Prophet for Multiseasonal Time Series Analysis

https://www.kaggle.com/code/rinichristy/prophet-for-multiseasonal-time-series-analysis



Photo by Matthew Henry on Unsplash

%%html

<marquee style='width: 90%; height:70%; color: #0bda11;'>

Prophet for Multiseasonal Time Series Analysis on DP&L Hourly Electricity Consumption

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Import the required Libraries

Import data handling & numerical libraries import pandas as pd import numpy as np from copy import copy import datetime

Import Data Visualization libraries import seaborn as sns import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import plotly.express as px

#import libraries for muting unnecessary warnings if needed import warnings warnings ('ignore')

Load the dataset

The Dayton Power and Light Company and DPL Energy Resources, DP&L sells to, and generates electricity for, a customer base of over 500,000 people within a 6,000-square-mile (16,000 km2) area of West Central Ohio, including the area around Dayton, Ohio. The dataset provides 121275 entries as estimated hourly energy consumption in Megawatts (MW) from 31st December 2004, 01:00:00 to 2nd January 2018, 00:00:00

```
#loading raw data
```

df = pd.read_csv("../input/hourly-energy-consumption/DAYTON_hourly.csv", index_col=0) df.head().style.set_properties(**{ 'background-color': 'rgb(211, 176, 176)'})

```
#loading raw data
df = pd.read_csv("../input/hourly-energy-consumption/DAYTON_hourly.csv", index_col=0)
df.head().style.set_properties(**{'background-color': 'rgb(211, 176, 176)'})
```

Datetime 2004-12-31 01:00:00 1596.000000 2004-12-31 02:00:00 1517.000000 2004-12-31 03:00:00 1486.000000 2004-12-31 04:00:00 1469.000000

DAYTON_MW

1472.000000

df.info()

2004-12-31 05:00:00

```
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 121275 entries, 2004-12-31 01:00:00 to 2018-01-02 00:00:00
Data columns (total 1 columns):
 # Column
              Non-Null Count Dtype
 0 DAYTON_MW 121275 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(1)
memory usage: 1.9+ MB
#sorting unordered indices
df.sort_index(inplace = True)
df.head().style.set_properties(**{'background-color': 'rgb(211, 276, 176)'})
    #sorting unordered indices
    df.sort_index(inplace = True)
    df.head().style.set_properties(**{'background-color': 'rgb(211, 276, 176)'})
                   DAYTON_MW
          Datetime
  2004-10-01 01:00:00
                    1621.000000
  2004-10-01 02:00:00
                    1536.000000
  2004-10-01 03:00:00
                    1500.000000
  2004-10-01 04:00:00
                    1434.000000
  2004-10-01 05:00:00
                    1489.000000
```

Data Wrangling

Checking for Null Values

df[df.columns[df.isnull().sum()>0]].isnull().sum()

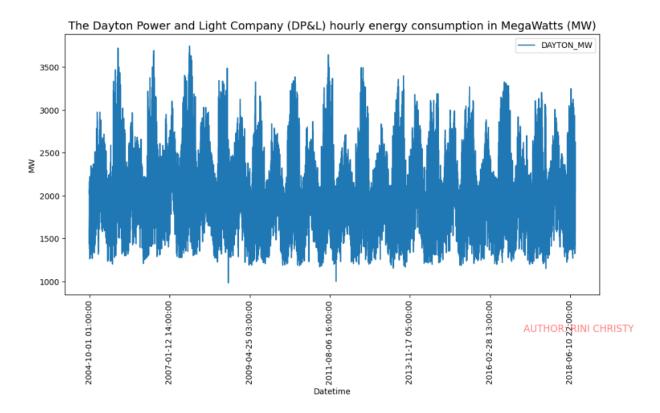
```
df[df.columns[df.isnull().sum()>0]].isnull().sum()
Series([], dtype: float64)
```

Define a function to plot the entire dataframe; a function to perform data visualization

```
# Plotting by Pandas method, drawing axes by Matplotlib
def display_plot(df, fig_title):
    f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(12,6),dpi=100);
    plt.title(fig_title, fontsize=14)
    f.text(0.95, 0.01, 'AUTHOR: RINI CHRISTY',
        fontsize=12, color='red',
        ha='right', va='bottom', alpha=0.5);
    df.plot(ax=ax,rot=90, ylabel='MW');

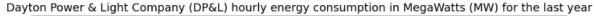
# Plot the Energy Consumption data
```

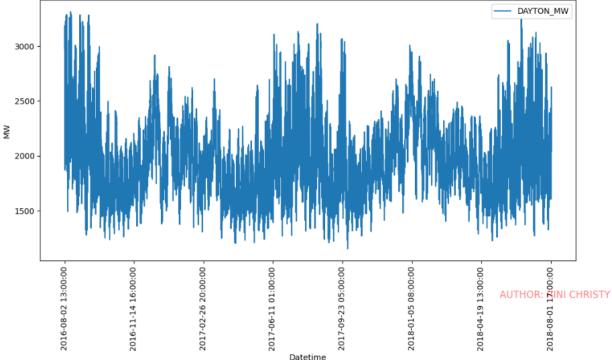
display_plot(df, 'The Dayton Power and Light Company (DP&L) hourly energy consumption in MegaWatts (MW)')



A narrower time frame of last 2 years (2 x 8766) can be plotted for checking hidden patterns.

Plot the Energy Consumption data for the last year display_plot(df.iloc[-2*8766:,:], 'Dayton Power & Light Company (DP&L) hourly energy consumption in MegaWatts (MW) for the last year')





Checking for duplicates

```
df.duplicated()
Datetime
2004-10-01 01:00:00
                       False
2004-10-01 02:00:00
                       False
2004-10-01 03:00:00
                       False
2004-10-01 04:00:00
                       False
2004-10-01 05:00:00
                       False
2018-08-02 20:00:00
                        True
2018-08-02 21:00:00
                        True
2018-08-02 22:00:00
                        True
2018-08-02 23:00:00
                        True
2018-08-03 00:00:00
                        True
Freq: H, Length: 121296, dtype: bool
```

It seems there are duplicated values in dataset. To confirm this let me create a complete list of hours from the starting to end point and check whether it matches with the index list of dataset.

#creating datetime list with boundaries of raw data series, hourly frequency datelist = pd.date_range(datetime.datetime(2004,10,1,1,0,0), datetime.datetime(2018,8,3,0,0,0), freq='H').tolist()

#extracting raw data series indices
idx_list = df.index.to_list()

#checking for anomalies by comparing the two
print(idx_list == datelist)
#searching for anomalies

print("\n No. of elements in full list:", len(datelist), "\n No. of indices:", len(idx_list), "\n No. of elements in set of indices:", len(set(idx_list)))

```
#creating datetime list with boundaries of raw data series, hourly frequency
datelist = pd.date_range(datetime.datetime(2004,10,1,1,0,0), datetime.datetime(2018,8,3,0,0,0), freq='H').tolist()

#extracting raw data series indices
idx_list = df.index.to_list()

#checking for anomalies by comparing the two
print(idx_list == datelist)
#searching for anomalies
print("\n No. of elements in full list:", len(datelist), "\n No. of indices:", len(idx_list), "\n No. of elements in set of indices:", len(set(idx_list)))

False

No. of elements in full list: 121296
No. of elements in set of indices: 121271
```

Output is False. Further investigation on length of datelist and index list reveals, that duplicates are present and some values are missing too, since:

No. of elements in set of indices < No. of indices < No. of elements in full list.

It is a mandatory condition for Time Series model classes parameter inputs that the date index should be in datetime format, so they are to be converted. After converting to datetime format, the following algorithm is used to reveal the indices that are duplicates or missing:

```
#converting dataframe indices to datetime dt_idc = pd.to_datetime(df.index, format='%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
```

#troubleshooting indices by inspecting irregularities of order. Header is printed first print('Index, current datetime, current value, last datetime, last value, timedelta, value delta')

#collecting important values of irregular indices (index value and timedelta) for later use idc = []

```
#iterating through datetime indices for idx in range(1,len(dt_idc)):
```

#if statement is True, if difference between consecutive datetime indices is not one hour if dt_idc[idx] - dt_idc[idx-1] != datetime.timedelta(hours=1):

```
#converting dataframe indices to datetime
  dt_idc = pd.to_datetime(df.index, format='%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
  #troubleshooting indices by inspecting irregularities of order. Header is printed first
  print('Index, current datetime, current value, last datetime, last value, timedelta,
                                                                                                     value delta')
   #collecting important values of irregular indices (index value and timedelta) for later use
  idc = []
  #iterating through datetime indices
  for idx in range(1,len(dt_idc)):
       #if statement is True, if difference between consecutive datetime indices is not one hour
      if dt_idc[idx] - dt_idc[idx-1] != datetime.timedelta(hours=1):
           #appending collection of important values
          idc.append([idx,dt_idc[idx] - dt_idc[idx-1]])
           #printing values according to header
           print('\{\}, \{\}, \{\}, \{\}, \{\}, \{\}, \{\}'.format(idx, dt_idc[idx], format(idx, dt_idc[idx], format(idx, dt_idx])
                                                                  df.iloc[idx,0], dt_idc[idx-1],
                                                                  df.iloc[idx-1,0], dt_idc[idx]-dt_idc[idx-1],
                                                                  df.iloc[idx,0]-df.iloc[idx-1,0]))
                                                               last value, timedelta, value delta
        current datetime, current value, last datetime,
Index,
                             1282.0, 2004-10-31 01:00:00,
                                                               1406.0, 0 days 02:00:00,
                                                                                            -124.0
      2004-10-31 03:00:00,
                                                               1584.0, 0 days 02:00:00,
```

```
721,
4417, 2005-04-03 04:00:00, 1547.0, 2005-04-03 02:00:00,
9455,
       2005-10-30 03:00:00,
                             1507.0,
                                      2005-10-30 01:00:00,
                                                             1586.0,
                                                                       0 days 02:00:00,
                                                                                          -79.0
                             1393.0, 2006-04-02 02:00:00,
13151, 2006-04-02 04:00:00,
                                                             1422.0.
                                                                       0 days 02:00:00,
                                                                                          -29.0
18189,
                              1524.0,
                                        2006-10-29 01:00:00,
        2006-10-29 03:00:00,
                                                              1643.0,
                                                                       0 days 02:00:00,
                                                                                          -119.0
21381,
        2007-03-11 04:00:00,
                              1593.0,
                                        2007-03-11 02:00:00,
                                                              1598.0,
                                                                        0 days 02:00:00,
27091,
                                        2007-11-04 01:00:00, 1562.0,
        2007-11-04 03:00:00, 1486.0,
                                                                        0 days 02:00:00,
        2008-03-09 04:00:00,
                                        2008-03-09 02:00:00,
30115,
                              1962.0,
                                                              1962.0,
                                                                        0 davs 02:00:00.
                                                                                          0.0
35825,
        2008-11-02 03:00:00,
                                        2008-11-02 01:00:00,
                              1307.0,
                                                              1406.0,
                                                                        0 days 02:00:00,
                                                                                          -99.0
        2009-03-08 04:00:00,
                              1234.0,
38849,
                                        2009-03-08 02:00:00, 1272.0,
                                                                        0 days 02:00:00,
                                                                                          -38.0
        2009-11-01 03:00:00,
                                        2009-11-01 01:00:00,
                                                              1495.0,
44559,
                              1418.0.
                                                                        0 davs 02:00:00.
                                                                                           -77.0
47751,
        2010-03-14 04:00:00,
                              1451.0,
                                        2010-03-14 02:00:00, 1472.0,
                                                                        0 days 02:00:00,
                                                                                          -21.0
53461,
                                        2010-11-07 01:00:00,
                                                              1634.0,
        2010-11-07 03:00:00,
                              1557.0,
                                                                        0 days 02:00:00,
                                                                                          -77.0
                                        2010-12-09 23:00:00,
                                                              2298.0,
54250,
        2010-12-10 01:00:00,
                              2025.0.
                                                                        0 days 02:00:00,
                                                                                          -273.0
                              1496.0,
56484,
        2011-03-13 04:00:00,
                                        2011-03-13 02:00:00, 1501.0,
                                                                        0 days 02:00:00,
                                                                                          -5.0
                                        2011-11-06 01:00:00,
62194,
        2011-11-06 03:00:00,
                              1398.0,
                                                              1464.0,
                                                                        0 days 02:00:00,
                                                                                          -66.0
65218,
        2012-03-11 04:00:00,
                              1512.0.
                                        2012-03-11 02:00:00,
                                                             1530.0,
                                                                        0 davs 02:00:00.
                                                                                          -18.0
70928,
        2012-11-04 03:00:00,
                                                              1547.0,
                              1457.0,
                                        2012-11-04 01:00:00,
                                                                        0 days 02:00:00,
                                                                                          -90.0
73952,
                                        2013-03-10 02:00:00,
        2013-03-10 04:00:00,
                              1433.0,
                                                              1459.0,
                                                                        0 days 02:00:00,
                                                                                           -26.0
79662,
        2013-11-03 03:00:00,
                              1373.0,
                                        2013-11-03 01:00:00,
                                                             1482.0,
                                                                        0 days 02:00:00,
                                                                                          -109.0
82686,
        2014-03-09 04:00:00,
                              1622.0,
                                        2014-03-09 02:00:00,
                                                              1628.0,
                                                                        0 days 02:00:00,
                                                                                          -6.0
                                        2014-11-02 02:00:00,
88397,
        2014-11-02 02:00:00,
                                                              1623.0,
                              1634.0.
                                                                        0 davs 00:00:00,
                                                                                          11.0
        2015-03-08 04:00:00,
91422,
                              1678.0,
                                        2015-03-08 02:00:00,
                                                              1689.0,
                                                                        0 days 02:00:00,
                                                                                           -11.0
97133,
        2015-11-01 02:00:00,
                              1292.0,
                                        2015-11-01 02:00:00,
                                                              1324.0,
                                                                        0 days 00:00:00,
                                                                                           -32.0
100326,
        2016-03-13 04:00:00,
                              1303.0,
                                        2016-03-13 02:00:00,
                                                              1328.0,
                                                                        0 days 02:00:00,
                                                                                           -25.0
106037,
         2016-11-06 02:00:00,
                               1364.0,
                                         2016-11-06 02:00:00,
                                                               1334.0,
                                                                        0 davs 00:00:00.
                                                                                           30.0
                                                               1777.0,
         2017-03-12 04:00:00,
109062,
                               1765.0,
                                         2017-03-12 02:00:00,
                                                                        0 days 02:00:00,
                                                                                           -12.0
114773,
         2017-11-05 02:00:00,
                               1331.0,
                                         2017-11-05 02:00:00,
                                                               1449.0,
                                                                         0 days 00:00:00,
                                                                                            -118.0
         2018-03-11 04:00:00.
                               1669.0.
                                         2018-03-11 02:00:00.
                                                               1640.0.
                                                                         0 days 02:00:00,
```

Converting data frame indices by changing the string format of the extracted indices to datetime format.

#changing string indices to datetime converted indices df.set_index(dt_idc, inplace=True) df.index

Filling missing index gaps with mean values and dropping duplicates, keeping mean of duplicate values.

#correction of anomalies in reversed order avoiding index shift for idx in reversed(idc):

```
#appending mean values in case of datetime gaps
if idx[1] == datetime.timedelta(hours=2):
    idx_old = df.iloc[idx[0]].name
    idx_new = idx_old-datetime.timedelta(hours=1)
    df.loc[idx_new] = np.mean(df.iloc[idx[0]-1:idx[0]+1].values)

#dropping duplicates, appending mean of dropped values
elif idx[1] == datetime.timedelta(hours=0):
    idx_old = df.iloc[idx[0]].name
    value = np.mean(df.iloc[idx[0]-1:idx[0]+1].values)
    df.drop(df.iloc[idx[0]-1:idx[0]+1].index, inplace=True)
    df.loc[idx_old] = value
```

df

	DAYTON_MW
Datetime	
2004-10-01 01:00:00	1621.0
2004-10-01 02:00:00	1536.0
2004-10-01 03:00:00	1500.0
2004-10-01 04:00:00	1434.0
2004-10-01 05:00:00	1489.0
2006-10-29 02:00:00	1583.5
2006-04-02 03:00:00	1407.5
2005-10-30 02:00:00	1546.5
2005-04-03 03:00:00	1565.5
2004-10-31 02:00:00	1344.0

121296 rows × 1 columns

```
df.sort_index(inplace=True)
```

```
#checking for anomalies in datetime series again by comparing the two
idx_list = df.index.to_list()
print(idx_list == datelist)
```

#searching for anomalies

print("\n No. of elements in full list:", len(datelist), "\n No. of indices:", len(idx_list), "\n No. of elements in set of indices:", len(set(idx_list)))

```
df.sort_index(inplace=True)
#checking for anomalies in datetime series again by comparing the two
idx_list = df.index.to_list()
print(idx_list == datelist)

#searching for anomalies
print("\n No. of elements in full list:", len(datelist), "\n No. of indices:", len(idx_list), "\n No. of elements in set of indices:", len(set(idx_list)))

True

No. of elements in full list: 121296
No. of indices: 121296
No. of elements in set of indices: 121296
```

Output is True. Further investigation on length of datelist and index list reveals, that duplicates and missing values are not present, since:

No. of elements in set of indices = No. of indices = No. of elements in full list.

```
#setting period attribute of datetime index
#df.index = df.index.to_period(freq='H')
#df.index
```

#setting frequency attribute of datetime index df.index.freq = 'H' df.index

```
DatetimeIndex(['2004-10-01 01:00:00', '2004-10-01 02:00:00', '2004-10-01 03:00:00', '2004-10-01 04:00:00', '2004-10-01 05:00:00', '2004-10-01 06:00:00', '2004-10-01 07:00:00', '2004-10-01 08:00:00', '2004-10-01 09:00:00', '2004-10-01 10:00:00', '2004-10-01 10:00:00', '2004-10-01 10:00:00', '2018-08-02 15:00:00', '2018-08-02 16:00:00', '2018-08-02 17:00:00', '2018-08-02 18:00:00', '2018-08-02 19:00:00', '2018-08-02 20:00:00', '2018-08-02 21:00:00', '2018-08-02 22:00:00', '2018-08-02 23:00:00', '2018-08-03 00:00:00'], dtype='datetime64[ns]', name='Datetime', length=121296, freq='H')
```

Statistical Data Analysis

df.describe

```
df.describe
<bound method NDFrame.describe of</pre>
                                                     DAYTON_MW
Datetime
2004-10-01 01:00:00
2004-10-01 02:00:00
                     1536.0
                    1500.0
2004-10-01 03:00:00
2004-10-01 04:00:00
                      1434.0
2004-10-01 05:00:00 1489.0
2018-08-02 20:00:00
                    2554.0
2018-08-02 21:00:00
                      2481.0
2018-08-02 22:00:00
                       2405.0
2018-08-02 23:00:00
                      2250.0
2018-08-03 00:00:00
                       2042.0
[121296 rows x 1 columns]>
```

Data Summary with Tableone

Installation of tableone

To install the package with pip, run the following command: pip install tableone. To install the package with Conda, run: conda install -c conda-forge tableone.

pip install tableone

Import tableone from tableone import TableOne

Create a simple Table 1 with no grouping variable
Test for normality, multimodality (Hartigan's Dip Test), and far outliers (Tukey's test)
#Create an instance of TableOne with the input arguments:
table1 = TableOne(df, dip_test=True, normal_test=True, tukey_test=True)
View table1 (note the remarks below the table)
table1

```
# Import tableone
from tableone import TableOne

# Create a simple Table 1 with no grouping variable
# Test for normality, multimodality (Hartigan's Dip Test), and far outliers (Tukey's test)
#Create an instance of TableOne with the input arguments:
table1 = TableOne(df, dip_test=True, normal_test=True, tukey_test=True)
# View table1 (note the remarks below the table)
table1
```

	Missing	Overall
n		121296
DAYTON_MW, mean (SD)	0	2037.8 (393.4)

[1] Normality test reports non-normal distributions for: DAYTON_MW.

Shapiro-Wilk test for normality

The Shapiro-Wilk test is a test of normality. It is used to determine whether or not a sample comes from a normal distribution.

#perform Shapiro-Wilk test for normality
from scipy.stats import shapiro
shapiro(df['DAYTON_MW'])

```
#perform Shapiro-Wilk test for normality
from scipy.stats import shapiro
shapiro(df['DAYTON_MW'])
```

ShapiroResult(statistic=0.9827312231063843, pvalue=0.0)

Since the p-value is less than .05, the null hypothesis of normality is to be rejected. We do have sufficient evidence to say that the sample data does not come from a normal distribution.

Data Visualization

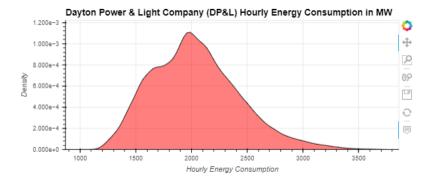
import holoviews as hv from holoviews import opts hv.extension('bokeh')

from bokeh.models.annotations import Label

hv.Distribution(df['DAYTON_MW']).opts(title="Dayton Power & Light Company (DP&L) Hourly Energy Consumption in MW", color="red",

 $xlabel="Hourly Energy Consumption", ylabel="Density") \\ .opts(opts.Distribution(width=700, height=300, tools=['hover'], show_grid=True))$





New features by add_datepart

Now after changing Date from String to Datetime we will replace every date column with a set of date metadata columns, such as month end, month start, day of week, month erc. These columns provide categorical data that might be useful.

fastai comes with a function that will do this for us—we just have to pass a column name that contains dates:

from fastai.tabular.core import add datepart

make a Date copy because "add_datepart" do delete the orginal formatted Date.

#In other word the function transfer the column to Date Parts

df_formatted = df.copy()

1489.0

2004

df_formatted = df_formatted.reset_index()

df_formatted['Formatted Date'] = df_formatted["Datetime"]

df_formatted = add_datepart(df_formatted, 'Formatted Date')

df_formatted.head()

```
from fastai.tabular.core import add_datepart
      make a Date copy because "add_datepart" do delete the orginal formatted Date.
  #In other word the function transfer the column to Date Parts df_formatted = df.copy()
  df_formatted = df_formatted.reset_index()
df_formatted['Formatted Date'] = df_formatted["Datetime"]
  df_formatted = add_datepart(df_formatted, 'Formatted Date')
df_formatted.head()
    Datetime DAYTON_MW Formatted Formatted Formatted
                                                                                            Formatted
                                                                                                                                             Formatted
                                                                              Dayofweek
                                                                                            Dayofyear
                                                                                                         ls_month_end
                                                                                                                         ls_month_start
                                                                                                                                         ls_quarter_end
                                                                                                                                                          Is quarter start
                                                                                                                                                                           ls_year_end
                                                                                                                                                                                         ls_year_start
                                                                                                                                                                                                           Elapsed
                                                                                                                                                  False
                                                                                                                                                                                                False 1.096592e+09
                                                                                                                                                                                                False 1.096596e+09
2004-10-01
                                                             40
                                                                                                 275
                     1500.0
                                                10
                                                                                                                False
                                  2004
                                                                                                                                  True
                                                                                                                                                  False
                                                                                                                                                                    True
                                                                                                                                                                                 False
                                                                                                                                                                                                False 1.096600e+09
```

False

True

True

False

False

False 1.096607e+09

A lot of new columns starting with formatted are added in to the DataFrame.

An interactive figure of the forecast and components can be created with plotly.

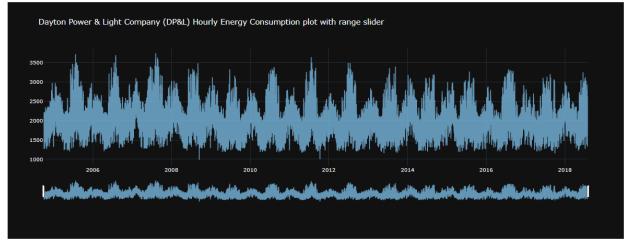
```
import plotly.graph_objects as go
def EnergyConsumption_graph(df_formatted):
    df1 = df_formatted.sort_values('Datetime')
    fig = go.Figure()
    fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=df1['Datetime'], y=df1['DAYTON_MW'], line_color='lightskyblue',
    opacity=0.7))
    fig.update_layout(template='plotly_dark',title_text='Dayton Power & Light Company (DP&L) Hourly
```

fig.update_layout(template='plotly_dark',title_text='Dayton Power & Light Company (DP&L) Hourly Energy Consumption plot with range slider', xaxis_rangeslider_visible=True) fig.show()

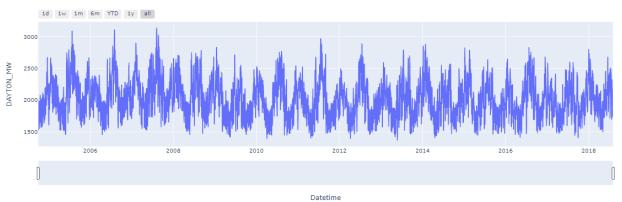
EnergyConsumption graph(df formatted)

```
import plotly.graph_objects as go
def EnergyConsumption_graph(df_formatted):
    df1 = df_formatted.sort_values('Datetime')
    fig = go.Figure()
    fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=df1['Datetime'], y=df1['DAYTON_MW'], line_color='lightskyblue', opacity=0.7))
    fig.update_layout(template='plotly_dark',title_text='Dayton Power & Light Company (DP&L) Hourly Energy Consumption plot with range slider', xaxis_rangeslider_v
    fig.show()

EnergyConsumption_graph(df_formatted)
```



Time Series with Range Slider and Selectors of Dayton Power & Light Company (DP&L) Hourly Energy Consumption



Multivariate Analysis: Energy Consumption by Season

Converting date to Seasonal Data Information

Seasonal information

Generate the four climatological seasons as below.

Winter: December to MarchSummer: June to AugustSpring: April to May

• **Autumn**: September to November

We can create seasonal variable based on month variable.

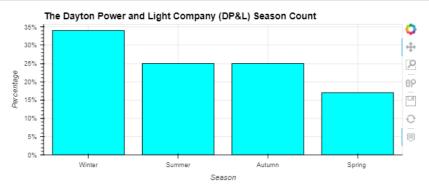
Code:

Seasonal information

Generate the four climatological seasons as below.

>* **Winter**: December to March

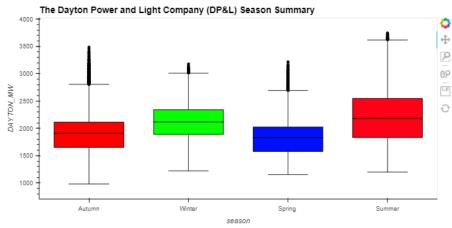
```
>* **Summer**: June to August
>* **Spring**: April to May
>* **Autumn** : September to November
We can create seasonal variable based on month variable. <br/>
def month2seasons(x):
  if x in [12, 1, 2, 3]:
    season = 'Winter'
  elif x in [6, 7, 8]:
    season = 'Summer'
  elif x in [4, 5]:
    season = 'Spring '
  elif x in [9, 10, 11]:
    season = 'Autumn'
  return season
df formatted['season'] = df formatted['Formatted Month'].apply(month2seasons)
df_formatted['season'].head(3)
   def month2seasons(x):
       if x in [12, 1, 2, 3]:
           season = 'Winter'
       elif x in [6, 7, 8]:
           season = 'Summer'
       elif x in [4, 5]:
           season = 'Spring '
       elif x in [9, 10, 11]:
           season = 'Autumn'
       return season
   df_formatted['season'] = df_formatted['Formatted Month'].apply(month2seasons)
   df_formatted['season'].head(3)
     Autumn
     Autumn
     Autumn
 Name: season, dtype: object
season_cnt = np.round(df_formatted['season'].value_counts(normalize=True) * 100)
hv.Bars(season_cnt).opts(title="The Dayton Power and Light Company (DP&L) Season Count",
               color="cyan", xlabel="Season", ylabel="Percentage", yformatter='%d%%')\
         .opts(opts.Bars(width=700, height=300,tools=['hover'],show_grid=True))
```



from holoviews import dim

title = "The Dayton Power and Light Company (DP&L) Season Summary" boxwhisker = hv.BoxWhisker(df_formatted, 'season', 'DAYTON_MW', label=title) boxwhisker.opts(show_legend=False, height=400, width=800, box_fill_color=dim('season').str(), cmap='hsv')

```
from holoviews import dim
title = "The Dayton Power and Light Company (DP&L) Season Summary"
boxwhisker = hv.BoxWhisker(df_formatted, 'season', 'DAYTON_MW', label=title)
boxwhisker.opts(show_legend=False, height=400, width=800, box_fill_color=dim('season').str(), cmap='hsv')
```



df_formatted.groupby('season').agg({'DAYTON_MW': ['min', 'max']})

```
df_formatted.groupby('season').agg({'DAYTON_MW': ['min', 'max']})

DAYTON_MW
min max

season

Autumn 982.0 3488.0

Spring 1154.0 3219.0

Summer 1199.0 3746.0

Winter 1222.0 3180.0
```

 $season_agg = df_formatted.groupby('season').agg(\{'DAYTON_MW': ['min', 'max']\}) \\ season_maxmin$

 $pd.merge(season_agg['DAYTON_MW']['max'], season_agg['DAYTON_MW']['min'], right_index=True, left_index=True)$

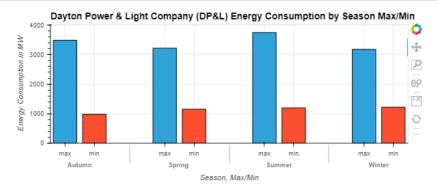
season_maxmin = pd.melt(season_maxmin.reset_index(), ['season']).rename(columns={'season':'Season', 'variable':'Max/Min'})

hv.Bars(season_maxmin, ['Season', 'Max/Min'], 'value').opts(

title="Dayton Power & Light Company (DP&L) Energy Consumption by Season Max/Min", ylabel="Energy Consumption in MW")\

.opts(opts.Bars(width=700, height=300,tools=['hover'],show_grid=True))

```
season_agg = df_formatted.groupby('season').agg({'DAYTON_MW': ['min', 'max']})
season_maxmin = pd.merge(season_agg['DAYTON_MW']['max'],season_agg['DAYTON_MW']['min'],right_index=True,left_index=True)
season_maxmin = pd.melt(season_maxmin.reset_index(), ['season']).rename(columns={'season':'Season', 'variable':'Max/Min'})
hv.Bars(season_maxmin, ['Season', 'Max/Min'], 'value').opts(
    title="Dayton Power & Light Company (DP&L) Energy Consumption by Season Max/Min", ylabel="Energy Consumption in MW")\
.opts(opts.Bars(width=700, height=300,tools=['hover'],show_grid=True))
```



Multivariate Analysis: Energy Consumption by Timing

Converting date to Daily Timing Information

Daily Timing information

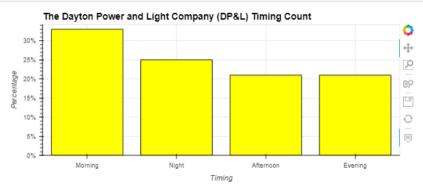
Hour variable can be broken into Night, Morning, Afternoon and Evening based on its time of the day.

Night: 22:00 - 23:59 / 00:00 - 03:59

Morning: 04:00 - 11:59Afternoon: 12:00 - 16:59

• **Evening**: 17:00 - 21:59 We can create timing variable based on hour variable.

```
Hour variable can be broken into Night, Morning, Afternoon and Evening based on its time of the day.
>* **Night**: 22:00 - 23:59 / 00:00 - 03:59
>* **Morning** : 04:00 - 11:59
>* **Afternoon**: 12:00 - 16:59
>* **Evening** : 17:00 - 21:59
We can create timing variable based on hour variable.
def hours2timing(x):
  if x in [22,23,0,1,2,3]:
    timing = 'Night'
  elif x in range(4, 12):
    timing = 'Morning'
  elif x in range(12, 17):
    timing = 'Afternoon'
  elif x in range(17, 22):
    timing = 'Evening'
  else:
    timing = 'X'
  return timing
df formatted['hour'] = df formatted['Datetime'].apply(lambda x : x.hour)
df_formatted['timing'] = df_formatted['hour'].apply(hours2timing)
df_formatted['timing'].head(3)
   def hours2timing(x):
       if x in [22,23,0,1,2,3]:
           timing = 'Night'
       elif x in range(4, 12):
           timing = 'Morning'
       elif x in range(12, 17):
            timing = 'Afternoon'
       elif x in range(17, 22):
            timing = 'Evening
            timing = 'X'
       return timing
   df_formatted['hour'] = df_formatted['Datetime'].apply(lambda x : x.hour)
   df_formatted['timing'] = df_formatted['hour'].apply(hours2timing)
   df_formatted['timing'].head(3)
     Night
     Night
     Night
 Name: timing, dtype: object
timing_cnt = np.round(df_formatted['timing'].value_counts(normalize=True) * 100)
hv.Bars(timing_cnt).opts(title="The Dayton Power and Light Company (DP&L) Timing Count",
               color="yellow", xlabel="Timing", ylabel="Percentage", yformatter='%d%%')\
.opts(opts.Bars(width=700, height=300,tools=['hover'],show_grid=True))
```

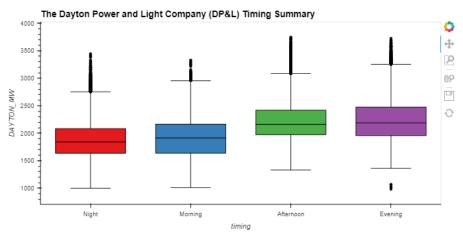


from holoviews import dim

title = "The Dayton Power and Light Company (DP&L) Timing Summary" boxwhisker = hv.BoxWhisker(df_formatted, 'timing', 'DAYTON_MW', label=title)

boxwhisker.opts(show_legend=False, height = 400, width=800, box_fill_color=dim('timing').str(), cmap='Set1')

```
from holoviews import dim
title = "The Dayton Power and Light Company (DP&L) Timing Summary"
boxwhisker = hv.BoxWhisker(df_formatted, 'timing', 'DAYTON_MW', label=title)
boxwhisker.opts(show_legend=False, height = 400, width=800, box_fill_color=dim('timing').str(), cmap='Set1')
```



timing_agg = df_formatted.groupby('timing').agg({'DAYTON_MW': ['min', 'max']}) timing_maxmin

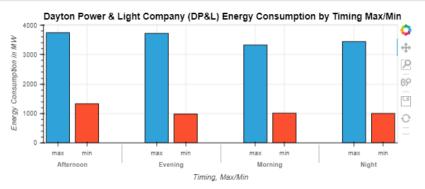
pd.merge(timing_agg['DAYTON_MW']['max'],timing_agg['DAYTON_MW']['min'],right_index=True,le ft index=True)

timing_maxmin = pd.melt(timing_maxmin.reset_index(), ['timing']).rename(columns={'timing':'Timing',
'variable':'Max/Min'})

hv.Bars(timing_maxmin, ['Timing', 'Max/Min'], 'value').opts(

title="Dayton Power & Light Company (DP&L) Energy Consumption by Timing Max/Min", ylabel="Energy Consumption in MW")\

.opts(opts.Bars(width=700, height=300,tools=['hover'],show_grid=True))



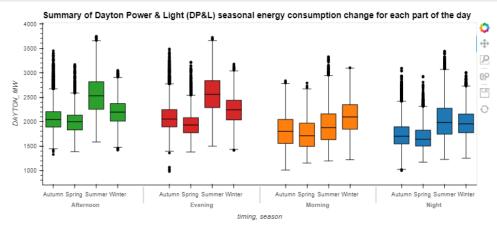
Multivariate Analysis: Energy Consumption by Season & Timing

from holoviews import dim

title = "Summary of Dayton Power & Light (DP&L) seasonal energy consumption change for each part of the day"

boxwhisker = hv.BoxWhisker(df_formatted, ['timing', 'season'], 'DAYTON_MW', label=title) boxwhisker.opts(show_legend=False, height = 400, width=900, box_fill_color=dim('timing').str(), cmap='tab10')

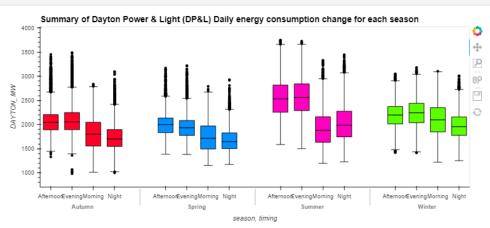
```
from holoviews import dim
title = "Summary of Dayton Power & Light (DP&L) seasonal energy consumption change for each part of the day"
boxwhisker = hv.BoxWhisker(df_formatted, ['timing', 'season'], 'DAYTON_MW', label=title)
boxwhisker.opts(show_legend=False, height = 400, width=900, box_fill_color=dim('timing').str(), cmap='tab10')
```



from holoviews import dim

title = "Summary of Dayton Power & Light (DP&L) Daily energy consumption change for each season" boxwhisker = hv.BoxWhisker(df_formatted, ['season','timing'], 'DAYTON_MW', label=title) boxwhisker.opts(show_legend=False, height = 400, width=900, box_fill_color=dim('season').str(), cmap='gist_rainbow')

```
from holoviews import dim
title = "Summary of Dayton Power & Light (DP&L) Daily energy consumption change for each season"
boxwhisker = hv.BoxWhisker(df_formatted, ['season','timing'], 'DAYTON_MW', label=title)
boxwhisker.opts(show_legend=False, height = 400, width=900, box_fill_color=dim('season').str(), cmap='gist_rainbow')
```



Decomposition of individual components manually

The time series is split to train and test data. Last year (365.25 days or 8766 hours) is reserved for testing. Decomposition is performed by seasonal_decompose function using moving averages. The function accepts one period argument, so it should be applied multiple times. First the daily component is extracted (period=24 for hourly data), weekly component in the next step (period=168) and finally yearly component (period=8766 hours for 365.25 days taking into account leap years).

Weekly decomposition should be applied after daily component is subtracted and yearly decomposition should be applied after all other seasonal components are subtracted from train data.

```
import statsmodels.api as sm
```

#splitting time series to train and test sub series (test series of one year)

 $y_{train} = df.iloc[:-8766,:]$

 $y_{test} = df.iloc[-8766:,:]$

#extracting daily seasonality from raw time series sd_24 = sm.tsa.seasonal_decompose(y_train, period=24)

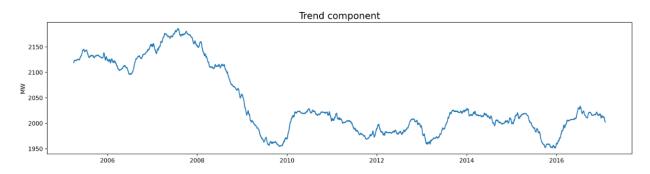
#extracting weekly seasonality from time series adjusted by daily seasonality sd_168 = sm.tsa.seasonal_decompose(y_train - np.array(sd_24.seasonal).reshape(-1,1), period=168)

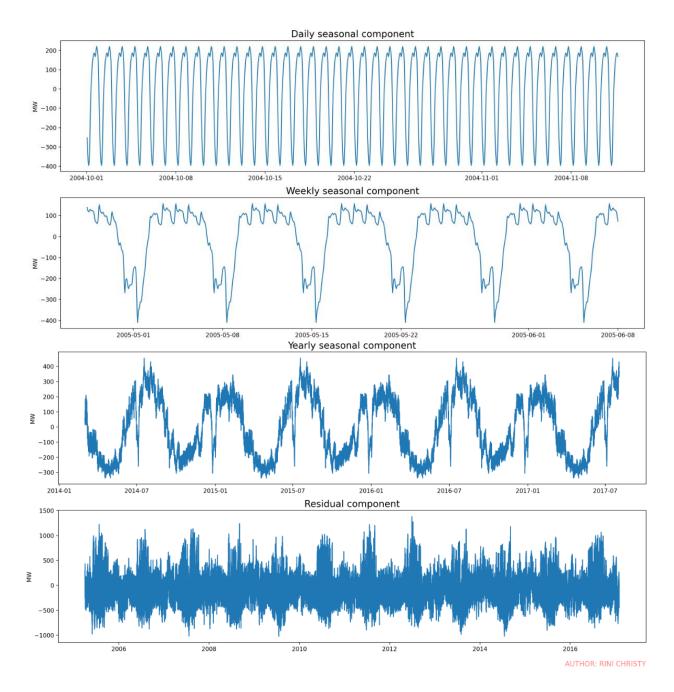
#extracting yearly seasonality from time series adjusted by daily and weekly seasonality sd_8766 = sm.tsa.seasonal_decompose(y_train - np.array(sd_168.seasonal).reshape(-1,1), period=8766)

```
import statsmodels.api as sm
   #splitting time series to train and test sub series (test series of one year)
   y_train = df.iloc[:-8766,:]
   y_test = df.iloc[-8766:,:]
   #extracting daily seasonality from raw time series
   sd_24 = sm.tsa.seasonal_decompose(y_train, period=24)
   #extracting weekly seasonality from time series adjusted by daily seasonality
   sd_168 = sm.tsa.seasonal_decompose(y_train - np.array(sd_24.seasonal).reshape(-1,1), period=168)
   #extracting yearly seasonality from time series adjusted by daily and weekly seasonality
   sd_8766 = sm.tsa.seasonal_decompose(y_train - np.array(sd_168.seasonal).reshape(-1,1), period=8766)
#drawing figure with subplots, predefined size and resolution
f, axes = plt.subplots(5,1,figsize=(18,24),dpi=200);
#setting figure title and adjusting title position and size
plt.suptitle("Decomposition of individual seasonal components for The Dayton Power and Light
Company (DP&L)", y=0.92, fontsize=18)
f.text(0.90, 0.1, 'AUTHOR: RINI CHRISTY', fontsize=12, color='red', ha='right', va='bottom', alpha=0.5);
#plotting trend component
axes[0].plot(sd_8766.trend)
axes[0].set_title('Trend component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});
#plotting daily seasonal component
axes[1].plot(sd 24.seasonal[:1000]);
axes[1].set_title('Daily seasonal component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});
#plotting weekly seasonal component
axes[2].plot(sd_168.seasonal[5000:6000]);
axes[2].set_title('Weekly seasonal component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});
#plotting yearly seasonality
axes[3].plot(sd_8766.seasonal[-30000:]);
axes[3].set_title('Yearly seasonal component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});
#plotting residual of decomposition
axes[4].plot(sd_8766.resid);
axes[4].set_title('Residual component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});
#setting label for each y axis
for a in axes:
  a.set ylabel('MW');
plt.show();
```

```
#drawing figure with subplots, predefined size and resolution
f, axes = plt.subplots(5,1,figsize=(18,24),dpi=200);
#setting figure title and adjusting title position and size
plt.suptitle("Decomposition of individual seasonal components for 'The Dayton Power and Light Company (DP&L)'", y=0.92, fontsize=18)
f.text(0.90, 0.1, 'AUTHOR: RINI CHRISTY', fontsize=12, color='red', ha='right', va='bottom', alpha=0.5);
#plotting trend component
axes[0].plot(sd_8766.trend)
axes[0].set_title('Trend component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});
#plotting daily seasonal component
axes[1].plot(sd_24.seasonal[:1000]);
axes[1].set_title('Daily seasonal component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});
#plotting weekly seasonal component
axes[2].plot(sd_168.seasonal[5000:6000]);
axes[2].set_title('Weekly seasonal component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});
#plotting yearly seasonality
axes[3].plot(sd_8766.seasonal[-30000:]);
axes[3].set_title('Yearly seasonal component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});
#plotting residual of decomposition
axes[4].plot(sd_8766.resid);
axes[4].set_title('Residual component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});
#setting label for each y axis
for a in axes:
    a.set_ylabel('MW');
plt.show();
```

Decomposition of individual seasonal components for 'The Dayton Power and Light Company (DP&L)'





#drawing figure with subplots, predefined size and resolution f, axes = plt.subplots(5,1,figsize=(18,24),dpi=200);

#setting figure title and adjusting title position and size plt.suptitle("Decomposition of individual seasonal components for 'The Dayton Power and Light Company (DP&L)"', y=0.92, fontsize=18) f.text(0.90, 0.1, 'AUTHOR: RINI CHRISTY', fontsize=12, color='red', ha='right', va='bottom', alpha=0.5);

#plotting trend component
axes[0].plot(sd_8766.trend)
axes[0].set_title('Trend component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});

```
#drawing black dashed vertical lines between y axis limits
axes[0].vlines(datetime.datetime(2008,1,1), axes[0].get_ylim()[0], axes[0].get_ylim()[1], colors='black',
linestyles='dashed');
axes[0].vlines(datetime.datetime(2011,1,1), axes[0].get vlim()[0], axes[0].get vlim()[1], colors='black',
linestyles='dashed');
#placing three comments in text boxes
axes[0].text(datetime.datetime(2006,6,1), 2200, 'Increasing trend',
        ha='center', va='center', bbox=dict(fc='white', ec='b', boxstyle='round'));
axes[0].text(datetime.datetime(2009,8,1), 2200, 'Global Financial Crisis \n (GFC) and recovery',
        ha='center', va='center', bbox=dict(fc='white', ec='b', boxstyle='round'));
axes[0].text(datetime.datetime(2008,11,1), 1950, 'Decreasing trend',
        ha='center', va='center', bbox=dict(fc='white', ec='b', boxstyle='round'));
#plotting daily seasonal component
axes[1].plot(sd_24.seasonal[:1000]);
axes[1].set title('Daily seasonal component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});
axes[1].annotate('Higher \n daytime values', xy=(0.54, 0.50),
       xycoords='axes fraction',
       va='center', ha='center',
       xytext=(0.9, 0.9),
       textcoords='axes fraction',
       bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='w', ec='b'));
axes[1].annotate('Lower \n nighttime values', xy=(0.54, 0.50),
       xycoords='axes fraction',
       va='center', ha='center',
       xytext=(0.9, 0.1),
       textcoords='axes fraction',
       bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='w', ec='b'));
#plotting weekly seasonal component
axes[2].plot(sd 168.seasonal[5000:6000]);
axes[2].set title('Weekly seasonal component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});
#placing comment in annotation with text box and arrow
axes[2].annotate('Leaked daily \n seasonal effects', xy=(0.50, 0.75),
       xycoords='axes fraction',
       va='center', ha='center',
       xytext=(0.50, 0.25),
       textcoords='axes fraction',
       bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='w', ec='b'),
       arrowprops=dict(color='black',
                 arrowstyle='->',
                 connectionstyle='arc3'));
axes[2].annotate('Weekdays', xy=(0.20, 0.75),
       xycoords='axes fraction',
       va='center', ha='center',
       xytext=(0.20, 0.40),
       textcoords='axes fraction',
       bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='w', ec='b'),
```

```
arrowprops=dict(color='black',
                 arrowstyle='-[',
                 mutation scale=45,
                 connectionstyle='arc3'));
axes[2].annotate('Weekends', xy=(0.28, 0.55),
       xycoords='axes fraction',
       va='center', ha='center',
       xytext=(0.28, 0.90),
       textcoords='axes fraction',
       bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='w', ec='b'),
       arrowprops=dict(color='black',
                 arrowstyle='-[',
                 mutation_scale=17,
                 connectionstyle='arc3'));
#plotting yearly seasonality
axes[3].plot(sd_8766.seasonal[-30000:]);
axes[3].set title('Yearly seasonal component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});
#placing comments in annotations with text boxes and arrows
axes[3].annotate('Calendar effect', xy=(0.54, 0.50),
       xycoords='axes fraction',
       va='center', ha='center',
       xytext=(0.67, 0.9),
       textcoords='axes fraction',
       bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='w', ec='b'),
       arrowprops=dict(color='black',
                 arrowstyle='->',
                 connectionstyle='arc3'));
axes[3].annotate('Leaked daily and \n weekly seasonal effects', xy=(0.34, 0.49),
       xycoords='axes fraction',
       va='center', ha='center',
       xytext=(0.40, 0.90),
       textcoords='axes fraction',
       bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='w', ec='b'),
       arrowprops=dict(color='black',
                 arrowstyle='->',
                 connectionstyle='arc3'));
axes[3].annotate('Summer', xy=(0.54, 0.50),
       xycoords='axes fraction',
       va='center', ha='center',
       xytext=(0.68, 0.05),
       textcoords='axes fraction',
       bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='#f5f88f', ec='b'));
axes[3].annotate('Autumn', xy=(0.54, 0.50),
       xycoords='axes fraction',
       va='center', ha='center',
       xytext=(0.74, 0.74),
       textcoords='axes fraction',
       bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='#f5f88f', ec='b'));
axes[3].annotate('Winter', xy=(0.54, 0.50),
```

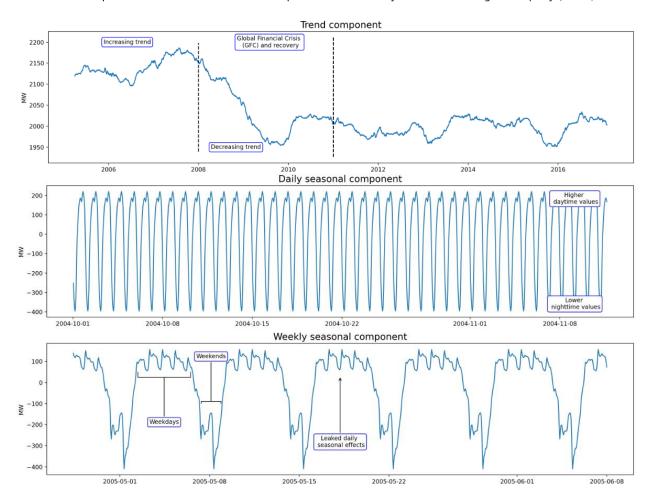
```
xycoords='axes fraction',
        va='center', ha='center',
        xytext=(0.81, 0.05),
        textcoords='axes fraction',
        bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='#f5f88f', ec='b'));
axes[3].annotate('Spring', xy=(0.54, 0.50),
        xycoords='axes fraction',
        va='center', ha='center',
        xytext=(0.88, 0.74),
        textcoords='axes fraction',
        bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='#f5f88f', ec='b'));
#plotting residual of decomposition
axes[4].plot(sd_8766.resid);
axes[4].set title('Residual component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});
#setting label for each y axis
for a in axes:
  a.set ylabel('MW');
plt.show();
 #drawing figure with subplots, predefined size and resolution
 f, axes = plt.subplots(5,1,figsize=(18,24),dpi=200);
 #setting figure title and adjusting title position and size
 plt.suptitle("Decomposition of individual seasonal components for 'The Dayton Power and Light Company (DP&L)'", y=0.92, fontsize=18)
 f.text(0.90, 0.1, 'AUTHOR: RINI CHRISTY', fontsize=12, color='red', ha='right', va='bottom', alpha=0.5);
 #plotting trend component
 axes[0].plot(sd_8766.trend)
 axes[0].set_title('Trend component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});
 #drawing black dashed vertical lines between y axis limits
 axes[\theta].vlines(datetime.datetime(2008,1,1), \ axes[\theta].get\_ylim()[\theta], \ axes[\theta].get\_ylim()[1], \ colors='black', \ linestyles='dashed');
 axes[\theta].vlines(datetime.datetime(2011,1,1), \ axes[\theta].get\_ylim()[\theta], \ axes[\theta].get\_ylim()[1], \ colors='black', \ linestyles='dashed');
 #placing three comments in text boxes
 axes[0].text(datetime.datetime(2006,6,1), 2200, 'Increasing trend',
            ha='center', va='center', bbox=dict(fc='white', ec='b', boxstyle='round'));
 axes[0].text(datetime.datetime(2008,11,1), 1950, 'Decreasing trend',
            ha='center', va='center', bbox=dict(fc='white', ec='b', boxstyle='round'));
  #plotting daily seasonal component
  axes[1].plot(sd_24.seasonal[:1000]);
  axes[1].set_title('Daily seasonal component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});
  axes[1].annotate('Higher \n daytime values', xy=(0.54, 0.50),
                xycoords='axes fraction',
                va='center', ha='center',
                xytext=(0.9, 0.9),
                textcoords='axes fraction',
                bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='w', ec='b'));
  axes[1].annotate('Lower \n nighttime values', xy=(0.54, 0.50),
                xycoords='axes fraction',
                va='center', ha='center',
                xytext=(0.9, 0.1),
                textcoords='axes fraction',
                bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='w', ec='b'));
```

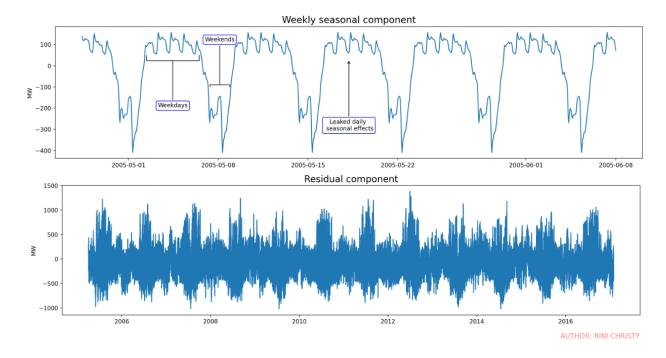
```
axes[2].annotate('Weekdays', xy=(0.20, 0.75),
           xycoords='axes fraction',
           va='center', ha='center',
           xytext=(0.20, 0.40),
            textcoords='axes fraction',
           bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='w', ec='b'),
           arrowprops=dict(color='black'
                            arrowstyle='-[',
                            mutation_scale=45,
                            connectionstyle='arc3'));
axes[2].annotate('Weekends', xy=(0.28, 0.55),
           xycoords='axes fraction',
           va='center', ha='center',
           xytext=(0.28, 0.90),
           textcoords='axes fraction',
           bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='w', ec='b'),
            arrowprops=dict(color='black'
                            arrowstyle='-['
                            mutation_scale=17,
                            connectionstyle='arc3'));
```

```
#plotting yearly seasonality
axes[3].plot(sd_8766.seasonal[-30000:]);
axes[3].set_title('Yearly seasonal component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});
#placing comments in annotations with text boxes and arrows
axes[3].annotate('Calendar effect', xy=(0.54, 0.50),
            xycoords='axes fraction',
            va='center', ha='center',
            xytext=(0.67, 0.9),
            textcoords='axes fraction',
            bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='w', ec='b'),
            arrowprops=dict(color='black',
                            arrowstyle='->',
                            connectionstyle='arc3'));
axes[3].annotate('Leaked daily and \n weekly seasonal effects', xy=(0.34, 0.49),
            xycoords='axes fraction',
            va='center', ha='center',
            xytext=(0.40, 0.90),
            textcoords='axes fraction',
            bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='w', ec='b'),
            arrowprops=dict(color='black',
                            arrowstyle='->',
                            connectionstyle='arc3'));
axes[3].annotate('Summer', xy=(0.54, 0.50),
            xycoords='axes fraction',
            va='center', ha='center',
           xytext=(0.68, 0.05),
            textcoords='axes fraction',
            bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='#f5f88f', ec='b'));
axes[3].annotate('Autumn', xy=(0.54, 0.50),
            xycoords='axes fraction',
            va='center', ha='center',
            xytext=(0.74, 0.74),
            textcoords='axes fraction',
            bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='#f5f88f', ec='b'));
```

```
axes[3].annotate('Winter', xy=(0.54, 0.50),
           xycoords='axes fraction',
            va='center', ha='center',
           xytext=(0.81, 0.05),
            textcoords='axes fraction',
            bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='#f5f88f', ec='b'));
axes[3].annotate('Spring', xy=(0.54, 0.50),
           xycoords='axes fraction',
            va='center', ha='center',
            xytext=(0.88, 0.74),
            textcoords='axes fraction',
            bbox=dict(boxstyle='round', fc='#f5f88f', ec='b'));
#plotting residual of decomposition
axes[4].plot(sd_8766.resid);
axes[4].set_title('Residual component', fontdict={'fontsize': 16});
#setting label for each y axis
for a in axes:
    a.set_ylabel('MW');
plt.show();
```

Decomposition of individual seasonal components for 'The Dayton Power and Light Company (DP&L)'





Prophet: Automatic Forecasting Procedure

Prophet to predict & forecast Daily resampled data

Prophet is a procedure for forecasting time series data based on an additive model where non-linear trends are fit with yearly, weekly, and daily seasonality, plus holiday effects. It works best with time series that have strong seasonal effects and several seasons of historical data. Prophet is robust to missing data and shifts in the trend, and typically handles outliers well.

The date column has to be renamed to ds and the column that has to be forecasted for could be renamed as y. It is obligatory and has to be followed to use model FBProphet.

df.head().style.set_properties(**{ 'background-color': 'yellow'})

from prophet import Prophet #from fbprophet import Prophet df1_prophet = df.reset_index()

```
df1_prophet.columns = ['ds', 'y']
df1_prophet.head().style.set_properties(**{"background-color": "lavender"})
```

3 2004-10-01 04:00:00 1434.000000 4 2004-10-01 05:00:00 1489.000000

Fit the model by instantiating a new Prophet object. Then call fit method and pass in the historical dataframe. Prediction are then made to get the future values.

In order do that, first get a suitable dataframe that extends into the future a specified number of hours/ days/ weeks/ months (period) depending on the frequency of the dataset. Pandas by default does end-of-month for its quarterly, monthly, yearly spacing. Use 'QS', 'MS' 'AS or YS' to get quarter start, month start, year start frequencies respectively. These are all of the valid frequencies: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/timeseries.html#timeseries-offset-aliases.

The following line of code, create a pandas dataframe with 8766 hours (periods = 8766) as future data points with a hourly frequency (freq = 'h').

Predictions are then made on a dataframe with a column ds containing the hours/dates for which a prediction is to be made. By default it will also include the hours/ dates from the history, so we will see the model fit as well.

```
m = Prophet()
m.fit(df1_prophet)
future = m.make_future_dataframe(periods=8766, freq = 'h')
# 365 for daily resampled data for 1 year forecast
# If you're working with daily data, you wouldn't want include freq.
future.tail()
```

```
m = Prophet()
m.fit(df1_prophet)
future = m.make_future_dataframe(periods=8766, freq = 'h')
# 365 for daily resampled data for 1 year forecast
# If you're working with daily data, you wouldn't want include freq.
future.tail()
```

/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/pyximport/pyximport.py:51: DeprecationWarning:

the imp module is deprecated in favour of importlib; see the module's documentation for alternative uses

```
Initial log joint probability = -962.382
  Iter
                        ||dx||
                                  ||grad||
                                               alpha
                                                         alpha0 # evals Notes
          log prob
    99
            275621
                     0.0315267
                                   24079.8
                                                                  131
                                                        alpha0 # evals Notes
   Iter
           log prob
                        ||dx||
                                  ||grad||
                                              alpha
                                                           1
   199
            275962
                     0.0104649
                                   9586.55
                                                1
                                                                 248
                                              alpha
                        ||dx||
                                                        alpha0 # evals Notes
   Iter
           log prob
                                  ||grad||
   299
            276083
                     0.0426163
                                    13582.1
                                             0.5268
                                                           1
                                                                  353
          log prob
                                  ||grad||
                                                        alpha0 # evals Notes
   Iter
                       | dx |
                                              alpha
   399
             276341 0.00188538
                                    2481.43
                                                                  468
                                                  1
                                                            1
                                  ||grad||
                                                       alpha0 # evals Notes
   Iter
           log prob
                       HdxH
                                              alpha
                                            0.9375 0.9375
   499
            276431 0.00374383
                                   1984.19
                                                                  583
                                             alpha
   Iter
           log prob
                       HdxII
                                  ||grad||
                                                        alpha0 # evals Notes
            276493 0.00224916
   599
                                   1348.55
                                                                 696
                                                 1
                                                           1
                                                       alpha0 # evals Notes
   Iter
          log prob
                        HdxII
                                  ||grad||
                                              alpha
             276552 0.000845987
                                             0.1215
   699
                                    4398.61
                                                        0.9203
                                                                  897
           log prob
                       ||dx||
                                  ||grad||
                                              alpha
                                                       alpha0 # evals Notes
   Iter
   799
            276624
                     0.00137574
                                   3064.66
                                                 1
                                 ||grad||
   Iter
          log prob
                     ||dx||
                                              alpha
                                                       alpha0 # evals Notes
             276695 0.000223935
                                   917.922
                                                  1
   899
                                                           1
                                                                1033
                                            alpha alpha0 # evals Notes
0.1808 0.1808 1145
                                  ||grad||
   Iter
           log prob
                       ||dx||
   999
            276792 0.000292441
                                   2134.11
           log prob
                        ||dx||
                                  ||grad||
                                             alpha
                                                       alpha0 # evals Notes
   Iter
            276849 0.00104866
   1099
                                   1646.67
                                                1
                                                           1
                                                                1265
                                              alpha alpha0 # evals Notes
          log prob
                                 ||grad||
   Iter
                       ||dx||
             276871
   1199
                    0.00775338
                                     2927.2
                                                 1
                                                           1
                                                                 1381
                                  11anad11
           102/6940
                                            o74072
                                                       0:4072 # -4841 Motes
                    0.0130488
   75gg
                        ||dx||
                                              alpha
   Iter
          log prob
                                 ||grad||
                                                       alpha0 # evals Notes
   1699
            276963
                    0.00442833
                                   1349.79
                                                  1
                                                                 1959
                                                            1
                                  ||grad||
                                                      alpha0 # evals Notes
                      HdxII
                                              alpha
          log prob
   Iter
             276967 0.00117683
                                    1446.11
   1799
                                                 1
                                                           1
                                                                2071
   Iter
          log prob
                        dx
                                  ||grad||
                                              alpha
                                                       alpha0 # evals Notes
            276969 5.4387e-05
   1899
                                    261.786
                                                            1
                                                                 2184
                                               alpha
                                                        alpha0 # evals Notes
           log prob
                        | | dx | |
                                  ||grad||
   Iter
            276977
                                            0.05025
   1999
                    0.000705551
                                   1604.22
                                                           1
                                                                2298
                       ||dx||
                                             alpha
   Iter
          log prob
                                  grad
                                                         alpha0 # evals Notes
             276978
                    0.000390441
   2099
                                    554.213
                                                                 2417
   Iter
          log prob
                       dx
                                  ||grad||
                                              alpha
                                                       alpha0 # evals Notes
                                                1
            276979 0.000840079
                                   405.995
   2199
                                                           1
                                                                 2523
                                   ||grad||
1416.83
                                  ||grad||
                                              alpha
                                                         alpha0 # evals Notes
   Iter
          log prob
                      ||dx||
            276984
                    0.0129995
                                                                 2634
   2299
   Iter
          log prob
                        dx
                                  ||grad||
                                               alpha
                                                        alpha0 # evals Notes
            276991 0.000504261
   2399
                                    780.11
                                                 1
                                                           1
                                                                 2746
                                                       alpha0 # evals Notes
                                  ||grad||
                                               alpha
   Iter
           log prob
                        | dx |
   2484
            276995 0.000328719
                                   150.226
                                                1
                                                         1
                                                                  2834
Optimization terminated normally:
```

Convergence detected: relative gradient magnitude is below tolerance

```
130057 2019-08-03 02:00:00
130058 2019-08-03 03:00:00
130059 2019-08-03 04:00:00
130060 2019-08-03 05:00:00
130061 2019-08-03 06:00:00
```

The predict method will assign each row in future a predicted value which it names yhat. If you pass in historical hours/ dates, it will provide an in-sample fit. The forecast object here is a new dataframe that includes a column yhat with the forecast, as well as columns for components and uncertainty intervals.

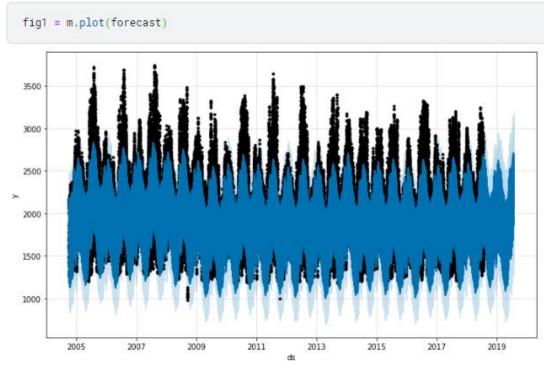
Predicting future data assigned as forecast create a lot of columns in the forecast_data dataframe. The important ones (for now) are 'ds' (datetime), 'yhat' (forecast), 'yhat_lower' and 'yhat_upper' (uncertainty levels). View these columns along with newly added future rows by running a .tail() in the following command.

forecast = m.predict(future)
forecast[['ds', 'yhat', 'yhat_lower', 'yhat_upper']].tail()

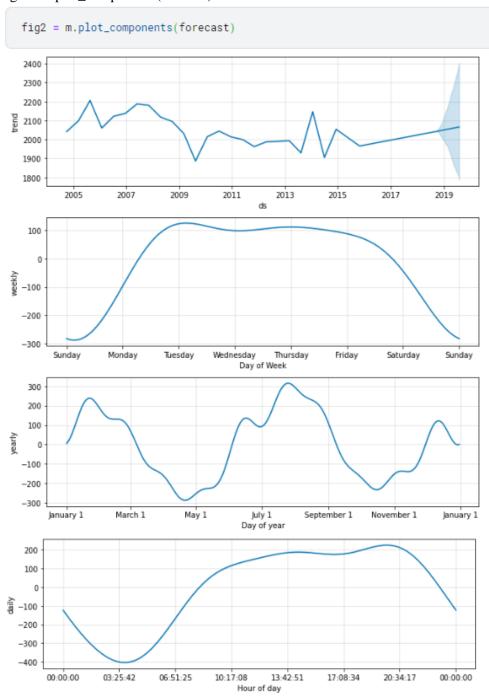
```
forecast = m.predict(future)
forecast[['ds', 'yhat', 'yhat_lower', 'yhat_upper']].tail()
```

	ds	yhat	yhat_lower	yhat_upper
130057	2019-08-03 02:00:00	1953.593379	1517.128536	2366.555793
130058	2019-08-03 03:00:00	1883.592056	1465.383361	2351.355846
130059	2019-08-03 04:00:00	1858.666858	1397.578221	2339.813499
130060	2019-08-03 05:00:00	1887.670461	1464.598120	2309.493003
130061	2019-08-03 06:00:00	1966.732890	1555.260849	2414.167065

Take a look at a graph of this data to get an understanding of how well the model is working. Plot the forecast by calling the Prophet.plot method and passing in the forecast dataframe. fig1 = m.plot(forecast)



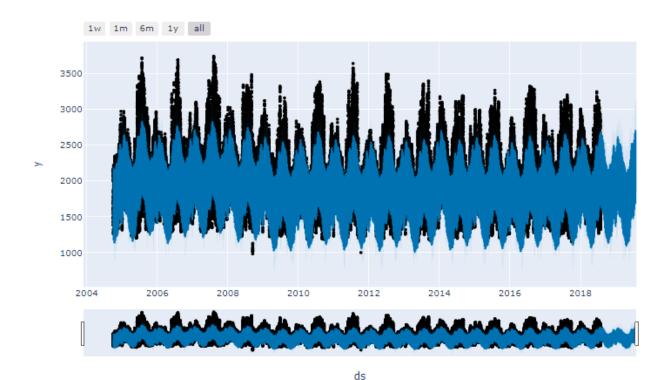
Now, take a look at the seasonality and trend components of both historical and forecasted the data. To see the forecast components, use the Prophet.plot_components method. By default the trend, yearly seasonality, and weekly seasonality of the time series are included. $fig2 = m.plot_components(forecast)$



An interactive figure of the forecast and components can be created with plotly. from prophet.plot import plot_plotly, plot_components_plotly

#from fbprophet.plot import plot_plotly, plot_components_plotly
plot_plotly(m, forecast)

from prophet.plot import plot_plotly, plot_components_plotly
plot_plotly(m, forecast)



Define Model Evaluation function

Make a function to evaluate the model prediction by using sklearn metrics and plotting the original and predicted values. The function is defined as follows.

```
def model_evaluation(y, ypred, model_name):
```

from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error,mean_absolute_error,explained_variance_score, r2_score

 $\label{lem:print("\n \n Model Evaluation Report: ")} print("Mean Absolute Error(MAE) of', model_name,':', mean_absolute_error(y, ypred)) print("Mean Squared Error(MSE) of', model_name,':', mean_squared_error(y, ypred)) print("Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) of', model_name,':', np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y, ypred))) print("Explained Variance Score (EVS) of', model_name,':', explained_variance_score(y, ypred)) print("R2 of', model_name,':', (r2_score(y, ypred)).round(2)) print("\n \n')$

Actual vs Predicted Plot f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(12,6),dpi=100); plt.scatter(y, ypred, label="Actual vs Predicted")

Perfect predictions

```
plt.xlabel('Hourly Energy Consumption in MW')
plt.ylabel('Hourly Energy Consumption in MW')
plt.title('Expection vs Prediction')
plt.plot(y,y,'r', label="Perfect Expected Prediction")
plt.legend()
f.text(0.95, 0.06, 'AUTHOR: RINI CHRISTY',
fontsize=12, color='red',
ha='left', va='bottom', alpha=0.5);
```

To evaluate the model, use the fitted model to generate the predicted values only on the original data so as to compare the two.

```
\label{eq:model} \begin{array}{ll} \dot{m} = Prophet() \\ m.fit(df1\_prophet) \\ future = df1\_prophet[['ds']] \\ pred = m.predict(future) \\ pred[['ds', 'yhat', 'yhat_lower', 'yhat_upper']].tail().style.set_properties(**{'background-color': 'lavenderBlush'}) \end{array}
```

Initial log	ioint probab	oility = -962.38	32				
Iter	log prob	dx	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
99	275621	0.0315267	24079.8	1	. 1	131	
Iter	log prob	dx	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
199	275962	0.0104649	9586.55	1	. 1	248	
Iter	log prob	[[dx]]	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
299	276083	0.0426163	13582.1	0.5268	1	353	
Iter	log prob	[[dx]]	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
399	276341	0.00188538	2481.43	1	1	468	
Iter	log prob	HdxH	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
499	276431	0.00374383	1984.19	0.9375	0.9375	583	
Iter	log prob	[[dx]]	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
599	276493	0.00224916	1348.55	. 1	. 1	696	
Iter	log prob	HdxH	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
699	276552	0.000845987	4398.61	0.1215	0.9203	807	
Iter	log prob	[[dx]]	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
799	276624	0.00137574	3064.66	1	1	923	
Iter	log prob	[[dx]]	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
899	276695	0.000223935	917.922	1	1	1033	
Iter	log prob	HdxH	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
999	276792	0.000292441	2134.11	0.1808	0.1808	1145	
Iter	log prob	HdxH	llgradll	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
1099	276849	0.00104866	1646.67	1	1	1265	
Iter	log prob	[[dx]]	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
1199	276871	0.00775338	2927.2	1	1	1381	
Iter	log prob	HdxH	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
1299	276890	0.000121105	484.608	1	1	1502	
Iter	log prob	dx	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
1399	276895	0.000182806	281.863	1	1	1616	
Iter	log prob	[[dx]]	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
1499	276898	0.000770789	504.534	1	1	1727	
Iter	log prob	[[dx]]	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
1599	276940	0.0130488	4047	0.4072	0.4072	1841	
Iter	log prob	HdxH	llgradll	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
1699	276963	0.00442833	1349.79	1	1	1959	
Iter	log prob	HdxH	llgradll	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
1799	276967	0.00117683	1446.11	1	1	2071	
Iter	log prob	[[dx]]	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
1899	276969	5.4387e-05	261.786	1	1	2184	
Iter	log prob	[[dx]]	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
1999	276977	0.000705551	1604.22	0.05025	1	2298	
Iter	log prob	HdxH	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
2099	276978	0.000390441	554.213	1	1	2417	
Iter	log prob	HdxH	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
2199	276979	0.000840079	405.995	1	1	2523	
Iter	log prob	dx	grad	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
2299	276984	0.0129995	1416.83	1	1	2634	
Iter	log prob	lldxll	llgradl	alpha	alpha0	# evals	Notes
2399	276991	0.000504261	780.11	1	1	2746	
	2,000			-	-	2, 10	

```
||dx||
   Iter
            log prob
                                      ||grad||
                                                     alpha
                                                               alpha0 # evals Notes
   1599
              276940
                        0.0130488
                                          4047
                                                    0.4072
                                                               0.4072
                                                                         1841
                                       ||grad||
   Iter
            log prob
                           dx
                                                    alpha
                                                               alpha0 # evals Notes
              276963
                       0.00442833
                                       1349.79
   1699
                                                        1
                                                                         1959
                                                                   1
                                       ||grad||
                                                               alpha0 # evals Notes
   Iter
            log prob
                           ||dx||
                                                     alpha
   1799
              276967 0.00117683
                                       1446.11
                                                                          2071
   Iter
            log prob
                           ||dx||
                                      ||grad||
                                                     alpha
                                                               alpha0 # evals Notes
              276969
                                        261.786
   1899
                       5.4387e-05
                                                                         2184
                                                        1
                                                                   1
                                                               alpha0 # evals Notes
                                                    alpha
   Iter
            log prob
                           ||dx||
                                      ||grad||
   1999
              276977
                      0.000705551
                                        1604.22
                                                   0.05025
                                                                          2298
            log prob
                                      ||grad||
                                                               alpha0 # evals Notes
   Iter
                           ||dx||
                                                     alpha
   2099
              276978 0.000390441
                                        554.213
                                                                          2417
                                                                    1
                                      ||grad||
   Iter
            log prob
                           ||dx||
                                                     alpha
                                                               alpha0 # evals Notes
   2199
              276979 0.000840079
                                        405.995
                                                                          2523
            log prob
                           ||dx||
                                       ||grad||
                                                     alpha
                                                               alpha0 # evals Notes
   Iter
   2299
              276984
                      0.0129995
                                        1416.83
                                                                         2634
                                                               alpha0 # evals Notes
   Iter
            log prob
                           HdxII
                                      ||grad||
                                                     alpha
              276991 0.000504261
   2399
                                         780.11
                                                                   - 1
                                                                         2746
   Iter
            log prob
                           ||dx||
                                       ||grad||
                                                     alpha
                                                               alpha0 # evals Notes
                      0.000328719
                                                     1
   2484
              276995
                                        150.226
                                                                   1
                                                                          2834
Optimization terminated normally:
```

Convergence detected: relative gradient magnitude is below tolerance

	ds	yhat	yhat_lower	yhat_upper
121291	2018-08-02 20:00:00	2642.342914	2335.898024	2919.397988
121292	2018-08-02 21:00:00	2609.150012	2312.230063	2913.294253
121293	2018-08-02 22:00:00	2528.993141	2225.667484	2820.733794
121294	2018-08-02 23:00:00	2414.260926	2089.484684	2717.478114
121295	2018-08-03 00:00:00	2287.878661	1992.508115	2592.631013

df1_prophet['ypred'] = pred['yhat']
df1_prophet

df1_prophet['ypred'] = pred['yhat']

```
        ds
        y
        ypred

        0
        2004-10-01 01:00:00
        1621.0
        1719.354844

        1
        2004-10-01 02:00:00
        1536.0
        1624.996227

        2
        2004-10-01 03:00:00
        1500.0
        1564.135432

        3
        2004-10-01 04:00:00
        1434.0
        1548.412754

        4
        2004-10-01 05:00:00
        1489.0
        1586.608153

        ...
        ...
        ...
        ...

        121291
        2018-08-02 20:00:00
        2554.0
        2642.342914

        121292
        2018-08-02 21:00:00
        2481.0
        2609.150012

        121293
        2018-08-02 22:00:00
        2405.0
        2528.993141

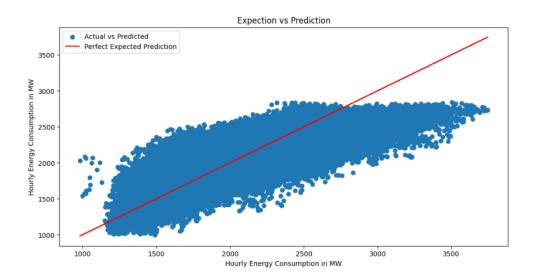
        121294
        2018-08-02 23:00:00
        2250.0
        2414.260926

        121295
        2018-08-03 00:00:00
        2042.0
        2287.878661
```

121296 rows × 3 columns

Now call the function to generate evaluation reports and plots. model_evaluation(df1_prophet['y'], df1_prophet['ypred'], model_name = 'Prophet model for Hourly sampling')

Model Evaluation Report:
Mean Absolute Error(MAE) of Prophet model for Hourly sampling: 175.26691202068454
Mean Squared Error(MSE) of Prophet model for Hourly sampling: 53195.55642337283
Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) of Prophet model for Hourly sampling: 230.64161991827873
Explained Variance Score (EVS) of Prophet model for Hourly sampling: 0.6563195811383269
R2 of Prophet model for Hourly sampling: 0.66



AUTHOR: RINI CHRISTY

Define model_prophet function

Define a function to generate pipeline to execute all the above mentioned steps involved.

```
def model_prophet(df, sampling_time_period):
  if sampling_time_period == 'H':
    forecast\_periods = 8766
    forecast_frequency = 'h'
    model_name = 'Prophet model for Hourly Sampling'
  elif sampling_time_period == 'D':
    forecast\_periods = 365
    forecast_frequency = 'd'
    model_name = 'Prophet model for Daily Sampling'
  elif sampling_time_period == 'W':
    forecast\_periods = 52
    forecast_frequency = 'w'
    model name = 'Prophet model for Weekly Sampling'
  else:
    forecast\_periods = 12
    forecast_frequency = 'm'
    model_name = 'Prophet model for Monthly Sampling'
  df_prophet = df.resample(sampling_time_period).mean()
  df1_prophet = df_prophet.reset_index()
  df1_prophet.columns = ['ds', 'y']
  m=Prophet()
  m.fit(df1_prophet)
  future = m.make_future_dataframe(forecast_periods, forecast_frequency)
  # Periods: 12 for monthly; 52 for weekly, 365 for daily and 8766 for hourly resampled data for 1 year
forecast.
  # Frequency D, w, m for daily, weekly and monthly
```

```
pred = m.predict(future)
fig1 = m.plot(pred)
fig2 = m.plot_components(pred)

df1_prophet['ypred'] = pred['yhat']
model_evaluation(df1_prophet['y'], df1_prophet['ypred'], model_name = model_name)
```

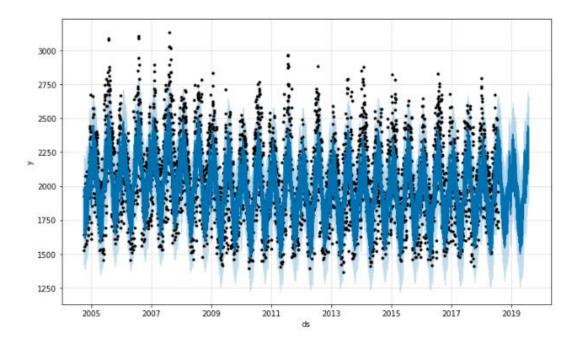
Prophet to predict & forecast Daily Resampled data

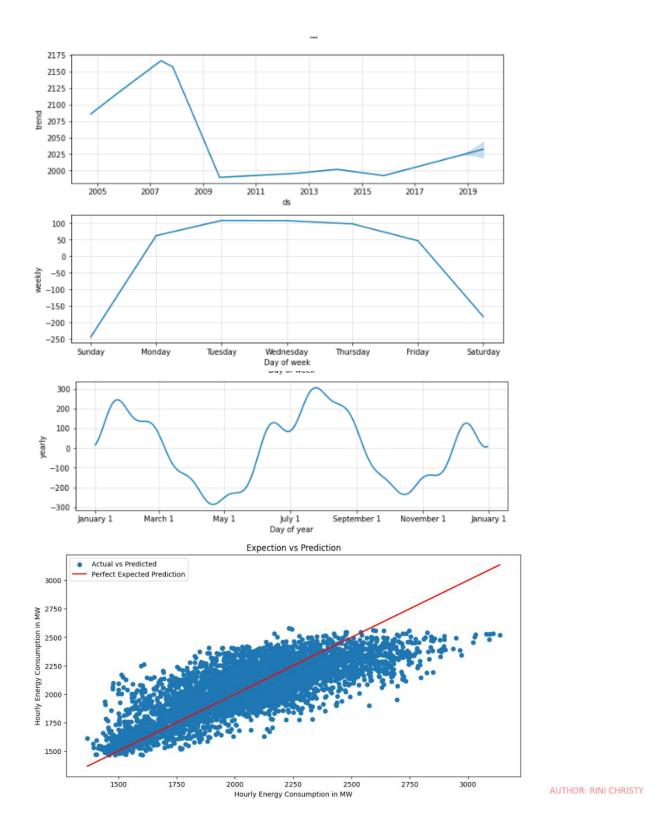
model_prophet(df, 'D')

```
model_prophet(df, 'D')
Initial log joint probability = -25.7626
                                      ||grad||
                                                    alpha
                                                              alpha0 # evals Notes
            log prob
                           | dx |
     99
              11835
                        0.0101273
                                       177.161
                                                                  1
                                                                         117
                                     ||grad||
                                                    alpha
                                                              alpha0
   Iter
            log prob
                          ||dx||
                                                                     # evals Notes
    163
            11837.7
                      0.00022225
                                       300.179
                                                1.148e-06
                                                              0.001
                                                                         248 LS failed, Hessian reset
                      0.00098017
             11839.7
                                       159.762
                                                   0.8665
                                                              0.8665
                                                                         287
    199
   Iter
            log prob
                          ||dx||
                                      ||grad||
                                                    alpha
                                                              alpha0 # evals Notes
    299
             11841.4 0.000430198
                                       105.96
                                                    1.802
                                                              0.1802
                                                                        423
            log prob
   Iter
                          ||dx||
                                    ||grad||
                                                    alpha
                                                              alpha0 # evals Notes
              11842 0.000134557
    367
                                                6.081e-07
                                                              0.001
                                                                        550 LS failed, Hessian reset
                                       279.549
             11842.4 2.30231e-05
                                       75.5796
    399
                                                   0.2662
                                                              0.2662
                                                                        590
   Iter
            log prob
                           dx
                                      ||grad||
                                                    alpha
                                                              alpha0 # evals Notes
            11842.5 7.32493e-05
                                      168.459
                                                8.338e-07
                                                              0.001
                                                                       712 LS failed, Hessian reset
    476
             11842.5
                      1.73706e-06
                                       57.5918
                                                    3.111
                                                                         735
Optimization terminated normally:
```

Convergence detected: relative gradient magnitude is below tolerance

```
Model Evaluation Report:
Mean Absolute Error(MAE) of Prophet model for Daily Sampling: 138.3971125653635
Mean Squared Error(MSE) of Prophet model for Daily Sampling: 33109.345298231936
Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) of Prophet model for Daily Sampling: 181.9597353763517
Explained Variance Score (EVS) of Prophet model for Daily Sampling: 0.6126876370704513
R2 of Prophet model for Daily Sampling: 0.61
```





Prophet to predict & forecast Weekly Resampled data model_prophet(df, 'W')

model_prophet(df, 'W')

```
Initial log joint probability = -6.45896
                                                      alpha
            log prob
                                                                alpha0 # evals Notes
   Iter
                            | | dx | |
                                       ||grad||
                       0.000541518
                                                                                LS failed, Hessian reset
     49
             1804.58
                                        143.864 7.397e-06
                                                                0.001
                                                                            98
     99
             1806.01
                       0.00201006
                                        75.1358
                                                       1
                                                                    1
                                                                            165
    Iter
             log prob
                           ||dx||
                                       ||grad||
                                                      alpha
                                                                alpha0 # evals Notes
                                        68.1648
    157
             1806.46
                       0.000176044
                                                  2.603e-06
                                                                 0.001
                                                                            276 LS failed, Hessian reset
    197
                       3.45772e-05
                                        73.0106
                                                  3.797e-07
                                                                 0.001
                                                                            373 LS failed, Hessian reset
              1806.47
    199
              1806.47
                        9.8273e-06
                                        54.1618
                                                      1.886
                                                                 0.726
                                                                            377
   Iter
             log prob
                         ||dx||
                                       ||grad||
                                                      alpha
                                                                alpha0 # evals Notes
    221
              1806.47
                       1.80982e-07
                                        60.8729
                                                                    1
                                                                            411
```

Optimization terminated normally: Convergence detected: relative gradient magnitude is below tolerance

Model Evaluation Report:

2005

2007

2009

2011

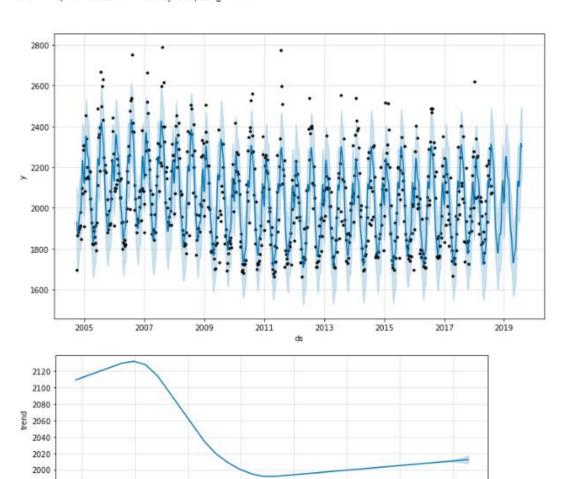
2013

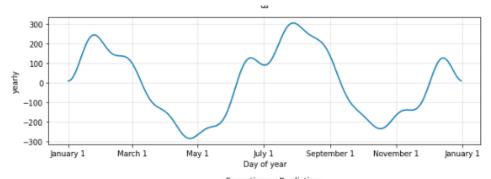
2015

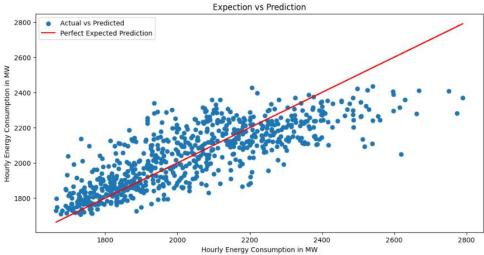
2017

2019

Mean Absolute Error(MAE) of Prophet model for Weekly Sampling: 105.3809214020505
Mean Squared Error(MSE) of Prophet model for Weekly Sampling: 18800.69397592468
Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) of Prophet model for Weekly Sampling: 137.1156226544761
Explained Variance Score (EVS) of Prophet model for Weekly Sampling: 0.6356853809866685
R2 of Prophet model for Weekly Sampling: 0.64







AUTHOR: RINI CHRISTY

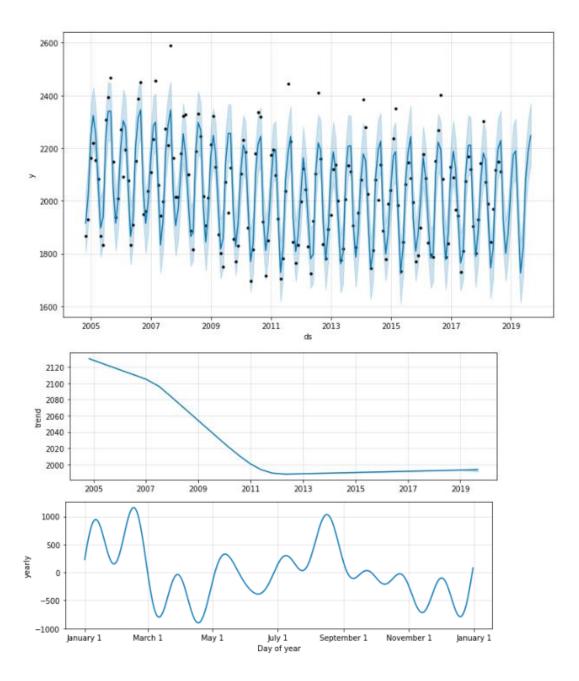
Prophet to predict & forecast Monthly Resampled data

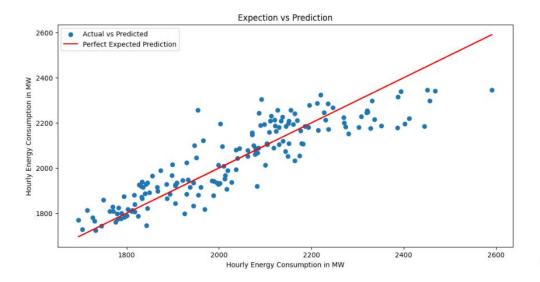
model_prophet(df, 'M')

```
model_prophet(df, 'M')
Initial log joint probability = -2.63888
                             ||dx||
                                         ||grad||
                                                        alpha
                                                                  alpha0 # evals Notes
             log prob
               477.19
                        0.000658678
                                          72.3295
     99
                                                       0.2372
                                                                       1
                                                                              129
                                                                   alpha0
                                                                            evals Notes
    Iter
             log prob
                            ||dx||
                                         ||grad||
                                                        alpha
    138
              477.387
                        0.000580499
                                           103.43
                                                    9.281e-06
                                                                   0.001
                                                                              276
                                                                                   LS failed, Hessian reset
    199
              477.435
                        9.47021e-08
                                          63.1428
                                                       0.3017
                                                                              361
                             ||dx||
                                         ||grad||
    Iter
             log prob
                                                        alpha
                                                                  alpha0
                                                                          # evals Notes
    230
              477.435
                        2.51825e-08
                                          73.6185
                                                        0.453
                                                                  0.1513
                                                                              410
Optimization terminated normally:
  Convergence detected: relative gradient magnitude is below tolerance
```

Model Evaluation Report:

Mean Absolute Error(MAE) of Prophet model for Monthly Sampling: 67.92250986262407
Mean Squared Error(MSE) of Prophet model for Monthly Sampling: 7654.657974779729
Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) of Prophet model for Monthly Sampling: 87.49090224005995
Explained Variance Score (EVS) of Prophet model for Monthly Sampling: 0.7939418045130358
R2 of Prophet model for Monthly Sampling: 0.79





Hourly consumption prediction and forecast using separate y_train and y_test

AUTHOR: RINI CHRISTY

```
y_train = y_train.reset_index()
y_train.columns = ['ds', 'y']
y_test = y_test.reset_index()
y_test.columns = ['ds', 'y']

m = Prophet()
m.fit(y_train)
y_test['ds']
```

```
y_train = y_train.reset_index()
y_train.columns = ['ds', 'y']
y_test = y_test.reset_index()
y_test.columns = ['ds', 'y']
```

```
m = Prophet()
  m.fit(y_train)
  y_test['ds']
Initial log joint probability = -1602.9

Iter log prob ||dx||
                                             ||grad||
                                                             alpha
                                                                         alpha0
                                                                                 # evals
                                                                                           Notes
                 256856
                            0.00219909
                                                            0.6274
                                                                         0.6274
    Iter
               log prob
                                ||dx||
                                             ||grad||
                                                             alpha
                                                                         alpha0
                                                                                 # evals
                                                                                           Notes
                           0.00485588
     199
                 257125
                                               9642.4
                                                            0.8985
                                                                        0.08985
                                                                                      251
                                             ||grad||
                                                             alpha
    Iter
                                                                         alpha0
               log prob
                                HdxII
                                                                                 # evals
                                                                                           Notes
                 257280
                           0.000283684
                                              3032.31
     299
                                                            0.1687
                                                                         0.1687
                                                                                      367
               log prob
                                ||dx||
                                             ||grad||
                                                             alpha
                                                                         alpha0
                                                                                    evals
     399
                 257434
                           0.00356845
                                              17024.2
                                                            0.2836
                                                                         0.2836
                                                                                      480
                          ||dx||
0.000399738
                                                            alpha
0.2548
    Iter
               log prob
                                             ||grad||
                                                                         alpha0
                                                                                 # evals
                                                                                           Notes
                 257606
                                                                         0.2548
     499
                                              2438.48
                                                                                     596
                                ||dx||
                                                                                 # evals
    Iter
               log prob
                                             ||grad||
                                                             alpha
                                                                         alpha0
                                                                                           Notes
```

```
2017-08-02 19:00:00
 0
        2017-08-02 20:00:00
 1
 2
        2017-08-02 21:00:00
        2017-08-02 22:00:00
 3
 4
        2017-08-02 23:00:00
        2018-08-02 20:00:00
 8761
 8762
        2018-08-02 21:00:00
 8763
        2018-08-02 22:00:00
 8764
        2018-08-02 23:00:00
 8765
        2018-08-03 00:00:00
 Name: ds, Length: 8766, dtype: datetime64[ns]
    257678
              0.00286456
                                3860.18
                                                                      700
               log prob
                                            ||grad||
                                                            alpha
                                                                       alpha0
                                                                               # evals
                                              2223.4
                 257704
                          0.000683028
                                                                                   820
     Iter
               log prob
                                ||dx||
                                            ||grad||
                                                            alpha
                                                                       alpha0
                                                                                 evals
                                                                                        Notes
      799
                 257817
                            0.00788089
                                             2323.01
                                                                                   936
                                                            alpha
                                                                       alpha0
     Iter
                                | dx |
                                            ||grad||
                                                                                 evals
                                                                                        Notes
               log prob
                          0.000331394
                 257917
                                             907,423
                                                            2.868
                                                                       0.2868
      899
                                                                                  1050
                                                           alpha
               log prob
     Iter
                                HdxII
                                            ||grad||
                                                                       alpha0
                                                                                 evals
                                                                                        Notes
                 257949
                             0.0204756
      999
                                             6758.54
                                                                                  1165
                                HdxII
                                                            alpha
                                                                       alpha0
     Iter
               log prob
                                            ||grad||
                                                                               # evals
                                                                                        Notes
     1099
                 257959
                           0.00139502
                                             905.415
                                                                                  1277
                                                            alpha
                                                                       alpha0
     Iter
               log prob
                                dx
                                            ||grad||
                                                                               # evals
                                                                                        Notes
     1199
                 257966
                          0.000561903
                                             1071.34
                                                                                  1392
                                                            alpha
     Iter
               log prob
                                ||dx||
                                            ||grad||
                                                                       alpha0
                                                                               # evals
                                                                                        Notes
     1299
                 257972
                            0.00991649
                                             5623.53
                                                                                  1510
     Iter
               log prob
                               ||dx||
                                            ||grad||
                                                           alpha
                                                                       alpha0
                                                                                 evals
                                                                                        Notes
     1399
                 257980
                           0.00310164
                                             3502.38
                                                           0.2324
                                                                                  1630
                               ||dx||
               log prob
                                            ||grad||
                                                           alpha
                                                                       alpha0
                                                                                 evals
     1499
                 257988
                          0.000302593
                                             280.434
                                                                                  1744
                                                            alpha
                                                                       alpha0
     Iter
               log prob
                               ||dx||
                                            ||grad||
                                                                                 evals
                           0.00166471
     1599
                 258000
                                             959.982
                                                                                  1854
               log prob
                               ||dx||
                                            grad
                                                            alpha
                                                                       alpha0
                                                                                 evals
                                                                                        Notes
     Iter
     1699
                 258006
                            0.00565946
                                             822.998
                                                                                  1969
                                            ||grad||
                                                           alpha
                                                                       alpha0
     Iter
               log prob
                               HdxH
                                                                                 evals
                                                                                        Notes
     1799
                 258011
                           0.00438542
                                                          0.9665
                                                                       0.9665
                                             971.618
                                                                                  2077
                                                                       alpha0
               log prob
                               HdxII
                                            ||grad||
                                                           alpha
                                                                                 evals
                                                                                        Notes
     Iter
                 258016
                            0.00063387
     1899
                                             1644.13
                                                                            1
                                                                                  2188
                                                                       alpha0
                                            ||grad||
                                                            alpha
     Iter
               log prob
                                HdxII
                                                                                 evals
                                                                                        Notes
                          0.000295103
     1964
                 258018
                                             89.4434
                                                                            1
                                                                                  2265
 Optimization terminated normally:
   Convergence detected: relative gradient magnitude is below tolerance
future = y_test[['ds']]
forecast = m.predict(future)
forecast[['ds', 'yhat', 'yhat_lower', 'yhat_upper']].head()
    future = y_test[['ds']]
    forecast = m.predict(future)
    forecast[['ds', 'yhat', 'yhat_lower', 'yhat_upper']].head()
                             yhat yhat_lower yhat_upper
 0 2017-08-02 19:00:00 2597.269691 2295.339123 2881.098679
 1 2017-08-02 20:00:00 2606.193079 2340.022798 2910.000042
 2 2017-08-02 21:00:00 2575.572219 2268.810757 2853.865081
 3 2017-08-02 22:00:00 2497.407800 2210.192107 2776.629929
```

y_test['yhat'] = forecast['yhat']
data = y_test.set_index('ds')
data

4 2017-08-02 23:00:00 2383.943151 2066.212516 2676.286716

```
y_test['yhat'] = forecast['yhat']
data = y_test.set_index('ds')
data
```

	у	yhat
ds		
2017-08-02 19:00:00	2889.0	2597.269691
2017-08-02 20:00:00	2774.0	2606.193079
2017-08-02 21:00:00	2657.0	2575.572219
2017-08-02 22:00:00	2582.0	2497.407800
2017-08-02 23:00:00	2403.0	2383.943151
2018-08-02 20:00:00	2554.0	2573.892221
2018-08-02 21:00:00	2481.0	2541.365987
2018-08-02 22:00:00	2405.0	2461.331637
2018-08-02 23:00:00	2250.0	2346.021487
2018-08-03 00:00:00	2042.0	2218.533797

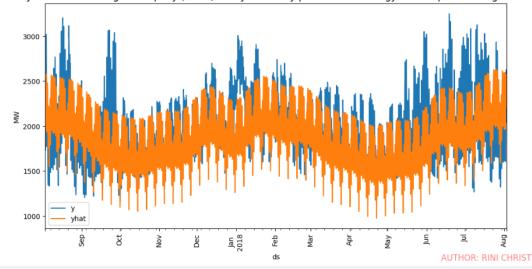
8766 rows × 2 columns

Plot the Energy Consumption data

display_plot(data[['y', 'yhat']], 'The Dayton Power and Light Company (DP&L) One year hourly prediction of energy consumption in MegaWatts (MW)')

```
# Plot the Energy Consumption data display_plot(data[['y', 'yhat']], 'The Dayton Power and Light Company (DP&L) One year hourly prediction of energy consumption in MegaWatts (MW)')
```

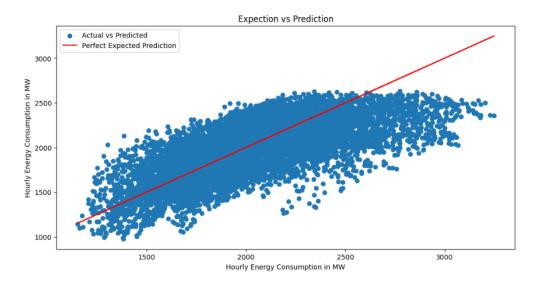
The Dayton Power and Light Company (DP&L) One year hourly prediction of energy consumption in MegaWatts (MW)



model_evaluation(data['y'], data['yhat'], model_name = 'Prophet model for Hourly sampling')

```
model_evaluation(data['y'], data['yhat'], model_name = 'Prophet model for Hourly sampling')
```

```
Model Evaluation Report:
Mean Absolute Error(MAE) of Prophet model for Hourly sampling: 210.00759086534984
Mean Squared Error(MSE) of Prophet model for Hourly sampling: 73556.15149719916
Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) of Prophet model for Hourly sampling: 271.2123734220088
Explained Variance Score (EVS) of Prophet model for Hourly sampling: 0.47791157636304604
R2 of Prophet model for Hourly sampling: 0.45
```



AUTHOR: RINI CHRISTY

Forecasting the future hourly energy consumption

Other than using make_future_dataframe of Prophet in order to add hourly future rows, use pandas Timedelta, which is a subclass of datetime.timedelta. DateOffset can also be used in this instance. # Make sure ds is set to timestamp y_test['ds'] = pd.to_datetime(y_test['ds'])

```
# create a future date df
ftr = (y_test['ds'] + pd.Timedelta(8766, unit='hours')).to_frame()
ftr
```

```
# Make sure ds is set to timestamp
    y_test['ds'] = pd.to_datetime(y_test['ds'])
    # create a future date df
    ftr = (y_test['ds'] + pd.Timedelta(8766, unit='hours')).to_frame()
    ftr
                      ds
     0 2018-08-03 01:00:00
    1 2018-08-03 02:00:00
     2 2018-08-03 03:00:00
    3 2018-08-03 04:00:00
     4 2018-08-03 05:00:00
 8761 2019-08-03 02:00:00
 8762 2019-08-03 03:00:00
 8763 2019-08-03 04:00:00
 8764 2019-08-03 05:00:00
 8765 2019-08-03 06:00:00
8766 rows × 1 columns
forecast = m.predict(ftr)
ftr['forecast'] = forecast['yhat']
data1 = ftr.set_index('ds')
data1
   forecast = m.predict(ftr)
   ftr['forecast'] = forecast['yhat']
   data1 = ftr.set_index('ds')
   data1
                    forecast
              ds
 2018-08-03 01:00:00 2100.025651
 2018-08-03 02:00:00 2004.588318
 2018-08-03 03:00:00 1943.054178
 2018-08-03 04:00:00 1927.101549
 2018-08-03 05:00:00 1965.462302
 2019-08-03 02:00:00 1837.479670
 2019-08-03 03:00:00 1766.724641
 2019-08-03 04:00:00 1741.482400
 2019-08-03 05:00:00 1770.558172
 2019-08-03 06:00:00 1849.996701
8766 rows × 1 columns
df_forecast = pd.concat([data, data1])
df_forecast
```

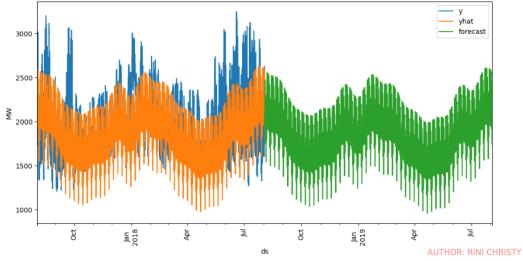
<pre>df_forecast = pd.concat([data, data1]) df_forecast</pre>					
	у	yhat	forecast		
ds					
2017-08-02 19:00:00	2889.0	2597.269691	NaN		
2017-08-02 20:00:00	2774.0	2606.193079	NaN		
2017-08-02 21:00:00	2657.0	2575.572219	NaN		
2017-08-02 22:00:00	2582.0	2497.407800	NaN		
2017-08-02 23:00:00	2403.0	2383.943151	NaN		
2019-08-03 02:00:00	NaN	NaN	1837.479670		
2019-08-03 03:00:00	NaN	NaN	1766.724641		
2019-08-03 04:00:00	NaN	NaN	1741.482400		
2019-08-03 05:00:00	NaN	NaN	1770.558172		
2019-08-03 06:00:00	NaN	NaN	1849.996701		

17532 rows × 3 columns

Plot the Energy Consumption data display_plot(df_forecast[['y', 'yhat', 'forecast']],

'The Dayton Power and Light Company (DP&L) One year hourly prediction & forecast of energy consumption in MegaWatts (MW)')

The Dayton Power and Light Company (DP&L) One year hourly prediction & forecast of energy consumption in MegaWatts (MW)



Final Report

Final report to compare all different time series models is done as follows. Mean Squared Error(MSE), Mean Absolute Error(MAE), Root Mean Squared Error(RMSE), R2 score etc are used to compare models performance.

First define a dataset function to generate resampled time series data with hourly, daily, weekly, semi-monthly, monthly, quarterly and yearly frequencies. Then using a for loop generate the errors and regression scores for each time series sampling.

```
def dataset(df, sampling time period):
  df prophet = df.resample(sampling time period).mean()
  df1_prophet = df_prophet.reset_index()
  df1_prophet.columns = ['ds', 'y']
  return df1_prophet
from
                                   mean_squared_error,mean_absolute_error,explained_variance_score,
       sklearn.metrics
                         import
r2 score
Models=[("Hourly Sampling",dataset(df, 'H')), # Hourly frequency
    ("Daily Sampling",dataset(df, 'D')), # Daily frequency
    ("Weekly Sampling",dataset(df,'W')), # weekly frequency
    ("Semi Monthly Sampling", dataset(df, 'SM')), # semi-month end frequency (15th and end of month)
    ("Monthly Sampling",dataset(df, 'M')), # month end frequency
    ("Quarterly Sampling", dataset(df, 'O')), # quarter end frequency
    ("Yearly Sampling",dataset(df, 'Y'))] # Year end frequency)
Model_output=[]
for name,df_prophet in Models:
  m=Prophet()
  yhat=m.fit(df_prophet).predict(df_prophet[['ds']])['yhat']
  MAE = mean_absolute_error(df_prophet['y'], yhat)
  MSE = mean_squared_error(df_prophet['y'], yhat)
  RMSE = np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(df_prophet['y'], yhat))
  R2 score = r2 score(df prophet['y'], yhat)
  Model output.append((name, MAE, MSE, RMSE, R2 score))
  final_Report=pd.DataFrame(Model_output, columns=['Sampling Type','MAE', 'MSE', 'RMSE', 'R2
score'])
final_Report.style.set_properties(**{ 'background-color': 'lavenderBlush'})
```

```
def dataset(df, sampling_time_period):
    df_prophet = df.resample(sampling_time_period).mean()
    df1_prophet = df_prophet.reset_index()
    df1_prophet.columns = ['ds', 'y']
    return df1_prophet
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error,mean_absolute_error,explained_variance_score, r2_score
Models=[("Hourly Sampling", dataset(df, 'H')), # Hourly frequency
        ("Daily Sampling", dataset(df, 'D')), # Daily frequency
        ("Weekly Sampling", dataset(df, 'W')), # weekly frequency
        ("Semi Monthly Sampling", dataset(df, 'SM')), # semi-month end frequency (15th and end of month)
        ("Monthly Sampling", dataset(df, 'M')), # month end frequency
        ("Quarterly Sampling", dataset(df, 'Q')), # quarter end frequency
        ("Yearly Sampling", dataset(df, 'Y'))] # Year end frequency)
Model_output=[]
for name, df_prophet in Models:
   m=Prophet()
    yhat=m.fit(df_prophet).predict(df_prophet[['ds']])['yhat']
   MAE = mean_absolute_error(df_prophet['y'], yhat)
   MSE = mean_squared_error(df_prophet['y'], yhat)
   RMSE = np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(df_prophet['y'], yhat))
   R2_score = r2_score(df_prophet['y'], yhat)
   Model_output.append((name, MAE, MSE, RMSE, R2_score))
    final_Report=pd.DataFrame(Model_output, columns=['Sampling Type','MAE', 'MSE', 'RMSE', 'R2 score'])
final_Report.style.set_properties(**{'background-color': 'lavenderBlush'})
```

	Sampling Type	MAE	MSE	RMSE	R2 score
0	Hourly Sampling	175.266912	53195.556423	230.641619	0.656320
1	Daily Sampling	138.397113	33109.345298	181.959735	0.612688
2	Weekly Sampling	105.380921	18800.693976	137.115623	0.635685
3	Semi Monthly Sampling	84.180925	12043.406149	109.742454	0.723611
4	Monthly Sampling	67.922510	7654.657975	87.490902	0.793942
5	Quarterly Sampling	47.513183	3621.222593	60.176595	0.792992
6	Yearly Sampling	49.334096	3158.297195	56.198729	0.248087

Concluding remarks:

It seems this model has worked comparatively well with Quarterly sampling with performance decreasing in successive order from Quarterly, Monthly, Semi monthly, Weekly, daily, hourly. However with yearly sampling it exhibits very poor results.

References:

- 1. Prophet Documentation
- 2. Multi seasonal time series analysis: decomposition and forecasting with Python
- 3. The Bokeh Visualization Library
- 4. Handling and Visualizing Tabular data
- 5. <u>Time series / date functionality</u>

Thank You for taking time to go through this analysis III Hope you liked my work on exploring multiseasonal Time Series data using Prophet. Please like this notebook & let me know what you think about this work. This would help me improve to be able to build various models in better way for my upcoming projects.