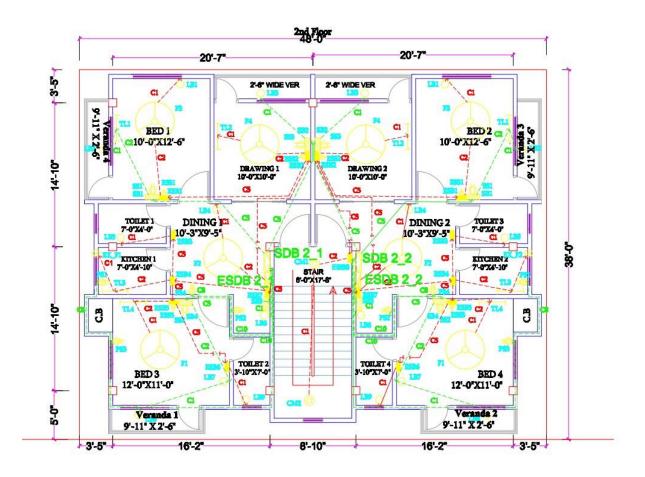
Ground Floor:



First Floor:

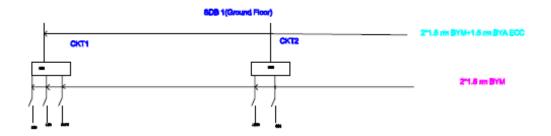


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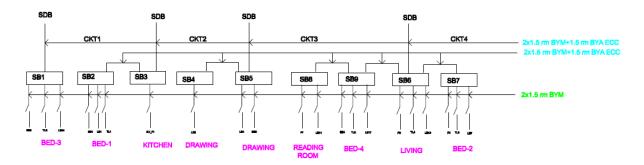


SWITCH BOARD DIAGRAM

GROUND FLOOR



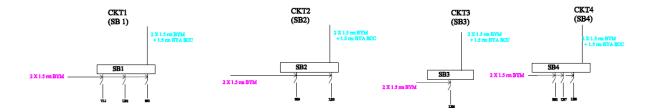
FIRST FLOOR



SECOND FLOOR UNIT 1

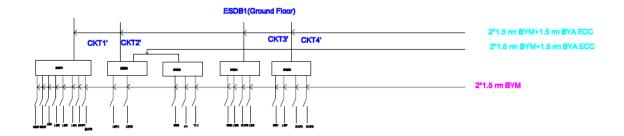


SECOND FLOOR UNIT 2

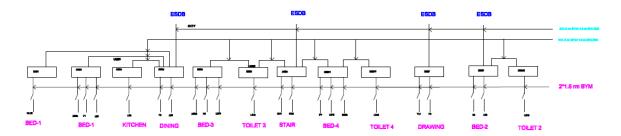


EMERGENCY SWITCH BOARD DIAGRAM

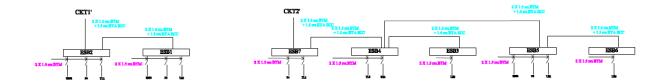
GROUND FLOOR



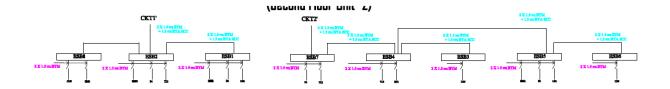
FIRST FLOOR



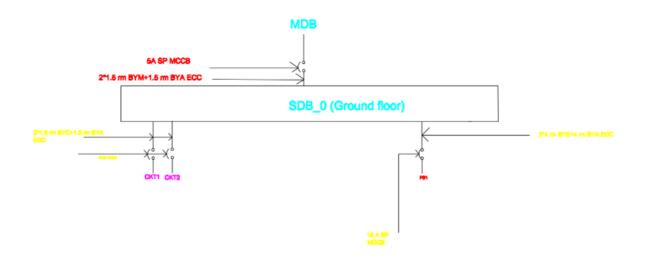
SECOND FLOOR UNIT 1

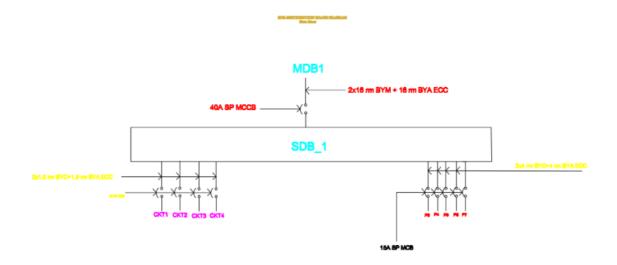


SECOND FLOOR UNIT 2



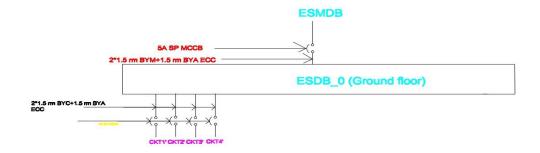
Distribution Board:

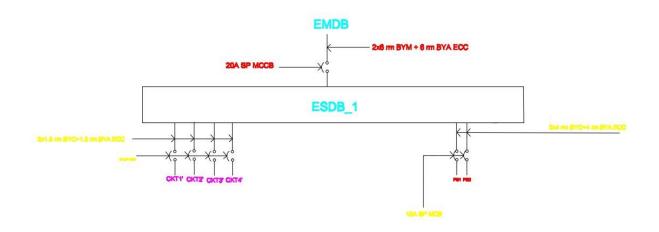




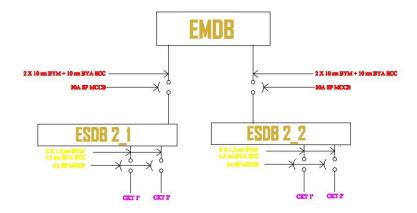
SUB-DISTRIBUTION BOARD DIAGRAM Second Floor MDB SUB-DISTRIBUTION BOARD DIAGRAM Second Floor MDB SUB-DISTRIBUTION BOARD DIAGRAM SECOND Floor MDB SUB-DISTRIBUTION BOARD DIAGRAM SUB-DI

Emergency Distribution Board:

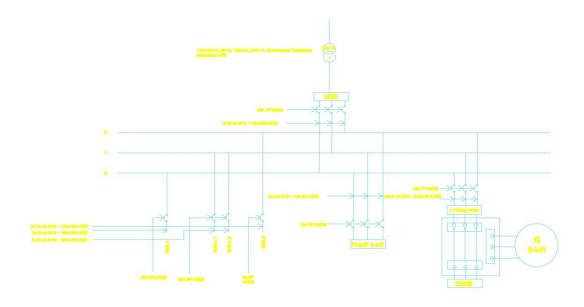




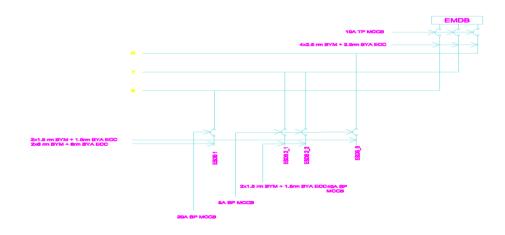
EMERGENCY SUB-DISTRIBUTION BOARD DIAGRAM Second Floor



Main Distribution Board Layout:



Main Emergency Distribution Board Layout:



Fitting Fixture Calculation

We know,

$$E = \frac{n * N * F * UF * LLF}{A}$$
, $A in m^2$

E = Illuminance

n = number of lights per illuminance

N = number of lights required

F = lumen of bulb

LLF = Light Loss Factor

UF = Utilization factor

A = area

$$F = \frac{A}{100}, A in sq - ft$$

Here,

F = number of fans required

Calculation for Ground Floor:

Guard Room:

Area= $12' * 10'=120 \text{ sqft} = (120 \times 0.092903) \text{ m}^2 = 11.14836 \text{ m}^2$

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, N= 1.27 ≈ 1

So, 1 Light Bulb is required.

Number of Fans= 1.2 ≈ 1

So, 1 Fan is required.

Space in front of guard room:

Area= $10' 6"*5'3" = 55.125 \text{ sqft} = (55.125 \times 0.092903) \text{m}^2 = 5.1213 \text{ m}^2$

Illuminance, E= 100Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, $N = 0.5853 \approx 1$

So, 1 Light Bulb is required.

Common Toilet:

Area= $3'10'' \times 7' = 26.8 \text{sqft} = (26.8 \times 0.092903) \text{ m}^2 = 2.5 \text{ m}^2$

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, $N = 0.285 \approx 1$

So, 1 Light Bulb is required.

Store Room:

Area= 7' x 4' = 28sqft = (28 x 0.092903) m^2 = 2.604 m^2

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, $N = 0.3 \approx 1$

So, 1 Light Bulb is required.

Kitchen:

Area= 7'x 4'10'' =33.83 sqft = (33.83 x 0.092903) m² =3.15 m²

Illuminance, E= 200 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, N= 0.72 ≈ 1

So, 1 Light bulb is required.

Number of Fans= $0.33 \approx 1$

1 Exhaust Fan is required.

Generator Room:

Area= $10' \times 10' = 100 \text{ sqft} = (100 \times 0.092903) \text{ m}^2 = 9.2903 \text{ m}^2$

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, $N = 1.062 \approx 1$

So, 1 light Bulb is required.

2 Exhaust Fans are provided.

Garage:

Area= 31' x 14'6"+ 16' x 15' sqft = (689.5x 0.092903) m^2 = 64.05662 m^2

Illuminance, E = 70 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, N = 5.1245

So, 5 Ceiling-mounted bulbs are required and 3 Exhaust Fans are required.

Staircases:

Area= 8' x 17'8" = 141.33 sqft = (141.33 x 0.092903) m^2 = 13.13 m^2

Illuminance, E = 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb)

Number of Lights, $N = 1.5 \approx 2$

So, 2 Ceiling-mounted light bulbs are required.

Calculation for First Floor:

Bedroom-1:

Area = $10' \times 12'6'' = 125 \text{ sqft} = (126 \times 0.092903) \text{ m}^2 = 11.613 \text{ m}^2$

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, $N = 1.33 \approx 2$

So, 1 light bulb and 1 tube light are required.

Number of Fans= 1.26 ≈ 1

So, 1 Fan is required.

Bedroom-3 and 4:

Area= $12' \times 11'' = 132 \text{ sqft} = (132 \times 0.092903) \text{ m}^2 = 12.263 \text{ m}^2$

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, $N = 1.4 \approx 2$

So, 1 light bulb and 1 tube light are required.

Number of Fans= 1.32 ≈ 1

So, 1 Fan is required.

Bedroom-2:

Area= 14' x 12'6" = 175 sqft = (175 x 0.092903) m^2 = 16.26 m^2

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, $N = 1.86 \approx 2$

So, 1 Light bulb and 1 tube light are required.

Number of Fans= $1.75 \approx 2$

So, 2 Fans are required.

Drawing room:

Area= $12'6'' \times 10'' = 125 \text{ sqft} = (126 \times 0.092903) \text{ m}^2 = 11.613 \text{ m}^2$

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, $N = 1.33 \approx 2$

So, 1 light bulb and 1 tube light are required.

Number of Fans= 1.26 ≈ 1

So, 1 Fan is required.

Veranda 1, 2 and 3:

Area= $9'11'' \times 2'6'' = 24.79 \text{ sqft} = (24.79 \times 0.092903) \text{ m}^2 = 2.23 \text{ m}^2$

Illuminance, E= 70 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (8W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, $N = 0.1784 \approx 1$

So, 1 Ceiling-mounted light bulb is required

Toilet 1 and 3:

Area= 7' x 4' = 28 sqft = (28×0.092903) m² = 2.61 m²

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, N= 0.28 ≈ 1

So, 1 Light Bulb is required.

Dining room:

Area= $10'3'' \times 9'5'' = 96.52 \text{ sqft} = (96.52 \times 0.092903) \text{ m}^2 = 8.96 \text{ m}^2$

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, N= 1.024 ≈ 1

So, 1 Light Bulb is required.

Number of Fans= 0.96 ≈ 1

So, 1 Fan is required.

Living room:

Area= $10'3'' \times 9'5'' = 96.52 \text{ sqft} = (96.52 \times 0.092903) \text{ m}^2 = 8.96 \text{ m}^2$

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, $N = 1.024 \approx 1$

So, 1 Light Bulb is required.

Number of Fans= 0.96 ≈ 1

So, 1 Fan is required.

Kitchen:

Area= 7' x 8'10" = 61.83 sqft = (61.83 x 0.092903) m^2 = 5.745 m^2

Illuminance, E= 200 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, N= 1.313 ≈ 1

So, 1 Light Bulb is required.

Number of Fans= 0.6183 ≈ 1

1 exhaust fan is provided.

Toilet 2 and 4:

Area= $3'10'' \times 7' = 26.83 \text{ sqft} = (26.83 \times 0.092903) \text{ m}^2 = 2.493 \text{ m}^2$

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Flouroscent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, $N = 0.285 \approx 1$

So, 1 Light Bulb is required.

Reading room:

Area= 7' x 4'10" = 33.833 sqft = (33.833 x 0.092903) m^2 = 3.1432 m^2

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, N = 0.359

So, 1 Light Bulb is required.

Number of Fans = $0.33833 \approx 1$

So, 1 Fan is required.

Corridor and Staircases:

Area= 8' x 17'8" = 141.33 sqft = (141.33 x 0.092903) m^2 = 13.13 m^2

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb)

Number of Lights, $N = 1.5 \approx 2$

So, 2 light bulbs are required.

Calculation for Second Floor:

Bedroom-1 and 2:

Area = $10' \times 12'6'' = 125 \text{ sqft} = (126 \times 0.092903) \text{ m}^2 = 11.613 \text{ m}^2$

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, $N = 1.33 \approx 2$

So, 1 light bulb and 1 tube light are required.

Number of Fans= 1.26 ≈ 1

So, 1 Fan is required.

Bedroom-3 and 4:

Area= 12' x 11" = 132 sqft = (132 x 0.092903) m^2 = 12.263 m^2

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, $N=1.4 \approx 2$

So, 1 light bulb and 1 tube light are required.

Number of Fans= 1.32 ≈ 1

So, 1 Fan is required.

Drawing room 1 and 2:

Area= $10' \times 10' = 100 \text{ sqft} = (100 \times 0.092903) \text{ m}^2 = 9.29 \text{ m}^2$

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, $N = 1.06 \approx 1$

So, 1 light bulb is required.

Number of Fans= 1

So, 1 Fan is required.

Veranda 1, 2 and 3:

Area= $9'11'' \times 2'6'' = 24.79 \text{ sqft} = (24.79 \times 0.092903) \text{ m}^2 = 2.23 \text{ m}^2$

Illuminance, E= 70 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (8W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, $N = 0.1784 \approx 1$

So, 1 Ceiling-mounted light bulb is required

Toilet 1 and 3:

Area= 7' x 4' =28 sqft = $(28 \times 0.092903) \text{ m}^2 = 2.61 \text{ m}^2$

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, N= 0.298

So, 1 Light Bulb is required.

Dining room 1 and 2:

Area= $10'3" \times 9'5" = 96.52 \text{ sqft} = (96.52 \times 0.092903) \text{ m}^2 = 8.96 \text{ m}^2$

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, $N = 1.024 \approx 1$

So, 1 Light Bulb is required.

Number of Fans= 0.96 ≈ 1

So, 1 Fan is required.

Kitchen 1 and 2:

Area= 7' x 8'10" = 61.83 sqft = (61.83 x 0.092903) m^2 = 5.745 m^2

Illuminance, E= 200 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Fluorescent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, N= 1.313 ≈ 1

So, 1 Light Bulb is required.

Number of Fans= $0.6183 \approx 1$

1 exhaust fan is provided.

Toilet 2 and 4:

Area= $3'10'' \times 7' = 26.83 \text{ sqft} = (26.83 \times 0.092903) \text{ m}^2 = 2.493 \text{ m}^2$

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb and Flouroscent Tube Light)

Number of Lights, N= 0.285 ≈ 1

So, 1 Light Bulb is required.

Corridor and Staircases:

Area= 8' x 17'8" = 141.33 sqft = (141.33 x 0.092903) m^2 = 13.13 m^2

Illuminance, E= 100 Lumen/m²

Light Loss Factor and Utilization Factor, LLF x UF = 0.7

Number of lights per illuminaire, n=1

Flux= 1250 Lumen (20W Energy Saving Bulb)

Number of Lights, $N = 1.5 \approx 2$

So, 2 light bulbs are required.

Calculation for Conduit:

Legends:

C1= 2 x 1.5rm BYM

C2= 4 x 1.5rm BYM

C3= 6 x 1.5rm BYM

C4= 8 x 1.5rm BYM

C5= 2 x 1.5rm BYM + 1.5 rm BYA ECC

C6= 2 x 2.5rm BYM + 2.5 rm BYA ECC

C7= 4 x 2.5rm BYM + 2.5 rm BYA ECC

C8= 2 x 4rm BYM + 4 rm BYA ECC

C10= 4 x 4rm BYM + 2 x 4 rm BYA ECC

C12= 2 x 10rm BYM + 10 rm BYA ECC

C13= 2 x 16rm BYM + 16 rm BYA ECC

 $5A \rightarrow 1.5$ rm (6 Cable for $\frac{3}{4}$ ", 10 Cable for 1")

 $10A \rightarrow 2.5$ rm (4 Cable for $\frac{3}{4}$ ", 7 Cable for 1")

 $15A \rightarrow 4rm(3 \text{ Cable for } \frac{3}{4}$ ", 5 Cable for 1")

 $20A \rightarrow 6rm$ (2 Cable for $\frac{3}{4}$ ", 4 Cable for 1")

Formula for ampere rating, I = PV * pf(A)PV * pf(A)

pf = 0.7

Energy saving bulb = 20W

Tubelight =20W

Ceiling Light = 20W

Ceiling Fan = 100W

Switchboard Socket= 100W

Exhaust Fan = 60W

All internal wires are below 5A rating, so 2 x 1.5 rm BYM is used in all internal wiring.

Ground Floor:

To Sub Distribution Board (SDB1) of Ground Floor Unit:

CKT1 Rating (SB1)

$$I = \frac{20(LB6) + 20(LB55) + 60(EX_F3)}{220 * 0.7}$$
 (A)

=0.6493 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

CKT2 Rating (SB2)

$$I = \frac{20(LB10) + 100(SS4)}{220 * 0.7} \text{ (A)}$$

=0.779 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

To Emergency Sub Distribution Board (ESDB1) of Ground Floor Unit:

CKT1' Rating (ESB1)

$$I = \frac{20(LB1) + 20(LB2) + 20(LB3) + 20(LB4) + 60(EX_F1) + 60(EX_F2) + 20(CM1) + 20(CM2)}{220*0.7}$$
 (A)

=1.5584 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

CKT2' Rating (ESB2 and ESB3)

$$I = \frac{20(LB11) + 20(LB12) + 100(SS3) + 100(F1) + 20(TL1)}{220*0.7}$$
 (A)

=1.6883 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

CKT3' Rating (ESB4)

$$I = \frac{100(SS2) + 20(LB9) + 60(EX_F6) + 20(LB8)}{220*0.7}$$
 (A)

=1.2987 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

CKT4' Rating (ESB5)

$$I = \frac{100(SS1) + 20(LB7) + 60(EX_F4) + 60(EX_F5)}{220*0.7}$$
 (A)

=1.5584 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

Calculations for SDB_O (Ground Floor):

SDB1 LOAD = TOTAL LOAD*0.7+ TOTAL P SOCKET LOAD*0.3

TOTAL LOAD=CKT1 LOAD + CKT2 LOAD + CKT3 LOAD+ CKT4 LOAD

P SOCKET LOAD = 3000W

CKT1 LOAD=100W

CKT2 LOAD=120W

TOTAL LOAD=220W

SDB LOAD = 220*0.7+ 1*3000*0.2 =754W

SDB CURRENT =
$$\frac{SDB\ LOAD}{V*pf}$$
 (A)= $\frac{754}{220*0.7}$ (A)=4.836 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 rm BYA ECC are used.

Calculations for ESDB_O (Ground Floor):

ESDB LOAD = TOTAL LOAD*0.7+ TOTAL P SOCKET LOAD*0.3

TOTAL LOAD=CKT1' LOAD + CKT2' LOAD + CKT3' LOAD+ CKT4' LOAD

P SOCKET LOAD = 3000W

CKT1' LOAD=240W

CKT2' LOAD=260W

CKT3' LOAD=200W

CKT4' LOAD=240W

TOTAL LOAD=940W

ESDB1 LOAD = 940*0.7=658W

ESDB1 CURRENT =
$$\frac{SDB\ LOAD}{V*pf}$$
 (A) = $\frac{658}{220*0.7}$ (A) = 4.273 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 rm BYA ECC are used.

First Floor:

To Sub Distribution Board (SDB1) of First Floor Unit:

CKT1 Rating (SB1)

$$I = \frac{20(LB14) + 20(TL5) + 100(SS5)}{220*0.7}$$
 (A)

=0.909 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

CKT2 Rating (SB2,SB3)

$$I = \frac{20(TL1) + 20(LB1) + 100(SS1) + 60(EX_F1)}{220*0.7}$$
 (A)

=1.30 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

CKT3 Rating (SB4, SB5)

$$I = \frac{20(LB4) + 20(LB5) + 100(SS2)}{220*0.7} \text{ (A)}$$

=0.909 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

CKT4 Rating (SB6,SB7,SB8,SB9)

I=

 $\frac{100(F7) + 20(LB11) + 100(SS4) + 20(TL6) + 20(LB17) + 100(F6) + 20(TL4) + 20(LB12) + 100(F4) + 20(TL3) + 20(LB7)}{220 * 0.7}$

(A) = 3.50 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

To Emergency Sub Distribution Board (ESDB1) of First Floor:

CKT1' Rating (ESB1,ESB2,ESB3,ESB4)

$$I = \frac{20(LB3) + 20(LB2) + 100(ESS1) + 100(F1) + 20(LB8) + 100(F5) + 20(LB9)}{220*0.7}$$
 (A)

=2.46 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

CKT2' Rating (ESB5,SB6,ESB8,ESB11,ESB2)

|=

 $\frac{100(F8) + (LB13)20 + (ESS2)100 + 20(LB15) + 20(CM1) + 20(CM2) + 100(F9) + 20(LB16) + 100(ESS3) + 20(LB15)}{220*0.7}$

(A) = 3.37 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

CKT3' Rating (ESB7)

$$I = \frac{20(TL2) + 100(F2)}{220*0.7}$$
 (A) =0.77 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

CKT4' Rating (ESB9,ESB10)

$$I = \frac{20(LB6) + 100(F3) + 20(LB10)}{220*0.7} \text{ (A) = 0.909 A}$$

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

Calculations for SDB_1 (1st Floor):

SDB LOAD = TOTAL LOAD*0.7+ TOTAL P SOCKET LOAD*0.3

TOTAL LOAD=CKT1 LOAD + CKT2 LOAD + CKT3 LOAD+ CKT4 LOAD

P SOCKET LOAD = 3000W

CKT1 LOAD=140W

CKT2 LOAD=200W

CKT3 LOAD=140W

CKT4 LOAD=540W

TOTAL LOAD=1020W

SDB LOAD = 1020*0.7+ 5*3000*0.3 =5214 W

SDB CURRENT = $\frac{SDB \ LOAD}{V*pf}$ (A)= $\frac{5214}{220*0.7}$ (A)=33.86 A

So, 2 x 16 rm BYM + 16 rm BYA ECC are used.

Calculations for ESDB_1 (1st Floor):

SDB LOAD = TOTAL LOAD*0.7+ TOTAL P SOCKET LOAD*0.3

TOTAL LOAD=CKT1' LOAD + CKT2' LOAD + CKT3' LOAD+ CKT4' LOAD

P SOCKET LOAD = 3000W

CKT1' LOAD=380W

CKT2' LOAD=520W

CKT3' LOAD=120W

CKT4' LOAD=140W

TOTAL LOAD=1160W

ESDB LOAD = 1160*0.7+3000*2*0.3=2612W

ESDB CURRENT =
$$\frac{SDB\ LOAD}{V*pf}$$
 (A)= $\frac{2612}{220*0.7}$ (A)=16.96 A

So, 2 x 6 rm BYM + 6 rm BYA ECC are used.

Second Floor:

To Sub Distribution Board (SDB1) of Second Floor Unit:

CKT1 Rating (SB1)

$$I = \frac{20(LB2) + 20(TL1) + 100(SS1)}{220*0.7} \text{ (A) = 0.909 A}$$

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

CKT2 Rating (SB2)

$$I = \frac{(LB3)20 + (SS3)100}{220*0.7}$$
 (A) =0.779 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

CKT3 Rating (SB3)

$$I = \frac{20(LB4)}{220*0.7}$$
 (A) =0.13A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

CKT4 Rating (SB4)

$$I = \frac{20(LB7) + 20(LB8) + 100(SS2)}{220*0.7}$$
 (A) =0.909 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

To Sub Distribution Board (SDB2) of Second Floor unit:

CKT1 Rating (SB1)

$$I = \frac{20(LB2) + 20(TL1) + 100(SS1)}{220*0.7} \text{ (A) = 0.909 A}$$

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

CKT2 Rating (SB2)

$$I = \frac{(LB3)20 + (SS3)100}{220*0.7}$$
 (A) =0.779 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

CKT3 Rating (SB3)

$$I = \frac{20(LB4)}{220*0.7}$$
 (A) =0.13A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

CKT4 Rating (SB4)

$$I = \frac{20(LB7) + 20(LB8) + 100(SS2)}{220*0.7} \text{ (A) = 0.909 A}$$

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

To Emergency Sub Distribution Board (ESDB1) of 2nd floor:

CKT1' Rating (ESB1,ESB2)

$$I = \frac{100(F3) + 20(LB1) + 100(ESS1) + 100(F4) + 20(TL2) + 100(ESS2)}{220*0.7}$$
 (A) =2.8571A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

CKT2' Rating (ESB3,ESB4,ESB5,ESB6,ESB7)

|=

$$\frac{20(LB5) + 20(TL3) + 60(EX1) + 100(ESS1) + 20(TL2) + 100(F4) + 20(LB9) + 100(F3) + 20(LB1)}{220 * 0.7} \text{ (A) = 2.987A}$$

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

To Emergency Sub Distribution Board (ESDB2) of Second Floor:

CKT1' Rating (ESB1,ESB2,ESB8)

$$I = \frac{100(F3) + 20(LB1) + 100(ESS1) + 100(F4) + 20(TL2) + 100(ESS2) + 20(CM1) + 20(CM2)}{220 * 0.7}$$
 (A) =3.1168A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

CKT2' Rating (ESB3,ESB4,ESB5,ESB6,ESB7)

|=

$$\frac{20(LB5) + 20(TL3) + 60(EX1) + 100(ESS1) + 20(TL2) + 100(F4) + 20(LB9) + 100(F3) + 20(LB1)}{220*0.7} \text{ (A)} = 2.987 \text{A}$$

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 BYA ECC are used.

Calculations for SDB 2_1 (Second Floor):

SDB LOAD = TOTAL LOAD*0.7+ TOTAL P SOCKET LOAD*0.3

TOTAL LOAD=CKT1 LOAD + CKT2 LOAD + CKT3 LOAD+ CKT4 LOAD

P SOCKET LOAD = 3000W

CKT1 LOAD=140W

CKT2 LOAD=120W

CKT3 LOAD= 20W

CKT4 LOAD=140W

TOTAL LOAD=420W

SDB LOAD = 420*0.7+ 4*3000*0.3 =3894W

SDB CURRENT =
$$\frac{SDB\ LOAD}{V*pf}$$
 (A)= $\frac{3894}{220*0.7}$ (A)=25.286 A

So, 2 x 10 rm BYM + 10 rm BYA ECC are used.

Calculations for SDB 2 (2nd floor):

SDB LOAD = TOTAL LOAD*0.7+ TOTAL P SOCKET LOAD*0.3

TOTAL LOAD=CKT1 LOAD + CKT2 LOAD + CKT3 LOAD+ CKT4 LOAD

P SOCKET LOAD = 3000W

CKT1 LOAD=140W

CKT2 LOAD=120W

CKT3 LOAD= 20W

CKT4 LOAD=140W

TOTAL LOAD=420W

SDB LOAD = 420*0.7+ 4*3000*0.3 =3894W

SDB CURRENT = $\frac{SDB\ LOAD}{V*pf}$ (A)= $\frac{3894}{220*0.7}$ (A)=25.286 A

So, 2 x 10 rm BYM + 10rm BYA ECC are used.

Calculations for ESDB 2_1 (Second Floor):

ESDB LOAD = TOTAL LOAD*0.7+ TOTAL P SOCKET LOAD*0.3

TOTAL LOAD=CKT1' LOAD + CKT2' LOAD

P SOCKET LOAD = 3000W

CKT1' LOAD=440W

CKT2' LOAD=460W

TOTAL LOAD=900W

ESDB LOAD = 900*0.7=630W

ESDB CURRENT =
$$\frac{SDB\ LOAD}{V*pf}$$
 (A)= $\frac{630}{220*0.7}$ (A)=4.0909 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 rm BYA ECC are used.

Calculations for ESDB 2_1 (Second Floor):

ESDB LOAD = TOTAL LOAD*0.7+ TOTAL P SOCKET LOAD*0.3

TOTAL LOAD=CKT1' LOAD + CKT2' LOAD

P SOCKET LOAD = 3000W

CKT1' LOAD=480W

CKT2' LOAD=460W

TOTAL LOAD=940W

ESDB LOAD = 940*0.7=658W

ESDB CURRENT = $\frac{SDB\ LOAD}{V*pf}$ (A)= $\frac{658}{220*0.7}$ (A)=4.2727 A

So, 2 x 1.5 rm BYM + 1.5 rm BYA ECC are used.

Calculations for EMDB:

EMDB Load = Total ESDB Load \times 0.7

 $Total\ ESDB\ Load = ESDB_Gnd_unit\ + SDB_1^{ST}\ Floor + ESDB_2^{nd}\ Floor_U1 + ESDB_2^{nd}\ Floor_U1$

$$= 658 + 2612 + 630 + 658$$

$$=4558 W$$

EMDB Current =
$$\frac{EMDB \ Load}{\sqrt{3}*Line \ Voltage*pf}$$

Phase Voltage = 220 V

Line Voltage =
$$\sqrt{3} * 220 \text{ V} = 381.05 \text{ V}$$

Power Factor, pf = 0.7

EMDB current =
$$\frac{3190.6}{\sqrt{3} \times 381.05 \times 0.7}$$
 = 6.9 A

So, 10 A TP MCCB is needed from EMDB to MDB

A 5 KW Generator is used to supply the EMDB Load through an ATS.

Calculations for MDB

MDB load = Total SDB load \times 0.7 + (EMDB load + Pump load) \times 0.7

 $Total\ SDB\ load = SDB_Gnd_unit + SDB_1^{st}\ Floor + SDB_2^{nd}\ Floor_U1 + SDB_2^{nd}\ Floor_U2$

= 754 + 5214 + 3894 + 3894

= 13.756 KW

 $MDB \ current = \frac{MDB \ Load}{\sqrt{3} * Line \ Voltage * pf}$

Phase Voltage = 220 V

Line Voltage = $\sqrt{3}$ x 220 V = 381.05 V

Power Factor, pf = 0.95 (Due to PFI plant)

Total SDB load = 13756 W

EMDB load = 3192 W

Pump load = 5000 W

MDB load = $13756 \times 0.7 + (3192 + 5000) \times 0.7 = 15362.6 \text{ W}$

$$MDB \ current = \frac{15362.6}{\sqrt{3} \times 381.05 \times 0.95} = 24.50 \ A$$

So, 30 A TP MCCB is needed from MDB to Main Line

Calculations for PFI Plant:

$$cos\theta = 0.7$$
, $sin\theta = \sqrt{1 - (cos\theta)^2} = 0.714$

$$Q = 3VIsin\theta = Ptan\theta = 15.67~KVAR$$

After pf improvement $\sin \theta = 1$

$$I = \frac{Q}{3 \times V \times \sin\theta} = 23.74 A$$

So, 30A TP MCCB is needed from PFI to MDB