# Ragdoll dismemberment system manual

### Summary

This system allows to dismember any skinned mesh without additional preparation in external 3D software.

#### Features:

- This system is suitable for games with suit customization (when character consists from several skinned meshes, that can be equipped/unequipped in runtime).
- LOD group auto-duplication for fragments (if skinned mesh has LOD group)
- Hierarchycal dismemberment (a dismembered arm can be dismembered again in elbow joint)
- Supports any kind of ragdoll (human, robot, animal etc.)
- Effects customization (broken electronics for robots, green meat for aliens etc.)

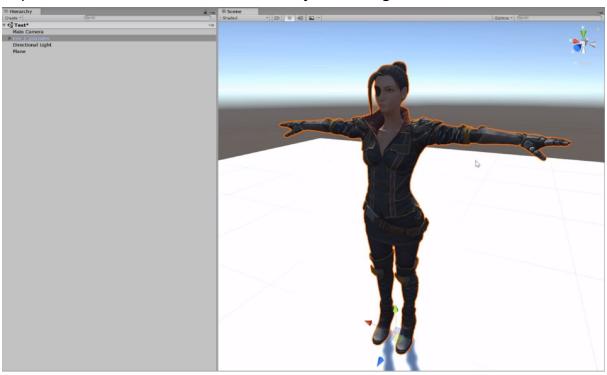
#### Demo

#### Video tutorial

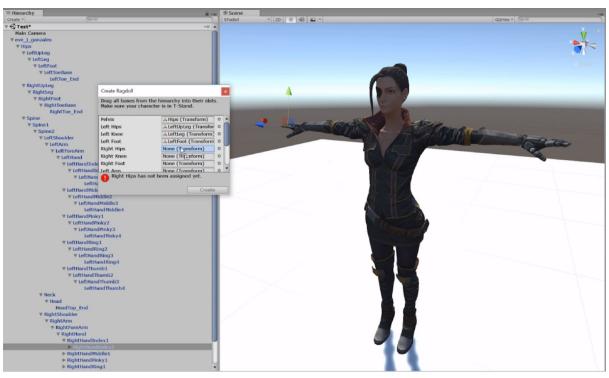
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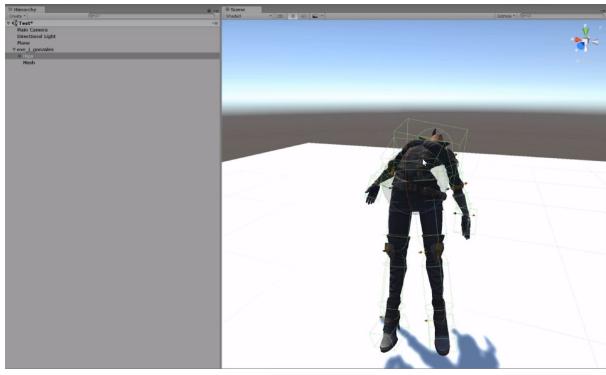
## How to configure ragdoll for dismemberment

1. Import skinned mesh FBX file to Unity and drag it to the scene.

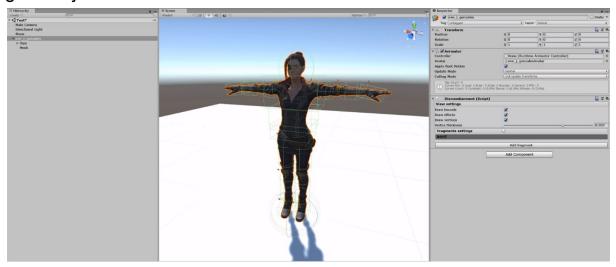


2. Make a ragdoll from skinned mesh (for example, using built-in Unity ragdoll wizard).

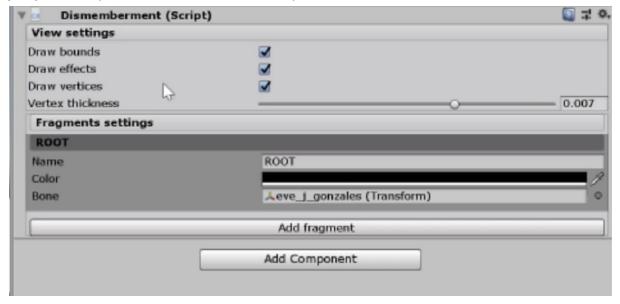




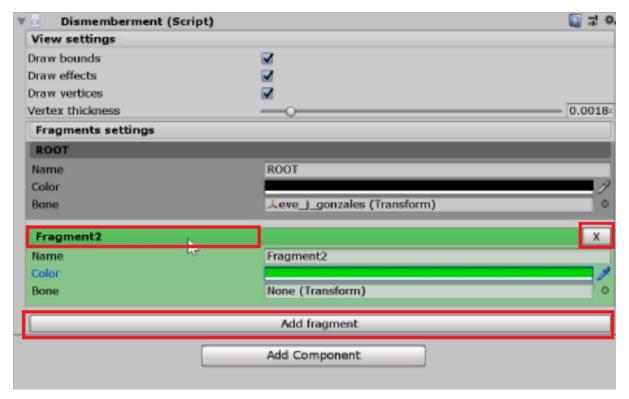
3. Attach **RagdollDismembermentVisual** component to root gameobject of skinned mesh



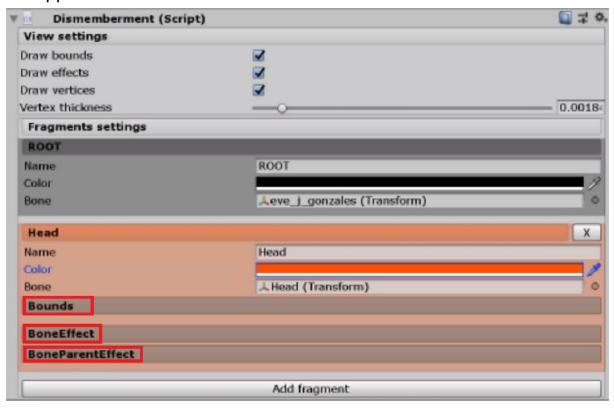
4. Now take a look on dismemberment editor window. All settings are divided into View settings and Fragments settings. View settings allows to change visual representation of the editor. Fragments settings is the main editor part and it is responsible for all fragment properties (like bounds, effects etc).



- 5. The root fragment is created by default and covers entire mesh.
  Only name, color and bone transform can be edited. Root fragment can't be deleted.
- 6. To add fragment, press "Add fragment" button. To remove fragment, press "X" button in top-right corner of fragment panel. Click on the name of fragment to show/hide it's properties.

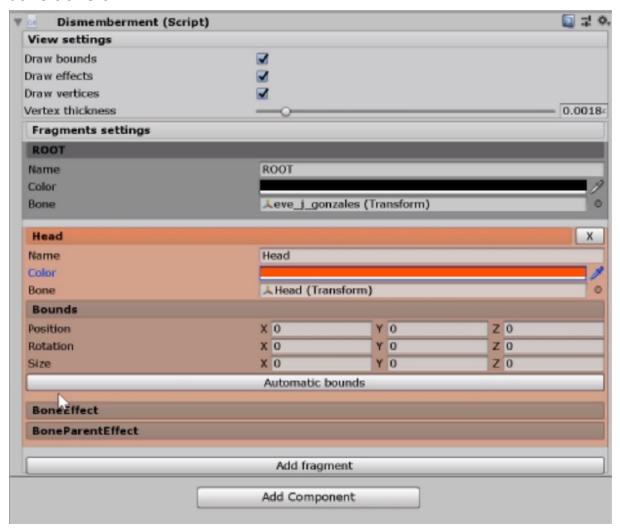


7. When bone transform is assigned, bounds and effects' subpanels will appear.

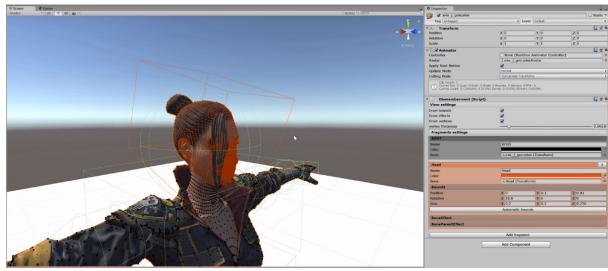


8. In bounds subpanel, there are position, rotation and scale parameters. Click on "Automatic bounds" button, and system will try to calculate bounds, which will encapsulate collider, attached to

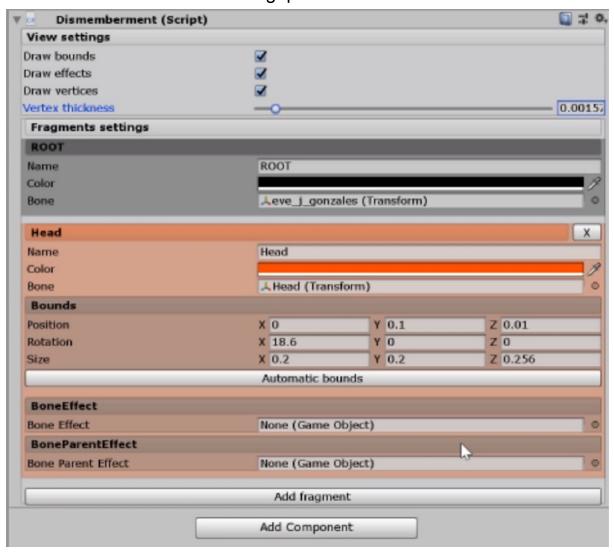
#### bone transform.



 Fragment bounds must include all vertices, which will belong to dismembered fragment. Also, for better effect matching, we recommend to orient bounds along slice edge loop. For example, head bounds will look something like this

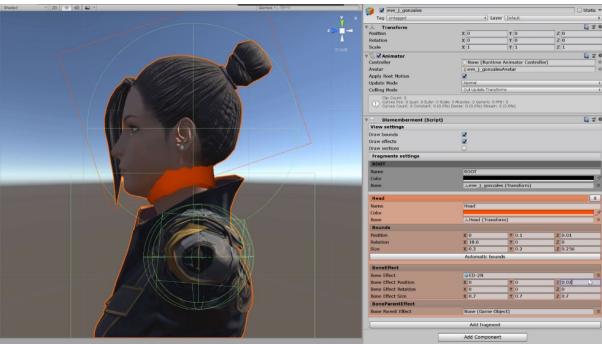


10. Every fragment has slot for bone effect and slot for parent bone effect. Effects are needed to fill gaps in sliced meshes.



11. When effect is assigned, position, rotation and scale parameters will become editable. An effect will be displayed as mesh with the

same color as corresponding fragment.



12. After fragment bounds and effects are configured, it's time to look at scripting part. To dismember fragment, call void Dismember(string name) method from Dismemberment component. Dismember operation is performing asyncronously. If you need to perform some logic after dismember operation, then add listener to UnityEvent<string> OnDismemberCompleted event.

For example, a script below is attached to head and checks joint currentForce in FixedUpdate. If currentForce exceeds certain limit, script calls **Dismember**("Head"), which starts dismember operation of fragment named Head. When operation of head dismemberment is done, **OnDismemberCompleted** event will be invoked with string parameter "Head", which indicates that operation of head dismemberment is completed. Event listener of example script performs check, whether dismembered fragment is Head. If it's true, then script breaks joint (by setting breakForce to zero), and destroys itself.

```
Assembly-CSharp

→ <sup>®</sup> exampleScript

           □using System.Collections;
      1
      2
             using System.Collections.Generic;
             using UnityEngine;
      3
      4
      5
             [RequireComponent(typeof(Joint))]
           □public class exampleScript : MonoBehaviour
      6
      7
                 public float breakForceLimit = 0;
      8
      9
                 private RagdollDismembermentVisual visual;
                 private Joint joint;
     10
     11
                 void Start()
     12
     13
     14
                     visual = GetComponentInParent<RagdollDismembermentVisual>();
     15
                     joint = GetComponent<Joint>();
                     visual.OnDismemberCompleted.AddListener(delegate (string name)
     16
     17
                          if (name=="Head")
     18
     19
                          {
     20
                              joint.breakForce = 0;
     21
                              Destroy(this);
     22
                          }
     23
                     });
     24
     25
                 private void FixedUpdate()
     26
     27
     28
                     if (joint.currentForce.magnitude>breakForceLimit)
     29
                     {
                         visual.Dismember("Head");
     30
                          enabled = false;
     31
     32
     33
     34
             }
```

13. That's all. When everything is configured, a dismemberment will look something like this



## Tips and tricks

- 1. Effects can be mirrored by simply changing scale sign on negative. It allows to make effects only for one side of a character.
- 2. It is recommended to fragment mesh corresponding to ragdoll bodyparts, as it allows to associate dismembering with OnJointBreak event. It is also possible to join several bodyparts

into one fragment (for example LowerArm fragment can include lower arm and hand colliders).