Individual Sleep Analysis Report

Subject ID: 12 | Healthy Control Study

Analysis Date: August 16, 2025 | Nights Analyzed: 2 | Report Generated by: Sleep-EDF Analysis System

Subject Information

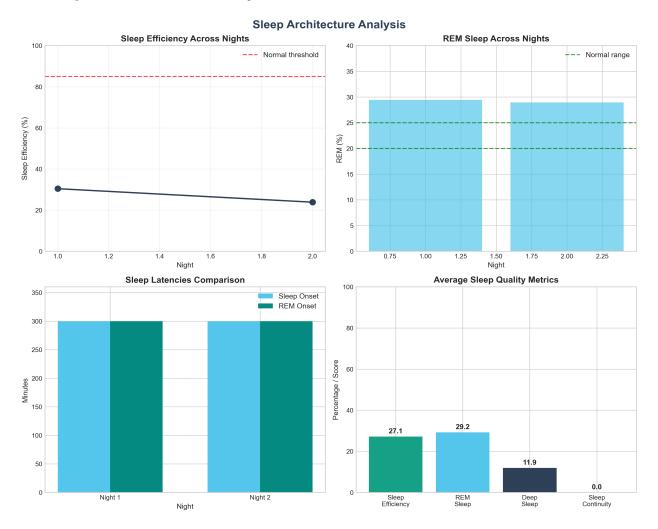
Subject ID	12
Age	26 years
Sex	M
Study Type	Healthy Controls
Number of Nights	2
Recording Dates	Multiple nights

Executive Summary

This report presents a comprehensive analysis of 2 night polysomnographic recordings for Subject 12, a 26-year-old M participant from the Sleep Cassette (healthy controls) study under nan condition.

Metric	Value	Clinical Interpretation
Sleep Efficiency	27.1%	Below Normal (<85%)
Sleep Latency	519.0 min	Prolonged (>30min)
REM Latency	563.2 min	Atypical
REM Sleep	29.2%	Atypical
Wake After Sleep Onset	413.0 min	Elevated (>30min)

Sleep Architecture Analysis

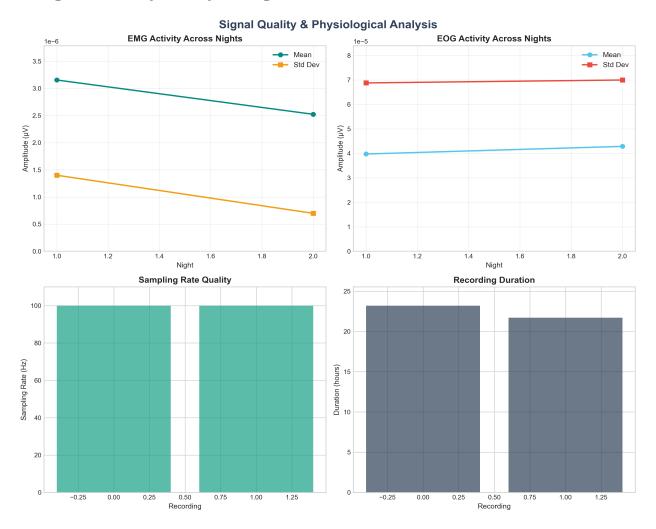


Neurophysiological Analysis - EEG Power Spectrum

EEG Power Spectral Analysis



Signal Quality & Physiological Assessment



Population Comparative Analysis

Comparative Population Analysis Sleep Efficiency (%) REM Sleep (%) ★ Subject Healthy Controls Sleep Difficulty Sleep Difficulty Healthy Controls WASO (min) Sleep Latency (min)

Healthy Controls

Sleep Difficulty

Healthy Controls

Clinical Interpretation & Recommendations

Overall Sleep Health Assessment

Sleep Quality Level: POOR

Poor sleep quality with multiple metrics outside normal ranges. The subject's sleep architecture shows:

• Sleep Efficiency: 27.1% (Below normal)

REM Sleep: 29.2% (Atypical)Deep Sleep: 11.9% (Reduced)

• Sleep Continuity: Fragmented (WASO: 413.0 min)

Key Findings

- **Reduced Sleep Efficiency**: At 27.1%, sleep efficiency is below the normal threshold of 85%, indicating potential sleep quality issues.
- **Elevated REM Sleep**: REM sleep comprises 29.2% of total sleep, which is above the typical range of 20-25%.
- **Reduced Deep Sleep**: Deep sleep stages (N3+N4) comprise 11.9% of sleep, which may indicate reduced sleep restoration.

Recommendations

- Consider sleep hygiene counseling and evaluation of factors affecting sleep quality
- Assess sleep environment and factors that may be disrupting deep sleep stages
- Investigation of factors causing sleep fragmentation may be beneficial

Report Analysis and Generation:

Report Analysed and created by the following students of IIIT Allahabad, Part of Big Data Analytics Course:

- Aditya Singh Mertia (IIT2022125) [iit2022125@iiita.ac.in]
 - Rishabh Kumar (IIT2022131) [iit2022131@iiita.ac.in]
 - Karan Singh (IIT2022132) [iit2022132@iiita.ac.in]
 - Tejas Sharma (IIT2022161) [iit2022161@iiita.ac.in]

Report Version: 1.0 | Generated: August 16, 2025 at 08:58 PM