ECE 509 (Spring 2024) – Final Exam

May 7, 2024

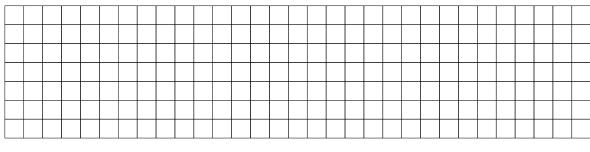
Name:	
	By writing my name, I affirm on my honor that I have neither received nor given any unauthorized assistance on this examination

Read (and comply with) all of the following information before starting:

- The exam is open book, open notes, and open to any other material, provided it is in non-electronic format. However, an exception is made for paper-like e-ink devices such as the reMarkable tablet and e-ink Kindle. The use of electronic devices, including cell phones, smart watches, tablets, laptops, etc., is strictly forbidden during the exam, with the exception of the specified e-ink devices. Please ensure that you only have the permitted items on your desk before starting the exam.
- Show all work, clearly and in order, if you want to get full credit. In addition, *justify your answers* to ensure full credit. I reserve the right to take off points if I cannot see how you arrived at your answer (even if your final answer is correct).
- Pages are provided at the end of the answer book for rough work and additional space for answers. <u>If your answer spills over into these pages or other unused pages in the exam booklet, please clearly indicate the relevant page numbers to facilitate correct marking.</u>
- This exam has 10 questions, for a total of 85 points and 10 bonus points. You have 3 hours to complete it.
- · Good luck!

Page:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	Total
Points:	16	19	8	8	10	14	10	0	85
Bonus Points:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	10

- 1. Consider four vectors in \mathbb{R}^2 , given by $\mathbf{v}_1 = (0,0)$, $\mathbf{v}_2 = (-1,1)$, $\mathbf{v}_3 = (1,1)$, and $\mathbf{v}_4 = (0,2)$.
 - (a) (3 points) Sketch the convex hull of these four vectors.
 - (b) (3 points) Sketch the conic hull of these four vectors.
 - (c) (4 points) Determine whether the convex hull and the conic hull of these vectors are polyhedra. Briefly justify your answer.



2	Determine	if each se	t below i	s convex	Justify your	answers

- (a) (3 points) $\left\{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2_+ \mid \frac{x}{y} \le 1 \right\}$
- (b) (3 points) $\left\{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2_+ \mid \frac{x}{y} \ge 1 \right\}$

3.	Which of the following sets are convex? Justify your answers.									
	(a) (4 points) A slab, i.e., a set of the form $\{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \alpha \leq \mathbf{a}^\top \mathbf{x} \leq \beta\}$, where $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}$.									
	(b) (4 points) A rectangle, i.e., a set of the form $\{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \alpha_i \leq x_i \leq \beta_i, i = 1, \dots, n\}$, where $\forall i, \alpha_i, \beta_i \in \mathbb{R}$.									
	(c) (4 points) A wedge, i.e., a set of the form $\{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \mathbf{a}_1^\top \mathbf{x} \leq b_1, \mathbf{a}_2^\top \mathbf{x} \leq b_2\}$, where $b_1, b_2 \in \mathbb{R}$.									
4.	For each of the following functions, determine whether it is convex, concave, or neither. Justify your answers.									
	(a) (3 points) $f(x) = e^x - 1$ on \mathbb{R} .									
	(b) (4 points) $f(x_1, x_2) = x_1 x_2$ on \mathbb{R}^2_{++} .									

5.	Whi	ch of the following sets are convex? Justify your answers.
	(a)	(4 points) The polar of a set C in \mathbb{R}^n , defined as $C^{\circ} = \{ \mathbf{y} \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \mathbf{y}^{\top} \mathbf{x} \leq 1 \text{ for all } \mathbf{x} \in C \}$. Note that C cannot be assumed to be convex.
	(b)	(4 points) The set $\{\mathbf{a} \in \mathbb{R}^k \mid p(0) = 1, p(t) \le 1 \text{ for } \alpha \le t \le \beta\}$, where $p(t) = a_1 + a_2t + \cdots + a_kt^{k-1}$ and $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}$.

6.	(8 points)	Let $C \subset \mathbb{R}^n$	be the solution	set of a quadr	ratic inequality,
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$$C = \{ \mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \mathbf{x}^\top \mathbf{A} \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{b}^\top \mathbf{x} + c \le 0 \},$$

Hint: Recall that a set is convex if and only if its intersection with an arbitrary C consider the intersection of C with such a line and analyze the resulting inequal	ity.

$(\det \mathbf{X})^{1/n}$ is contact at n is contact at n is contact at n is n and n is n in	ncave on the doma	am $\mathfrak{D}_{++}^{\circ}$, when	$e S_{++}^{\circ} denote$	es the set of n	\times <i>n</i> positive	dennile symme

- 8. Determine whether the following functions are convex and justify your answers.
 - (a) (6 points) Consider the function $f(\mathbf{x}) = \operatorname{tr}\left((\mathbf{A}_0 + x_1\mathbf{A}_1 + \dots + x_n\mathbf{A}_n)^{-1}\right)$ on the domain

$$\{\mathbf{x} \mid \mathbf{A}_0 + x_1 \mathbf{A}_1 + \dots + x_n \mathbf{A}_n \succ 0\},\$$

where each A_i is an element of \mathbb{S}^m , the set of $m \times m$ symmetric matrices. Hint: Recall that $\operatorname{tr}(\mathbf{X}^{-1})$ is convex on the set of positive definite symmetric matrices, \mathbb{S}^m_{++} .

(b) (8 points) Consider the function $f(\mathbf{x}, u, v) = -\log(uv - \mathbf{x}^{\top}\mathbf{x})$ on the domain

$$\{(\mathbf{x}, u, v) \mid uv > \mathbf{x}^{\top} \mathbf{x}, u, v > 0\}.$$

Hint: Express $-\log(uv - \mathbf{x}^{\top}\mathbf{x})$ as $-\log u - \log(v - \mathbf{x}^{\top}\mathbf{x}/u)$.

9.	Consider the optimization problem:
	minimize e^{-x}
	subject to $\frac{x^2}{y} \le 0$
	with variables $x \in \mathbb{R}$ and $y \in \mathbb{R}$, and domain $\mathcal{D} = \{(x,y) \mid y > 0\}$.
	(a) (4 points) Verify that this is a convex optimization problem. Find the optimal value.
	(b) (4 points) Give the Lagrange dual problem, and find the optimal solution λ^* and optimal value d^* of the dual problem. What is the optimal duality gap?
	(c) (2 points) Does Slater's condition hold for this problem? Justify your answer.

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- 10. (Bonus) Consider the function $f(\mathbf{p}) = \max_{i=1,\dots,n} \left| \log(\mathbf{a}_i^{\top} \mathbf{p}) \right|$, where $\mathbf{p} \in \mathbb{R}_+^m$ and $\mathbf{a}_i \in \mathbb{R}^m, i = 1,\dots,n$.
 - (a) (5 points (bonus)) Show that $\exp(f(\mathbf{p}))$ is convex on the domain $\{\mathbf{p} \mid \mathbf{a}_i^{\top} \mathbf{p} > 0, i = 1, \dots, n\}$. Hint: Recall that $|\log(z)| = \max\{\log(z), \log(1/z)\} = \log(\max\{z, 1/z\})$.
 - (b) (5 points (bonus)) Show that the following optimization problem is convex. Justify your answer.

 $\text{minimize} \quad \exp(f(\mathbf{p}))$ subject to $\sum_{i=1}^{l} p_{[i]} \le 0.5 \sum_{i=1}^{m} p_i$ where l is a positive integer less than or equal to m and $p_{[i]}$ is the i-th largest component of \mathbf{p} .

—Scratch Pages—

Question:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total
Points:	10	6	12	7	8	8	10	14	10	0	85
Score:											