

Scanned Code Report

AUDIT AGENT

Code Info

[Developer Scan](#)

| | | | |
|---|---------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| # | Scan ID 9 | Date February 25, 2026 | |
|  | Organization RigoBlock |  | Repository v3-contracts |
|  | Branch fix/uni-wrap |  | Commit Hash d4a871ec...42faaee5 |

Contracts in scope

[contracts/protocol/extensions/adapters/AUniswapDecoder.sol](#)

Code Statistics

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|---|---------------|---|------------------------|---|----------------------|
|  | Findings 0 |  | Contracts Scanned 1 |  | Lines of Code 437 |
|---|---------------|---|------------------------|---|----------------------|

Findings Summary



Total Findings

- High Risk (0)
- Medium Risk (0)
- Low Risk (0)
- Info (0)
- Best Practices (1)

Code Summary

The `AUniswapDecoder` is an abstract contract designed to function as a sophisticated calldata decoder for the Uniswap ecosystem. Its primary role is to parse and interpret complex, often batched, transactions intended for the Uniswap Universal Router and the Uniswap V4 Position Manager. The contract provides a mechanism to understand the effects of a transaction before or during its execution by extracting key parameters.

The contract's logic is split into two main internal decoding functions:

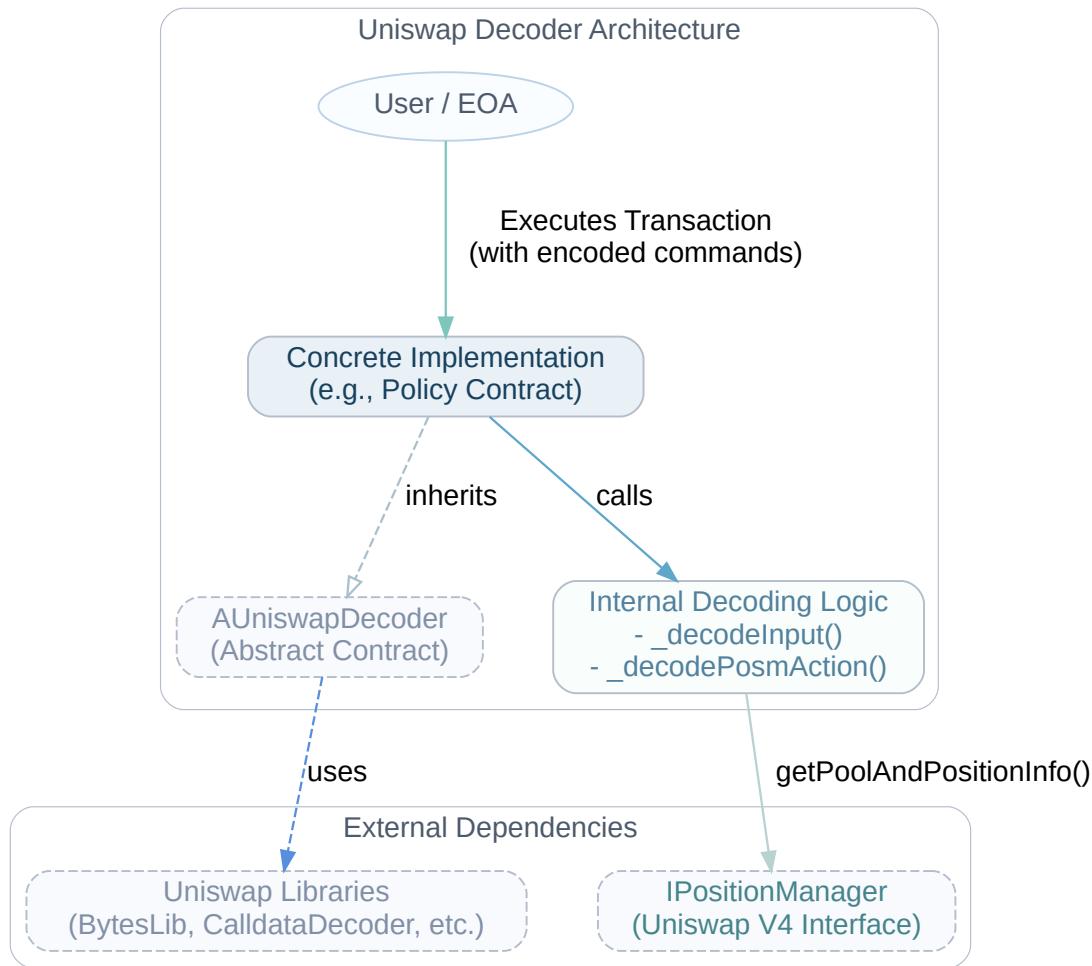
- One function is responsible for decoding commands sent to the Universal Router. It supports a wide range of commands across different Uniswap versions, including `V2_SWAP_EXACT_IN`, `V3_SWAP_EXACT_IN`, `V4_SWAP`, token transfers (`TRANSFER`, `SWEEP`), and native currency management (`WRAP_ETH`, `UNWRAP_WETH`). It can also recursively decode nested commands within a sub-plan.
- The second function focuses on decoding actions directed at the V4 Position Manager. This includes liquidity management operations such as minting new positions (`MINT_POSITION`), increasing (`INCREASE_LIQUIDITY`), decreasing (`DECREASE_LIQUIDITY`), and burning liquidity (`BURN_POSITION`), as well as various token settlement and withdrawal actions.

For any given transaction data, the decoder aggregates critical information into a structured format. This includes identifying all unique token recipients, the specific tokens being sent (`tokensIn`) and received (`tokensOut`), and the total native currency (e.g., ETH) value involved. It is intended to be inherited by other contracts, serving as a foundational utility for systems that require deep inspection of Uniswap interactions, such as smart contract wallets, aggregators, or security analysis tools.

Entry Points and Actors

As an abstract contract, `AUniswapDecoder` does not expose any public or external state-modifying functions. It is designed to be inherited by concrete implementations which would define the user-facing entry points.

Code Diagram



1 of 1 Findings

contracts/protocol/extensions/adapters/AUniswapDecoder.sol

_decodePosmAction Fails to Record Output Tokens for Liquidity Removal Actions • Best Practices

The `_decodePosmAction` function is responsible for parsing calldata for the Uniswap V4 Position Manager. For actions that result in the pool receiving tokens, such as `DECREASE_LIQUIDITY` and `BURN_POSITION`, the function correctly identifies the `tokenId` of the position being modified but fails to add the underlying tokens (`currency0` and `currency1` of the position's pool) to the `params.tokensOut` array.

The protocol's security model relies on the decoder to identify all tokens the pool will receive (`tokensOut`) so that an upstream adapter can verify they have a valid price feed in the oracle. By not populating `params.tokensOut` for these liquidity removal actions, the decoder provides incomplete information to the validator. A pool owner could be tricked into executing a transaction that removes liquidity from a pool containing a malicious or unpriced token. The pool would receive this token, but the price feed check would be bypassed, corrupting the pool's Net Asset Value (NAV). This could be exploited to manipulate share prices.

While the function makes a `view` call to `_uniV4Posm.getPoolAndPositionInfo` for `INCREASE_LIQUIDITY`, it omits this for `DECREASE_LIQUIDITY` and `BURN_POSITION`, likely as a gas-saving measure. However, this optimization compromises a critical security guarantee.

```
// in _decodePosmAction
...
} else if (action == Actions.DECREASE_LIQUIDITY) {
    // uint256 tokenId, uint256 liquidity, uint128 amount0Min, uint128
    amount1Min, bytes calldata hookData
    (uint256 tokenId, , , ) = actionParams.decodeModifyLiquidityParams();
    // hook address is not relevant for decrease, use ZERO_ADDRESS instead to
    save gas
    positions = _addUniquePosition(positions, Position(ZERO_ADDRESS, tokenId,
Actions.DECREASE_LIQUIDITY));
    return (params, positions); // <-- params.tokensOut is not updated
...
} else if (action == Actions.BURN_POSITION) {
    // uint256 tokenId, uint128 amount0Min, uint128 amount1Min, bytes calldata
    hookData
    (uint256 tokenId, , , ) = actionParams.decodeBurnParams();
    // hook address is not relevant for burn, use ZERO_ADDRESS instead to save
    gas
    positions = _addUniquePosition(positions, Position(ZERO_ADDRESS, tokenId,
Actions.BURN_POSITION));
    return (params, positions); // <-- params.tokensOut is not updated
}
...
```

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