**Nota:** Este tutorial pressupõe que você tenha concluído os tutoriais anteriores: navegando no sistema de arquivos ROS (/ROS/Tutorials/NavigatingTheFilesystem).

☼Por favor, pergunte sobre problemas e perguntas relacionadas a este tutorial em ● Answers.ros.org (http://answers.ros.org) . Não se esqueça de incluir na sua pergunta o link para esta página, as versões do seu SO e ROS, e também adicionar as tags apropriadas.

# Criando um pacote ROS

**Descrição:** Este tutorial aborda o uso de roscreate-pkg (/roscreate) ou catkin (/catkin) para criar um novo pacote e rospack (/rospack) para listar dependências de pacotes.

Nível do Tutorial: INICIANTE

Próximo Tutorial: Construindo um pacote ROS (/ROS/Tutorials/BuildingPackages)

gatinho rosbuild

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### 1. O que compõe um pacote catkin?

Para que um pacote seja considerado catkin, ele deve atender a alguns requisitos:

- O pacote deve conter um arquivo package.xml compatível com catkin (/catkin/package.xml) .
  - Esse arquivo package.xml fornece meta informações sobre o pacote.
- O pacote deve conter um CMakeLists.txt que usa catkin (/catkin/CMakeLists.txt) .
  - If it is a catkin metapackage (/catkin/package.xml#Metapackages) it must have the relevant boilerplate CMakeLists.txt file.

- · Each package must have its own folder
  - This means no nested packages nor multiple packages sharing the same directory.

The simplest possible package might have a structure which looks like this:

```
my_package/
    CMakeLists.txt
    package.xml
```

## 2. Packages in a catkin Workspace

The recommended method of working with catkin packages is using a catkin workspace (/catkin /workspaces), but you can also build catkin packages standalone. A trivial workspace might look like this:

Before continuing with this tutorial create an empty catkin workspace by following the Creating a workspace for catkin (/catkin/Tutorials/create\_a\_workspace) tutorial.

# 3. Creating a catkin Package

This tutorial will demonstrate how to use the catkin\_create\_pkg (/catkin/commands/catkin\_create\_pkg) script to create a new catkin package, and what you can do with it after it has been created.

First change to the source space directory of the catkin workspace you created in the Creating a Workspace for catkin tutorial (/catkin/Tutorials/create\_a\_workspace):

```
# You should have created this in the Creating a Workspace Tutorial
$ cd ~/catkin_ws/src
```

Now use the catkin\_create\_pkg script to create a new package called 'beginner\_tutorials' which depends on std\_msgs, roscpp, and rospy:

```
$ catkin_create_pkg beginner_tutorials std_msgs rospy roscpp
```

This will create a beginner\_tutorials folder which contains a package.xml (/catkin/package.xml) and a CMakeLists.txt (/catkin/CMakeLists.txt), which have been partially filled out with the information you gave catkin\_create\_pkg.

catkin create pkg requires that you give it a package name and optionally a list of dependencies

on which that package depends:

```
# This is an example, do not try to run this
# catkin_create_pkg <package_name> [depend1] [depend2] [depend3]
```

catkin\_create\_pkg also has more advanced functionalities which are described in catkin/commands/catkin\_create\_pkg (/catkin/commands/catkin\_create\_pkg).

# 4. Building a catkin workspace and sourcing the setup file

Now you need to build the packages in the catkin workspace:

```
$ cd ~/catkin_ws
$ catkin_make
```

After the workspace has been built it has created a similar structure in the devel subfolder as you usually find under /opt/ros/\$ROSDISTRO\_NAME.

To add the workspace to your ROS environment you need to source the generated setup file:

```
$ . ~/catkin_ws/devel/setup.bash
```

# 5. package dependencies

### 5.1 First-order dependencies

When using catkin\_create\_pkg (/catkin/commands/catkin\_create\_pkg) earlier, a few package dependencies were provided. These **first-order** dependencies can now be reviewed with the rospack tool.

```
$ rospack depends1 beginner_tutorials

roscpp
rospy
std_msgs
```

As you can see, rospack lists the same dependencies that were used as arguments when running catkin\_create\_pkg. These dependencies for a package are stored in the **package.xml** file:

```
$ roscd beginner_tutorials
$ cat package.xml
```

### 5.2 Indirect dependencies

In many cases, a dependency will also have its own dependencies. For instance, rospy has other dependencies.

```
$ rospack depends1 rospy

genpy
roscpp
rosgraph
rosgraph_msgs
roslib
std_msgs
```

A package can have quite a few indirect dependencies. Luckily rospack can recursively determine all nested dependencies.

```
$ rospack depends beginner_tutorials
cpp_common
rostime
roscpp_traits
roscpp_serialization
catkin
genmsg
genpy
message_runtime
gencpp
geneus
gennodejs
genlisp
message_generation
rosbuild
rosconsole
std_msgs
rosgraph_msgs
xmlrpcpp
roscpp
rosgraph
ros_environment
rospack
roslib
rospy
```

# 6. Customizing Your Package

This part of the tutorial will look at each file generated by catkin\_create\_pkg (/catkin/commands /catkin\_create\_pkg) and describe, line by line, each component of those files and how you can customize them for your package.

### 6.1 Customizing the package.xml

The generated package.xml (/catkin/package.xml) should be in your new package. Now lets go through the new package.xml (/catkin/package.xml) and touch up any elements that need your attention.

#### 6.1.1 description tag

First update the description tag:

```
Ligar/Desligar números de linhas

5 <description>The beginner_tutorials package</description>
```

Change the description to anything you like, but by convention the first sentence should be short while covering the scope of the package. If it is hard to describe the package in a single sentence then it might need to be broken up.

#### 6.1.2 maintainer tags

Next comes the maintainer tag:

```
Ligar/Desligar números de linhas

7 <!-- One maintainer tag required, multiple allowed, one person per ta g -->
8 <!-- Example: -->
9 <!-- <maintainer email="jane.doe@example.com">Jane Doe</maintainer>
-->
10 <maintainer email="user@todo.todo">user</maintainer>
```

This is a required and important tag for the package.xml (/catkin/package.xml) because it lets others know who to contact about the package. At least one maintainer is required, but you can have many if you like. The name of the maintainer goes into the body of the tag, but there is also an email attribute that should be filled out:

#### 6.1.3 license tags

Next is the license tag, which is also required:

You should choose a license and fill it in here. Some common open source licenses are BSD, MIT, Boost Software License, GPLv2, GPLv3, LGPLv2.1, and LGPLv3. You can read about several of these at the •Open Source Initiative (http://opensource.org/licenses/alphabetical). For this tutorial we'll use the BSD license because the rest of the core ROS components use it already:

```
Ligar/Desligar números de linhas

8 license>BSD</license>
```

#### 6.1.4 dependencies tags

The next set of tags describe the dependencies of your package. The dependencies are split into build\_depend, buildtool\_depend, exec\_depend, test\_depend. For a more detailed explanation of these tags see the documentation about Catkin Dependencies (/catkin /package.xml#Build.2C\_Run.2C\_and\_Test\_Dependencies). Since we passed std\_msgs, roscpp, and rospy as arguments to catkin\_create\_pkg (/catkin/commands/catkin\_create\_pkg), the dependencies will look like this:

```
Ligar/Desligar números de linhas
```

```
27
    <!-- The *_depend tags are used to specify dependencies -->
    <!-- Dependencies can be catkin packages or system dependencies -->
28
29
    <!-- Examples: -->
    <!-- Use build_depend for packages you need at compile time: -->
30
    <!-- <build_depend>genmsg</build_depend> -->
31
32
    <!-- Use buildtool_depend for build tool packages: -->
33
    <!-- <buildtool_depend>catkin</buildtool_depend> -->
34
    <!-- Use exec_depend for packages you need at runtime: -->
    <!-- <exec_depend>python-yaml</exec_depend> -->
35
36
     <!-- Use test_depend for packages you need only for testing: -->
    <!-- <test_depend>gtest</test_depend> -->
37
38
     <buildtool_depend>catkin</buildtool_depend>
39
    <build_depend>roscpp</build_depend>
40
     <build_depend>rospy</build_depend>
41
     <build_depend>std_msgs</puild_depend>
```

All of our listed dependencies have been added as a build\_depend for us, in addition to the default buildtool\_depend on catkin. In this case we want all of our specified dependencies to be available at build and run time, so we'll add a exec\_depend tag for each of them as well:

```
Ligar/Desligar números de linhas
  12
       <buildtool_depend>catkin/buildtool_depend>
 13
  14
       <build_depend>roscpp</build_depend>
 15
       <build_depend>rospy</build_depend>
       <build_depend>std_msgs</puild_depend>
 16
  17
 18
       <exec_depend>roscpp</exec_depend>
  19
       <exec_depend>rospy</exec_depend>
  20
       <exec_depend>std_msgs</exec_depend>
```

#### 6.1.5 Final package.xml

As you can see the final package.xml (/catkin/package.xml), without comments and unused tags, is much more concise:

```
Ligar/Desligar números de linhas
```

```
1 <?xml version="1.0"?>
 2 <package format="2">
     <name>beginner_tutorials</name>
     <version>0.1.0
 5
     <description>The beginner_tutorials package</description>
 6
 7
     <maintainer email="you@yourdomain.tld">Your Name</maintainer>
 8
     <license>BSD</license>
 9
     <url type="website">http://wiki.ros.org/beginner_tutorials</url>
10
     <author email="you@yourdomain.tld">Jane Doe</author>
11
     <buildtool_depend>catkin</buildtool_depend>
12
13
14
     <build_depend>roscpp</build_depend>
     <build_depend>rospy</build_depend>
1.5
     <build_depend>std_msgs</puild_depend>
16
17
18
     <exec_depend>roscpp</exec_depend>
19
     <exec_depend>rospy</exec_depend>
2.0
     <exec_depend>std_msgs</exec_depend>
2.1
22 </package>
```

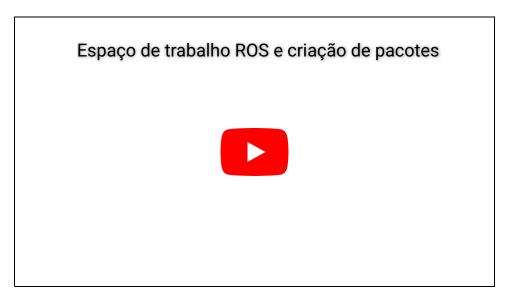
### 6.2 Customizing the CMakeLists.txt

Now that the package.xml (/catkin/package.xml), which contains meta information, has been tailored to your package, you are ready to move on in the tutorials. The CMakeLists.txt (/catkin/CMakeLists.txt) file created by catkin\_create\_pkg (/catkin/commands/catkin\_create\_pkg) will be covered in the later tutorials about building ROS code.

Now that you've made a new ROS package, let's build our ROS package (/ROS/Tutorials /BuildingPackages).

### 7. Video Demonstration

Watch the video below to have more explanation on Custom Workspace and Package Creation with step by step guide .



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