Assignment 1

D V K M Rishab, AI20MTECH14004

September 2, 2020

Assignment 1

Solution:

$$Vector, P = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Vector, Q = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

A point on the X-axis is equid is tant to both P and Q.

Need to find x.

$$\implies \left\| \begin{pmatrix} x \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \right\|^2 = \left\| \begin{pmatrix} x \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \right\|^2$$

$$\implies \|x\|^2 + \left\| \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \right\|^2 - 2 \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \|x\|^2 + \left\| \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \right\|^2 - 2 \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\implies 7^2 + 6^2 - 2(7 \quad 6) \begin{pmatrix} x \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = 3^2 + 4^2 - 2(3 \quad 4) \begin{pmatrix} x \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\implies 85 - 2 \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = 25 - 2 \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\implies 60 = \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\implies 8x = 60$$

$$\implies x = 15/2$$

Therefore, the vector equidistant to both P and Q is $\binom{15/2}{0}$

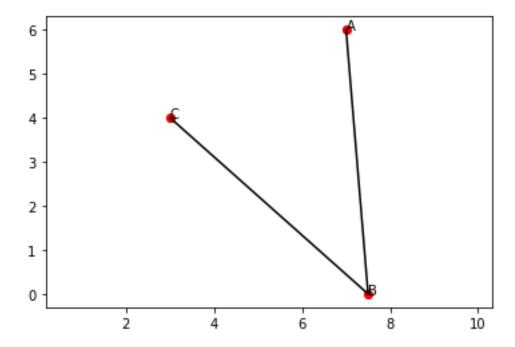


Figure 1: Plot representing the Points