

## 获得的答案

Clique is an undirected graph where every two nodes connected by an edge.

**NP - complete:**

A language  $B$  is NP – complete if by an edge it satisfies two conditions.

1.  $B$  is in NP
2. Every  $A$  in NP is polynomial time reducible to  $B$ .

1.  $HALF - CLIQUE \in NP$ :

Let  $N$  be the nondeterministic polynomial time (NTM) that decides  $HALF - CLIQUE$  in polynomial time.

$N$  can be described as follows:

$N =$  "on input graph  $\langle G \rangle$ :

1. Non-deterministically choose at least  $n/2$  nodes
2. Verify whether  $n/2$  nodes form a clique
3. If they form a clique then accept.
4. Otherwise, reject".

**Therefore,  $HALF - CLIQUE \in NP$**

2.  $CLIQUE \leq_p HALF - CLIQUE$ :

A reduction from  $CLIQUE$  to  $HALF - CLIQUE$  as follows:

On input  $\langle G, k \rangle$ , where  $G$  is a graph on  $n$  vertices and  $k$  is an integer:

1. If  $k = n/2$  then output  $\langle G \rangle$ .
2. If  $k < n/2$ , then construct a new graph  $G'$  by adding a complete graph with  $n - 2k$  vertices and connecting them to all vertices in  $G$ , and output  $\langle G' \rangle$ .
3. If  $k > n/2$ , then construct a new graph  $G''$  by adding  $2k - n$  isolated vertices to  $G$ , and output  $\langle G'' \rangle$ .

**When  $k = n/2$ :** It is clear that  $\langle G, n/2 \rangle \in CLIQUE$  if and only if  $\langle G \rangle \in HALF - CLIQUE$ .

**When  $k < n/2$ :** If  $G$  has a  $k$ -clique, then  $G'$  has a clique of size

$$k + (n - 2k) = (2n - 2k)/2.$$

Therefore,  $\langle G' \rangle \in HALF - CLIQUE$  as  $G'$  is a graph with  $2n - 2k$  vertices.

Conversely, if  $\langle G' \rangle \in HALF - CLIQUE$ , that is  $G'$  has a clique of size  $n - k = k + (n - 2k)$ , then at most  $n - 2k$  of the clique come from the  $n - 2k$  new vertices. Therefore the remaining at least  $k$  vertices form a clique in  $G$ .

**Hence,  $\langle G, k \rangle \in CLIQUE$**

When  $k > \frac{n}{2}$ : If  $G$  has a  $k$ -clique, then  $G''$  has a clique size  $k = \frac{2k}{2}$ , and

Therefore,  $\langle G' \rangle \in HALF - CLIQUE$  as  $G''$  is a graph with  $n + 2k - n = 2k$  vertices.

Conversely, if  $\langle G'' \rangle \in HALF - CLIQUE$ , that is if  $G''$  a clique of size has  $k$ , then the clique does not contain any of the new vertices as they are isolated.

**Thus, the clique is a  $k$ -clique of  $G$ , and hence  $\langle G, k \rangle \in CLIQUE$ .**

Therefore, the *HALF-CLIQUE* is *NP*-complete.