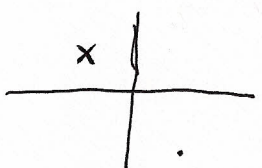


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a)  $|z| = \sqrt{1^2 + \sqrt{3}^2} = 2$  ;  $\operatorname{arctg} \theta = -\sqrt{3} \Rightarrow \theta = -\pi/3$   ~~$\theta = -\pi/3$~~   ~~$z = 2e^{-i\pi/3}$~~

$\theta = \begin{cases} -\pi/3 = 5\pi/3 \\ 2\pi/3 \end{cases} \rightarrow$  porque:  está en el 2º cuadrante  
 $z = 2e^{2\pi/3}$

b)  $5 - 5i$   $|z| = \sqrt{50} = 5\sqrt{2}$   $\operatorname{arctg} \theta = -1$

$\theta = \begin{cases} 7\pi/4 \\ 3\pi/4 \end{cases}$  porque está en el 4º cuadrante.  
 $z = 5\sqrt{2} e^{7\pi/4}$

c)  ~~$2\sqrt{3}\pi/3$~~  d)  $5\pi$  e)  $6\pi/2$  f)  $5\sqrt{2} e^{3\pi/4}$

g)  $2e^{5\pi/3}$  h)  $6\pi/6$  i)  $2e^{4\pi/3}$  j)  $2\pi$

② a)  $x = 2\sqrt{3} \cos \frac{3\pi}{4} = 2\sqrt{3} \cdot \left(\frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) = -\sqrt{6}$   $y = 2\sqrt{3} \sin \frac{3\pi}{4} = 2\sqrt{3} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \sqrt{6}$   
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\sqrt{6} + i\sqrt{6} \\ \sqrt{6}(-1 + i) \end{array} \right.$

b)  $-\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i$  c)  $-\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{5}{2}i$  d)  $-\frac{9}{2} + \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{2}i$

e)  $\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}i$  f)  $-2$  g)  $-2\sqrt{3} - 2i$  h)  $-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}i$

i)  $e^2 \cdot e^{-i} = e^{-1} = e^2 (\cos(-1) + i \sin(-1))$  j)  $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}i$

③ a)  $-2i$  b)  $\frac{53}{6} + \frac{5}{2}i$  c)  $2+i$  d)  $\frac{1}{2}i$

e)  $\frac{16}{25} + \frac{63}{25}i$  f)  ~~$128\sqrt{2} e^{3\pi/4}$~~  g)  $\frac{18}{29} - \frac{16}{29}i$

h)  $10 e^{i\pi/6}$  i)  $\frac{5}{2} e^{i\pi/2}$  j)  $\left\{ \sqrt{2} \frac{-\pi}{12} = \frac{5}{2} [(1+\sqrt{3}) + i(1-\sqrt{3})] \right\}$   
 $\left( \frac{5}{2} + \sqrt{3} \right) + i \left( \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{2} - 1 \right)$

$$k) 6 \frac{\pi}{2} = 6i$$

$$e) \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6}$$

$$4) a) 7i$$

$$b) 3\sqrt{2} \frac{-\pi}{12}$$

$$5) a) ~~1+i~~ -1+i = \sqrt{2} \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$b) 4\sqrt{2} \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$c) 128 \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$d) 3 \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$~~(\frac{3\pi}{4})^{\frac{1}{2}} = 3^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\pi}{4}~~$$

$$e) 16 \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$8) 1 \frac{\pi}{2} = ~~1~~ = i$$

$$6) a) \sqrt[3]{8 \frac{\pi}{6}} = \begin{cases} 2 \frac{13\pi}{18} \\ 2 \frac{\pi}{18} \\ 2 \frac{25\pi}{18} \end{cases}$$

$$c) \begin{matrix} 3_0 \\ 3 \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 3\pi \\ 3 \frac{3\pi}{2} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} \sqrt[5]{2} e^{\frac{\pi i}{5}} \\ b) \sqrt[5]{2} e^{\frac{3\pi i}{5}} \\ \sqrt[5]{2} e^{\frac{6\pi i}{5}} \\ \sqrt[5]{2} e^{\frac{7\pi i}{5}} \\ \sqrt[5]{2} e^{\frac{9\pi i}{5}} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} a) \sqrt{2} \frac{\pi}{4} \\ \sqrt{2} \frac{9\pi}{12} \\ \sqrt{2} \frac{11\pi}{12} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} e) \sqrt[3]{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}} e^{\frac{5\pi i}{12}} \\ \sqrt[3]{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}} e^{\frac{13\pi i}{12}} \\ \sqrt[3]{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}} e^{\frac{7\pi i}{4}} \end{matrix}$$



$$7) a) z^6 - 1 = 0 \rightarrow z^6 = 1 \rightarrow z = \sqrt[6]{1} = \sqrt[6]{1_0} = z_k = 1_{\theta_k}$$

$$\theta_k = \frac{\theta + 2k\pi}{n} = \frac{0 + 2k\pi}{6}$$

$$\theta_0 = 1; \theta_1 = \frac{2\pi}{6} = \frac{\pi}{3}; \theta_2 = \frac{4\pi}{6} = \frac{2\pi}{3}; \theta_3 = \frac{6\pi}{6} = \pi$$

$$\theta_4 = \frac{8\pi}{6} = \frac{4\pi}{3}$$

$$\theta_5 = \frac{10\pi}{6} = \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

$$z = \begin{cases} 1_0 = 1 \\ 1_{2\pi/3} \\ 1_{\pi} = -1 \\ 1_{4\pi/3} \\ 1_{5\pi/3} \end{cases}$$

$$b) z = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4-24}}{2} = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{-20}}{2} = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{20}i}{2} = \frac{-2 \pm 2\sqrt{5}i}{2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{5}i}{1} = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{5}i}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{5}i}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$c) z = \frac{6+8i \pm \sqrt{36-64-96i-4-120i}}{2} = \frac{6+8i \pm \sqrt{-32-24i}}{2}$$

$$\frac{6+8i \pm \sqrt{-32-24i}}{2} = \frac{6+8i \pm \sqrt{-32-24i}}{2}$$

llamamos:  $\sqrt{-32-24i} = x+yi \Rightarrow -32-24i = (x+yi)^2 = x^2 - y^2 + 2xyi$

además  $|x+yi| = \sqrt{x^2+y^2}$

entonces  $|-32-24i| = x^2+y^2 = 40$

$$\begin{cases} x^2 - y^2 = -32 \\ 2xy = -24 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x^2 - y^2 = -32 \\ x^2 + y^2 = 40 \end{cases}$$

$$2x^2 = 8 \rightarrow x^2 = 4 \rightarrow \boxed{x = \pm 2}$$

$$y^2 = 40 - 4 = 36 \Rightarrow \boxed{y = \pm 6}$$

Para que  $2xy = -24 \rightarrow xy = -12$  entonces  $\begin{cases} x=2, y=-6 \\ x=-2, y=6 \end{cases}$

$$z = \frac{6+8i \pm (2-6i)}{2} = 3+4i \pm (1-3i) = \begin{cases} 4+i \\ 2+7i \end{cases}$$

$$8) a) \Delta = \begin{vmatrix} 1-i & -\sqrt{3}i \\ 2i & (1+i) \end{vmatrix} = 2 - 2\sqrt{3}$$

Pero  $\Delta_x = \Delta_y = 0$  el sistema es compatible con la solución trivial  
 $x=0, y=0$ .

$$b) \Delta = \begin{vmatrix} 3+4i & -2 \\ -1-i & -1-2i \end{vmatrix} = 5 - 10i - 2 + 2i = 3 - 12i$$

$$\Delta_x = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -2 & -1-2i \end{vmatrix} = -1 - 2i - 4 = -5 - 2i$$

$$x = \frac{3-12i}{29} = \frac{(3-12i)(5+2i)}{29} = \frac{15-60i+60i-24}{29} = \frac{-9-24i}{29}$$

$$x = \frac{-5-2i}{3-12i} = \frac{9-66i}{153}$$

$$y = \frac{9+66i}{153} = \frac{9}{153} + \frac{66i}{153}$$

$$\Delta_y = \begin{vmatrix} 3+4i & 1 \\ -1-i & -2 \end{vmatrix} = -6 - 8i + 1 + i = -5 - 7i$$

$$y = \frac{-5-7i}{3-12i} = \frac{(-5-7i)(3+12i)}{153} = \frac{69-81i}{153}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{17} - \frac{22}{51}i$$

$$y = \frac{23}{51} - \frac{9}{17}i$$