PROJECT REPORT TEMPLATE

1 .INTRODUCTION

1.1 over view

The lok sabha is composed of representation of people chosen by direct election on the basis of universal adult sufferings. The constitution of India allows for a maximum of 550 members in the house, with 530 members representing the union territories.

The bharatiya janatha party received 37.36% of the vote, the heighest vote share by a political party since 1989 general election, and won 303 seats, further increasing its substantial majority. In addition the BJP – led National democrate alliance (NDA) won 353 seats.

PURPOSE

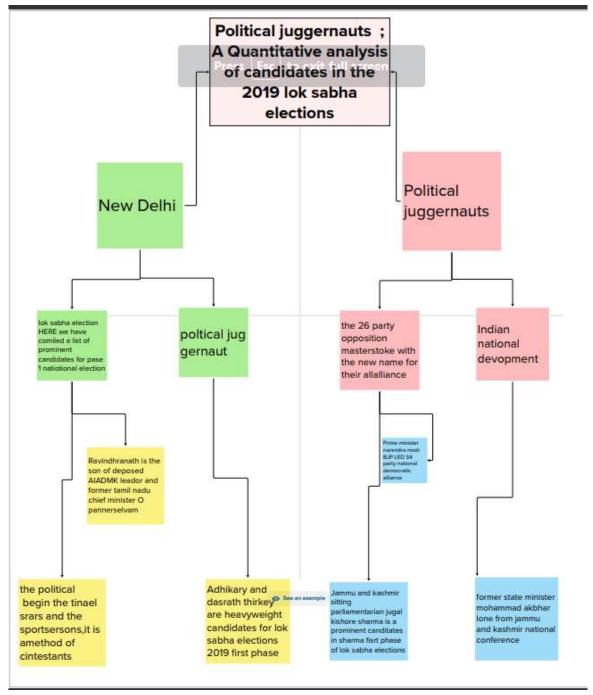
The stage set to battle show up strength. The heavyweight candidates are later Sherpa from their BJP.

Displacing unemployment as number of voting issues.

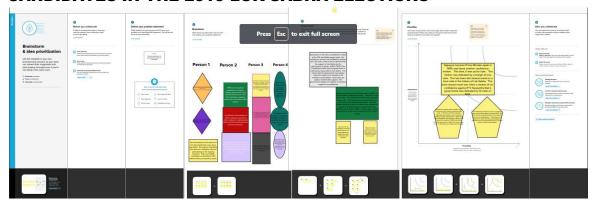
The election fates of big names contesting the 2019 lok sabha elections.

2. PROBLEM DEFINITION & DESIGN MAKING

EMPATHY MAP

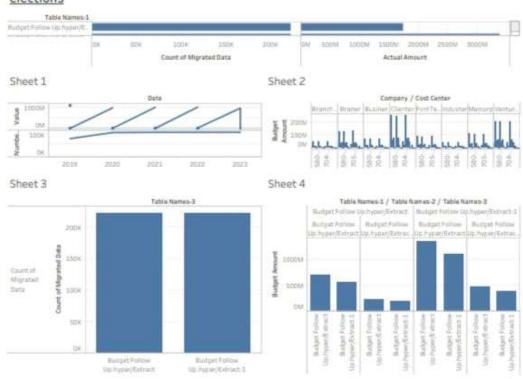


IDEATION & BRAINSTORMING MAP



3. RESULT

Political juggernauts: A Quantitative analysis of candidates in the 2019 lok sabha elections



4. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

ADVANTAGES:

- ➤ It helps to proper functioning of democracy through the system of checks and balances.
- ➤ No confidence motion can only be introduced and passed in the lok sabha .
- ➤ So, it controls the deposition of the government.

DISADVANTAGES:

- > Party politics and whip system
- > Lack of meaningful debate
- ➤ Shortcomings in representation
- Dynastic politics
- > Populism and short term focus

> Legislative gridlock

5. APPLICATIONS

People would elect their representation to the parliament ,then, one group of among these elected representatives forms the government. The parliament which is the made up of all representatives together, controls and guides the government.

The sabha advised the king on administration. It is discussed pastoral affairs and performed judicial and administrative functions and exercised judicial authority.

6. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the lok sabha is more powerful than the rajya sabha in almost all matters.

Even in those matters in which the constituition has placed both houses on an equal footing, the lok sabha has more influence due to its greater numerical strength.

7. FUTURE SCOPE

It brings a clarity to know what are the weak places and which type of votes supports which party and category votes support which party.

By conducting an analysis the party can identify areas for improvement and take steps to enhance the vote, And increase voter satisfaction and loyality. Improve its party reputation, which can lead to increased voter loyality.

8. APEENDIX

https://public.tableau.com/views/Politicaljuggernauts 169598 08373360/Dashboard7?:language=en-US&publish=yes&:display count=n&:origin=viz share link