

Supermarket_notebook

July 11, 2023

1 Final Project

Welcome to the final practical project for our course on [Data Science Bootcamp](#). Throughout this project, you will go through the entire data science process, starting from data loading and cleaning, all the way to running a model and making predictions. This hands-on project will provide you with valuable experience and allow you to apply the concepts and techniques you've learned in the course. Get ready to dive into real-world data analysis and build your skills as a data scientist!

1.1 Important Remarks:

- The ultimate goal of this project is to conduct comprehensive data analysis and build 2 models using the provided datasets.
- Code is not the only thing graded here. Well-written and understandable documentation of your code is to be expected
- Clear reasoning behind your choices in every step of the notebook is important. Be it the choice of a data cleaning technique or selecting certain features in your analysis or the choice of your 2 models.

2 Importing packages

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import math
```

```
[2]: from sklearn import linear_model
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
from sklearn import metrics
```

3 Load the dataset into data

```
[3]: data = pd.read_csv("supermarket_survey.csv", delimiter=';')
```

4 Dataset overview and statistical summary

```
[4]: data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 353 entries, 0 to 352
Data columns (total 46 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   randomInt                            353 non-null    int64
1   age                                  345 non-null    object
2   gender                              347 non-null    object
3   district                            334 non-null    object
4   modeOfTransportation                341 non-null    object
5   distance                            338 non-null    object
6   G03Q13amountOfPeople                345 non-null    object
7   income                              331 non-null    float64
8   frequency                            339 non-null    object
9   days[1]                             353 non-null    object
10  days[2]                             353 non-null    object
11  days[3]                             353 non-null    object
12  days[4]                             353 non-null    object
13  days[5]                             353 non-null    object
14  days[6]                             353 non-null    object
15  days[7]                             353 non-null    object
16  time[1]                             353 non-null    object
17  time[2]                             353 non-null    object
18  time[3]                             353 non-null    object
19  time[4]                             353 non-null    object
20  time[5]                             353 non-null    object
21  moneySpent                          338 non-null    object
22  orderingItems                       334 non-null    object
23  deliveringItems                     333 non-null    object
24  willingPayDelivery                  166 non-null    object
25  findProducts                        334 non-null    object
26  usingDiscounts                      326 non-null    object
27  preferCash                          331 non-null    object
28  preferCashless                      329 non-null    object
29  isRelaxing                          327 non-null    object
30  satisGeneralStore                   332 non-null    float64
31  satisMusic                          288 non-null    float64
32  satisQualityProducts                329 non-null    float64
33  satisGeneralAssortment               330 non-null    float64
```

```

34  satisVeganProducts      274 non-null    float64
35  satisOrganicProducts    301 non-null    float64
36  satisGlutenfreeProducts 209 non-null    float64
37  satisAnimalProducts     307 non-null    float64
38  ideasExtendedBusiness   324 non-null    float64
39  ideasHelpCarry          322 non-null    float64
40  ideasCustomerCouncil    318 non-null    float64
41  ideasFreeWifi           324 non-null    float64
42  ideasTouchDisplay       320 non-null    float64
43  ideasSelfCheckout       323 non-null    float64
44  ideasBikeParking        312 non-null    float64
45  ideasUndergroundParking 300 non-null    float64
dtypes: float64(17), int64(1), object(28)
memory usage: 127.0+ KB

```

```
[5]: data.describe()
```

```

[5]:      randomInt      income  satisGeneralStore  satisMusic  \
count  353.000000    331.000000    332.000000    288.000000
mean    2.609065    66275.568882      7.424699     5.236111
std     1.105322   132542.950482     1.705790     2.507094
min     1.000000   -99932.000000     1.000000     1.000000
25%     2.000000    2290.000000     7.000000     3.000000
50%     3.000000   21000.000000     8.000000     5.000000
75%     4.000000   80284.000000     8.000000     7.000000
max     4.000000  999999.000000    10.000000    10.000000

      satisQualityProducts  satisGeneralAssortment  satisVeganProducts  \
count          329.000000          330.000000          274.000000
mean           7.498480           7.278788           6.350365
std            1.479792           1.674366           2.177444
min            1.000000           1.000000           1.000000
25%            7.000000           7.000000           5.000000
50%            8.000000           8.000000           7.000000
75%            8.000000           8.000000           8.000000
max           10.000000          10.000000          10.000000

      satisOrganicProducts  satisGlutenfreeProducts  satisAnimalProducts  \
count          301.000000          209.000000          307.000000
mean           6.767442           6.315789           7.348534
std            1.981347           2.269317           1.902618
min            1.000000           1.000000           1.000000
25%            6.000000           5.000000           6.500000
50%            7.000000           6.000000           8.000000
75%            8.000000           8.000000           9.000000
max           10.000000          10.000000          10.000000

```

	ideasExtendedBusiness	ideasHelpCarry	ideasCustomerCouncil	\
count	324.000000	322.000000	318.000000	
mean	6.919753	3.711180	3.232704	
std	3.129760	3.027465	2.668179	
min	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	
25%	5.000000	1.000000	1.000000	
50%	8.000000	2.000000	2.000000	
75%	10.000000	6.000000	5.000000	
max	10.000000	10.000000	10.000000	

	ideasFreeWifi	ideasTouchDisplay	ideasSelfCheckout	ideasBikeParking	\
count	324.000000	320.000000	323.000000	312.000000	
mean	6.410494	5.571875	7.857585	7.602564	
std	3.147757	3.197936	2.668804	2.752793	
min	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	
25%	4.000000	3.000000	7.000000	6.000000	
50%	7.000000	6.000000	9.000000	8.000000	
75%	9.000000	9.000000	10.000000	10.000000	
max	10.000000	10.000000	10.000000	10.000000	

	ideasUndergroundParking
count	300.000000
mean	5.396667
std	3.321057
min	1.000000
25%	2.000000
50%	6.000000
75%	8.000000
max	10.000000

```
[6]: data.head()
```

```
[6]:  randomInt  age  gender  district modeOfTransportation distance \
0          4   NaN   Male    Godham          Own Car    1-2km
1          4   NaN   NaN      NaN          NaN      NaN
2          3  20-25  Female  Springtown          Own Car    >7km
3          4   NaN   NaN      NaN          NaN      NaN
4          3  15-20   Male   Piltunder          Own Car    1-2km
```

	G03Q13amountOfPeople	income	frequency	days[1]	...	\
0	3	120000.0	Twice	No	...	
1	NaN	NaN	NaN	No	...	
2	2	15.0	Three times	No	...	
3	NaN	1337.0	NaN	No	...	
4	4	250000.0	Twice	No	...	

	satisGlutenfreeProducts	satisAnimalProducts	ideasExtendedBusiness	\
--	-------------------------	---------------------	-----------------------	---

0	8.0	7.0	2.0
1	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	7.0	NaN	7.0
3	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	8.0	1.0	9.0

	ideasHelpCarry	ideasCustomerCouncil	ideasFreeWifi	ideasTouchDisplay	\
0	4.0	3.0	4.0	NaN	
1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
2	7.0	7.0	7.0	NaN	
3	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
4	2.0	1.0	10.0	10.0	

	ideasSelfCheckout	ideasBikeParking	ideasUndergroundParking
0	4.0	NaN	NaN
1	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	7.0	7.0	7.0
3	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	10.0	8.0	NaN

[5 rows x 46 columns]

5 Data cleaning

```
[7]: data.isnull().sum()
```

```
[7]: randomInt      0
age                8
gender            6
district          19
modeOfTransportation 12
distance          15
G03Q13amountOfPeople 8
income            22
frequency         14
days[1]           0
days[2]           0
days[3]           0
days[4]           0
days[5]           0
days[6]           0
days[7]           0
time[1]            0
time[2]            0
time[3]            0
time[4]            0
```

time[5]	0
moneySpent	15
orderingItems	19
deliveringItems	20
willingPayDelivery	187
findProducts	19
usingDiscounts	27
preferCash	22
preferCashless	24
isRelaxing	26
satisGeneralStore	21
satisMusic	65
satisQualityProducts	24
satisGeneralAssortment	23
satisVeganProducts	79
satisOrganicProducts	52
satisGlutenfreeProducts	144
satisAnimalProducts	46
ideasExtendedBusiness	29
ideasHelpCarry	31
ideasCustomerCouncil	35
ideasFreeWifi	29
ideasTouchDisplay	33
ideasSelfCheckout	30
ideasBikeParking	41
ideasUndergroundParking	53
dtype: int64	

```
[8]: # There are 45 columns -- but do we really need that much ?
      # Here is the data that we will need for our analysis

      # age
      # gender
      # district
      # modeOfTransportation
      # distance
      # income
      # frequency
      # moneySpent -- y
      # orderingItems -- y
      # deliveringItems
      # usingDiscounts
      # preferCash -- y
      # preferCashless -- y
      # satisGeneralStore -- y
      # satisQualityProducts
      # satisVeganProducts
```

```
# satisOrganicProducts
# satisGlutenfreeProducts
# satisAnimalProducts

# notice the sign "-- y", we will discuss about that in later phrase
```

```
[9]: # getting all the required data
data = data[['age', 'gender', 'district', 'modeOfTransportation', 'distance',
→ 'income', 'frequency', 'moneySpent', 'orderingItems', 'deliveringItems',
→ 'usingDiscounts', 'preferCash', 'preferCashless', 'satisGeneralStore',
→ 'satisQualityProducts', 'satisVeganProducts', 'satisOrganicProducts',
→ 'satisGlutenfreeProducts', 'satisAnimalProducts']]
```

```
[10]: data.isnull().sum()
```

```
[10]: age                8
gender                6
district             19
modeOfTransportation 12
distance             15
income              22
frequency           14
moneySpent          15
orderingItems       19
deliveringItems     20
usingDiscounts      27
preferCash          22
preferCashless      24
satisGeneralStore   21
satisQualityProducts 24
satisVeganProducts  79
satisOrganicProducts 52
satisGlutenfreeProducts 144
satisAnimalProducts  46
dtype: int64
```

```
[11]: # lets get the unique list in string form
# finding unique's in columns
def unique_cols():
    print('\nGender: ', data['gender'].unique())
    print('\nDistrict: ', data['district'].unique())
    print('\nDistance: ', data['distance'].unique())
    print('\nMode of Transportation: ', data['modeOfTransportation'].unique())
    print('\nFrequency: ', data['frequency'].unique())
    print('\nMoney spent: ', data['moneySpent'].unique())
    print('\nOrdering Items: ', data['orderingItems'].unique())
    print('\nDelievering Items: ', data['deliveringItems'].unique())
```

```
unique_cols()
```

```
Gender: ['Male' nan 'Female' 'Prefer not to say' 'Diverse']
```

```
District: ['Godham' nan 'Springtown' 'Piltunder' 'Metrapalis' 'Duckborg']
```

```
Distance: ['1-2km' nan '>7km' '500 meters to 1km' '3-5km' '5-7km'  
'Less than few hundred meters']
```

```
Mode of Transportation: ['Own Car' nan 'Walking' 'Bicycle' 'Taxi' 'Rented car  
('car sharing')'  
'Public transportation']
```

```
Frequency: ['Twice' nan 'Three times' 'Once' 'Four times' 'More than four  
times']
```

```
Money spent: ['Between 75 and 100 USD' nan 'Between 50 and 75' 'Less than 25  
USD'  
'100 to 125 USD' 'Between 25 and 50 USD' 'More than 125 USD']
```

```
Ordering Items: ['... ordering online.' nan '...selecting them myself in the  
store.']
```

```
Delievering Items: ['... get them directly delivered to my address.' nan  
'...get them myself in and from the store.'  
'... get them delivered to the store for me to pick-up.']
```

```
[12]: # we suppose that, we only need to fill null values only in District, Ordering  
      ↪ Items, Delievering Items
```

```
[13]: # doing manual cleaning
```

```
# age  
def calculate_average_age(row):  
    if isinstance(row, str):  
        if row.startswith('>'):  
            return int(row[1:])  
        lower, upper = map(int, row.split('-'))  
        average = (lower + upper) / 2  
        return math.ceil(average)  
    else:  
        return row  
  
data['age'] = data['age'].apply(calculate_average_age)
```



```
[14]: # gender

# considering gender outputs like Prefer not to say and Diverse in Others
↳category -- no offense or hate to anyone

data['gender'] = data['gender'].replace(['Prefer not to say',
↳'Diverse'], 'Others')

[15]: # distance
data['distance'] = data['distance'].replace(['1-2km', '2.0', '>7km', '500 meters',
↳to 1km', '3-5km', '5-7km', 'Less than few hundred meters'], [2,2,7,1,5,7,0.
↳5])

[16]: # mode of transportation
data['modeOfTransportation'] = data['modeOfTransportation'].replace(['Rented',
↳car ("car sharing")'], ['Rented Car'])

[17]: # frequency
data['frequency'] = data['frequency'].replace(['Twice', 'Three times', 'Once',
↳'Four times', 'More than four times'], [2,3,1,4,5])

[18]: # money spent
data['moneySpent'] = data['moneySpent'].replace(['Between 75 and 100 USD',
↳'Between 50 and 75', 'Less than 25 USD', '100 to 125 USD', 'Between 25 and',
↳50 USD', 'More than 125 USD'], [100,75,25,125,50,125])

[19]: # string data type -- doing mode function
def valChange(colName):
    data[colName] = data[colName].fillna(data[colName].mode().iloc[0])

valChange('gender')
valChange('district')
valChange('modeOfTransportation')
valChange('orderingItems')
valChange('deliveringItems')
valChange('usingDiscounts')
valChange('preferCash')
valChange('preferCashless')

[20]: # numeric data type -- doing median function
def numChange(colName):
    data[colName] = data[colName].fillna(data[colName].median())

numChange('age')
numChange('distance')
numChange('income')
numChange('frequency')
```

```

numChange('moneySpent')
numChange('satisGeneralStore')
numChange('satisQualityProducts')
numChange('satisOrganicProducts')
numChange('satisVeganProducts')
numChange('satisGlutenfreeProducts')
numChange('satisAnimalProducts')

```

```

[21]: # now checking changes
      # finding unique's in columns
      unique_cols()

```

Gender: ['Male' 'Female' 'Others']

District: ['Godham' 'Springtown' 'Piltunder' 'Metrapalis' 'Duckborg']

Distance: [2. 7. 1. 5. 0.5]

Mode of Transportation: ['Own Car' 'Bicycle' 'Walking' 'Taxi' 'Rented Car'
'Public transportation']

Frequency: [2. 3. 1. 4. 5.]

Money spent: [100. 75. 25. 125. 50.]

Ordering Items: ['... ordering online.' '...selecting them myself in the store.']

Delievering Items: ['... get them directly delivered to my address.'
'...get them myself in and from the store.'
'... get them delivered to the store for me to pick-up.']

```

[22]: data.head()

```

```

[22]:   age  gender  district modeOfTransportation  distance  income \
0  38.0   Male   Godham          Own Car          2.0  120000.0
1  38.0   Male Springtown          Bicycle          2.0   21000.0
2  23.0 Female Springtown          Own Car          7.0    15.0
3  38.0   Male Springtown          Bicycle          2.0   1337.0
4  18.0   Male  Piltunder          Own Car          2.0 250000.0

      frequency  moneySpent  orderingItems \
0           2.0      100.0  ... ordering online.
1           2.0       75.0  ...selecting them myself in the store.
2           3.0       75.0  ...selecting them myself in the store.
3           2.0       75.0  ...selecting them myself in the store.
4           2.0       75.0  ...selecting them myself in the store.

```

		deliveringItems	usingDiscounts	\
0	...	get them directly delivered to my address.	Rather disagree	
1		...get them myself in and from the store.	Rather agree	
2		...get them myself in and from the store.	Rather agree	
3		...get them myself in and from the store.	Rather agree	
4		...get them myself in and from the store.	Rather agree	

	preferCash	preferCashless	satisGeneralStore	satisQualityProducts	\
0	Strongly disagree	Rather agree	4.0	4.0	
1	Strongly disagree	Strongly agree	8.0	8.0	
2	Strongly disagree	Strongly agree	8.0	7.0	
3	Strongly disagree	Strongly agree	8.0	8.0	
4	Rather disagree	Strongly agree	8.0	7.0	

	satisVeganProducts	satisOrganicProducts	satisGlutenfreeProducts	\
0	2.0	8.0	8.0	
1	7.0	7.0	6.0	
2	7.0	7.0	7.0	
3	7.0	7.0	6.0	
4	8.0	8.0	8.0	

	satisAnimalProducts
0	7.0
1	8.0
2	8.0
3	8.0
4	1.0

```
[23]: data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 353 entries, 0 to 352
Data columns (total 19 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   age                                    353 non-null    float64
1   gender                                353 non-null    object
2   district                              353 non-null    object
3   modeOfTransportation                  353 non-null    object
4   distance                              353 non-null    float64
5   income                                353 non-null    float64
6   frequency                             353 non-null    float64
7   moneySpent                            353 non-null    float64
8   orderingItems                         353 non-null    object
9   deliveringItems                      353 non-null    object
10  usingDiscounts                       353 non-null    object
```

```
11 preferCash          353 non-null    object
12 preferCashless      353 non-null    object
13 satisGeneralStore    353 non-null    float64
14 satisQualityProducts 353 non-null    float64
15 satisVeganProducts   353 non-null    float64
16 satisOrganicProducts 353 non-null    float64
17 satisGlutenfreeProducts 353 non-null    float64
18 satisAnimalProducts  353 non-null    float64
dtypes: float64(11), object(8)
memory usage: 52.5+ KB
```

6 EDA

```
[24]: sns.pairplot(data[['age', 'distance', 'income', 'frequency', 'moneySpent']])
```

```
[24]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x7f828f33c460>
```



```
[25]: data.corr()
```

```
[25]:
```

	age	distance	income	frequency	moneySpent	\
age	1.000000	0.132301	0.119989	-0.036081	0.191339	
distance	0.132301	1.000000	0.159086	-0.201215	0.279534	
income	0.119989	0.159086	1.000000	-0.051165	0.198282	
frequency	-0.036081	-0.201215	-0.051165	1.000000	-0.353857	
moneySpent	0.191339	0.279534	0.198282	-0.353857	1.000000	
satisGeneralStore	0.028356	0.071000	0.012640	-0.004845	0.076840	
satisQualityProducts	-0.002794	0.065509	0.029034	0.020179	0.023101	
satisVeganProducts	-0.044946	0.026608	-0.019691	-0.133064	0.048848	
satisOrganicProducts	-0.131003	0.009380	-0.053751	-0.086931	0.068409	
satisGlutenfreeProducts	-0.089568	0.015791	0.036320	-0.070098	-0.014784	

satisAnimalProducts	-0.049384	0.129122	0.023667	-0.096666	0.115160
---------------------	-----------	----------	----------	-----------	----------

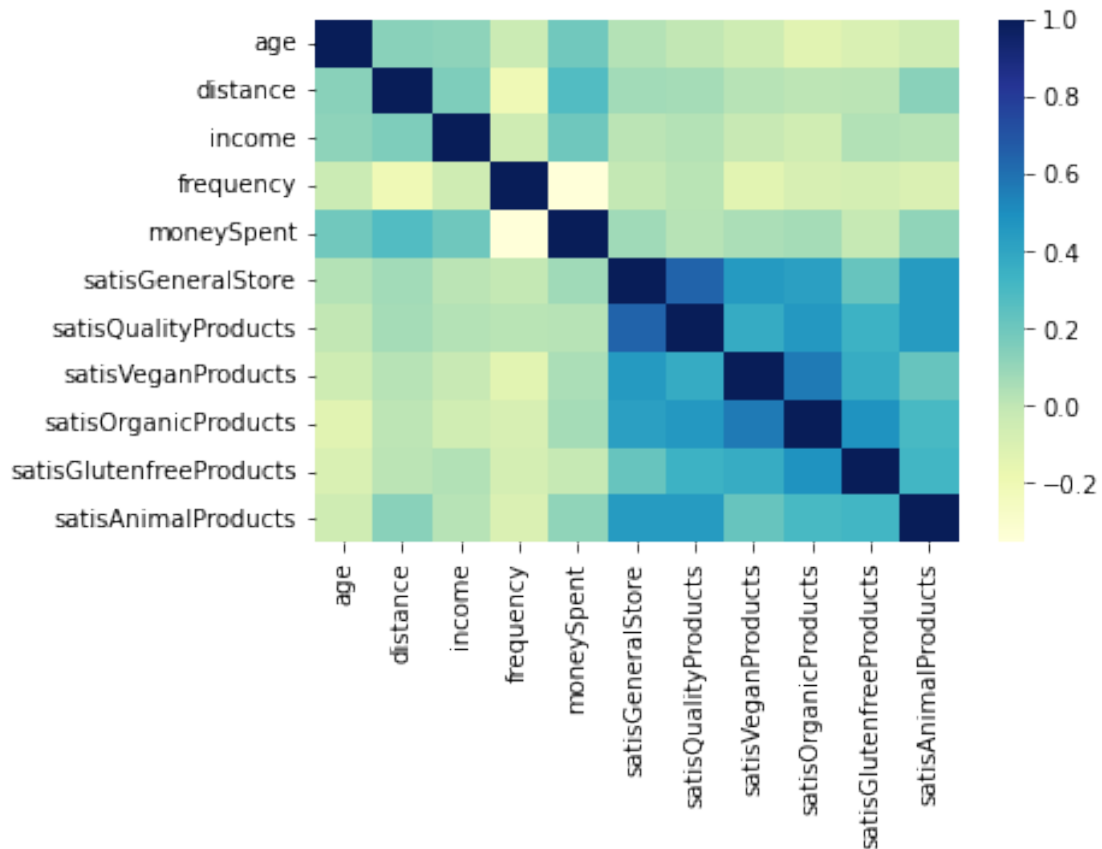
	satisGeneralStore	satisQualityProducts	\
age	0.028356	-0.002794	
distance	0.071000	0.065509	
income	0.012640	0.029034	
frequency	-0.004845	0.020179	
moneySpent	0.076840	0.023101	
satisGeneralStore	1.000000	0.644214	
satisQualityProducts	0.644214	1.000000	
satisVeganProducts	0.454009	0.375205	
satisOrganicProducts	0.428265	0.456884	
satisGlutenfreeProducts	0.221575	0.340310	
satisAnimalProducts	0.445069	0.446103	

	satisVeganProducts	satisOrganicProducts	\
age	-0.044946	-0.131003	
distance	0.026608	0.009380	
income	-0.019691	-0.053751	
frequency	-0.133064	-0.086931	
moneySpent	0.048848	0.068409	
satisGeneralStore	0.454009	0.428265	
satisQualityProducts	0.375205	0.456884	
satisVeganProducts	1.000000	0.567772	
satisOrganicProducts	0.567772	1.000000	
satisGlutenfreeProducts	0.365422	0.486447	
satisAnimalProducts	0.220878	0.306700	

	satisGlutenfreeProducts	satisAnimalProducts
age	-0.089568	-0.049384
distance	0.015791	0.129122
income	0.036320	0.023667
frequency	-0.070098	-0.096666
moneySpent	-0.014784	0.115160
satisGeneralStore	0.221575	0.445069
satisQualityProducts	0.340310	0.446103
satisVeganProducts	0.365422	0.220878
satisOrganicProducts	0.486447	0.306700
satisGlutenfreeProducts	1.000000	0.319793
satisAnimalProducts	0.319793	1.000000

```
[26]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
sns.heatmap(data.corr(), cmap="YlGnBu")
```

```
[26]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



```
[27]: # Relation between age and moneySpent
data[['age', 'moneySpent']].groupby(['age'], as_index = False).mean()
```

```
[27]:
```

	age	moneySpent
0	18.0	65.000000
1	23.0	55.660377
2	28.0	61.224490
3	33.0	79.729730
4	38.0	77.049180
5	43.0	86.764706
6	48.0	87.500000
7	53.0	81.250000
8	58.0	72.058824
9	63.0	76.785714
10	68.0	85.000000
11	73.0	50.000000
12	75.0	75.000000

```
[28]: # Relation between age, income, moneySpent
data[['age', 'income', 'moneySpent']].groupby(['age', 'moneySpent']).count()
```

[28] : income

age	moneySpent	
18.0	25.0	1
	50.0	4
	75.0	3
	100.0	2
23.0	25.0	20
	50.0	17
	75.0	7
	100.0	2
	125.0	7
28.0	25.0	13
	50.0	17
	75.0	8
	100.0	6
	125.0	5
33.0	25.0	4
	50.0	10
	75.0	8
	100.0	5
	125.0	10
38.0	25.0	6
	50.0	17
	75.0	19
	100.0	4
	125.0	15
43.0	25.0	3
	50.0	7
	75.0	7
	100.0	5
	125.0	12
48.0	25.0	3
	50.0	5
	75.0	1
	100.0	4
	125.0	9
53.0	25.0	3
	50.0	7
	75.0	7
	100.0	2
	125.0	9
58.0	25.0	2
	50.0	7
	75.0	1
	100.0	5
	125.0	2
63.0	50.0	6

	75.0	4
	100.0	1
	125.0	3
68.0	25.0	1
	50.0	3
	75.0	7
	100.0	5
	125.0	4
73.0	25.0	1
	50.0	2
	75.0	1
75.0	25.0	1
	50.0	1
	100.0	1
	125.0	1

```
[29]: # correlation values between pclass, survival, age
print('age w/t income:', data['age'].corr(data['income']))
print('age w/t moneySpent:', data['age'].corr(data['moneySpent']))
print('income w/t moneySpent:', data['income'].corr(data['moneySpent']))
```

```
age w/t income: 0.11998934244358012
age w/t moneySpent: 0.1913387598763577
income w/t moneySpent: 0.1982822005500373
```

7 Data Processing and normalization

Applying Label Encoding to the categorical data – gender, district, modeOfTransportation, orderingItems, deliveringItems, usingDiscounts, preferCash, preferCashless

```
[30]: le = LabelEncoder()

def applyLE(colName):
    data[colName] = le.fit_transform(data[colName])

applyLE('gender')
applyLE('district')
applyLE('modeOfTransportation')
applyLE('orderingItems')
applyLE('deliveringItems')
applyLE('usingDiscounts')
applyLE('preferCash')
applyLE('preferCashless')
```

```
[31]: data.head(10)
```

```

[31]:      age  gender  district  modeOfTransportation  distance  income  \
0  38.0      1      1              1          2.0  120000.0
1  38.0      1      4              0          2.0   21000.0
2  23.0      0      4              1          7.0    15.0
3  38.0      1      4              0          2.0   1337.0
4  18.0      1      3              1          2.0  250000.0
5  23.0      2      2              5          1.0    500.0
6  63.0      1      1              1          2.0   5000.0
7  43.0      0      1              0          1.0  21000.0
8  28.0      1      2              5          1.0    600.0
9  23.0      0      4              0          1.0   1200.0

      frequency  moneySpent  orderingItems  deliveringItems  usingDiscounts  \
0          2.0      100.0              0              1              2
1          2.0      75.0              1              2              1
2          3.0      75.0              1              2              1
3          2.0      75.0              1              2              1
4          2.0      75.0              1              2              1
5          2.0      25.0              1              2              3
6          1.0     125.0              1              2              0
7          2.0      50.0              1              2              4
8          4.0      25.0              1              2              2
9          4.0      25.0              1              2              3

      preferCash  preferCashless  satisGeneralStore  satisQualityProducts  \
0              4              1              4.0              4.0
1              4              3              8.0              8.0
2              4              3              8.0              7.0
3              4              3              8.0              8.0
4              2              3              8.0              7.0
5              4              3              7.0              9.0
6              0              0              8.0              8.0
7              0              0              8.0              9.0
8              4              3              8.0              7.0
9              2              3              8.0              7.0

      satisVeganProducts  satisOrganicProducts  satisGlutenfreeProducts  \
0              2.0              8.0              8.0
1              7.0              7.0              6.0
2              7.0              7.0              7.0
3              7.0              7.0              6.0
4              8.0              8.0              8.0
5              6.0              7.0             10.0
6              5.0              6.0              6.0
7              7.0              7.0              6.0
8              6.0              6.0              6.0
9              8.0              6.0              3.0

```

	satisAnimalProducts
0	7.0
1	8.0
2	8.0
3	8.0
4	1.0
5	10.0
6	7.0
7	7.0
8	8.0
9	7.0

```
[32]: # remember those "--y" signs , I remarked earlier, they can be the value of y
```

```
[33]: X =
      ↳data[['age','district','modeOfTransportation','distance','income','frequency']]
      ↳values
      y = data['moneySpent'].values
```

Test size can be different in scenarios - but here I've taken 0.3

```
[34]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3,
      ↳random_state=20)
```

Scaling the values, the scaling is used for making data points generalized so that the distance between them will be lower, this will help the machine.

```
[35]: scale = StandardScaler()

      X_train_scaled = scale.fit_transform(X_train)
      X_test_scaled = scale.transform(X_test)
```

8 Creating ML model 1

```
[36]: regr = linear_model.LinearRegression()
      regr.fit(X_train_scaled,y_train)
```

```
[36]: LinearRegression()
```

```
[37]: print(regr.coef_)
```

```
[ 3.95148216 -1.31398446 -2.51895413  6.76845651  4.31928503
 -12.03906325]
```

8.1 Prediction on Test data

```
[38]: y_pred_1 = regr.predict(X_test)
```

8.2 Model 1 Performance

```
[39]: accuracy_score = round(regr.score(X_train_scaled, y_train) * 100, 2)
print("Model accuracy for training:", accuracy_score, "%")
```

Model accuracy for training: 26.59 %

```
[40]: accuracy_score = round(regr.score(X_test_scaled, y_test) * 100, 2)
print("Model accuracy for testing:", accuracy_score, "%")
```

Model accuracy for testing: 6.18 %

9 Creating ML model 2

```
[41]: regr = linear_model.LogisticRegression()
regr.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)
```

```
[41]: LogisticRegression()
```

```
[42]: print(regr.coef_)
```

```
[[-0.41769757 -0.00763657  0.28580581 -0.29563659 -0.36924122  0.68841193]
 [-0.05477075 -0.13850925  0.11476936 -0.14579297 -0.41256936  0.37039811]
 [ 0.06246955  0.35459052 -0.3102762  -0.05507704  0.24020486  0.09260001]
 [ 0.39942692 -0.01180072 -0.0895435   0.07269962  0.28385299 -0.46431066]
 [ 0.01057186 -0.19664398 -0.00075547  0.42380698  0.25775272 -0.68709939]]
```

9.1 Prediction on Test data

```
[43]: y_pred_2 = regr.predict(X_test_scaled)
```

9.2 ## Model 2 Performance

```
[44]: accuracy_score = round(regr.score(X_train_scaled, y_train) * 100, 2)
print("Model accuracy for training:", accuracy_score, "%")
```

Model accuracy for training: 42.91 %

```
[45]: accuracy_score = round(regr.score(X_test_scaled, y_test) * 100, 2)
print("Model accuracy for testing:", accuracy_score, "%")
```

Model accuracy for testing: 38.68 %

10 Report and insight from your analysis

10.1 Model and Dataset Analysis

- This is Regression Problem, based on the given data multivariate analysis would be applicable here.
- Dataset is not clean at the first insight. Cleaning dataset took up much time.
- We got too much unnecessary data which will not be useful for prediction.

10.2 Dataset overview and statistical summary Analysis

- Using 19 columns for our EDA and further model prediction

10.3 EDA Analysis

- Using Label Encoding for categorical values
- Correlation age w/t income: 0.11998934244358012
- Correlation age w/t moneySpent: 0.1913387598763577
- Correlation income w/t moneySpent: 0.1982822005500373

10.4 Data Processing Analysis

- Linear Regression Accuracy: [Training: 26.59%, Testing: 6.18%]
- Logistic Regression Accuracy: [Training: 42.91%, Testing: 38.68%]