Exercise-5 Rimli Sengupta

Part-A

Soft Thresholding Operator:

$$S_{\lambda}(y) = \arg\min\{\frac{1}{2}(y-\theta)^2 + \lambda|\theta|\}$$

f(x)=|x| is a continuous function and piecewise differentiable.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -1 & \text{if } x < 0\\ 1 & \text{if } x > 0 \end{cases}$$

Similarly, $\frac{1}{2}(y-\theta)^2 + \lambda |\theta|$ is a piecewise differentiable function.

Case-1:
$$f(\theta) = \frac{1}{2}(y - \theta)^2 - \lambda \theta$$
.

$$\frac{d}{d\theta}f(\theta^*)=0 \to \theta^*=y+\lambda \in (-\infty,0).$$

 $\theta^* = y + \lambda$ is a candidate \iff y < $-\lambda$.

Case-2:
$$f(\theta) = \frac{1}{2}(y - \theta)^2 + \lambda \theta$$
.

$$\frac{d}{d\theta}f(\theta^*)=0 \to \theta^*=y-\lambda \in (0,\infty).$$

 $\theta^* = y - \lambda$ is a candidate \iff y > λ

$$\theta^* = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } -\lambda \le y \le \lambda \\ y + \lambda & \text{if } y < -\lambda \\ y - \lambda & \text{if } y > \lambda \end{cases}$$

Any real number can be written as y=sign(y) |y|

where

$$\operatorname{sign}(y) = \begin{cases} -1 & \text{if } y < 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } y = 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } y > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$S_{\lambda}(y) = \begin{cases} \operatorname{sign}(y).(|y| - \lambda) & \text{if } |y| > \lambda \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Exercise-5 Rimli Sengupta

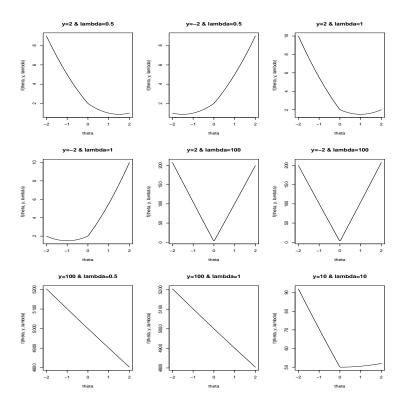


Figure 1: Plot of objective function for various y and lambda

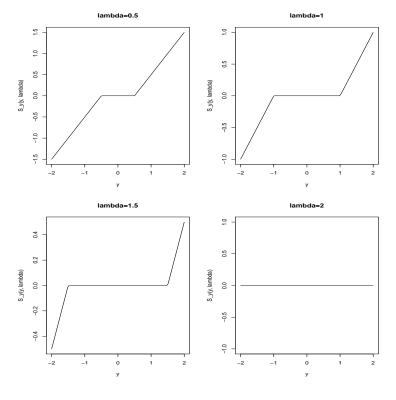


Figure 2: Plot of soft thresholding function for different lambda