

Experiment No. 3.2

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Branch: **MCA - CCD**

Semester: **I**

Subject Name: **DAA Lab**

UID: **22MCC20039**

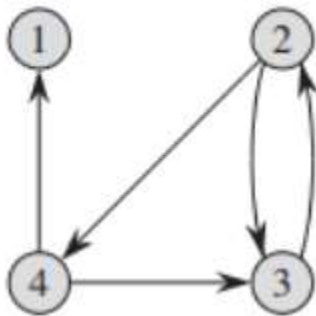
Section/Group: **MCD-1/ Grp B**

Date of Performance: **05th Jan 22**

Subject Code: **22CAP-646**

1. Aim/Overview of the practical:

Find a subset of a given set $S = \{s_1, s_2, s_n\}$ of n positive integers whose sum is equal to a given positive integer. For example, if $S = \{1, 2, 7, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ and $d = 11$. A suitable message is to be displayed if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.



2. Code for practical:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int s[10], d, n, set[10], count = 0;
void display(int);
int flag = 0;
void main() {
    int subset(int, int);
    int i;
    printf("ENTER THE NUMBER OF THE ELEMENTS IN THE SET : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("ENTER THE SET OF VALUES : ");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        scanf("%d", &s[i]);
    printf("ENTER THE SUM : ");
    scanf("%d", &d);
    printf("THE PROGRAM OUTPUT IS: ");
    subset(0, 0);
    if (flag == 0)
        printf("There is no solution");
}
int subset(int sum, int i) {
    if (sum == d) {
```

```
        flag = 1;
        display(count);
        return;
    }
    if (sum > d || i >= n) return;
    else {
        set[count] = s[i];
        count++;
        subset(sum + s[i], i + 1);
        count--;
        subset(sum, i + 1);
    }
}

void display(int count) {
    int i;
    printf("\t{");
    for (i = 0; i < count; i++)
        printf("%d,", set[i]);
    printf("}");
}
```

3. Output:

/tmp/3tv4MV4C2z.o

ENTER THE NUMBER OF THE ELEMENTS IN THE SET : 7

ENTER THE SET OF VALUES : 1 2 7 3 4 5 6

ENTER THE SUM : 11

THE PROGRAM OUTPUT IS: {1,2,3,5,} {1,7,3,} {1,4,6,} {2,3,6,} {2,4,5,} {7,4,} {5,6,}

***** THE END *****