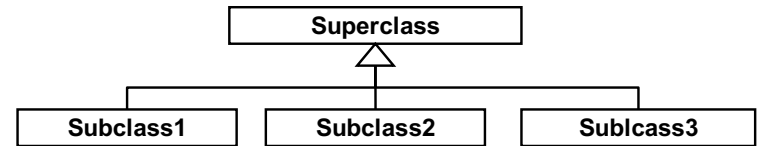


Your Email Address

- Send your (preferred) email address to umasscs680@gmail.com ASAP.
 - I will use that address to email you lecture notes, announcements, etc.

Why Inheritance?

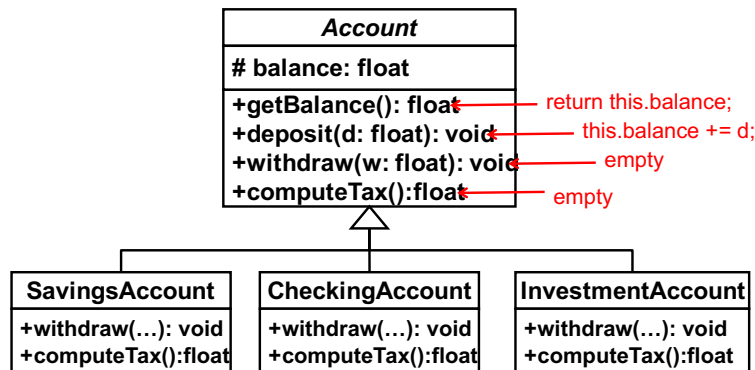


- Reusability
 - You can define common data fields and methods in a superclass and make them reusable in subclasses.
- Customizability and extensibility
 - You can customize method behaviors in different subclasses by overriding (re-defining) inherited methods.
 - You can add new data fields and methods in subclasses.

1

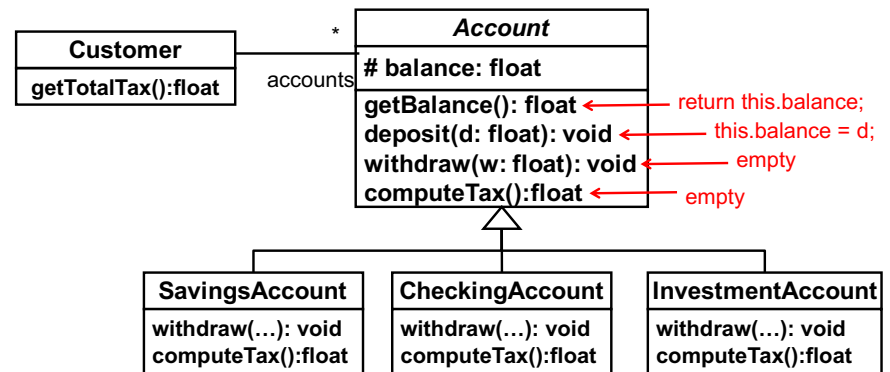
2

An Example



- Subclasses can redefine (or override) inherited methods.
 - A savings account may allow a negative balance with some penalty charge.
 - A checking account may allow a negative balance if the customer's savings account maintains enough balance.
 - An investment account may not allow a negative balance.

3

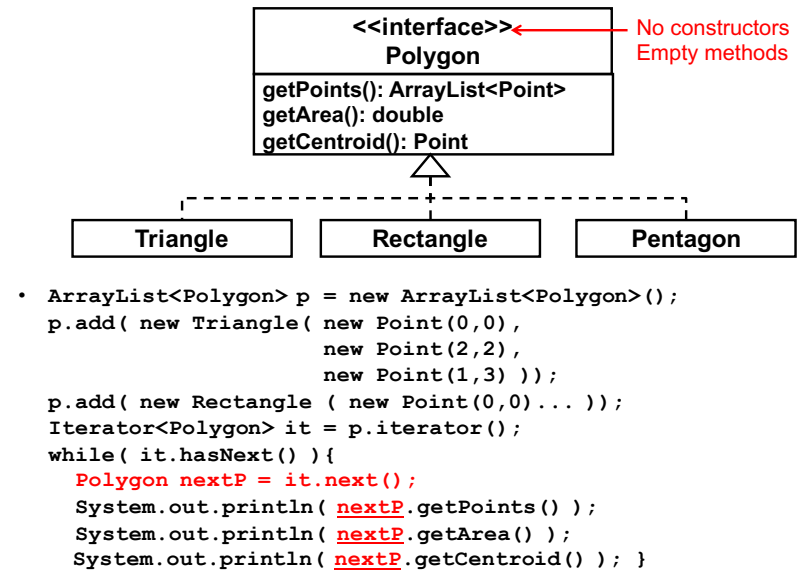
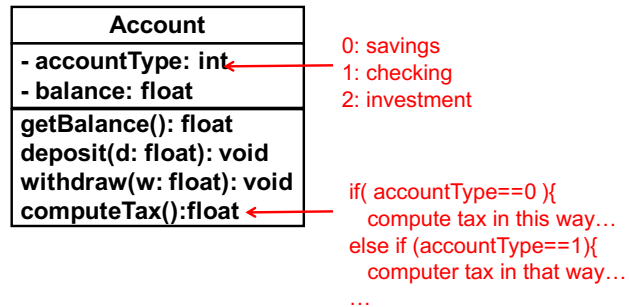


```
public float getTotalTax() {
    Iterator<Account> it = accounts.iterator();
    while ( it.hasNext() )
        System.out.println( it.next().computeTax() );
}
```

- Polymorphism can effectively eliminate conditional statements.
 - Conditional statements are VERY typical sources of bugs.

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If Polymorphism is not available...



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HW 2

- Write the Polygon interface and its two implementation classes: Triangle and Rectangle.
 - You can reuse Point in Java API or define your own.
- Implement getPoints() and getArea() in the two subclasses.
 - Use Heron's formula to compute a triangle's area.
 - The area of a triangle = $\text{Sqrt}(s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c))$
 - where $s = (a+b+c)/2$
 - a, b and c are the lengths of the triangle's sides.
- In the main() method, write test code that
 - makes two different triangles and two different rectangles,
 - contains those 4 polygons in a collection (e.g. ArrayList),
 - Use generics and an iterator
 - printouts each polygon's area.
- Keep the encapsulation principle in mind.
 - All data fields must be "private."
 - No setter methods are required.

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Note

- If you are not very familiar with class inheritance and polymorphism, you may want to implement Student and Account examples as well as HW2.

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Automatic Build

- Use Ant (<http://ant.apache.org/>) to compile/build all of your Java programs in every coding HW.
 - Learn how to use it, if you don't know that.
 - Turn in *.java and build.xml for every coding HW.
 - Turn in a **single** build script (build.xml) that
 - configures all settings (e.g., class paths and a directory to generate binary code),
 - compiles all source code from scratch,
 - generates binary code, and
 - runs compiled code
 - DO NOT include absolute paths in build.xml.
 - You can assume my OS configures a right Java API JAR file (in its env setting).
 - DO NOT turn in byte code (class files).
 - DO NOT use any other ways for configurations and compilation.
 - Setting class paths manually with a GUI (e.g., Eclipse)
 - Setting an output directory manually in a GUI
 - Clicking the “compile” button manually

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- If you download Ant from <http://ant.apache.org/> and use it on a shell,
 - Use the ANT_HOME and PATH environmental variables to specify the location of the “ant” command (e.g., ant.sh and ant.bat)
 - ANT_HOME
 - Reference the top directory of an Ant distribution
 - e.g. Set ~/code/ant/apache-ant-1.9.7 to ANT_HOME
 - e.g., Set \${ANT_HOME}/bin to PATH
- You can use Ant that is available in an IDE (e.g. Eclipse).
 - However, I will run your build.xml on a shell.

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- I will simply type “ant” (on my shell) in the directory where your build.xml is located and see how your code works.
 - If the “ant” command fails, I will NOT grade your HW code.
- Fully automate configuration and compilation process to
 - speed up your configuration/compilation process.
 - remove potential human-made errors in your configuration/compilation process.
 - Make it easier for other people (e.g., code reviewers, team mates) to understand your code/project.

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Expected Directory Structure

- Make “src” sub directory under the top directory for a HW.
- Have build.xml generate “bin” sub directory under the top directory, generate all class files in there, and run your code by calling main()
- Place build.xml in the top directory.
- An example:
 - <top directory for a HW>
 - build.xml
 - src
 - a.java
 - b.java
 - bin
 - a.class
 - b.class
- Submit me an archive file (in .zip, .rar, .tar.gz, .7z, etc.) that contains build.xml and the “src” sub directory.
 - Email it to umasscs680@gmail.com, OR
 - Place it somewhere online (e.g. at G Drive) and email a link to it.

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