AWS Overview

Q1)List out the types of instance base on the pricing model and write a brief about your understanding about it.

Ans.Amazon EC2: Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (Amazon EC2) is a web service that provides compute capacity in the cloud.

It provides a pricing model that helps you skip upfront costs and problems of buying and setting up hardware. Instead, you can use a pay-as-you-go system, paying only for what you use during a month.

Types of Instances:

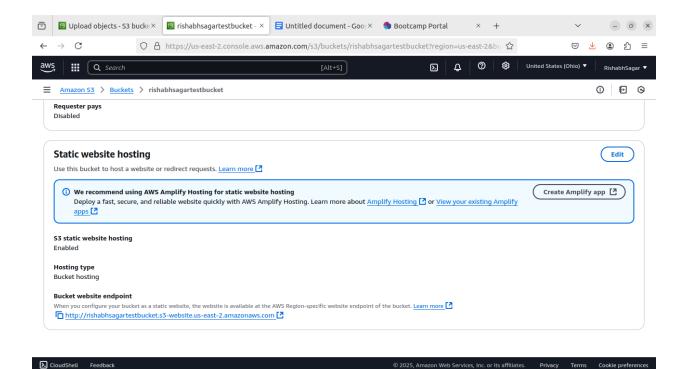
- On demand pricing: Pay for compute capacity per hour or per second. It is best for short term or variable workloads. This frees you from the costs and complexities of planning, purchasing, and maintaining hardware.
- Spot Instances: Leverage unused EC2 capacity at a discount of up to 90%. It is one of
 the cheapest and also show that AWS utilizes the hardware efficiently. AWS may
 terminate spot instances if the capacity is needed for other purposes, you are notified 2
 minutes before termination of the instances. It is generally used for analytics or stateless
 applications. Pricing fluctuates based on supply and demand.
- Reserved Instances: Discount of up to 75% compared to On-Demand Instances when you commit to a 1 or 3-year term. Great for workloads that you know will be running for a long time.
- Savings Plans: It offer flexible pricing models similar to Reserved Instances but with more flexibility. You commit to a consistent amount of usage (measured in per hour basis) for a 1- or 3-year period. Good for customers with a predictable usage who want flexibility in instance types and regions and also help in significant cost savings.
- Dedicated Hosts: A physical server dedicated exclusively to your use. You pay for the
 entire host, and you can launch instances on it, offering full control over instance
 placement, suitable for workloads that need to comply with licensing restrictions or have
 regulatory requirements.
- **Capacity Reservations:**Capacity Reservations allow you to reserve specific EC2 instance capacity in a given Availability Zone for any duration.
- While similar to Reserved Instances, you only pay for the capacity you reserve, regardless of whether you use it.

Q2)Host a static website in S3.

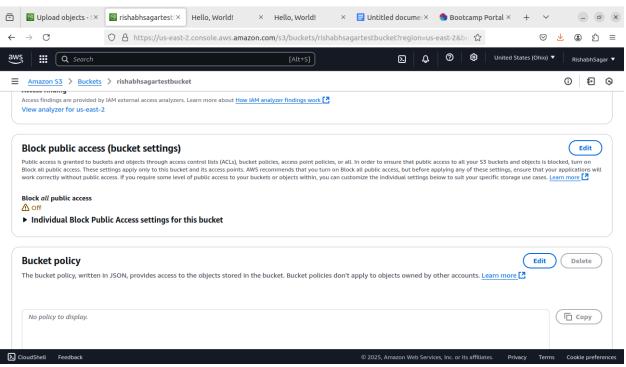
Ans. To host the static website in the AWS we have to follow certain step-

1.go to the s3 service in aws

2.go to the properties tab and enable the static hosting as it enables the static hosting on the s3 in aws.



3. Now to access the static website we have to allow the public access hence to enable the public access go to the permission tab in the s3 and select the block public access and disable it.



4.Now enable the ACL(Access control list)(it is the set of rules or policies which specify which users or systems can access resources and what actions they can perform on those

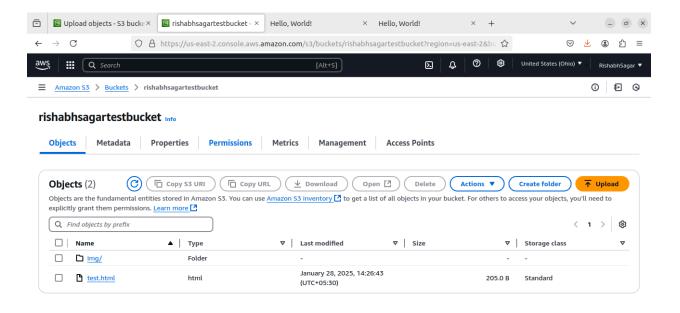
resources. It is needed as we give permission to the requester to access my static files)in the permission tab.

5. Now select all the files needed to host and from the action tab select the enable ACL option.



Hello World!





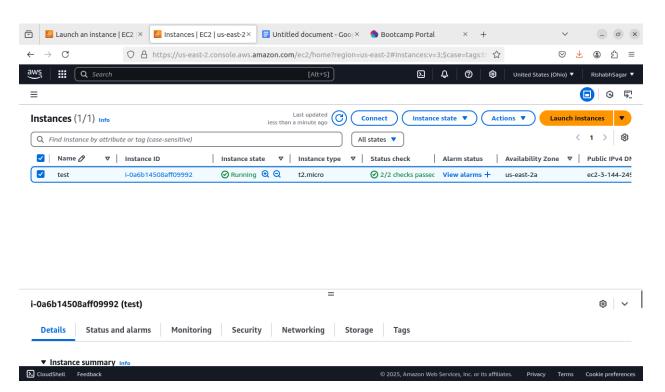
Q3)Launch an Ubuntu EC2 instance on AWS, with 10GB root volume, and SSH from your local machine using the private key.

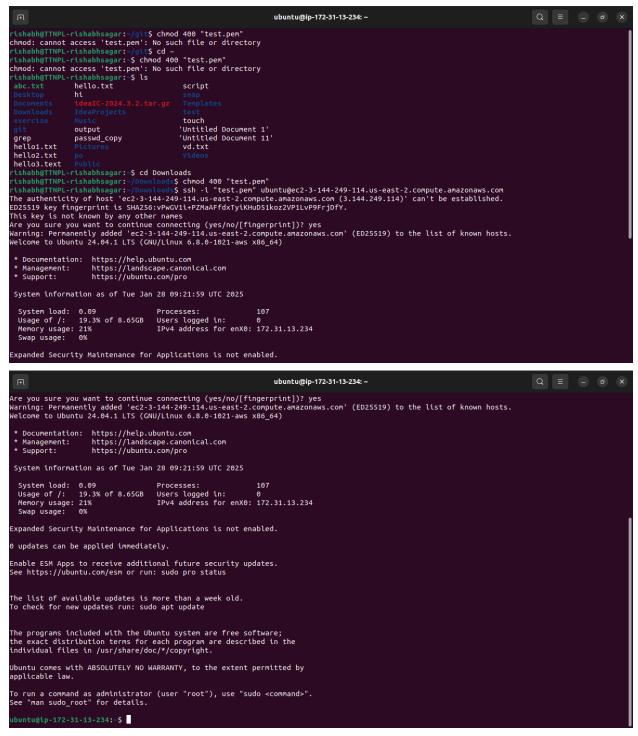
Ans. To launch the ubuntu ec2 instance on aws with 10gb volume follow these steps-

- 1.first launch/create the ec2 instance on the aws but during creating the ec2 instance there is the section of key-pair create the pair it act as the private key which is used to access the ec2 instance through the ubuntu and also their is the section of the storage, the default is set to 8gb set it to 10gb(it is the volume of the ec2 instance).
- **2.**Once the ec2 instance is created go to the running ec2 instance, there is the button for connect, press it, and select the ssh tab(as it is used here but there are 4 option and can use any of them) and follow the procedure there.
- 3.go the the terminal and run the following cmd-

A.chmod 400 "name of the pem file(key pair file downloaded previously)" (400 gives read access to the file)

B.ssh -i "pem file(key pair file)" ubuntu@<link given on the page of the ec2 instance>



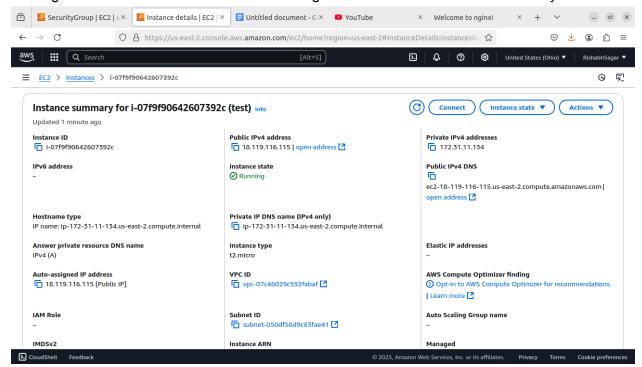


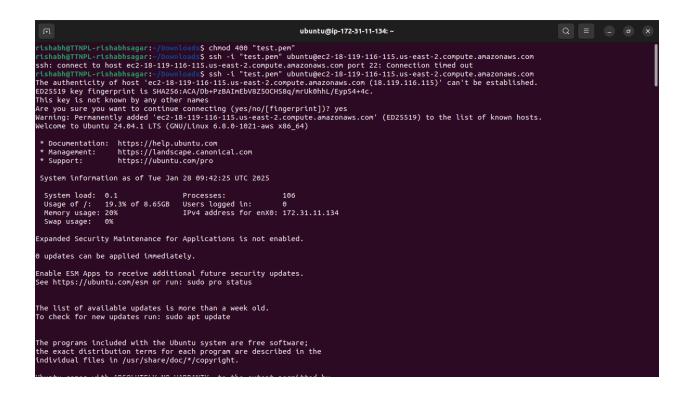
Q4)Install nginx package in the above server and access this page from your local browser using a domain name instead of IP address of the server.

Ans. To install and run the nginx and access the page through local browser using a domain name instead of IP address of the server follow these steps-

- 1. First connect to the ec2 instance (follow Q3 steps)
- 2. In the terminal run the following cmd
 - a. Sudo apt update
 - b. Sudo apt install nginx (install the nginx in the ec2 instance i.e linux server)
 - c. Sudo systemctl start nginx (start the nginx on the ec2)
 - d. Sudo systemctl enable nginx (enable the nginx on the ec2)
 - e. Sudo system status nginx (check the status nginx on the ec2)
- 3. Now go to the ec2 instance and here there is two option to access the page
 - a. Public ip address
 - b.public ipv4 dns

Nginx is the web server that is used in many different way like load balancer, reverse proxy, caching etc it is used because it can handle large number of connection concurrently.





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Ubuntu cones with ABSOLUTELY NO MARRANTY, to the extent permitted by applicable law.

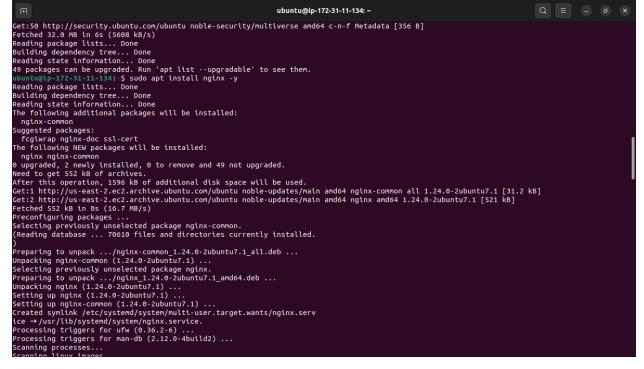
To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".

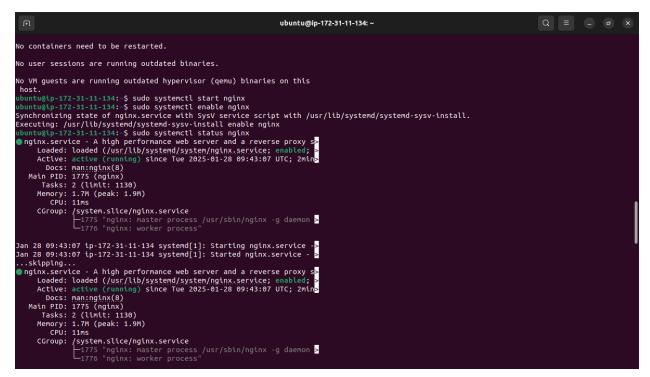
See "nan sudo_root" for details.

To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".

See "nan sudo_root" for details.

Ubuntuelp_172.31.11.114: 5 sudo ant undate
Hitl: http://us-east2.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble undates InRelease [126 kB]
Get: A http://us-east2.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease [126 kB]
Get: A http://us-east2.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe anded Packages [15.0 MB]
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Get: B http://us-east2.ec2.ar
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Access through IP address-



Welcome to nginx!

If you see this page, the nginx web server is successfully installed and working. Further configuration is required.

For online documentation and support please refer to $\underline{nginx.org}$. Commercial support is available at $\underline{nginx.com}$.

Thank you for using nginx.

Access through default domain name-



Welcome to nginx!

If you see this page, the nginx web server is successfully installed and working. Further configuration is required.

For online documentation and support please refer to $\underline{nginx.org.}$ Commercial support is available at $\underline{nginx.com}.$

Thank you for using nginx.