获得的答案

## **Decidability of the language**

**Given:** In this a language  $A_{\varepsilon CFG}$  is given.

**Proof:** For showing that the language  $A_{sCFG}$  is decidable, build a Turing machine T for deciding the language  $A_{sCFG}$ . For all Context free grammars G

- If the grammar G derives arepsilon then Tig(ig< Gig) accepts
- If the grammar G does not derive  $\in$  then  $T(\langle G \rangle)$  rejects.

## Constructions

For proofing the decidability of  $A_{\mathcal{E}CFG}$  firstly convert the context free grammar G into an equivalent G' in CNF. If  $S \to \mathcal{E}$  is the rule in the CFG G' then it means that G' derives  $\mathcal{E}$ .

If the CFG G' derives  $\varepsilon$  then G also derives it as L(G) = L(G'). As G' is in CNF so only possible  $\varepsilon$ -rule in G' is  $S \to \varepsilon$ . If G' contains  $S \to \varepsilon$  in production rules then  $\varepsilon \in L(G')$ . If G' does not contains the rule  $S \to \varepsilon$  then  $\varepsilon \notin L(G')$ .

Turing machine T = on input(G) where G is a context free grammar

- ullet Convert the grammar G in CFG G'.
- If G contains the production rule  $S \to \varepsilon$  then accept it.
- Otherwise reject it.

## **Conclusion:**

From the above construction it is clear that  $\langle G \rangle \in A_{\varepsilon CFG}$  iff  $\langle G, \varepsilon \rangle$  is also belongs to the  $A_{CFG}$ . So the above construction is correct. Hence the language  $A_{\varepsilon CFG}$  is decidable.