

Contraction Algorithm for RDLT

Algorithm 1 Matrix-based MCA Phase 1: Contraction Path Generation

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Given RDLT R; Pre-processing Steps:
Input: Expanded vertex simplification R_i of RDLT R
Output: Contraction Path P
Matrices: RV_{\text{adj}}^t and RV_{\text{C}}^t
  1: Initialize Arc Connectivity Matrix RV_{\text{adj}}^0 of R_i
  2: Initialize C-Attribute Matrix RV_{\rm C}^0 of R_i
 3: Let s' \in V_i be the source and f' \in V_i be the sink
  4: Let x = s'
 5: Initialize P = \{x\}
 6: Let t = 1
 7: while P does not contain f' do
          \mathcal{Y} \leftarrow \{ y \in V_i \mid RV_{\mathrm{adj}}^{t-1}(x, y) \ge 1 \}
          Select any y \in \mathcal{Y}

Let LHS = RV_C^{t-1}(x,y) \cup \{\epsilon\}

\mathcal{U} \leftarrow \{u \in V_i \mid u \neq x \land (RV_{\mathrm{adj}}^{t-1}(u,y) \ge 1)\}
 9:
10:
11:
          Let RHS = \bigcup_{u \in \mathcal{U}} RV_C^{t-1}(u, y)
if LHS \supseteq RHS then
12:
13:
               Update RV_C^{t-1}(u,y) = \epsilon, \forall (u,y) \in E_i, u \neq x
14:
                for all u \in \mathcal{U} do
15:
                     RV_C^{t-1}(u,y) = \epsilon
16:
                end for
17:
18:
                Let z = x \wedge y
                Let z = xy = \text{Matrix Addition of rows (columns)} \ x \text{ and } y \text{ in } RV_{\text{adj}}^{t-1}
19:
                for all w \in V_i do
20:
                    RowMerge_Adj: RV_{\text{adj}}^t(z,w) = RV_{\text{adj}}^{t-1}(x,w) + RV_{\text{adj}}^{t-1}(y,w)
ColMerge_Adj: RV_{\text{adj}}^t(w,z) = RV_{\text{adj}}^{t-1}(w,x) + RV_{\text{adj}}^{t-1}(w,y)
22:
23:
                Let z = xy = Element-wise Set Union of rows (columns) x and y in
      RV_C^{t-1}
                for all w \in V_i do
25:
                    RowMerge_C: RV_C^t(z,w) = RV_C^{t-1}(x,w) \cup RV_C^{t-1}(y,w)
ColMerge_C: RV_C^t(w,z) = RV_C^{t-1}(w,x) \cup RV_C^{t-1}(w,y)
26:
27:
28:
                V_i = (V_i \setminus \{x, y\}) \cup \{z\}
29:
               Create RV_{\text{adj}}^t as an m \times m matrix where m = n - t and as the
     submatrix of RV_{\text{adj}}^{t-1} with rows and columns indexed by updated vertex set
      V_i of R_i
                Create RV_C^t as an m \times m matrix where m = n - t and as the submatrix
31:
     of RV_C^{t-1} with rows and columns indexed by updated vertex set V_i of R_i
                Let x = z
32:
                Let P = P \cup \{y\}
33:
                Let t = t + 1
34:
                                                         2
          end if
35:
36: end while
37: return P
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