

# Racket Basics

# Installing Dr. Racket

- Windows : <https://download.racket-lang.org/>
- Debian/Ubuntu : apt install racket
- Other \*nix : Download From webpage^

# Racket is Functional Programming Language

# What is a Functional Programming Language

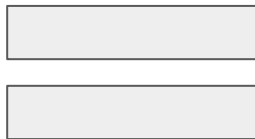
- Based on lambda calculus
- No concept of state
  - No concept of variables like imperative programming languages
  - Variables can be declared but not reassigned
- A Functional Program is nothing but a function applied on a set of values
  - (func a b c d e .....)
- But a function can be applied on the output of another function
  - (funcA a b (funcB c d)) -> What is the imperative equivalent?

# But how are functional programming languages useful?

Are functional programming languages as expressive as imperative programming languages?

# The Church-Turing Thesis

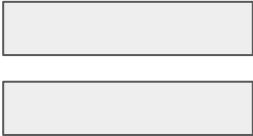
Turing Machine



Lambda Calculus

\*Equality here refers to the set of problems that a language can compute

# And hence

Imperative Languages  Functional Languages

\*Equality here refers to the set of problems that a language can compute

# But Practicalities

- In the real world, there is some need of state
  - Can't live without databases
  - Can't live without network sockets
- So in real life, 'impure' versions of Functional languages are used



# Lets start evaluating some expressions

- On your terminal, start racket
- We work with IDLE prompt

(+ 1 2)

(- 1 2)

(+ 1 2 3)

$(^* (+ 1 2) (+ 4 5))$

# Define - Global Variables

- `(define x 3)`
- `(set! x (* x x))`

# Lists

- `'(1 2 3 4 5)`
- `(car '(1 2 3 4 5))`
- `(cdr '(1 2 3 4 5))`

# If else

**Syntax :** (if test-expr then-expr else-expr)

(if (equal? (remainder 5 2) 1) (\* 3 3) (\* 2 2) )



# For loop

For loop only allows iterating through sequence of values (lists, maps)

```
(for ([i '(1 2 3 4 5)])  
  (println i)  
)
```

# While Loop

While loop syntax :

(while <test> <body>)

You need to include the while loop package

```
raco pkg install while-loop
```

A quick challenge

How will you exit this program?

# Defining Functions

```
(define (func-name param1 param2 ...  
paramN) expr)
```

```
(define (square num) (* num num) )
```

Using the function :

```
(square 3)
```

Function to calculate factorial of a +ve  
integer

Sum of all numbers in a list