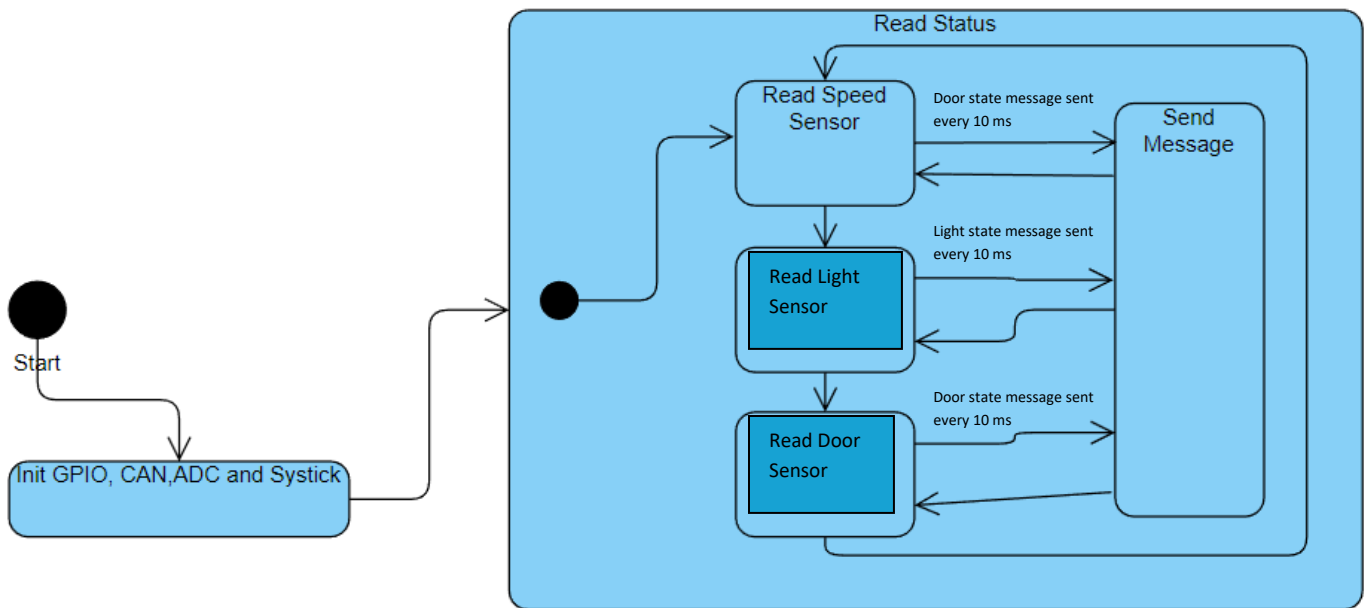


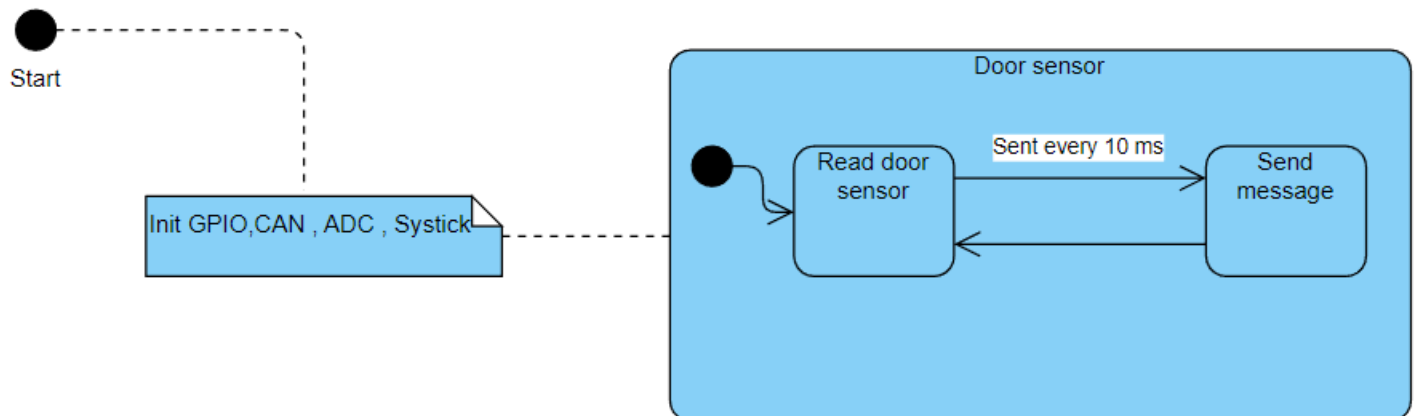
# Dynamic Design

## ECU 1

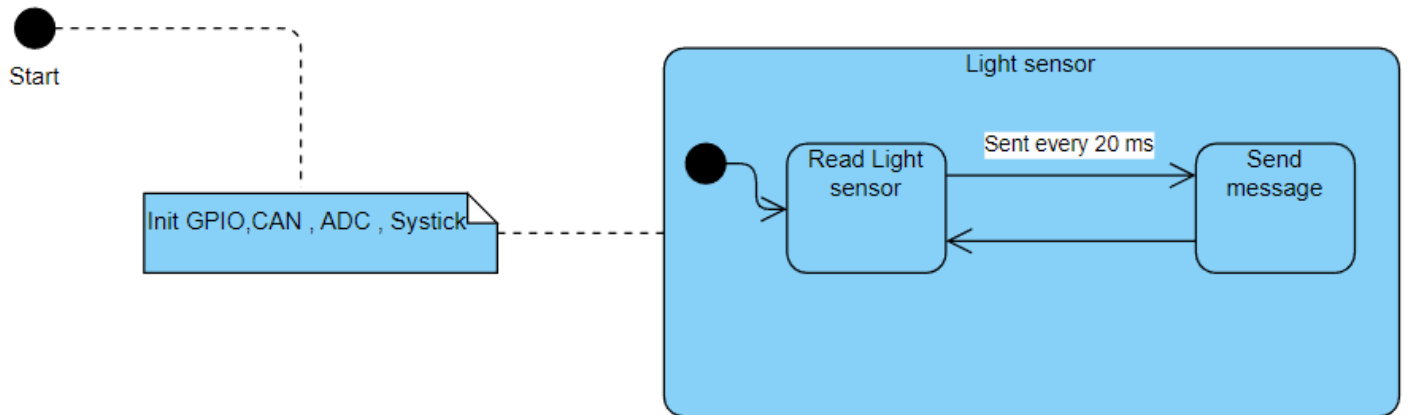
### State Machine Diagram



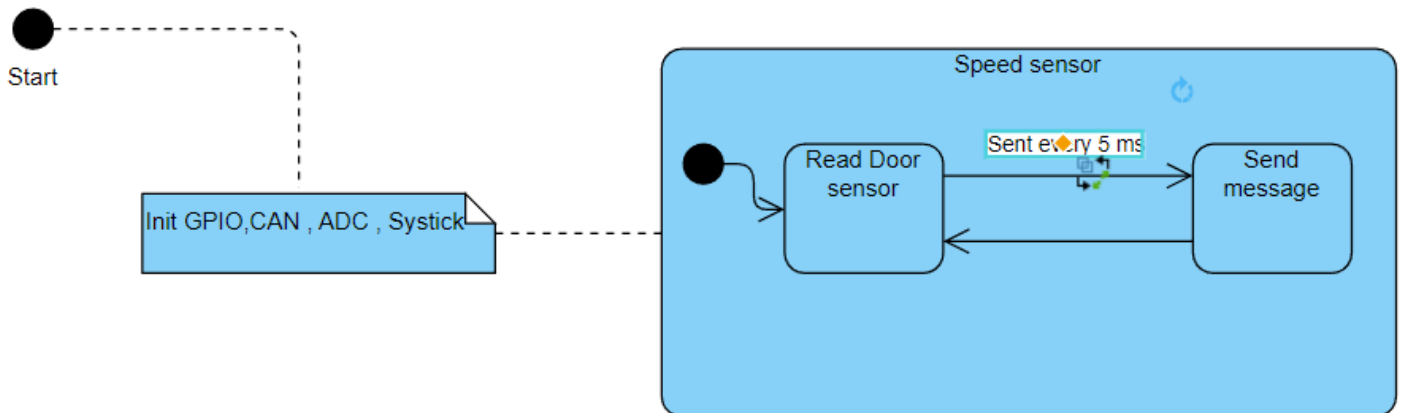
### Door sensor :



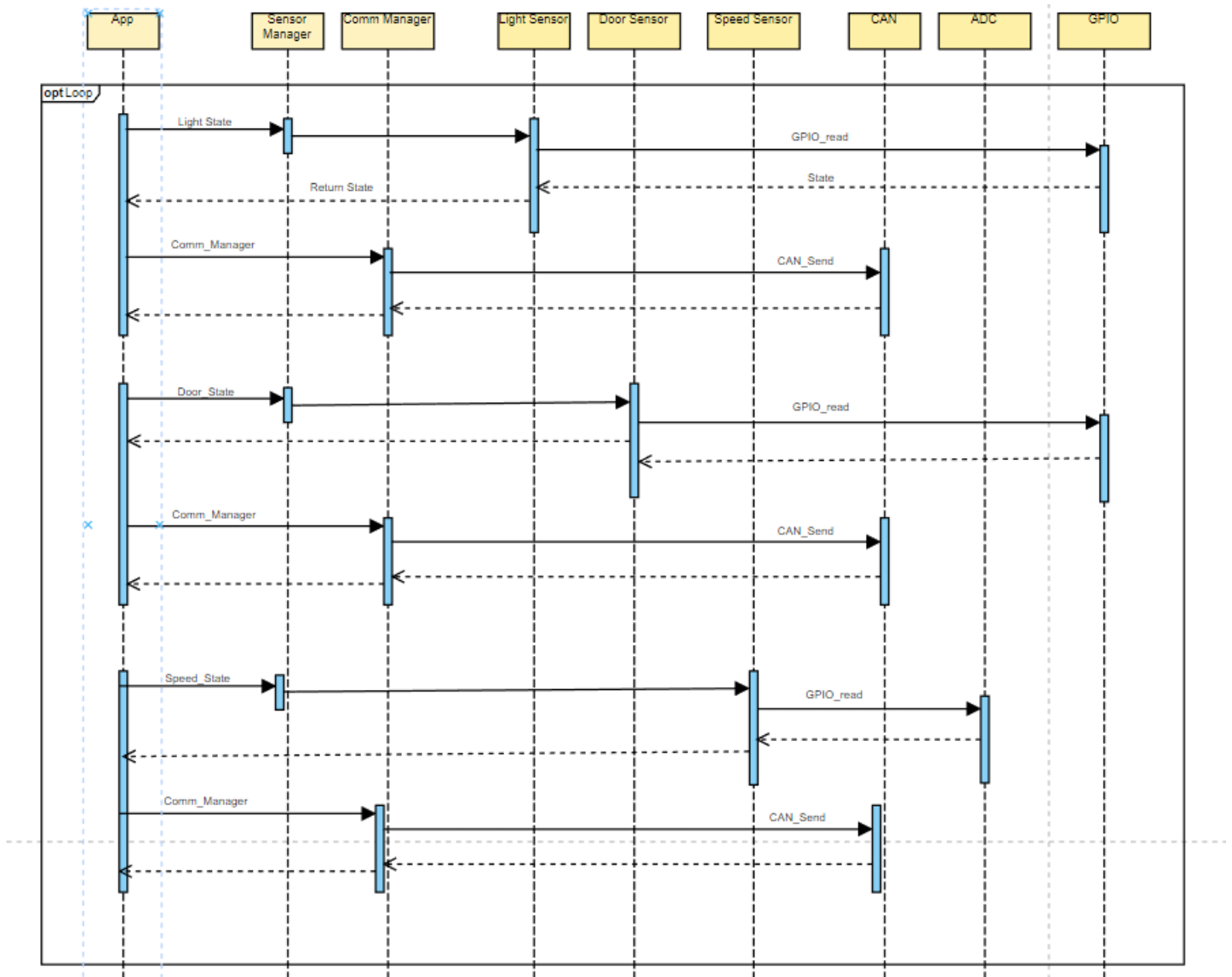
### Light sensor :



### Speed sensor :



# Sequence Diagram



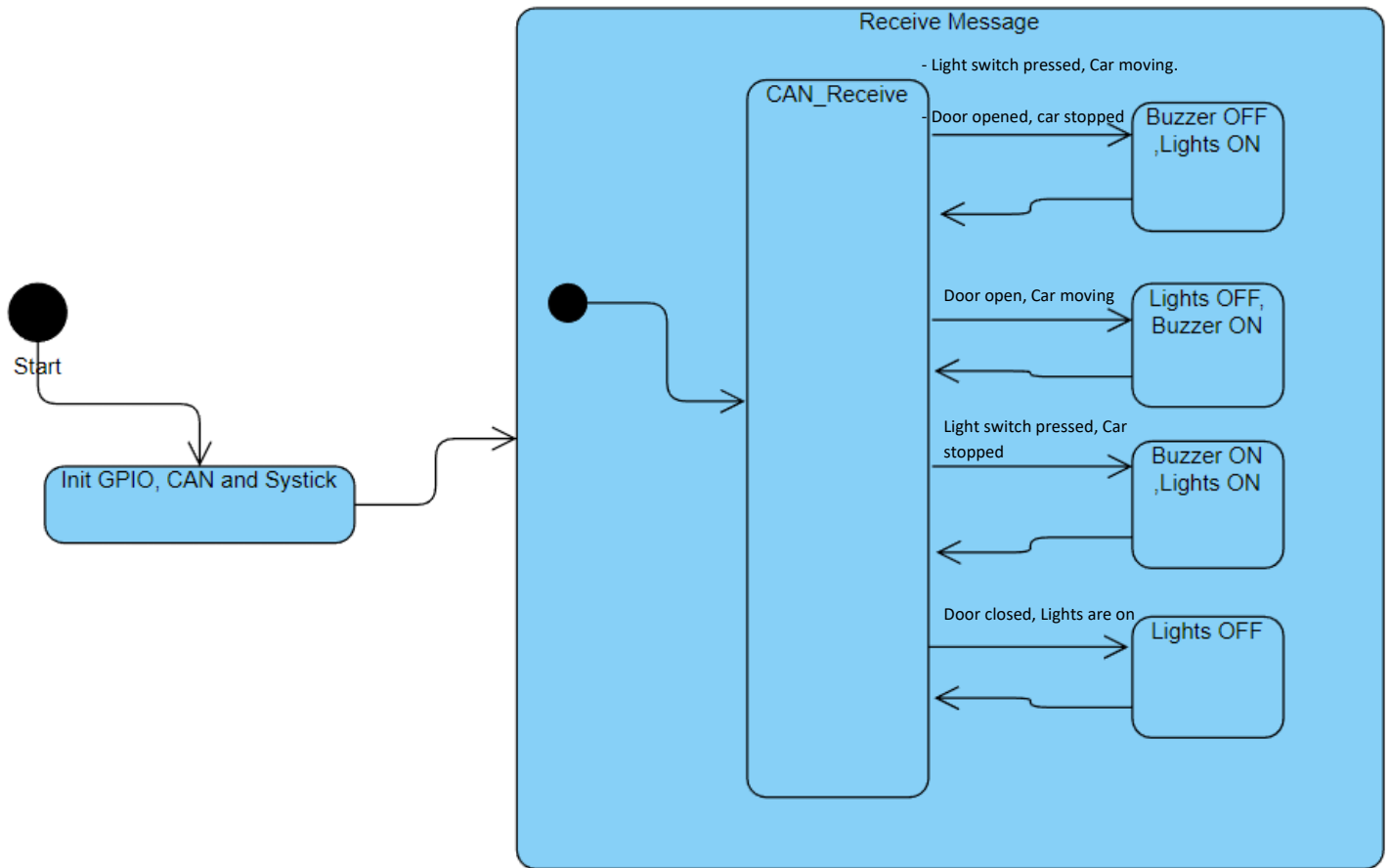
## CPU Load

- Assume execution time of each part of super loop is **1 ms**
- Periodicities of **20, 10, and 5**

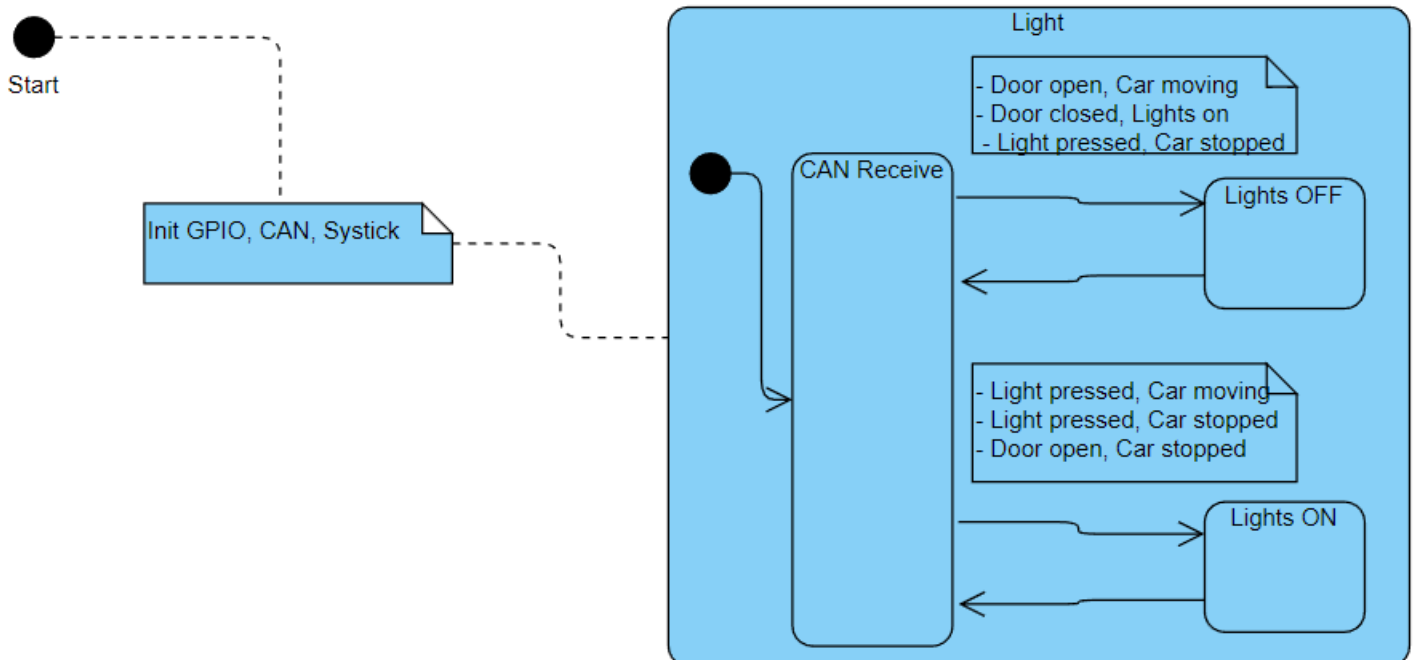
$$\text{CPU Load} = \left( \frac{\sum E}{\text{Hyper period}} \right) = \left( \frac{1+1*2+1*4}{20} \right) * 100 = 35 \%$$

## ECU 2

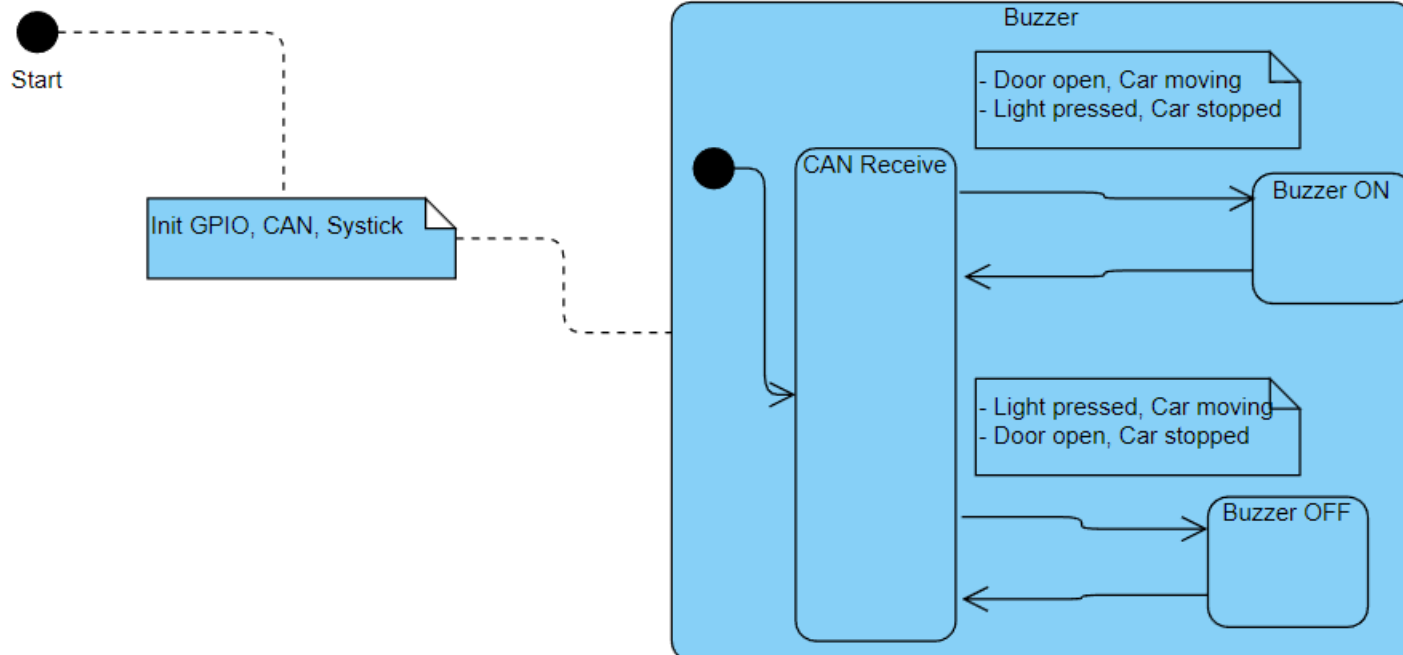
### State Machine Diagram



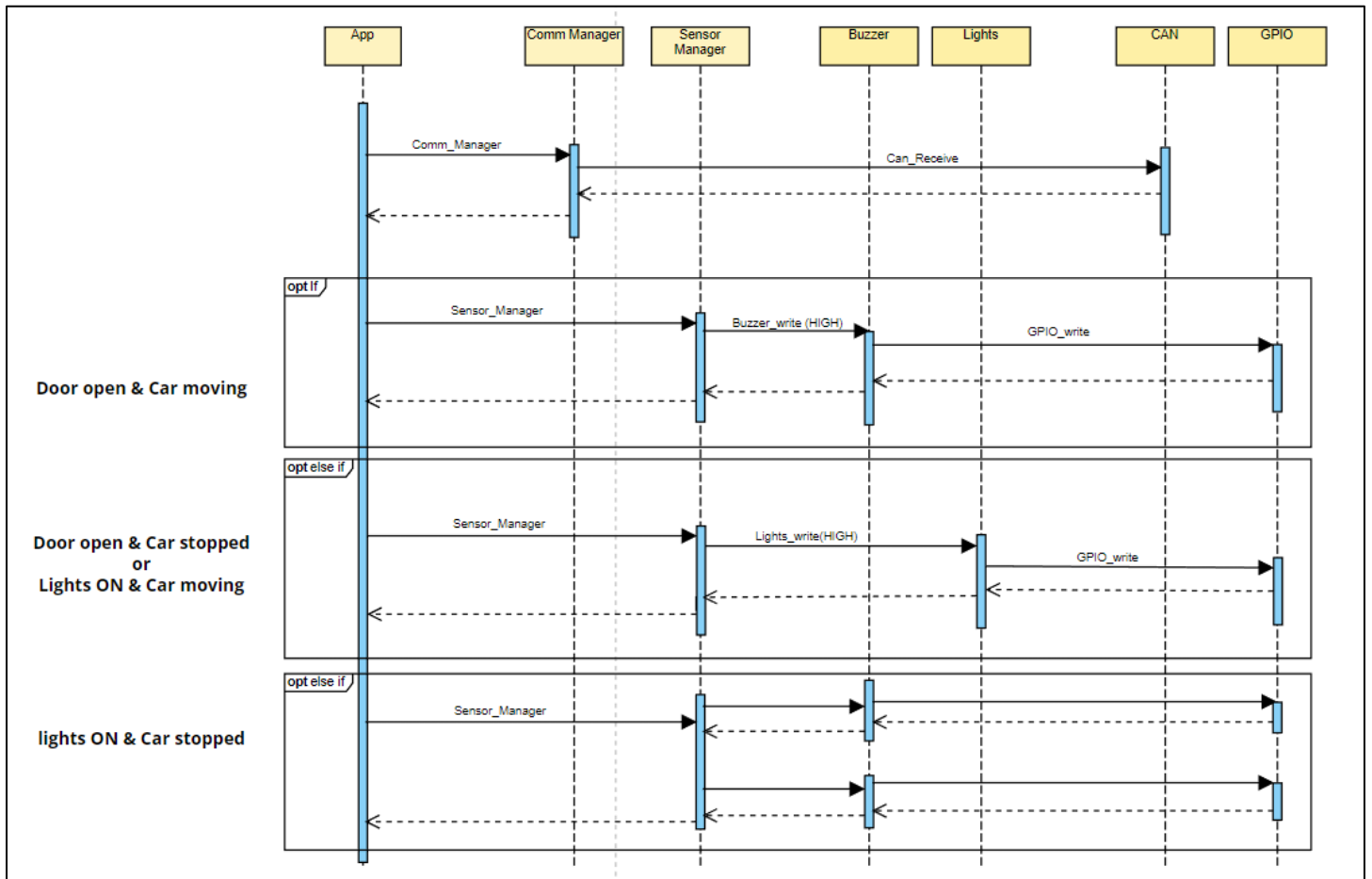
#### Lights:



## Buzzer:



# Sequence Diagram



## CPU Load

- Assume execution time **2 ms** & periodicity of **6 ms**

$$\text{CPU Load} = \left( \frac{\sum E}{\text{Hyper period}} \right) = \left( \frac{2}{6} \right) * 100 = 33 \%$$

## CAN Bus Load

- Assume 1 CAN frame contains ~ 125 bits
- Using 500 Kbit/s bit rate

Bit time = 1 / bit rate = 1 / (500 \* 1000) s = 2 \* 10<sup>-6</sup> s = 2 μs

1 bit will take 2 μs to transfer on bus when using 500 Kbit/s.

Time to transfer 1 frame is (2 μs/bit \* 125 bit) = **250 μs**.

We send: **1 frame** every **20, 10, and 5 ms** -> **200, 100, 50** frames every **1 s**

Total frames in 1 second is 350 frames

Total time = 350 \* 250 = **87500 us**

Bus Load = (87500 \* 1000 / 1000) \* 100 = **8.75 %**