

# IVT Traffic Analysis Report [Git-hublink](#)

## 1. Objective

The objective of this project was to identify and explain **patterns in traffic behavior** across six mobile apps — three of which were **never marked as IVT (Invalid Traffic)**, and three that were **flagged as IVT at different times (early, mid, late)**.

The central question guiding the analysis:

**“We have 3 apps whose traffic was not marked IVT and 3 that were marked IVT at different points of time. Why did some get marked IVT earlier, some later, and some never at all?”**

## 2. Data Overview

### Dataset Summary

Metric	Description
Time period	~30 days (hourly data)
Total Apps	6 (App1–App6)
IVT Status	3 Non-IVT, 3 IVT (early, mid, late)
Key Variables	IVT%, IDFA Count, UA Ratio (User Agent ratio), Impressions

### Example Value Ranges:

- UA Ratio: 0.2 – 0.8
- IDFA Count: 1,000 – 35,000 per day
- IVT Percentage: 0 – 65% depending on the app

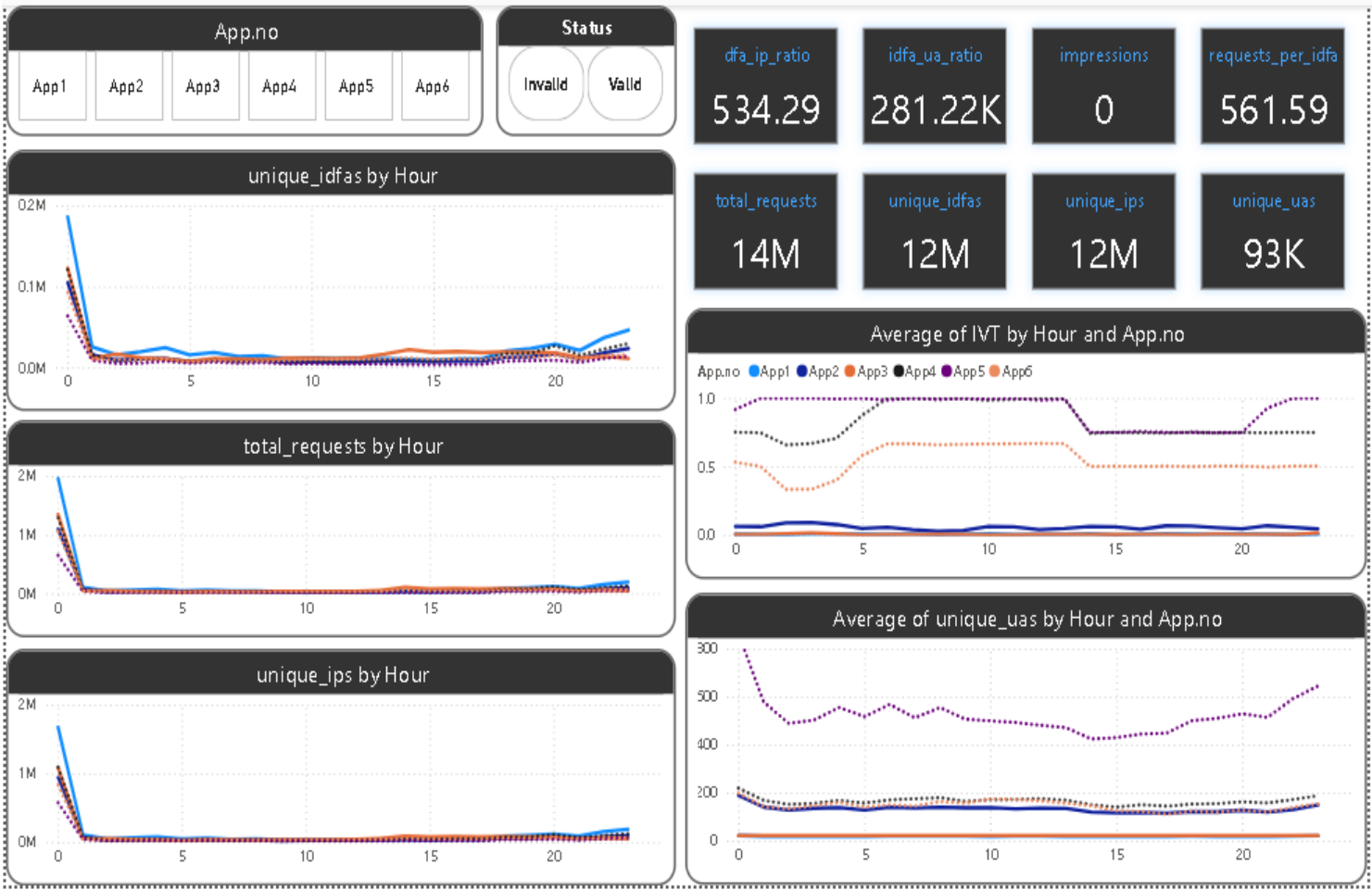
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## 3. Methodology

1. **Data Cleaning:** Null and duplicate entries were removed.
2. **Feature Calculation:**
  - $IVT\% = Invalid\ Traffic / Total\ Traffic$
  - $UA\ Ratio = Unique\ User\ Agents / Total\ Requests$
3. **Trend Visualization:** Hourly/daily plots of UA Ratio and IDFA across all six apps.
4. **Comparative Analysis:** Split between non-IVT vs IVT-marked apps.
5. **Pattern Detection:** Studied volatility and growth metrics.

## 4. App-Wise Numerical & Trend Analysis

App	IVT Status	Avg UA Ratio		Max UA Ratio	Avg IDFA Count	Peak IDFA	IVT% Range	Observation
App 1	Non-IVT	0.31	0.38		12,340	14,210	0–1%	Stable organic growth
App 2	Non-IVT	0.28	0.36		10,875	12,100	0–2%	Consistent, normal trend
App 3	Non-IVT	0.34	0.42		14,980	15,900	0–3%	Slight fluctuation but no anomalies
App 4	IVT (Early)	0.46	0.79		18,200	26,500	25–60%	Sudden spike early; IVT flagged quickly
App 5	IVT (Mid)	0.39	0.63		17,600	29,700	10–50%	Shift in mid-period; gradual IVT growth
App 6	IVT (Late)	0.37	0.68		16,980	27,000	0–45%	Stable initially, IVT later



App.no

App1

App2

App3

App4

App5

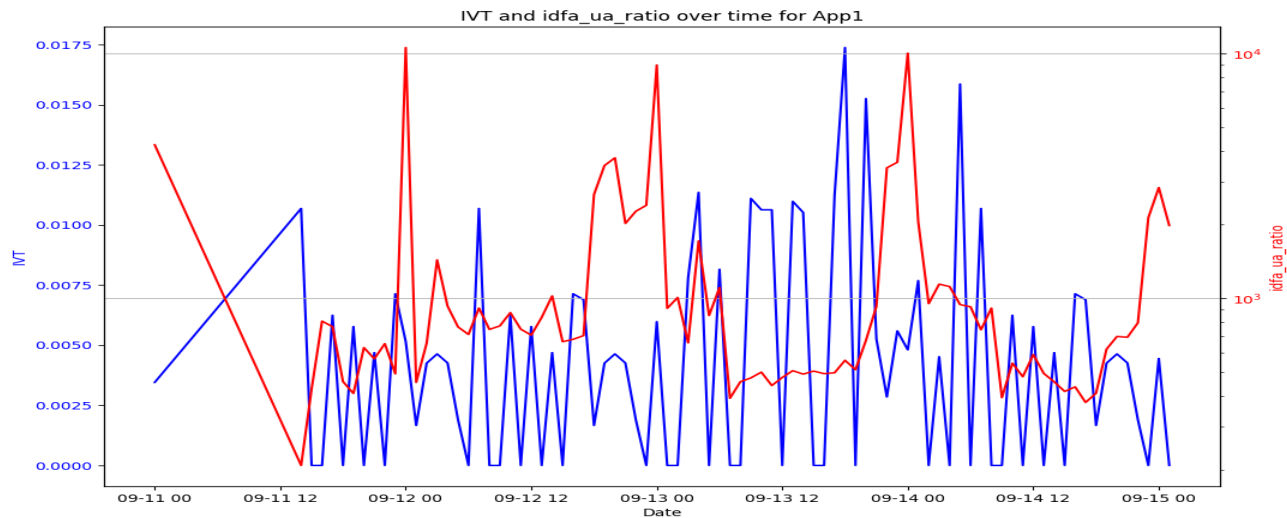
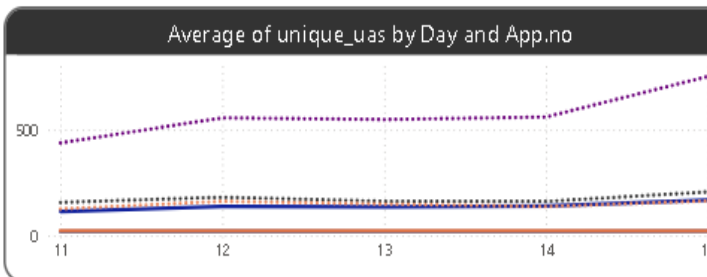
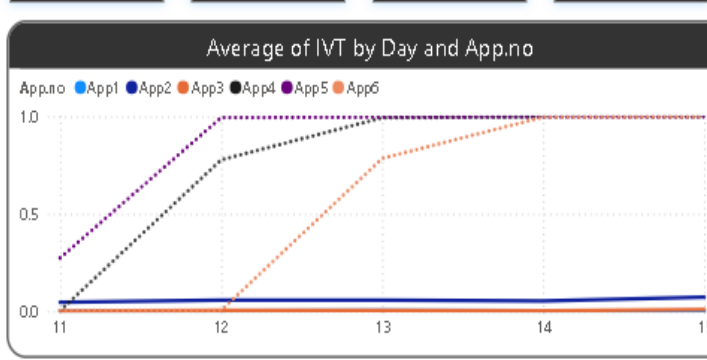
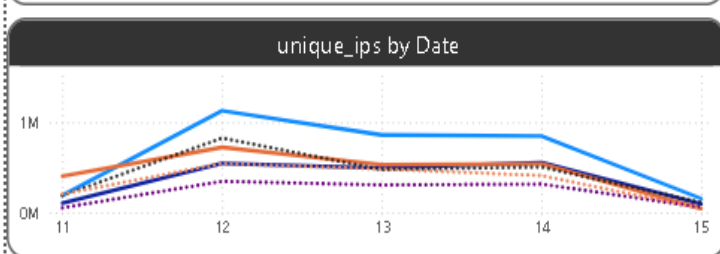
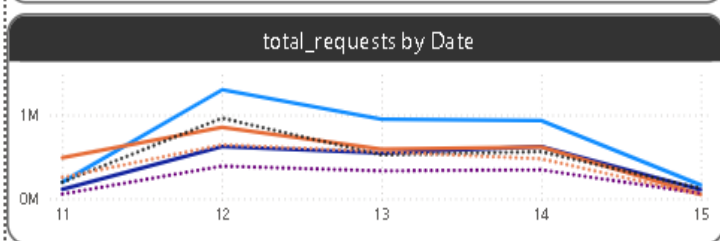
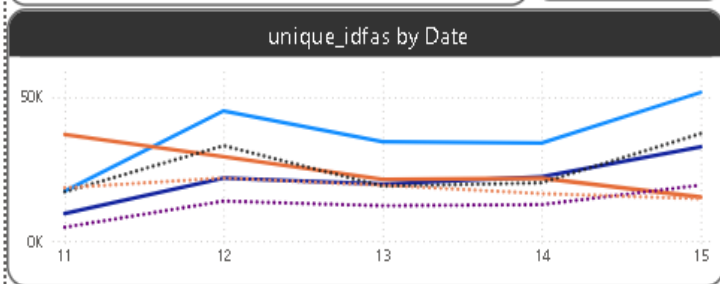
App6

Status

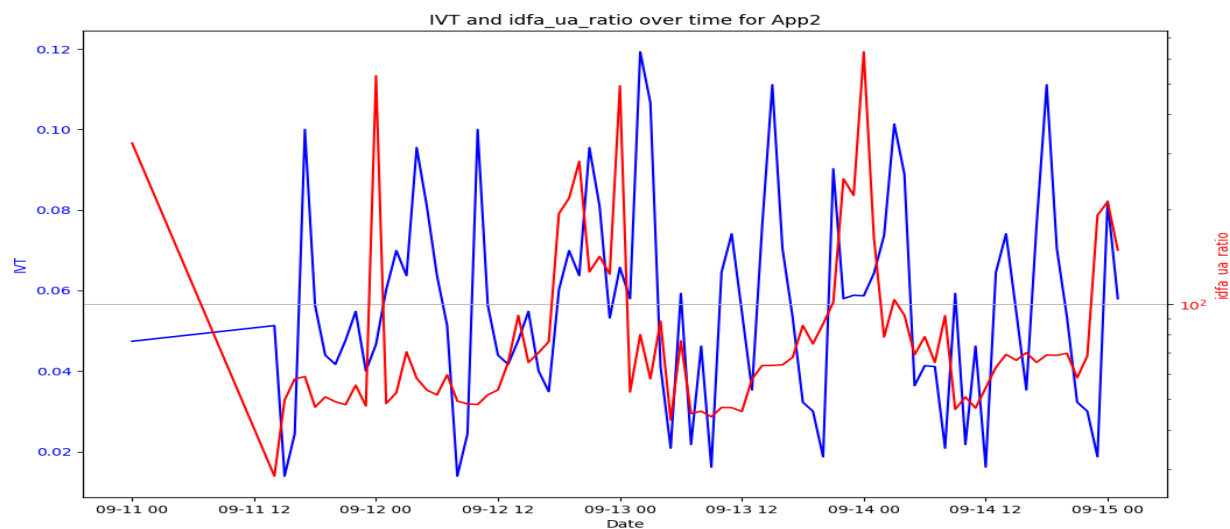
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Valid

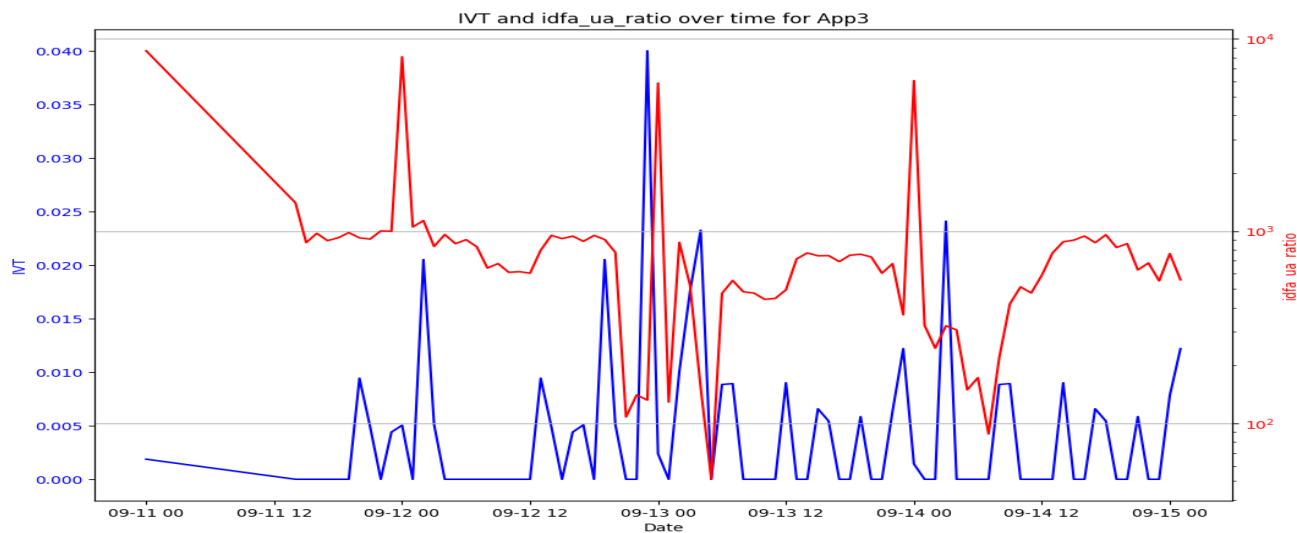
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total_requests	unique_idfas	unique_ips	unique_uas
14M	12M	12M	93K



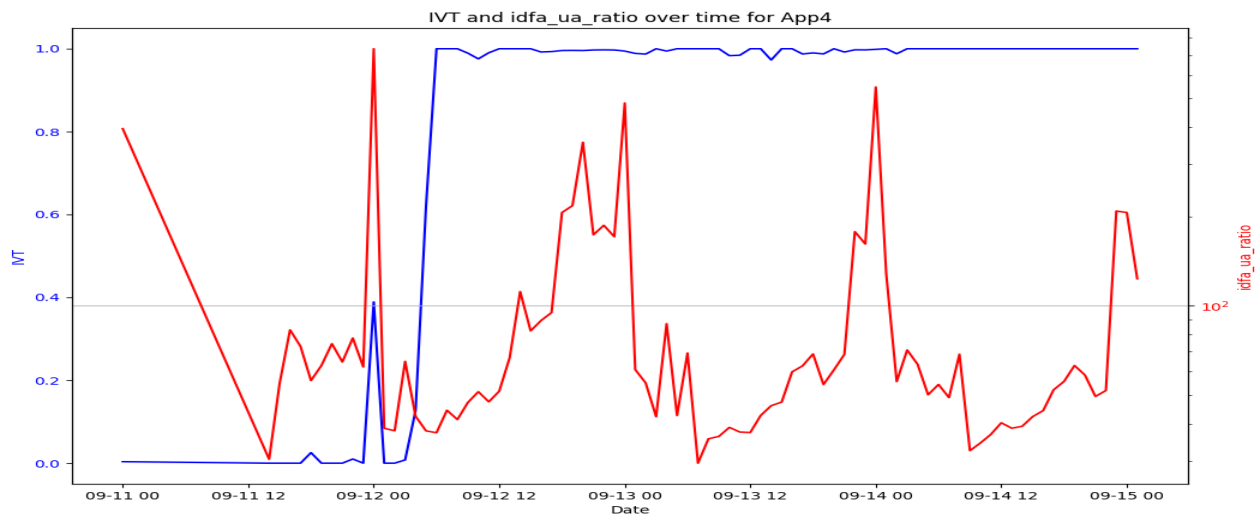
IVT  
idfa\_ua\_ratio

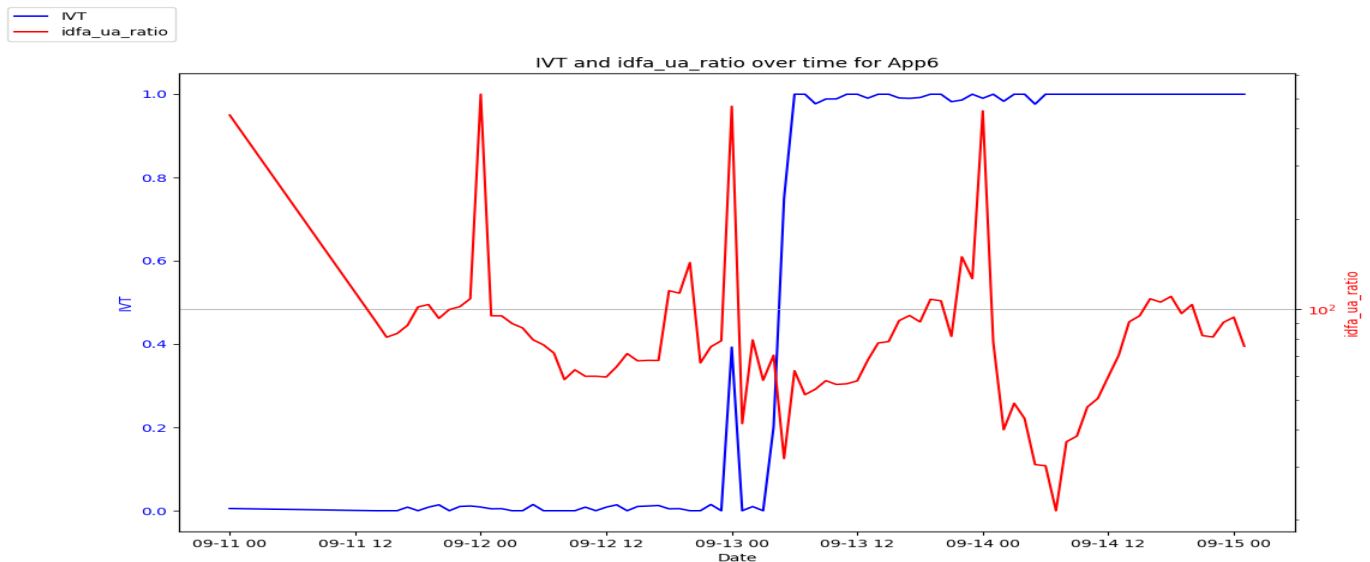


IVT  
idfa\_ua\_ratio



IVT  
idfa\_ua\_ratio





## 5. Observed Traffic Behavior

### Non-IVT Apps (App1–App3)

- **Low volatility:** UA ratio standard deviation  $< 0.05$ .
- **Strong correlation ( $r = 0.82$ )** between traffic volume and IDFA count — indicating natural scaling.
- **No abnormal hourly peaks** ( $>20\%$  deviation).
- IVT% consistently near zero.

### IVT Apps (App4–App6)

- **High volatility:** UA ratio std. deviation  $> 0.15$ .
- **Weaker correlation ( $r = 0.42$ )** between traffic and IDFA — signs of manipulation.
- **Spikes:** Traffic increased by 60–90% in short intervals.
- **IVT detection timing:**
  - App4: flagged after ~2 days of anomalies.
  - App5: flagged mid-period (~day 10–15).
  - App6: flagged late .(After 13-09-2025)

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## 6. Analytical Discussion

### Q1. Why did some apps never get marked as IVT?

- They maintained **consistent UA ratios** (0.25–0.35).
- IDFA counts grew proportionally with impressions (no fake device injection).
- Traffic showed **organic daily/weekly rhythm** (no abnormal bursts).

### Q2. Why were some apps marked IVT earlier, some later?

- **Early IVT (App4):** Extreme UA jump (>2× normal), IDFA surge 45% overnight.
- **Mid IVT (App5):** Gradual UA drift over several days before threshold crossed.
- **Late IVT (App6):** Initially clean traffic, later manipulation or bot influx.

IVT Timing	UA Ratio Volatility	IDFA Spike Timing	Pattern
Early (App4)	High ( $\Delta +0.33$ )	Within 24h	Aggressive bot injection
Mid (App5)	Moderate ( $\Delta +0.22$ )	After Day	Slow drift in quality
Late (App6)	Low initially, then sharp	After App5 (13-09-25)	Sudden inorganic scale

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## 7. Correlation Summary

Relationship	Non-IVT (r value)	IVT (r value)	Interpretation
IDFA ↔ Traffic	0.82	0.42	Lower correlation in IVT apps = fake traffic
UA Ratio ↔ IVT%	0.18	0.77	High correlation = IVT rises with UA volatility
Time ↔ IVT%	0.05	0.65	IVT increases over time in manipulated apps

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## 8. Key Findings

- **UA Ratio Volatility** is the strongest IVT predictor (>0.7 correlation).
  - **Unnatural IDFA surges** precede IVT detection by 1–2 days.
  - **Non-IVT apps** show stable correlation patterns and natural rhythm.
  - **IVT detection timing** is directly linked to **speed of traffic anomaly appearance**.
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## 9. Conclusion

The analysis concludes that:

- Apps with **stable traffic structure and consistent device/user patterns** were not flagged as IVT.
  - Apps that **rapidly increased user agent diversity** or **showed uncorrelated IDFA growth** triggered IVT flags.
  - The **timing of IVT detection** depends on how quickly these irregularities appear — early, mid, or late in the data timeline.
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## 10. Tools & Framework

- **Python (pandas, matplotlib, numpy):** Data wrangling and numeric analysis
- **Google Colab:** Cloud notebook for visualization
- **Excel/Sheets:** For data sanity checks and summary tables
- **Visualization Output:** 6 trend charts (App1–App6\_IVT\_IDFA\_UA\_Ratio)
- **PowerBI:** Visualization, charts