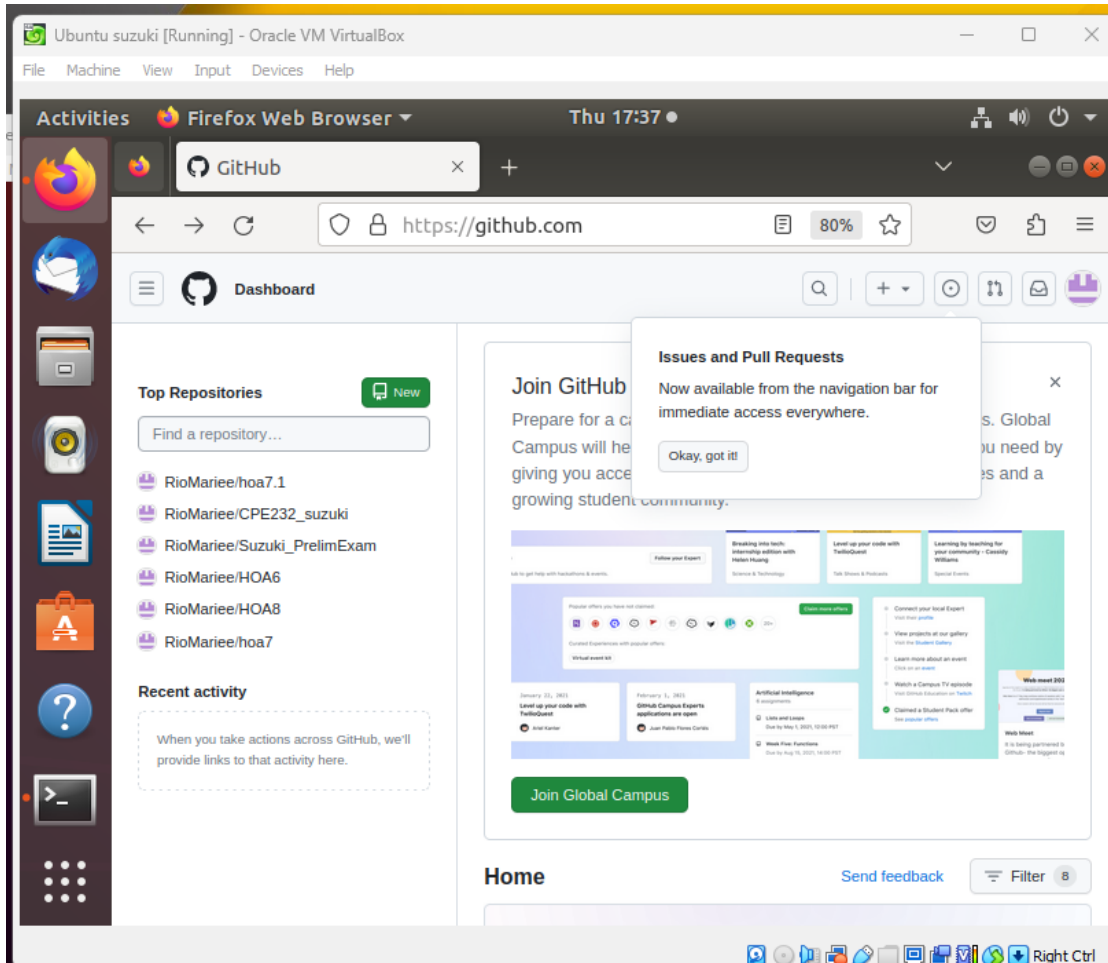


Name: Rio Marie G. Suzuki	Date Performed: 10/12/2023
Course/Section: CPE232 S6	Date Submitted: 10/12/2023
Instructor: Dr. Jonathan Taylar	Semester and SY: 1st sem 2022-2023
Activity 8: Install, Configure, and Manage Availability Monitoring tools	
1. Objectives	
Create and design a workflow that installs, configure and manage enterprise monitoring tools using Ansible as an Infrastructure as Code (IaC) tool.	
2. Discussion	
Availability monitoring is a type of monitoring tool that we use if the certain workload is up or reachable on our end. Site downtime can lead to loss of revenue, reputational damage and severe distress. Availability monitoring prevents adverse situations by checking the uptime of infrastructure components such as servers and apps and notifying the webmaster of problems before they impact on business.	
3. Tasks	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Create a playbook that installs Nagios in both Ubuntu and CentOS. Apply the concept of creating roles. 2. Describe how you did step 1. (Provide screenshots and explanations in your report. Make your report detailed such that it will look like a manual.) 3. Show an output of the installed Nagios for both Ubuntu and CentOS. 4. Make sure to create a new repository in GitHub for this activity. 	

4. Output (screenshots and explanations)

Step 1: Go to github.com and login your account, make a new repository for this activity (HOA8).



Step 2: Clone your github repository and copy the repository link and in the ubuntu terminal with the code “Git clone (paste your link here)”

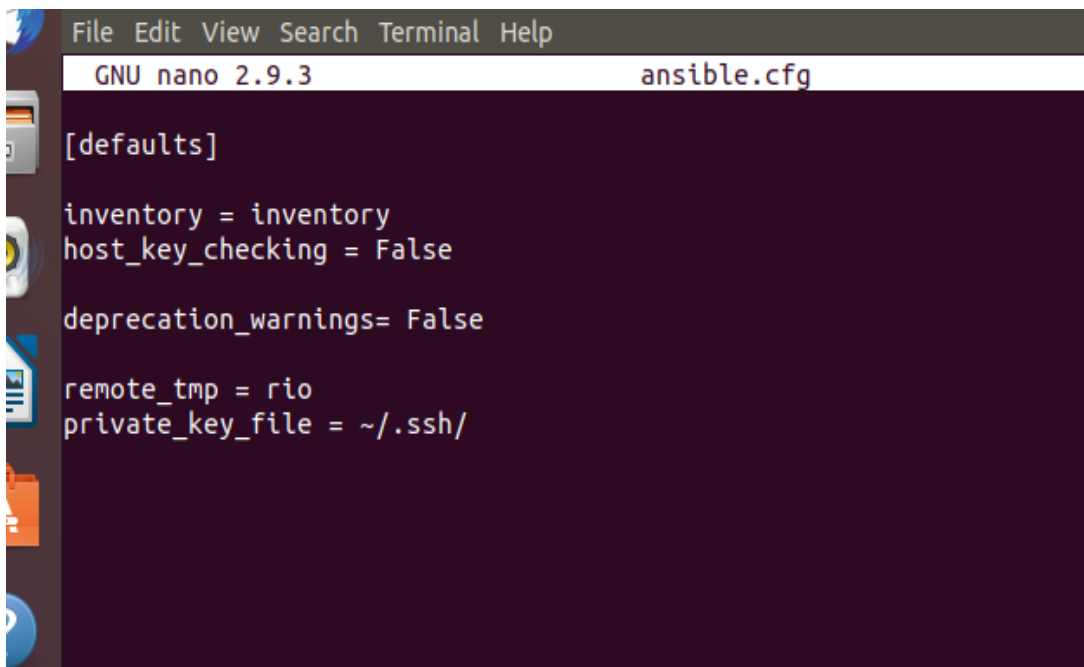
```

rio@Workstation:~$ git clone git@github.com:RioMariee/HOA8.git
Cloning into 'HOA8'...
Warning: Permanently added the ECDSA host key for IP address '20.205.243.166' to the list of known hosts.
remote: Enumerating objects: 3, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (3/3), done.
remote: Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
Receiving objects: 100% (3/3), done.
rio@Workstation:~$ ls
'{'      examples.desktop  'id_rsa\'      Public
ansible.cfg  files             id_rsa.pub     site.yml
config.yaml  HOA6              'id_rsa\.pub' Suzuki_PrelimExam
CPE232_suzuki  hoa7              inventory      Templates
Desktop      hoa7.1            Music          token
Documents    HOA8              Pictures        Videos
Downloads    id_rsa            playbook.yaml  Workstation
rio@Workstation:~$ cd HOA8
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8$ tree
.
├── README.md

0 directories, 1 file
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8$ sudo nano ansible.cfg
[sudo] password for rio:
Sorry, try again.
[sudo] password for rio:
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8$ sudo nano inventory

```

Step 3: Check if the repository has been cloned in the ubuntu and change directory to HOA8 (the name of your repository).



```

File Edit View Search Terminal Help
GNU nano 2.9.3 ansible.cfg

[defaults]

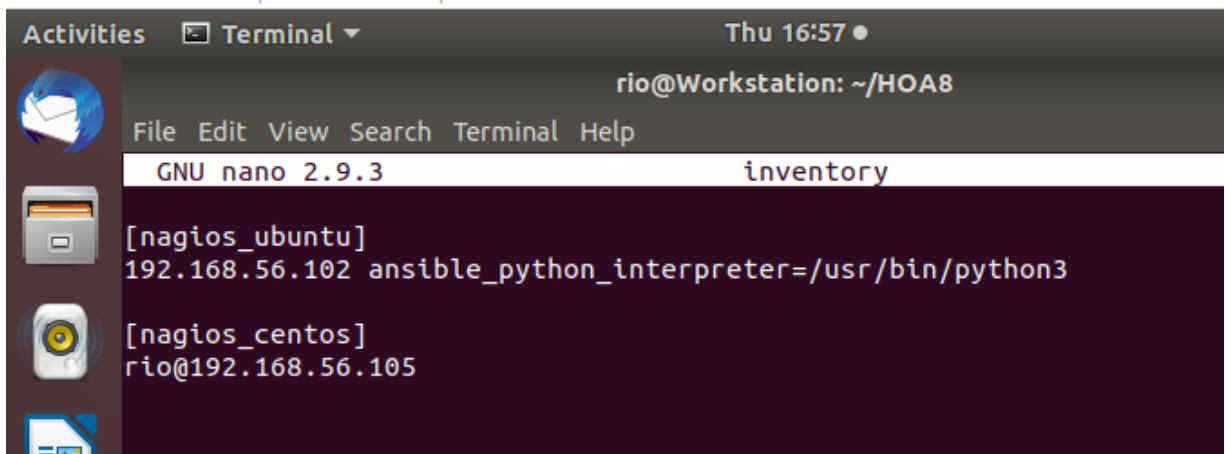
inventory = inventory
host_key_checking = False

deprecation_warnings= False

remote_tmp = rio
private_key_file = ~/.ssh/

```

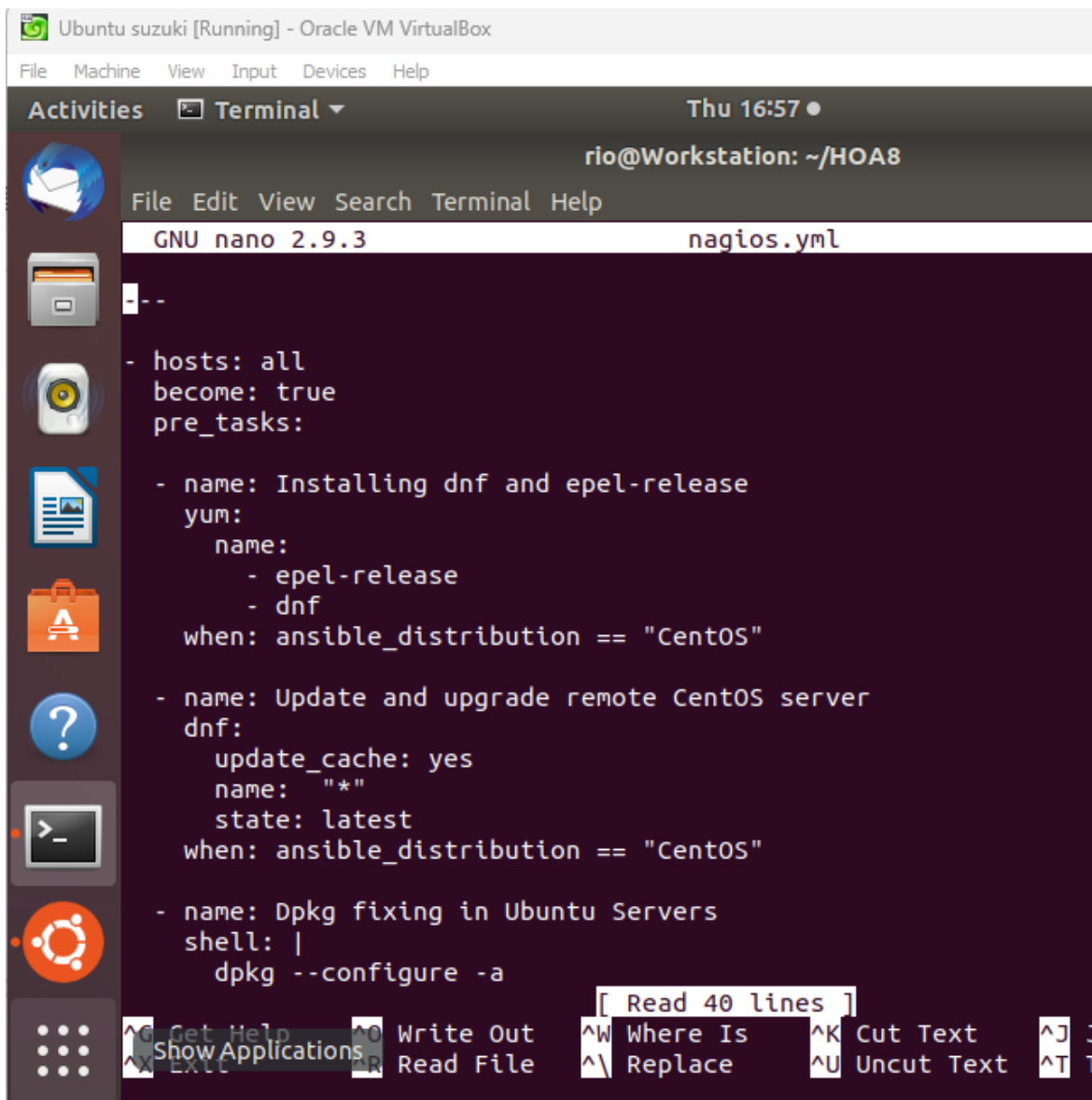
Step 4. Create an ansible.cfg and copy the contents of it in the new directory (HOA8)



A terminal window titled 'Terminal' with a dark background. The prompt is 'rio@Workstation: ~/HOA8'. The file 'inventory' is open in the nano 2.9.3 editor. The content of the file is:

```
[nagios_ubuntu]
192.168.56.102 ansible_python_interpreter=/usr/bin/python3

[nagios_centos]
rio@192.168.56.105
```



A terminal window titled 'Terminal' with a dark background. The prompt is 'rio@Workstation: ~/HOA8'. The file 'nagios.yml' is open in the nano 2.9.3 editor. The content of the file is:

```
--

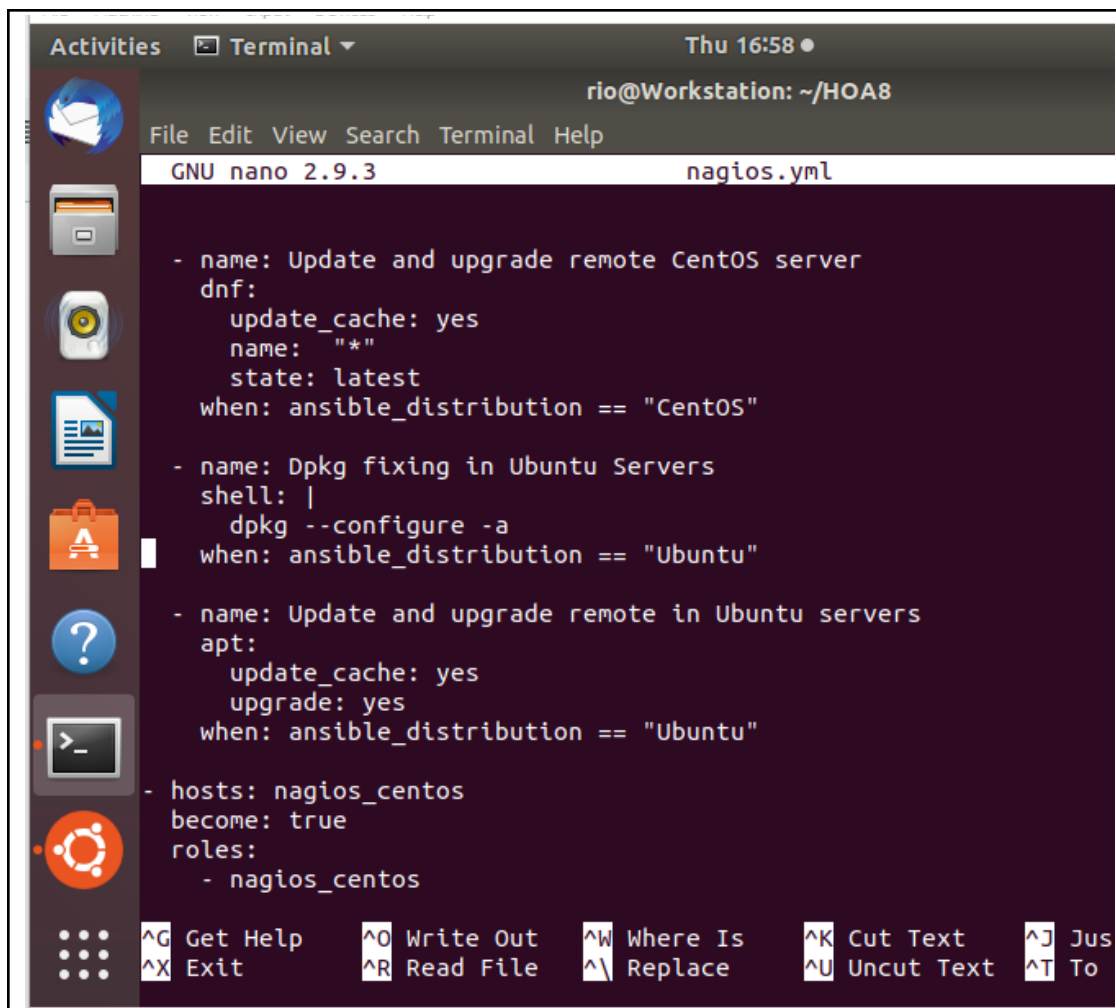
- hosts: all
  become: true
  pre_tasks:

- name: Installing dnf and epel-release
  yum:
    name:
      - epel-release
      - dnf
  when: ansible_distribution == "CentOS"

- name: Update and upgrade remote CentOS server
  dnf:
    update_cache: yes
    name: "*"
    state: latest
  when: ansible_distribution == "CentOS"

- name: Dpkg fixing in Ubuntu Servers
  shell: |
    dpkg --configure -a
```

At the bottom of the terminal, there is a status bar with various keyboard shortcuts: ^G Get Help, ^O Write Out, ^W Where Is, ^K Cut Text, ^J, ^X Show Applications, ^R Read File, ^_ Replace, ^U Uncut Text, ^T.



```
Activities  Terminal  Thu 16:58
rio@Workstation: ~/HOA8
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
GNU nano 2.9.3 nagios.yml

- name: Update and upgrade remote CentOS server
  dnf:
    update_cache: yes
    name: "*"
    state: latest
  when: ansible_distribution == "CentOS"

- name: Dpkg fixing in Ubuntu Servers
  shell: |
    dpkg --configure -a
  when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"

- name: Update and upgrade remote in Ubuntu servers
  apt:
    update_cache: yes
    upgrade: yes
  when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"

- hosts: nagios_centos
  become: true
  roles:
    - nagios_centos

^G Get Help  ^O Write Out  ^W Where Is  ^K Cut Text  ^J Jus
^X Exit      ^R Read File  ^\ Replace   ^U Uncut Text ^T To
```

Step 5. To conduct a "epel-release" and a "dnf" package that targets CentOS, you must install the necessary tasks.

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

GNU nano 2.9.3

nagios.yml

```
- name: Update and upgrade remote in Ubuntu servers
  apt:
    update_cache: yes
    upgrade: yes
    when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"

- hosts: nagios_centos
  become: true
  roles:
    - nagios_centos

- hosts: nagios_ubuntu
  become: true
  roles:
    - nagios_ubuntu
```



Step 6: Use this command in conjunction with the one before it to install the required Python module. You utilize the passlib and pip modules, which employ the password for validation. To download and extract the Nagios code, use "unarchive". Include this in your playbook so you can compile, install, and add users and groups to Nagios. The URL will re-export the files. Plug-in installation is also a part of it.

Ubuntu suzuki [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

Activities Terminal Thu 17:00

rio@Workstation: ~/HOA8/roles/nagios_centos/tasks

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

GNU nano 2.9.3 main.yml

```
- libapache2-mod-php7.2
- libgd-dev
- openssl
- libssl-dev
- autoconf
- gcc
- libc6
- libmcrypt-dev
- make
- libssl-dev
- wget
- bc
- gawk
- dc
- build-essential
- snmp
- libnet-snmp-perl
- gettext
- python3-pip
- python3
state: latest

- name: Install passlib python package
```

Get Help Write Out Where Is Cut Text Justify

File Machine View Input Devices Help

Activities Terminal Thu 17:01

rio@Workstation: ~/HOA8/roles/nagios_centos/tasks

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

GNU nano 2.9.3 main.yml

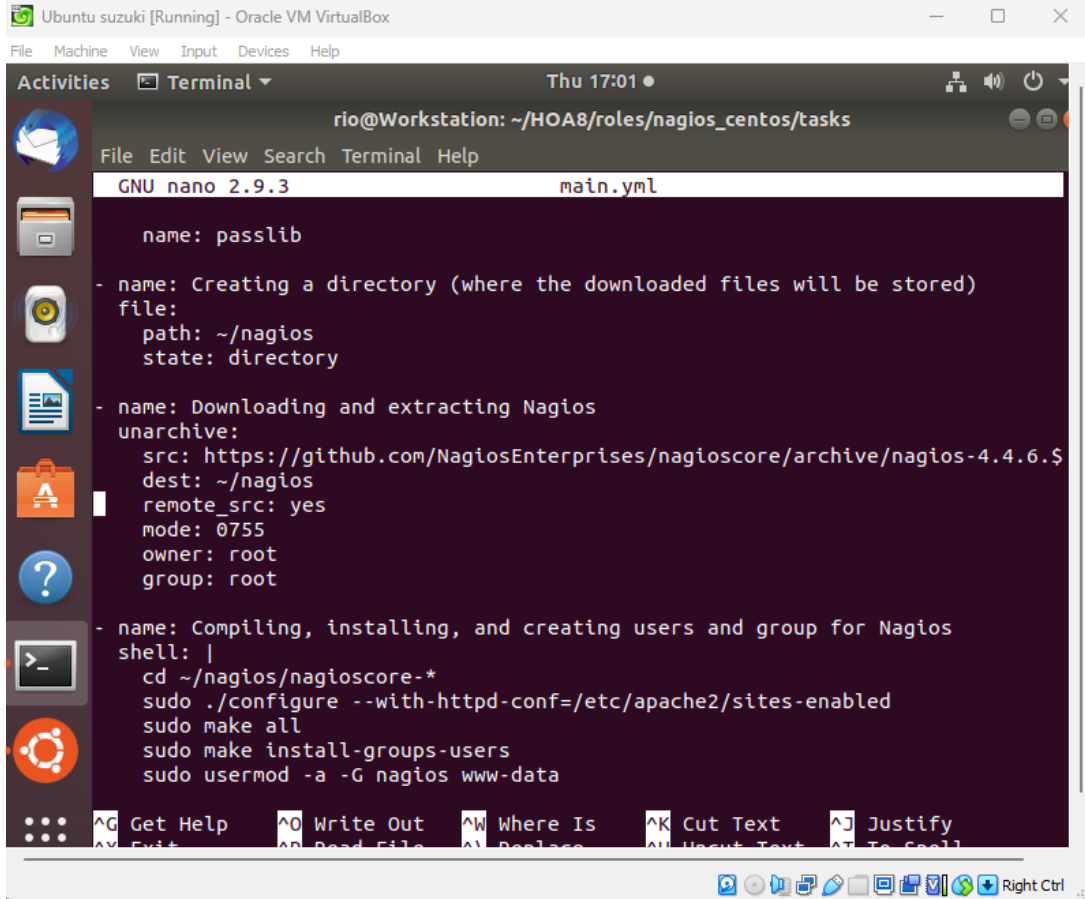
```
- gawk
- dc
- build-essential
- snmp
- libnet-snmp-perl
- gettext
- python3-pip
- python3
state: latest

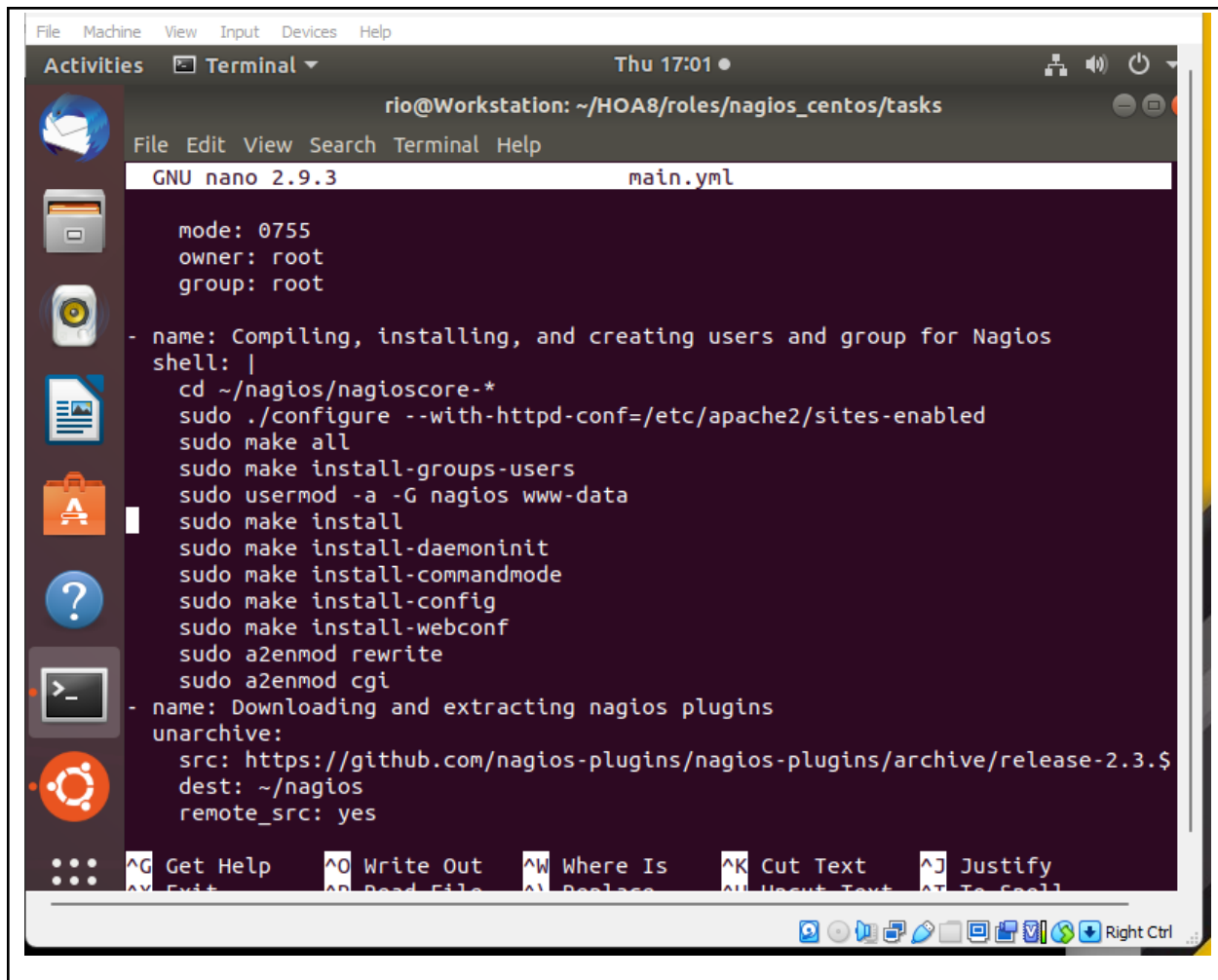
- name: Install passlib python package
  pip:
    name: passlib

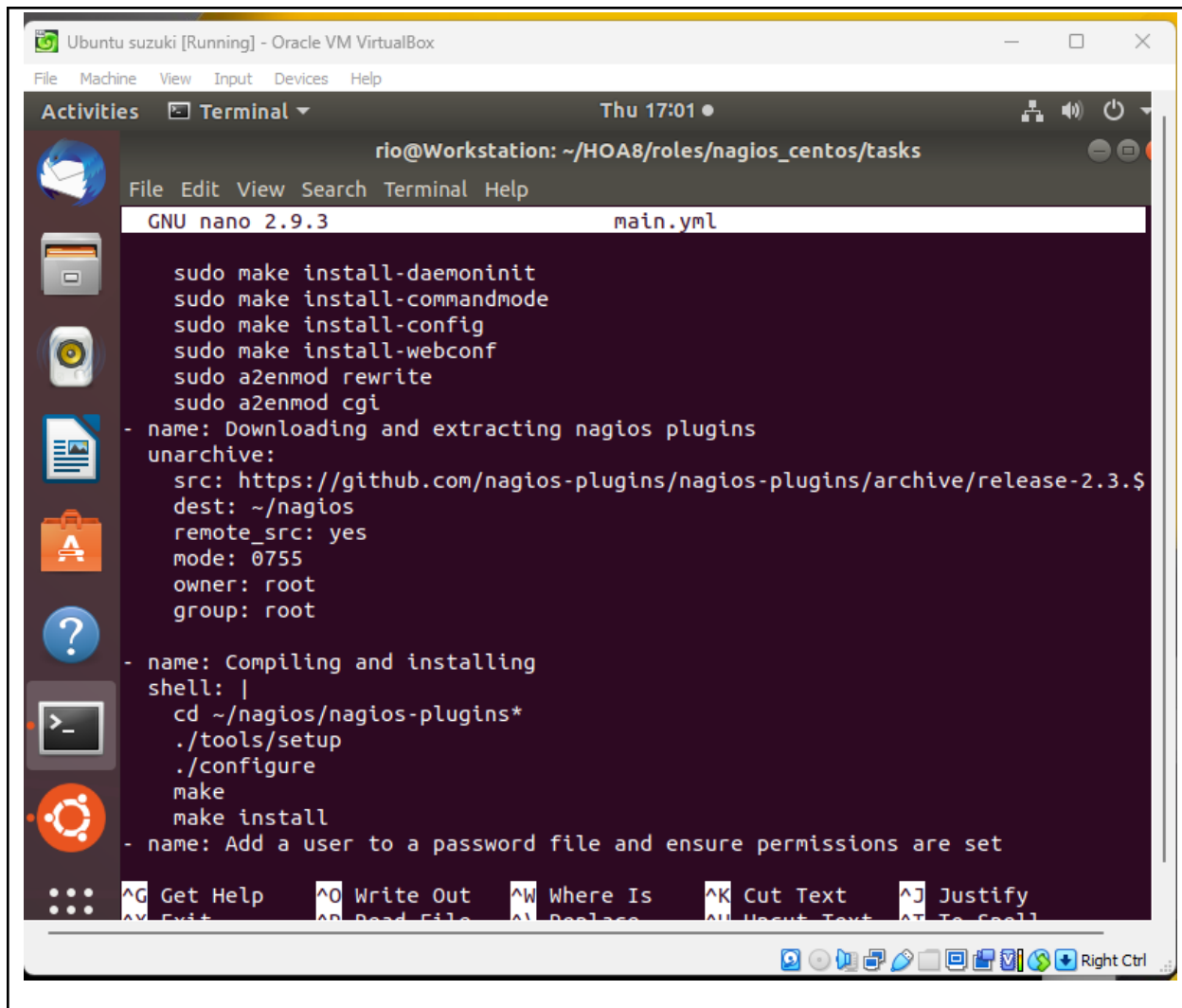
- name: Creating a directory (where the downloaded files will be stored)
  file:
    path: ~/nagios
    state: directory

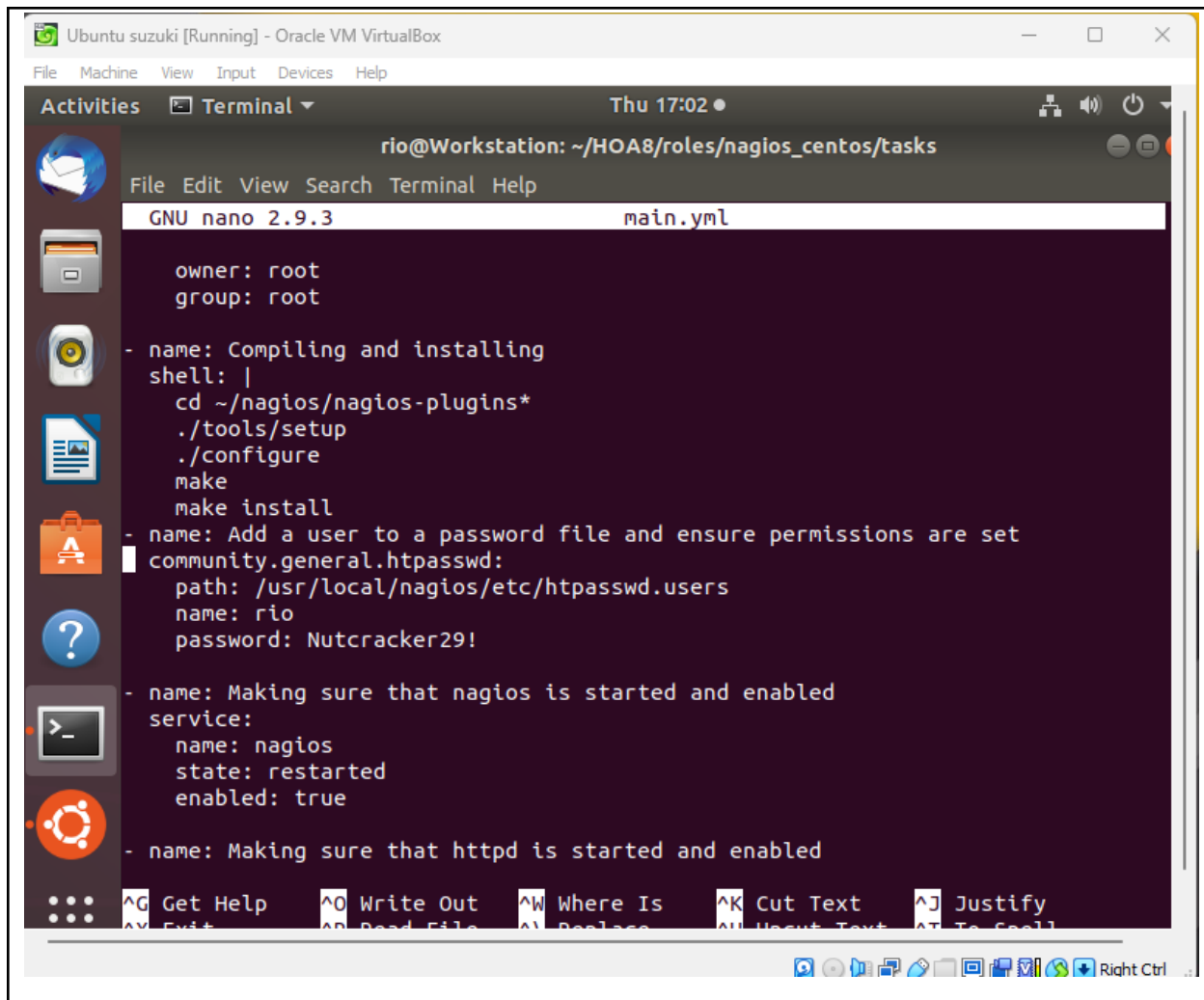
- name: Downloading and extracting Nagios
  unarchive:
    src: https://github.com/NagiosEnterprises/nagioscore/archive/nagios-4.4.6.$
    dest: ~/nagios
```

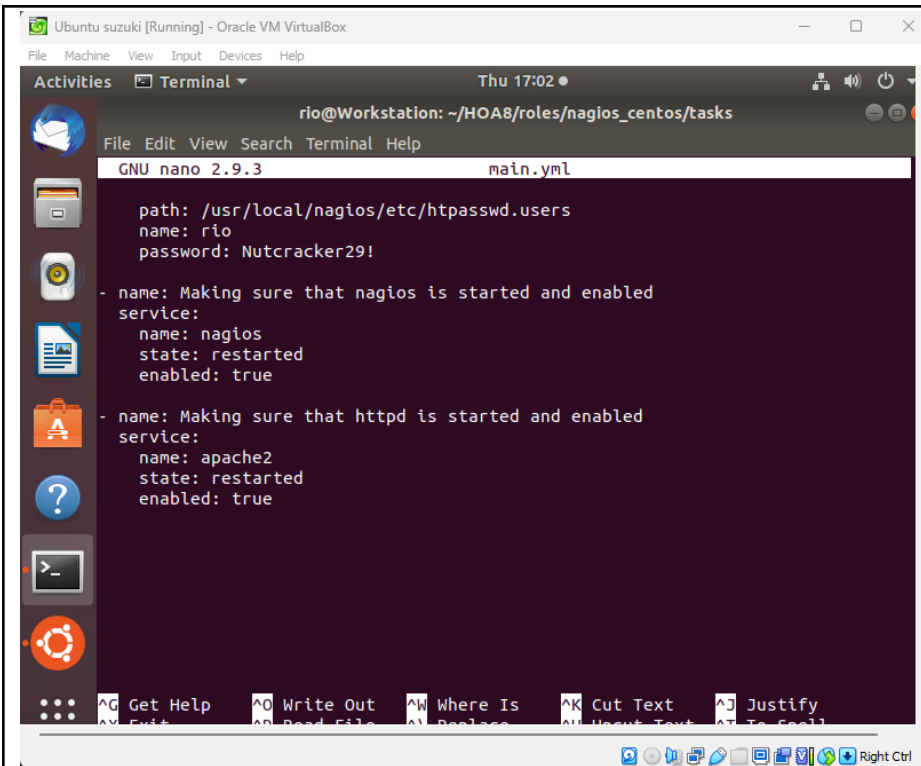
Get Help Write Out Where Is Cut Text Justify











Step 6. To install the required packages on your Ubuntu and CentOS, you must first build a tree and then a playbook file called main.yml.

```
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8$ sudo nano inventory
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8$ sudo nano nagios.yml
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8$ mkdir roles
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8$ cd roles
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles$ mkdir nagios_centos
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles$ cd nagios_centos
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles/nagios_centos$ mkdir tasks
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles/nagios_centos$ cd tasks
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles/nagios_centos/tasks$ sudo nano main.yml
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles/nagios_centos/tasks$ cd ..
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles/nagios_centos$ cd ..
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles$ cd ..
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8$ cd roles
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles$ mkdir nagios_ubuntu
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles$ mkdir tasks
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles$ rm tasks
rm: cannot remove 'tasks': Is a directory
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles$ rm -r tasks
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles$ cd nagios_ubuntu
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles/nagios_ubuntu$ mkdir tasks
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles/nagios_ubuntu$ cd tasks
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles/nagios_ubuntu/tasks$ sudo nano main.yml
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles/nagios_ubuntu/tasks$ cd ..
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles/nagios_ubuntu$ cd ..
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles$ mkdir tasks
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles$ cd tasks
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles/tasks$ cd ..
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles$ cd
```

Step 7. create a role with a directories needed inside. In creating a role you should use the command “mkdir” to make the directory of roles. Don’t forget to change

directory and make another directory under the roles and do the same thing for the other directory until it looks like the tree given below.

```
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8/roles$ cd ..
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8$ tree
.
├── ansible.cfg
├── inventory
├── nagios.yml
├── README.md
└── roles
    ├── nagios_centos
    │   └── tasks
    │       └── main.yml
    ├── nagios_ubuntu
    │   └── tasks
    │       └── main.yml
    └── tasks

6 directories, 6 files
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8$
```

Step 8. This figure is the tree we need to accomplish in the activity. You can use this as a reference.

```
Activities Terminal Thu 17:42
rio@Workstation: ~/HOA8
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
rio@Workstation:~/HOA8$ ansible-playbook --ask-become-pass nagios.yml
BECOME password:

PLAY [all] *****
*

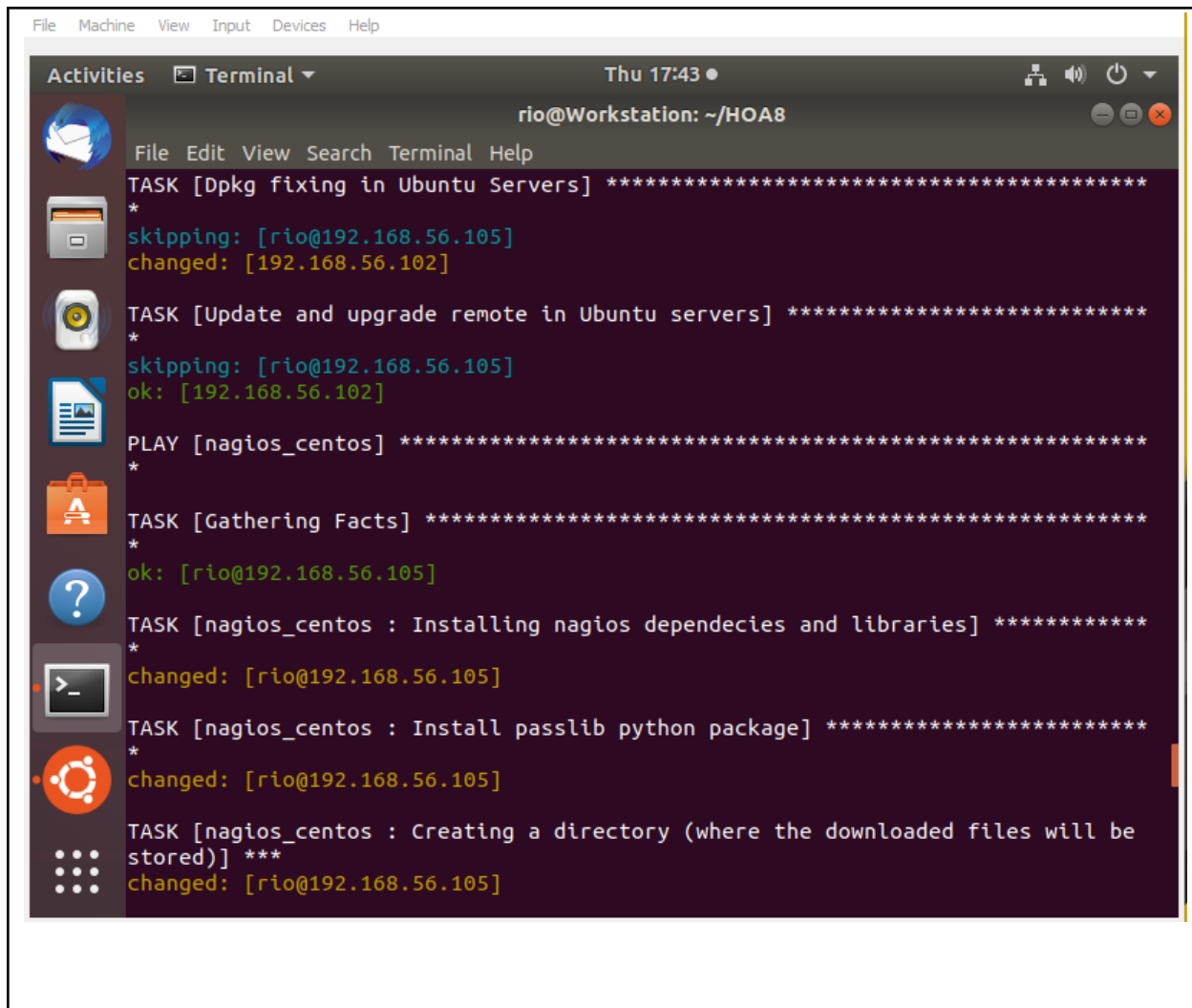
TASK [Gathering Facts] *****
*
ok: [192.168.56.102]
ok: [rio@192.168.56.105]

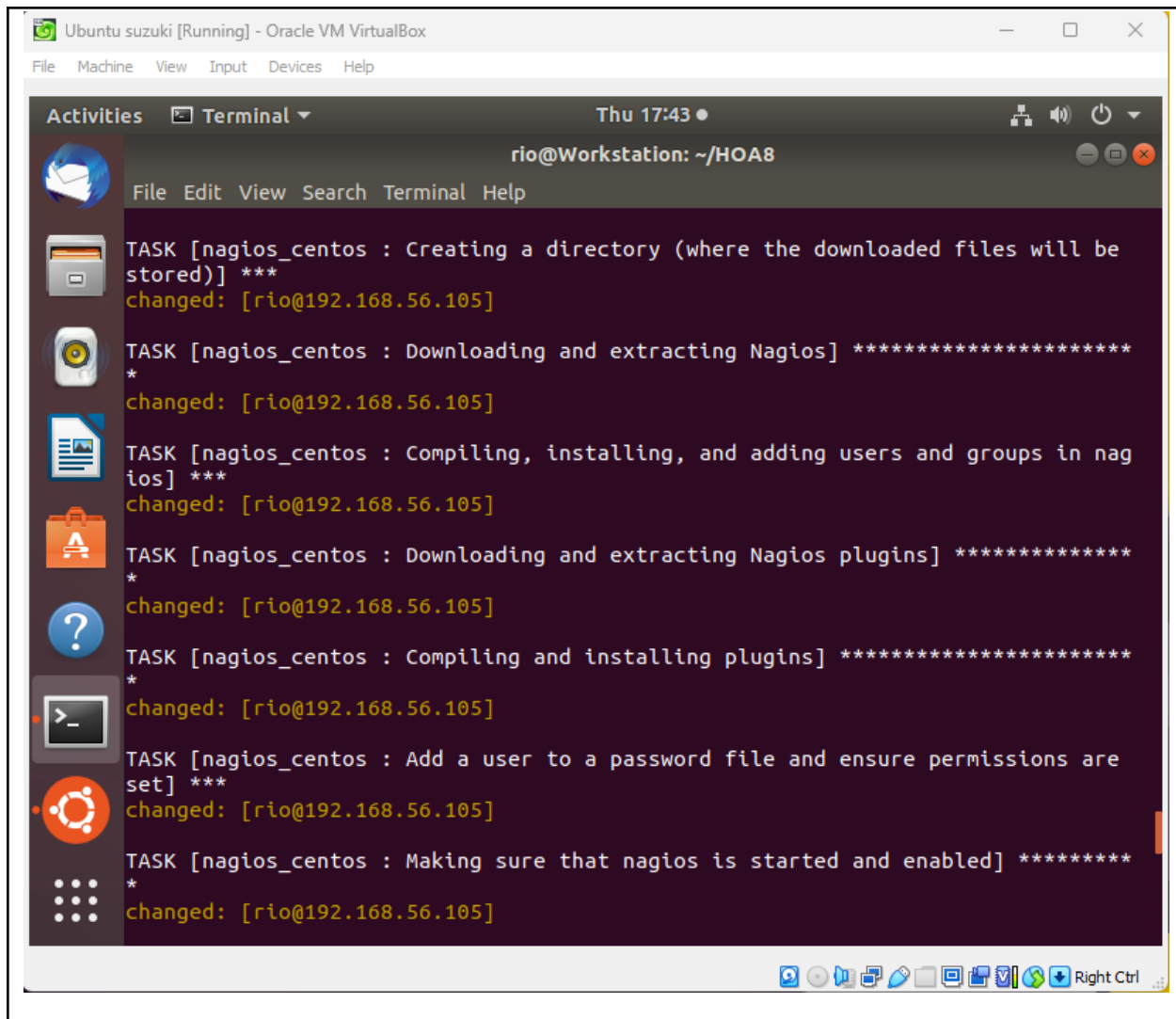
TASK [Installing dnf and epel-release] *****
*
skipping: [192.168.56.102]
ok: [rio@192.168.56.105]

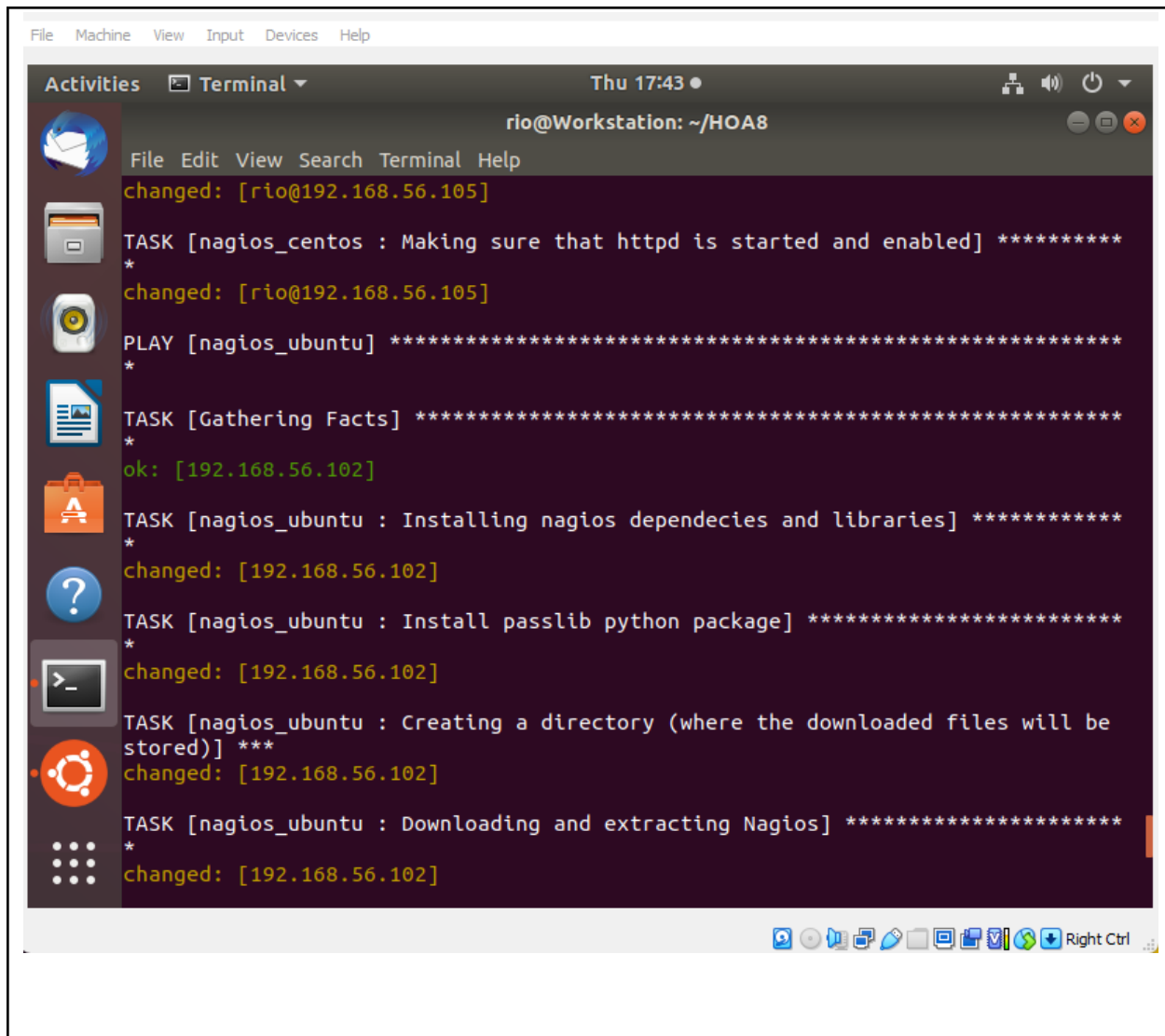
TASK [Update and upgrade remote CentOS server] *****
*
skipping: [192.168.56.102]
ok: [rio@192.168.56.105]

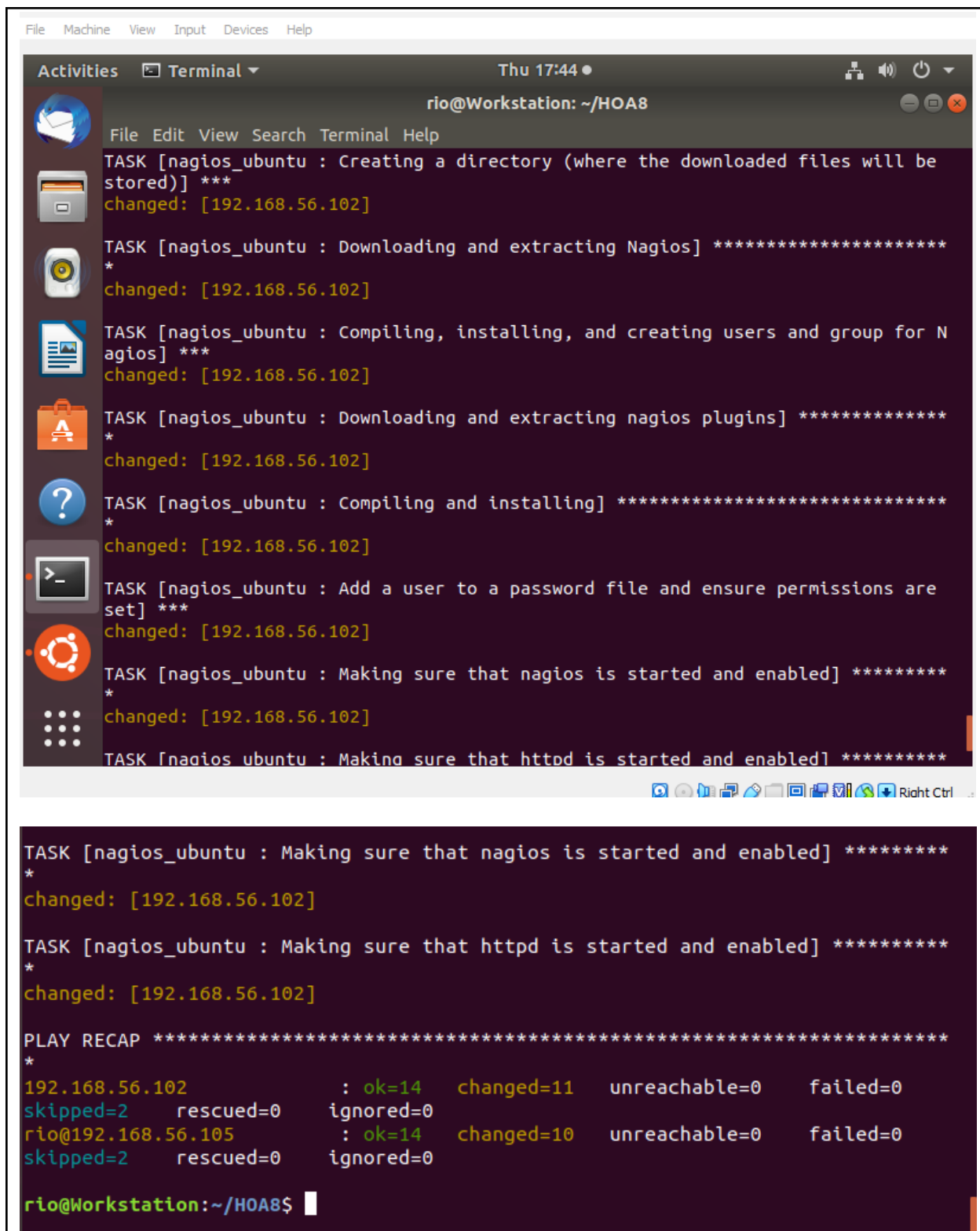
TASK [Dpkg fixing in Ubuntu Servers] *****
*
skipping: [rio@192.168.56.105]
changed: [192.168.56.102]

TASK [Update and upgrade remote in Ubuntu servers] *****
*
skipping: [rio@192.168.56.105]
```









The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "Terminal" with a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Search, Terminal, Help) and a status bar (Thu 17:44, rio@Workstation: ~/HOA8). The terminal displays the output of an Ansible playbook for installing Nagios on Ubuntu. The tasks are as follows:

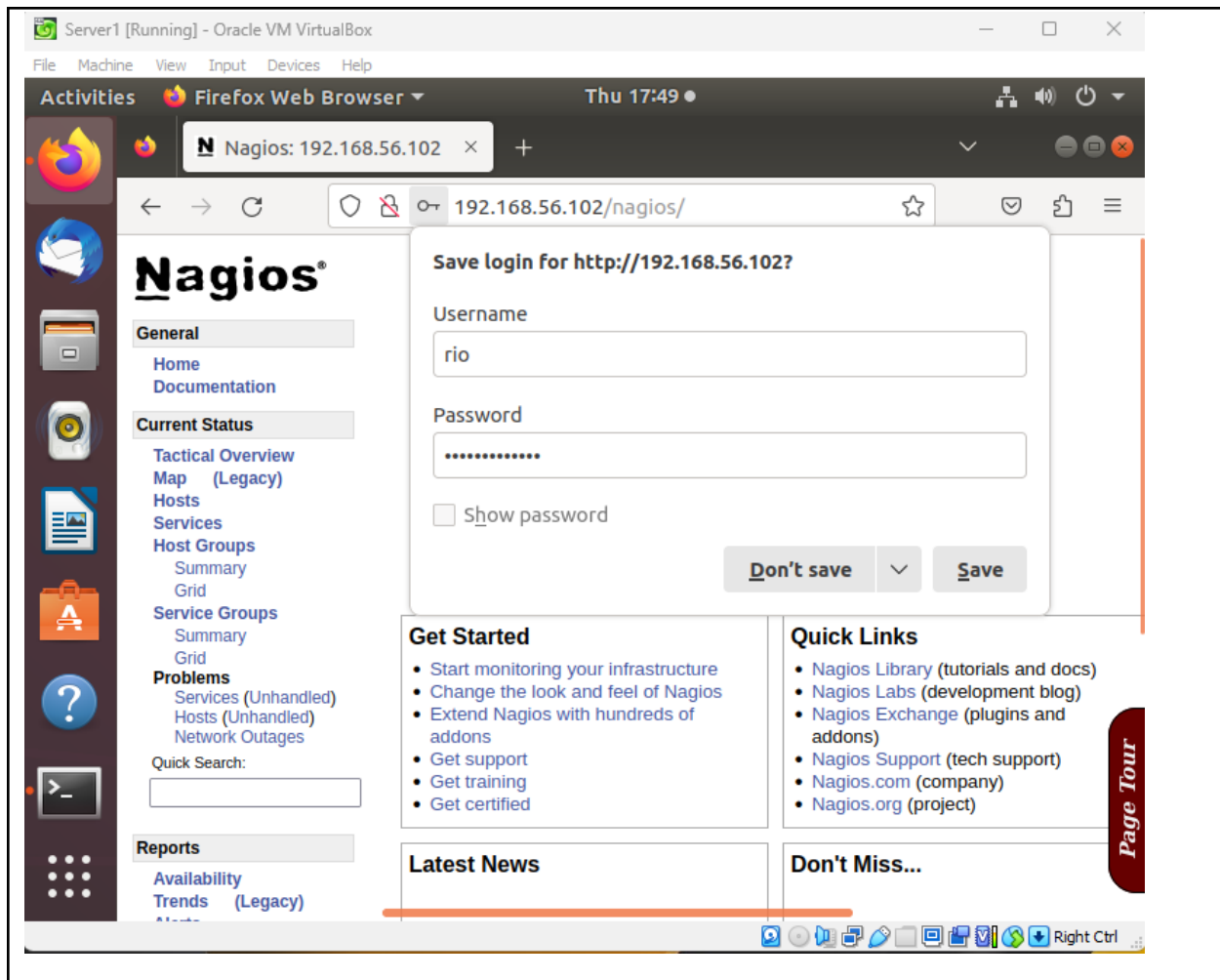
- TASK [nagios_ubuntu : Creating a directory (where the downloaded files will be stored)] ***
changed: [192.168.56.102]
- TASK [nagios_ubuntu : Downloading and extracting Nagios] *****
*
changed: [192.168.56.102]
- TASK [nagios_ubuntu : Compiling, installing, and creating users and group for Nagios] ***
changed: [192.168.56.102]
- TASK [nagios_ubuntu : Downloading and extracting nagios plugins] *****
*
changed: [192.168.56.102]
- TASK [nagios_ubuntu : Compiling and installing] *****
*
changed: [192.168.56.102]
- TASK [nagios_ubuntu : Add a user to a password file and ensure permissions are set] ***
changed: [192.168.56.102]
- TASK [nagios_ubuntu : Making sure that nagios is started and enabled] *****
*
changed: [192.168.56.102]
- TASK [nagios_ubuntu : Making sure that httpd is started and enabled] *****
*
changed: [192.168.56.102]

PLAY RECAP *****

Host	ok	changed	unreachable	failed
192.168.56.102	14	11	0	0
rio@192.168.56.105	14	10	0	0

rio@Workstation: ~/HOA8\$

Step 9. Run the command `ansible-playbook --ask-become-pass nagios.yml`, and there should be no error in the output.





Step 10. In this part you will be asked to sign in to see if the result is correct you will see the nagios site. If the playbook runs properly, you can check by entering your IP address in Mozilla Fox and adding /nagios at the end. This is the desired result.



Step 10: If the playbook runs properly, go to Centos and you can check by entering your IP address in Mozilla Fox and adding /nagios at the end. This is the desired result.

Reflections:

Answer the following:

1. What are the benefits of having an availability monitoring tool?
 - The benefits of having an availability monitoring tool are truly invaluable. This tool ensures that the digital services and applications are always up and running. It's like having a diligent sentry that keeps a constant eye on the health of my systems. This not only prevents downtime but also boosts my reputation by providing a seamless experience to my users. With an availability monitoring tool in place, I gain the power to proactively identify and resolve

Conclusions:

Rubric for SO 7										Pts
Criteria	Ratings									
@ SO 7 P 1 Acquire and apply new knowledge from outside sources <i>(weighted: 4.0 pts)</i>	6 pts Excellent Educational interests and pursuits exist and flourish outside classroom requirements; knowledge and/or experiences are pursued independently and applies knowledge learned into practice	5 pts Good Educational interests and pursuits exist and flourish outside classroom requirements; knowledge and/or experiences are pursued independently	4 pts Satisfactory Look beyond classroom requirements, showing interest in pursuing knowledge independently	3 pts Unsatisfactory Begins to look beyond classroom requirements, showing interest in pursuing knowledge independently	2 pts Poor Relies on classroom instruction only	1 pts Very Poor No initiative or interest in acquiring new knowledge			6 pts	
@ SO 7 P 2 Learn independently. <i>(weighted: 4.0 pts)</i>	6 pts Excellent Completes an assigned task independently and practices continuous improvement	5 pts Good Completes an assigned task without supervision or guidance	4 pts Satisfactory Requires minimal guidance to complete an assigned task	3 pts Unsatisfactory Requires detailed or step-by-step instructions to complete a task	2 pts Poor Shows little interest to complete a task independently	1 pts Very Poor No interest to complete a task independently			6 pts	
@ SO 7 P 3 Critical thinking in the broadest context of technological change <i>(weighted: 4.0 pts)</i>	6 pts Excellent Synthesizes and integrates information from a variety of sources; formulates a clear and precise perspective; draws appropriate conclusions	5 pts Good Evaluate information from a variety of sources; formulates a clear and precise perspective.	4 pts Satisfactory Analyze information from a variety of sources; formulates a clear and precise perspective.	3 pts Unsatisfactory Apply the gathered information to formulate the problem	2 pts Poor Gather and summarized the information from a variety of sources but failed to formulate the problem	1 pts Very Poor Gather information from a variety of sources			6 pts	
@ SO 7 P 4 Creativity and adaptability to new and emerging technologies <i>(weighted: 4.0 pts)</i>	6 pts Excellent Ideas are combined in original and creative ways in line with the new and emerging technology trends to solve a problem or address an issue.	5 pts Good Ideas are creative and adapt the new knowledge to solve a problem or address an issue	4 pts Satisfactory Ideas are creative in solving a problem, or address an issue	3 pts Unsatisfactory Shows some creative ways to solve the problem	2 pts Poor Shows initiative and attempt to develop creative ideas to solve the problem	1 pts Very Poor Ideas are copied or restated from the sources consulted			6 pts	
										Total Points: 24