

## TREX RUNNER

**What is our GOAL for this MODULE?**

Create a jumping and running T rex dinosaur for our T rex game

**What did we ACHIEVE in the class TODAY?**

- Made a jumping and running T rex
- Learned to scale the images in the game
- Create a ground sprite

**Which CONCEPTS/ CODING BLOCKS did we cover today?**

- Add animation to Sprites
- Add gravity effect to Sprites
- Create a **ground** sprite and **T rex** sprite

### How did we DO the activities?

1. Create a sprite for Trex somewhere near the ground. Let's give a name to our sprite as Trex and store it in a variable.

```
var trex

function setup(){
  createCanvas(600,200)

  //create a trex sprite
  trex = createSprite(50,160,20,50);

}

function draw(){
  background("white")
  drawSprites();
}
```

2. Create a rectangular sprite called **ground**. This is where the Trex dinosaur will run. The **ground** sprite should ideally cover the entire screen:

```
function setup(){
  createCanvas(600,200)
  trex = createSprite(50,160,20,50);
  trex.addAnimation("running", trex_running);

  //adding scale and position to trex
  trex.scale = 0.5;
  trex.x = 50;

  //create ground Sprite
  ground = createSprite(200,180,400,20);

}
```

3. Create a Trex Sprite and load a running Trex animation:

```
1  var trex ,trex_running;
2
3  function preload()
4  {
5      trex_running = loadAnimation("trex1.png", "trex
6      3.png", "trex4.png");
7  }
8
9  function setup(){
10     createCanvas(600,200)
11
12     //create a trex sprite
13     trex = createSprite(50,160,20,50);
14     trex.addAnimation("running", trex_running);
15 }
16
17 function draw(){
18     background("white")
19     drawSprites();
20
21 }
```

4. Make the Trex jump and add a gravity effect to it. Make sure the Trex falls on the ground:

```
function setup(){
  createCanvas(600,200)
  trex = createSprite(50,160,20,50);
  trex.addAnimation("running", trex_running);
  edges = createEdgeSprites();
}

function draw(){
  //set background color to white
  background("white");

  //jump when space key is pressed
  if(keyDown("space"))
  {
    trex.velocityY = -10;
  }
  trex.velocityY = trex.velocityY + 0.5;

  //stop trex from falling down
  trex.collide(edges[3]);
  drawSprites();
}
```

5. Click on the Sprite documentation:

[Animation](#)  
[Camera](#)  
[Group](#)  
[p5.play](#)  
[Sprite](#)  
[SpriteSheet](#)

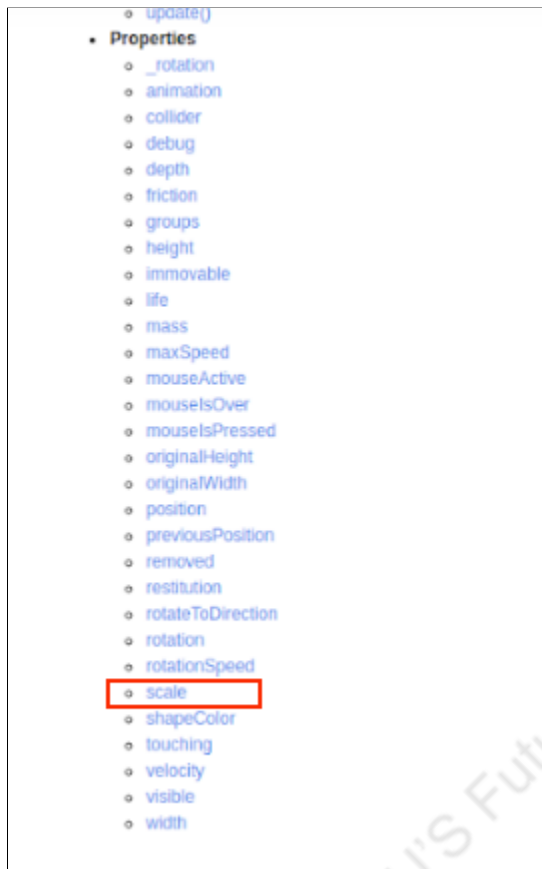
## Sprite

Module: [p5.play](#)  
Parent Module: [p5.play](#)

A Sprite is the main building block of p5.play, such as position and visibility. A Sprite can overlap with other sprites and mouse events.

To create a Sprite, use [createSprite](#).

6. Choose the scale properties:



7. Scale the dinosaur to the right size:

```
function setup(){
  createCanvas(600,200)
  trex = createSprite(50,160,20,50);
  trex.addAnimation("running", trex_running);
  edges = createEdgeSprites();

  //adding scale and position to trex
  trex.scale = 0.5;
  trex.x = 50;
}

function draw(){
  //set background color to white
  background("white");
}
```

8. Collide the Trex to the ground:

```
//create ground Sprite
ground = createSprite(200,180,400,20);
}

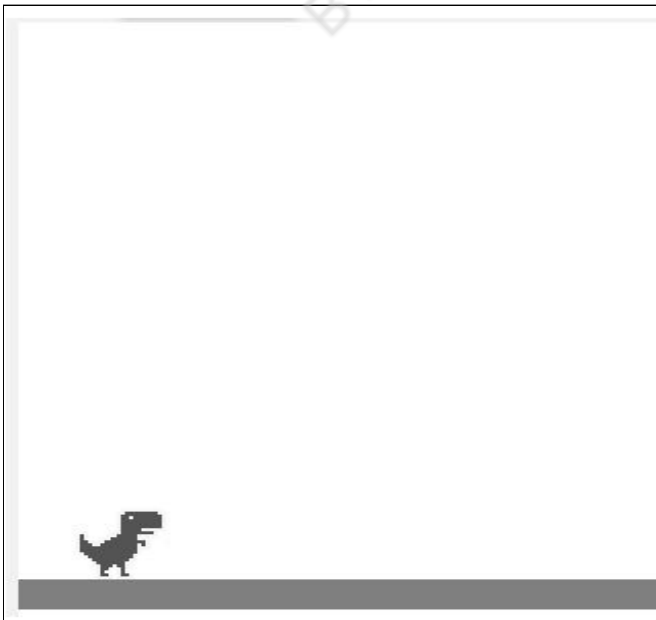
function draw(){
  background(220);

  //jump when space key is pressed
  if(keyDown("space"))
  {
    trex.velocityY = -10;
  }
  trex.velocityY = trex.velocityY + 0.5;

  //stop trex from falling down
  trex.collide(ground);

  drawSprites();
}
```

Output:



### What's next?

We will fix the two bugs discovered in the game and we learn to build the infinite running Trex.

### Extend Your Knowledge:

To know more about adding an image you can use the link here: [AddImage](#)

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