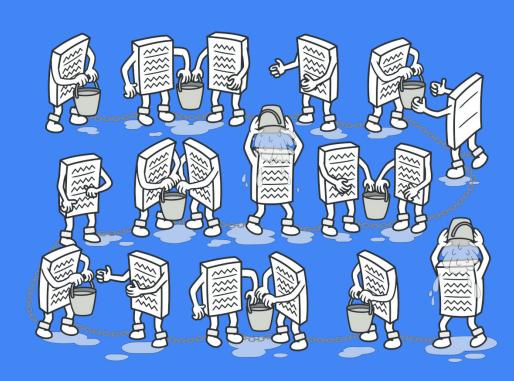
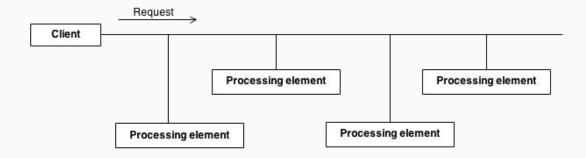
Chain of Responsibility

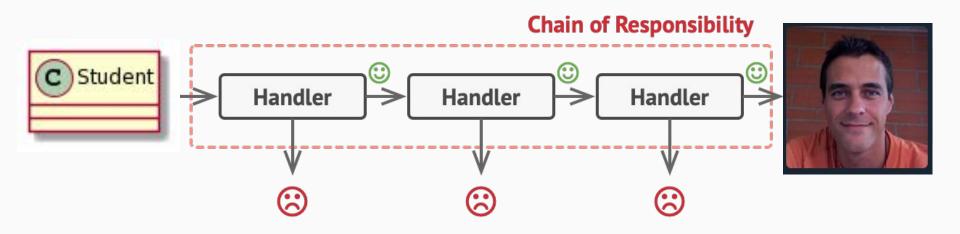


Chain of Responsibility

- Behavioral design pattern that lets you pass requests along a chain of handlers.
- Upon receiving a request, each handler decides either to process the request or to pass it to the next handler in the chain.



Real World Example (Auto P/F Checker)



Auto P/F Checker github

```
@dataclass
class Student:
    name: str
    mail: str

tp: List[Task]
    td: List[Task]

final project: Task
final exam: Task

attendance: List[bool]
```

```
class Abstract Checker(Checker):
    next checker: Checker = None

def set_next(self, checker: Checker) ->
Checker:
    self. next checker = checker
    return checker

@abstractmethod
    def check(self, student: Student) ->
Union[Student, Fail]:
    if self._next_checker:
        return self. next checker.check(student)

return Fail(None)
```

Students

```
name: Rinat
mail: r.yes@inno.ru
  grade: 30
  cheating: True
  grade: 30
  grade: 70
  grade: 30
  grade: 50
  grade: 80
  grade: 70
  grade: 100
  cheating: True
  grade: 90
  grade: 70
final project:
 grade: 100
final exam:
 grade: 100
 cheating: True
attendance: [True, False, True, False, True, True]
```

```
name: Yarick
mail: y.heh@inno.ru
  grade: 80
  grade: 70
  grade: 100
  grade: 90
  grade: 70
  grade: 80
  grade: 70
  grade: 100
  grade: 90
  grade: 70
final project
 grade: 100
final exam:
 grade: 100
attendance: [True, False, True, False, True, True]
```

Let's check!

```
class Attendance Checker(Abstract Checker):

def __init__(self, thresh: int = 5):
    super().__init__()
    self.thresh = thresh

def check(self, student: Student):
    if

self.is_attendance_enough(student.attendance):
        return super().check(student)
    else:
        return Fail(self)

def is_attendance_enough(self, attendance:
List[bool]) -> bool:
    return True if sum(attendance) > self.thresh
else False
```

```
class Tp Checker(Abstract Checker):

def __init__(self, thresh: int = 56):
    super().__init__()
    self.thresh = thresh

def check(self, student: Student):
    if self.is_tp_pass(student.tp):
        return super().check(student)
    else:
        return Fail(self)

def is_tp_pass(self, tp: List[Task]) -> bool:
    grades = [task.grade for task in tp]
    mean = sum(grades) / len(grades)
    return True if mean > self.thresh else False
```

Let's check

avg_tp_grader.yml

- class: Attendance Checker

params: thresh: 2

- class: Tp Checker

params: thresh: 56 python grade.py

- --students tests/templates/students.yml
- --grader tests/templates/avg_tp_grader.yml

Out:

/arick - Passed Rinat - Failed by TpCheck

Use max TP grade!

```
class Tp Max Checker(Tp Checker):
 def is_tp_pass(self, tp: List[Task]) -> bool:
    grades = [task.grade for task in tp]
    max grade = max(grades)
    return True if max_grade > self.thresh else False
```

Use max TP grade!

max_tp_grader.yml

- class: Attendance Checker

params: thresh: 2

- class: Tp Max Checker

params: thresh: 56 python grade.py

- --students tests/templates/students.yml
- --grader tests/templates/max_tp_grader.yml

Out:

Yarick - Passec Rinat - Passed

Cheaters must be punished!

```
class Cheating Checker(Abstract Checker):
 def __init__(self, thresh: int = 2):
    super(). init ()
    self.thresh = thresh
 def check(self, student: Student):
    if self.is honest(student):
      return super().check(student)
    else:
      return Fail(self)
 def is honest(self, student: Student) -> bool:
    cheating = []
    for task in student.tp:
      cheating.append(task.cheating)
    for task in student.td:
      cheating.append(task.cheating)
    cheating.append(student.final exam.cheating)
    cheating.append(student.final_project.cheating)
    return True if sum(cheating) < self.thresh else False
```

Cheaters must be punished!

cheating grader.yml

class: Attendance Checker params:

thresh: 2

- class: Tp Max Checker

params: thresh: 56

- class: Cheating Checker

params: thresh: 2 python grade.py

- --students tests/templates/students.yml
- --grader tests/templates/cheating_grader.yml

Out:

Yarick - Passed

Rinat - Failed by CheatingChecker

Still Hungry?

- Take your data from the moodle and check if you pass ...
- The final exam was on the last class. Add a check that the student attended the last day.
- Add more tests.

Pros and Cons

- + You can control the order of request handling.
- + <u>Single Responsibility Principle.</u> You can decouple classes that invoke operations from classes that perform operations.
- + <u>Open/Closed Principle.</u> You can introduce new handlers into the app without breaking the existing client code.
 - Some requests may end up unhandled.

Questions?

