Name: Yuqi Zhao

Award: Bachelor of Science (Engineering) with Honours

Fields of study: e-Commerce Engineering with Law

Classification: First Class Honours

Award date: 24 June 2020



Higher Education Achievement Report (Diploma Supplement)

This Higher Education Achievement Report incorporates the model developed by the European Commission, Council of Europe and UNESCO/CEPES for the Diploma Supplement.

The purpose of the Supplement is to provide sufficient recognition of qualifications (diplomas, degrees, certificates etc). It is designed to provide a description of the nature, level, context and status of the studies that were pursued and successfully completed by the individual named on the original qualifications to which this Supplement is appended. It should be free from any value judgements, equivalence statements or suggestions about recognition. Information in all eight sections should be provided. Where information is not provided, an explanation should give the reason why.

Queen Mary University of London only produces HEARs in a digital format. Only HEARs accessed via www.gradintel.com can be considered valid and verified.

1. Information identifying the holder of the qualification

1.1 Family name: Zhao1.2 Given names: Yuqi

1.3 Date of birth (day/month/year): 12 November 1999

1.4 Student identification number: 161195654

HESA identification number: 1611390143209

HUSID (HESA Unique Student Identifier) is the unique national identifying number for students registered at a UK university. It is defined by HESA, the UK's Higher Education Statistics Agency.

2. Information identifying the qualification

2.1 Name of qualification and (if applicable) title conferred:

Bachelor of Science (Engineering) with Honours

The power to award degrees is regulated by law in the UK.

2.2 Main field(s) of study for the qualification: e-Commerce Engineering with Law

2.3 Name and status of awarding institution: Queen Mary University of London

2.4 Name and status of institution (if different from 2.3) administering studies:

2.5 Language(s) of instruction and examination: English

3. Information on the level of the qualification

3.1 HESA level of qualification: Bachelor of Science (Engineering) (Honours)

3.2 Official length of programme: 45 months

3.3 Access requirement(s):

Description not available

4. Information on the contents and results gained

4.1 Mode of study:

Year	Mode of Study
2016/17	Full-time (minimum 24 weeks study per year)
2017/18	Full-time (minimum 24 weeks study per year)
2018/19	Full-time (minimum 24 weeks study per year)
2019/20	Full-time (minimum 24 weeks study per year)

4.2 Programme requirements:

Details of programme requirements and specifications can be found by following the link below:

http://www.arcs.qmul.ac.uk/quality-assurance/programme-specifications

4.3 Programme details, and the individual grades/marks/credits obtained:

Programme start date 19 September 2016

Programme end date 29 May 2020

Module Code	Title	Level	Mark	Grade	Attempt	Credits	ECTS Credits	Result
BBC3914	English 1	3	54.0	С	1	15	7.5	Passed
BBC3923	English 2	3	45.0	D	1	15	7.5	Passed
BBC4102	Introduction to Electronic Systems	4	90.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passed
BBC4911	Advanced Mathematics 1	4	78.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passed
BBC4913	Linear Algebra	4	88.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passec
BBC4921	Advanced Mathematics 2	4	69.0	В	1	15	7.5	Passec
BBC4922	Physics	4	80.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passec
BBU4161	Programming Fundamentals	4	77.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passed
EBC3000	Personal Development Plan	3	80.0	Α	1	5	2.5	Passec
	TOTAL YEAR 2016/17 CREDITS					125	62.5	
BBC4104	Communication Skills	4	57.0	С	1	15	7.5	Passec
BBC4111	Engineering Mathematics 2	4	92.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passec
BBC4113	Discrete Techniques for Computing	4	76.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passec
BBC4943	Probability Theory and Mathematical Skills	4	88.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passec
BBU5374	Signals and Systems Theory	5	82.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passec
EBC4000	Personal Development Plan 2	4	94.0	Α	1	5	2.5	Passec
EBU4201	Introductory Java Programming	4	85.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passed

EBU6402								
	Enterprise Management	6	58.0	С	1	15	7.5	Passed
EBU6606	Product Development	6	74.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passed
	TOTAL YEAR 2017/18 CREDITS					140	70.0	
BBU5123	Internet Databases	5	82.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passed
BBU6404	Internet Applications	5	82.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passed
EBC5000	Personal Development Plan 3	5	100.0	Α	1	5	2.5	Passed
EBU5016	Intellectual Property Law	5	72.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passed
EBU5027	e-Commerce Law	5	70.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passed
EBU5042	Advanced Network Programming	5	79.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passed
EBU5302	Telecommunications Systems	5	78.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passed
EBU5304	Software Engineering	5	68.0	В	1	15	7.5	Passed
EBU5403	Internet Protocols	5	81.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passed
EBU5609	Logistics and Supply Chain Management	5	50.0	С	1	15	7.5	Passed
EBU6008	Information and Privacy Law	6	63.0	В	1	15	7.5	Passed
	TOTAL YEAR 2018/19 CREDITS					155	7.5 70.0 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5	
BBC6521	Project	6	70.0	Α	1	30	15.0	Passed
BBF7000	Chinese Compulsory Topics	6		Р	1	0	0.0	Passed
BBU6031	Business Technology Strategy	6	71.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passed
EBC6001	Engineering Environment	6	80.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passed
EBU6009	Computer Crime	6	54.0	С	1	15	7.5	Passed
EBU6610	Information Systems Management	6	78.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passed
EBU714U	Security and Authentication	7	88.0	Α	1	15	7.5	Passed
	TOTAL YEAR 2019/20 CREDITS					105	52.5	
	TOTAL CREDITS AWARDED					525	262.5	

4.4 Grading scheme and, if available, grade distribution guidance:

'Selection' refers to 'selection status'. A selection status of 'ST' indicates a module was followed on a study only basis and no results are expected. A selection status of 'TR' indicates a transcriptable module and the marks recorded are not used in the calculation of the classification awarded.

A detailed explanation of the grading scheme used can be found at http://www.arcs.qmul.ac.uk/students/graduation/understanding-your-transcript

Full details of the classification schemes for all undergraduate / postgraduate programmes, including the weighting applied to modules at each level of study, can be found in the academic regulations for the year of entry for the student at http://www.arcs.qmul.ac.uk/policy/index.html

4.5 Overall classification of the qualification (in original language):

First Class Honours

5. Information on the function of the qualification

5.1 Access to further study:

This qualification complies with the UK framework for Higher Education Qualifications (FHEQ) and allows you to study at the next level upon successful completion. Please see section 8 for further details.

5.2 Professional status (if applicable):

Not applicable

6. Additional information

6.1 Additional information:

This section provides details of extracurricular student awards and activities representing achievement that have been verified by Queen Mary University of London. Details of prizes gained whilst at the university are also listed here. For details of verifiable extracurricular activities, please see our website:

http://www.arcs.qmul.ac.uk/students/sec/gradintelligence-account-/extracurricular-activities

6.2 Further information sources:

Further information can be found at www.qmul.ac.uk

7. Certification of the HEAR

7.1 Date of award:

7.2 Signature:

7.3 Capacity: Academic Registrar

7.4 Official stamp or seal:

Jonathan Morgan

24 June 2020

8. Information on the National Higher Education System

Description of Higher Education in England, Wales and Northern Ireland

In England, Wales and Northern Ireland¹, higher education institutions are independent, self-governing bodies active in teaching, research and scholarship. They are established by Royal Charter or legislation and most are part-funded by government. Higher education (HE) is provided by many different types of institution. In addition to universities and university colleges, whose charters and statutes are made through the Privy Council which advises the Queen on the granting of Royal Charters and incorporation of universities, there are a number of publicly-designated and autonomous institutions within the higher education sector. Publicly funded higher education provision is available in some colleges of further education by the authority of another duly empowered institution. Teaching to prepare students for the award of higher education qualifications can be conducted in any higher education institution and in some further education colleges.

Degree awarding powers and the title 'university'

All universities and many higher education colleges have the legal power to develop their own courses and award their own degrees, as well as determine the conditions on which they are awarded. Some HE colleges and specialist institutions without these powers offer programmes, with varying extents of devolved authority, leading to the degrees of an institution which does have them. All universities in existence before 2005 have the power to award degrees on the basis of completion of taught courses and the power to award research degrees. From 2005, institutions in England and Wales that award only taught degrees ('first' and 'second cycle') and which meet certain numerical criteria, may also be permitted to use the title 'university'. Higher education institutions that award only taught degrees but which do not meet the numerical criteria may apply to use the title 'university college', although not all choose to do so. All of these institutions are subject to the same regulatory quality assurance and funding requirements as universities; and all institutions decide for themselves which students to admit and which staff to appoint. Degrees and other higher education qualifications are legally owned by the awarding institution, not by the state. The names of institutions with their own degree awarding powers ("Recognised Bodies") are available for download at: http://www.bis.gov.uk/policies/higher-education/ recognised-uk-degrees/recognised-bodies

Higher education institutions, further education colleges and other organisations able to offer courses leading to a degree of a Recognised Body are listed by the English, Welsh and Northern Irish authorities, and are known as "Listed Bodies". View the list at: http://www.bis.gov.uk/policies/higher-education/recognised-uk-degrees/listed-bodies

Qualifications

The types of qualifications awarded by higher education institutions at sub-degree and undergraduate (first cycle) and postgraduate level (second and third cycles) are described in the Framework for Higher Education Qualifications in England, Wales and Northern Ireland (FHEQ). This also includes qualification descriptors that were developed with the HE sector by the Quality Assurance Agency for Higher Education (QAA established in 1997 as an independent UK-wide body to monitor the standard of higher education provision - www.qaa.ac.uk). The FHEQ was self-certified as compatible with the Framework for Qualifications of the European Higher Education Area, the qualifications framework adopted as part of the Bologna Process, in February 2009. Foundation degrees, designed to create intermediate awards strongly oriented towards specific employment opportunities, were introduced in 2001. In terms of the European Higher Education Area they are "short cycle" qualifications within the first cycle. The FHEQ is one component of the Credit and Qualifications Framework for Wales (CQFW). The Qualifications and Curriculum Authority (QCA), the Department for Children, Education, Lifelong Learning and Skills, Wales (DCELLS) and the Council for Curriculum Examination and Assessment, Northern Ireland (CCEA) have established the Qualifications and Credit Framework (to replace, in time, the National Qualifications Framework (NQF)). These authorities regulate a number of professional, statutory and other awarding bodies which control VET and general qualifications at all levels. The QCF is also incorporated into the CQFW. There is a close association between the

levels of the FHEQ and the NQF (as shown overleaf), and other frameworks of the UK and Ireland (see 'Qualifications can cross Boundaries' https://www.qaa.ac.uk/docs/qaa/quality-code/qualifications-can-cross-boundaries.pdf

Quality Assurance

Academic standards are established and maintained by higher education institutions themselves using an extensive and sophisticated range of shared quality assurance approaches and structures. Standards and quality in institutions are underpinned by the universal use of external examiners, a standard set of indicators and other reports, by the activities of the QAA, and in professional areas by relevant professional, statutory and regulatory bodies. This ensures that institutions meet national expectations described in the FHEQ: subject benchmark statements, the Code of Practice and programme specifications. QAA conducts peer-review based audits and reviews of higher education institutions with the opportunity for subject-based review as the need arises. The accuracy and adequacy of quality-related information published by the higher education institutions is also reviewed. QAA also reviews publicly funded higher education provision in further education colleges.

Credit System

Most higher education institutions in England and Northern Ireland belong to one of several credit consortia and some operate local credit accumulation and transfer systems for students moving between programmes and/or institutions. A framework of national guidelines, the Higher Education Credit Framework for England, was launched in 2008. Credit is also an integral part of the CQFW and the QCF. It may be possible for credit awarded in one framework to be recognised by education providers whose qualifications sit within a different framework. HE credit systems in use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland are compatible with the European Credit Transfer System (ECTS) for accumulation and transfers within the European Higher Education Area, and are used to recognise learning gained by students in institutions elsewhere in Europe.

Admissions

The most common qualification for entry to higher education is the General Certificate of Education at 'Advanced' (A) level. Other appropriate NQF level 3 qualifications and the kite-marked Access to HE Diploma may also provide entry to HE. Level 3 qualifications in the CQFW, including the Welsh Baccalaureate, also provide entry, as do Scottish Highers, Advanced Highers or qualifications at the same levels of the Scottish Credit and Qualifications Framework. Part-time and mature students may enter HE with these qualifications or alternatives with evidenced equivalent prior formal and/or experiential learning. Institutions will admit students whom they believe to have the potential to complete their programmes successfully.

The UK has a system of devolved government, including for higher education, to Scotland, to Wales and to Northern Ireland. This description is approved by the High Level Policy Forum which includes representatives of the Department for Business, Innovation and Skills, the Scottish Government, the Welsh Assembly Government, the Higher Education Funding Councils for England, Scotland and Wales, the Quality Assurance Agency (QAA), Universities UK (UUK), GuildHE and the National Recognition Information Centre for the UK (UK NARIC)

Diagram of higher education qualification levels in England, Wales and Northern Ireland

Framework for Higher Education Qualifications (FHEQ) ⁵ FQ-EHI			Credit		Progression for selection of students	National Qualifications Framework for England, Wales and Northern Ireland ⁶			
					(FHEQ levels)				
Typical Qualifications	Level	cycle	Typical UK	Typical ECTS credit ranges		Typical Qualifications	Level		
Doctoral Degrees (eg PhD, DPhil, EdD)	8	3 rd cycle	Typically not credit rated¹	Typically not credit rated	8	Vocational Qualifications Level 8	8		
Masters Degrees Integrated Masters Degrees Postgraduate Diplomas Postgraduate Certificate of Education Postgraduate Certificates	7	2 nd cycle	180	60-1202	7 -	Fellowships NVQ Level 5 Vocational Qualifications Level 7	7		
Bachelors Degrees with Honours Bachelors Degrees Professional Graduate Certificate in Education Graduate Diplomas Graduate Certificates	6	1 st cycle	360	180-240	6	Vocational Qualifications Level 6	6		
Foundation Degrees Diplomas of Higher Education Higher National Diplomas	5	Short cycle	240	120	5	NVQ Level 4 Higher National Diplomas (HND) Higher National Certificates (HNC) Vocational Qualifications Level 5	5		
Higher National Certificates Certificates of Higher Education	4		120		4	Vocational Qualifications Level 4	4		
Entry to HE via eq	uivalent exp	eriential or pri	or learning			National Vocational Qualification (NVQ) Level 3	3		
¹PhD and DPhil qualifications are typically not of doctoral degrees, such as the Professional Doc credit rated, typically 540 UK credits. ²A range of 90-120 ECTS is typical of most awa 31 ECTS credit is typically worth 2 UK credits.	sometimes	5For students with the necessary prerequisites, entry to each FHEQ level is possible from the next lower level in the NQF or Framework for Higher Education Qualifications. 6These levels will also apply to the Qualifications and Credit Framework (QCF). The QCF will eventually replace the National Qualifications				rels 2, 1 d entry			

Framework (NQF)

⁴The Welsh Baccalaureate Qualification is part of the Credit and Qualifications Framework for Wales (CQFW)