

Tutorial 2 (Vectors: Lines and Planes)

- 1 Find the vector equation and parametric equation of the line:
 - (i) through the point $(2, -3)$ parallel to $\underline{i} + 2\underline{j}$
find the points corresponding to $t = 0, 1, 2$
 - (ii) through the point $(2, -3, 4)$ parallel to $\underline{i} + 2\underline{j} - 3\underline{k}$
find the points corresponding to $t = 0, 1, 2$

- 2 Find the equations of the line in Cartesian form passing through the points:
 - (i) $(2, -3, 4)$ and $(5, 2, -2)$
 - (ii) $(1, 0, -3)$ and $(-3, 2, 5)$

- 3 Given the following lines, if they intersect find the point of intersection and the angle between the lines.
 - (i) $\frac{x-14}{-3} = \frac{y+5}{1} = \frac{z-11}{-2}$ and $x = -6 - 4t$, $y = -7 - 3t$, $z = 7 + 2t$
 - (ii) $\frac{x-2}{3} = \frac{y+3}{-4} = \frac{z-5}{2}$ and $x = -8 - 4t$, $y = 1 + 3t$, $z = 7 + 2t$
 - (iii) $\frac{x-13}{3} = \frac{y-4}{2} = \frac{z+7}{-2}$ and $x = -1 + t$, $y = 8 - 2t$, $z = 14 - 3t$

- 4 Find the equation of the plane passing through the point P and normal to the vector \underline{n} where;
 - (i) $P(2, -3, 4)$ and $\underline{n} = \underline{i} + 2\underline{j} - 3\underline{k}$
 - (ii) $P(1, 0, 3)$ and $\underline{n} = -2\underline{j} + 5\underline{k}$

- 5 Find the equation of the plane passing through the following three points and find the area of the triangle.
 - (i) $P(2, -3, 3)$ $Q(-2, 5, 0)$ $R(-1, 2, -3)$
 - (ii) $A(2, -4, 3)$ $B(3, 6, -2)$ $C(-5, 3, 4)$

- 6 Find the line of intersection between the planes and the angle between the planes.

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> (i) $x + 2y + 3z = 1$ $2x - y + 4z = 3$ (iii) $2x - 3y + z = 11$ $3x + y + 2z = 7$ 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> (ii) $-x + y + 3z = 1$ $2x - 2y - 6z = 3$
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Answers

$$1 \quad (i) \quad \underline{r} = (2+t)\underline{i} + (-3+2t)\underline{j} \quad t = \frac{x-2}{1} = \frac{y+3}{2}$$

$$(2, -3) \quad (3, -1) \quad (4, 1)$$

$$(ii) \quad \underline{r} = (2+t)\underline{i} + (-3+2t)\underline{j} + (4-3t)\underline{k} \quad t = \frac{x-2}{1} = \frac{y+3}{2} = \frac{z-4}{-3}$$

$$(2, -3, 4) \quad (3, -1, 1) \quad (4, 1, -2)$$

$$2 \quad (i) \quad t = \frac{x-2}{3} = \frac{y+3}{5} = \frac{z-4}{-6} \quad (ii) \quad t = \frac{x-1}{-4} = \frac{y}{2} = \frac{z+3}{8}$$

$$3 \quad (i) \quad (2, -1, 3) \quad 75^\circ 38' \quad (ii) \text{ do not intersect} \quad (iii) \quad (4, -2, -1) \quad 71^\circ 5'$$

$$4 \quad (i) \quad x + 2y - 3z = -16 \quad (ii) \quad -2y + 5z = 15$$

$$5 \quad (i) \quad 33x + 15y - 4z = 9 \quad \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1330}$$

$$(ii) \quad 45x + 34y + 77z = 185 \quad \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{9110}$$

$$6 \quad (i) \quad t = \frac{5x-7}{-11} = \frac{5y+1}{-2} = z \quad 45^\circ 35' \quad (ii) \text{ no solution}$$

$$(iii) \quad t = \frac{-11x+33}{7} = -(19+11y) = z \quad 38^\circ 13'$$