Individual Sleep Analysis Report

Subject ID: 53 | Healthy Control Study

Analysis Date: August 16, 2025 | Nights Analyzed: 2 | Report Generated by: Sleep-EDF Analysis System

Subject Information

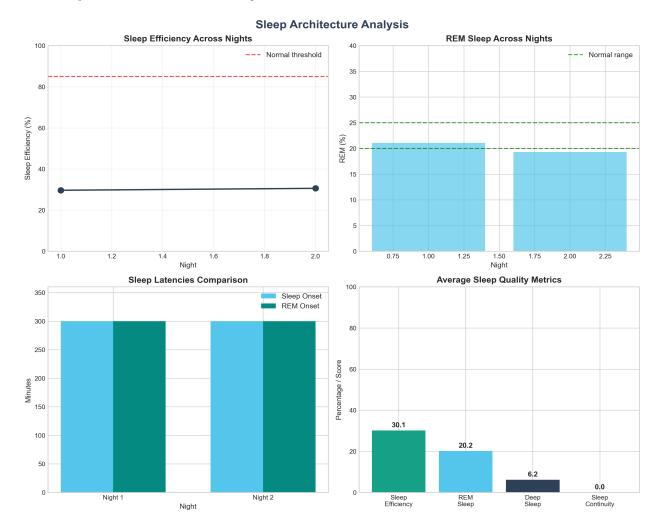
Subject ID	53
Age	67 years
Sex	M
Study Type	Healthy Controls
Number of Nights	2
Recording Dates	Multiple nights

Executive Summary

This report presents a comprehensive analysis of 2 night polysomnographic recordings for Subject 53, a 67-year-old M participant from the Sleep Cassette (healthy controls) study under nan condition.

Metric	Value	Clinical Interpretation
Sleep Efficiency	30.1%	Below Normal (<85%)
Sleep Latency	487.2 min	Prolonged (>30min)
REM Latency	561.0 min	Atypical
REM Sleep	20.2%	Normal (20-25%)
Wake After Sleep Onset	415.5 min	Elevated (>30min)

Sleep Architecture Analysis

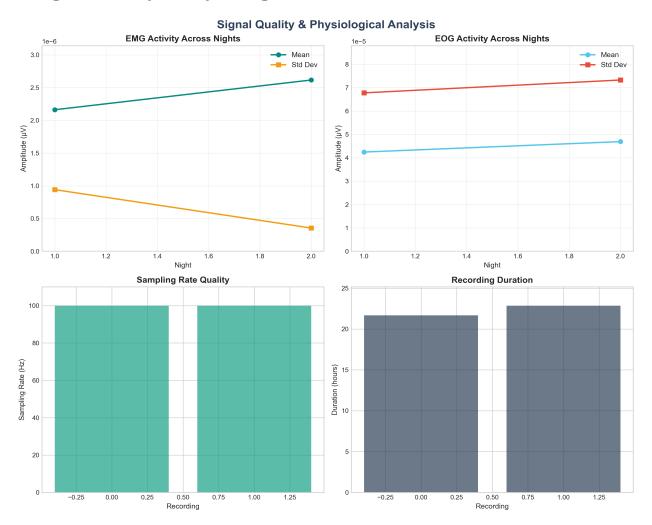


Neurophysiological Analysis - EEG Power Spectrum

EEG Power Spectral Analysis



Signal Quality & Physiological Assessment



Population Comparative Analysis

Comparative Population Analysis Sleep Efficiency (%) REM Sleep (%) ★ Subject Sleep Difficulty Sleep Difficulty Healthy Controls Healthy Controls WASO (min) Sleep Latency (min)

Healthy Controls

Sleep Difficulty

Healthy Controls

Clinical Interpretation & Recommendations

Overall Sleep Health Assessment

Sleep Quality Level: POOR

Poor sleep quality with multiple metrics outside normal ranges. The subject's sleep architecture shows:

• Sleep Efficiency: 30.1% (Below normal)

REM Sleep: 20.2% (Normal)Deep Sleep: 6.2% (Reduced)

• Sleep Continuity: Fragmented (WASO: 415.5 min)

Key Findings

- **Reduced Sleep Efficiency**: At 30.1%, sleep efficiency is below the normal threshold of 85%, indicating potential sleep quality issues.
- **Normal REM Sleep**: REM sleep comprises 20.2% of total sleep, which is within the normal range.
- **Reduced Deep Sleep**: Deep sleep stages (N3+N4) comprise 6.2% of sleep, which may indicate reduced sleep restoration.

Recommendations

- Consider sleep hygiene counseling and evaluation of factors affecting sleep quality
- Assess sleep environment and factors that may be disrupting deep sleep stages
- Investigation of factors causing sleep fragmentation may be beneficial

Report Analysis and Generation:

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