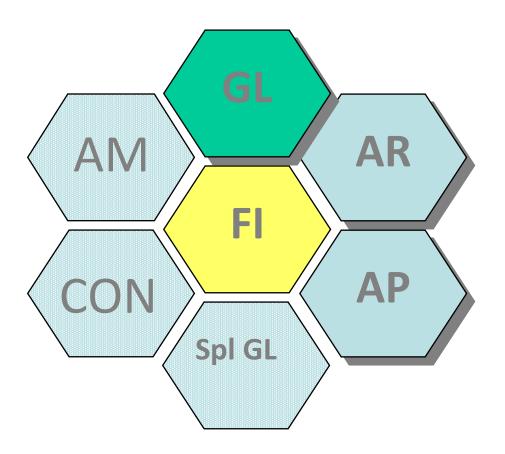
# SAP FICO NOTES BY

# PRINCIPAL CONSULTANT

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#### Class: 1

**ERP:** ERP Stands for Enterprise Resource Planning. Moto of ERP System is Planning of Resources in the Organization in an effective manner in order to get more Profitability.

Planning in organization we do below Planning Activities.

- Productivity (Relates to Men and Machines)
- Effectiveness (related to Methods Employed)
- Efficiency (relates to men, Methods and Machines)

Enterprise: It is a big organization with huge resources.

**Resources:** An Enterprise has the following resources.

- Money (Finance Dept)
   Oracle, Tally, JdEdwards, ..... etc
- Men (Human Resource Dept) Peoplesoft HR
- ➤ Materials (Purchase & Stores dept) Baan
- Machines (Production Dept) Production software
- Marketing (Sales and Distribution)
- Methods (Pervade all the other resources)
- Management

# **Benefits of ERP Systems:**

- Eliminates the duplication
- Redundancy in data
- ➤ More ROI on Information Technology implementation
- Delivers Quality information designed for the enterprise
- Faster
- Satisfying partners or Customers etc...

# **Characteristics of ERP System:**

- Single Uniform System across the enterprise
- More integrated system
- Usage of multiple Languages and Currencies
- Client server architecture etc...

#### **List of ERP Systems:**

- > SAP
- > ORACLE: FINANCIALS
- PEOPLE SOFT
- RAMCO MARSHAL
- > JD EDWARDS
- > BAAN

CYBER etc...

More than 90% of the ERP Market spread over by SAP. The reasons are

Development
Server
Customization or Configuration

Quality Server
Testing and Training
UAT

Production / Live
Server
Day to Day
transactions

Before developing of SAP the engineers observes the nature of all industries across the world and develop SAP in order to meet all enterprise requirements.

# SAP

SAP stands for Systems Applications and Products in data processing and founded by Five Ex: IBM engineers in the year of 1972.

The current version of SAP is ECC6.0 EHP 8

# **Modules of SAP:**

- FICO (FINANCE AND CONTROLLING)
- MM (MATERIAL MANAGEMENT)
- > SD (SALES AND DISTRIBUTION)
- > HR (HUMAN RESOURCES)
- PP (PRODUCTION PLANNING)
- Basis
- ➤ CRM
- > ABAP Programming
- ➤ QM (QUALITY MANAGEMENT)
- PM (PLANT MAINTENANCE)
- PS (PROJECT SYSTEMS) Etc...

# **SAP Landscape:**

The System Landscape represents the SAP System deployment at implementation. SAP System landscape consists of below 3 systems.

**UAT – stands for User Acceptance Test** 

<u>Development System:</u> This system is used for configuration according to the business requirements. All the configurations will be stored in the respective server tables and saved under Transport request.

**QAS:** the changes done in the development server we will be copy to quality server for testing and training activities. The changes will be more through transport request.

<u>Production server:</u> this is the end server which is used for posting of day to day Business transactions by the users.

<u>Transport Request:</u> It is the Media used to move the changes from development server to quality and production servers. While saving the changes in development server system will save the data in the respective tables and stores the information with TR Number. While moving the TR the table contents of development server will get copy to respective destination servers.

#### Types of Data in SAP:

In SAP we will use following types of data.

- 1. Configuration or customization data
- 2. Master data
- 3. Transactional data

**Configuration data:** the configuration must be done only in development server to meet the business requirement. System will generate Transport Request while saving the configuration data.

Ex: Interest calculations settings, Enterprise structure, depreciation terms, AP, AR, Asset management settings etc...

Master data: all transactional data get posted into SAP with reference to Master data.

<u>Note:</u> There will be no TR generated for master data and transactional data. This data must be maintained by the business users in the respective servers.

Ex: GL A/C's, Vendor Masters, customer masters, asset masters, cost centre, production order.

**Transactional Data:** The Day to Day business transactions are called as Transactional data Ex: Sales posting, Asset Purchases, Depreciation calculations etc...

# **Login to SAP System**

First Row of the screen is called **Menu Bar** Menu Edit, Favorites, Extras Second Row is called **Standard Tool Bar**Third Row is called **Title Bar**Fourth Row is called **Tool Bar**Fifth and Last row is called **Status Bar** 

In your desktop Double click on SAP GUI or SAP Log on place the curser on ECC6 item click on "LOG ON" button

Client: 800 User: sapuser

Password: sapuser

#### Note:

- Password is case sensitive
- Password can be alpha numeric
- Continuous Login trials 3 times with wrong User ID & password will cause locking of client for further process.

**Option 1:** Continue with this log on end other logins in the system.

Option 2: Continue with this log on without ending of any other logins

Option 3: Terminate this login.

The transactions in SAP can be executed in 2 ways.

- 1. Through path (step by step approach)
- 2. Through T-Code (Short Cut) (T-Code = Transaction Code)

Each and every transaction in SAP is associates with T-Code.

T-Codes can be directly used by using "Transaction Code Bar"

SAP EASY ACCESS Screen which is called Gate of SAP SEA

To open new session or screens or working with multiple screens.

**Option1:** Select create a new session button in the standard tool bar. So that a new session will be open with the screen SAP Easy Access.

**Option2:** If you are aware of transaction code you can type the transaction code in the Transaction code bar with a Prefix of '/O' or '/N' to the T-Code.

/O: Creates new session without ending the existing session.

Use "alt + tab" to parallel work with multiple screens.

/N: Closes the existing screen and opens the new screen with the given transaction code.

The Transactions in SAP can be handled as below.

The screens in SAP are divided as

- 1. SAP Easy Access
- 2. SPRO = Semi Programming Run Way Operation Or SAP Reference Object
- Easy access screen will be used by the business users for creation of Master data posting of transactional data, execution of reports. Etc...
- > SPRO: all the implementation guide activities will be performed under SPRO Screen by the Consultants. The business users don't have access to SPRO Screen

# Login into SPRO Screen (or) IMG Screen

**Path:** SAP Easy Access Screen → SAP Menu → Tools → Customizing → IMG → Execute Project (SPRO) press enter here

# **Types of Projects:**

- 1. Implementation
- 2. Support
- **3.** Rollout
- 4. Upgrade
- 5. Enhancement

# **Implementation**

Implementations are 2 types.

- 1. Big-Bang implementation
- 2. Phase-Wise implementation

**Big-Bang Implementation:** Implementing of SAP at a stretch for all the business units of the clients (irrespective of countries, industry type, segments) is called as Big-Bang Implementation. Very few companies will go with such type of implementations because

- a. High Risk
- b. More Investment
- c. High Monitory requires
- d. Less quality etc...

**Phase-Wise Implementation:** implementation of SAP for business entity at country level, segment level one after one is called as Phase-Wise implementation.

# **Methodologies following for Implementation:**

- 1. ASAP Methodology
- 2. Solution Manager

Client Over View: Ashraf Group of Companies

Ashraf Group has business operations in the following sectors.

- a. Ashraf Engineering
- b. Ashraf Holdings LTD

# The reasons for opting ERP and SAP by APPLE Group:

- 1. Beverages have two manufacturing plants & 'n' of Branches and depots across India and in other counties. All the inventory at warehouse located at Mumbai. The inventory transactions at branch offices will send regularly to the warehouse through mail system to the warehouse.
- 2. APPLE Group find challenging for consolidating the financial results, inventory mgt and providing MIS (management information system) reports on requirement. Hence decided to implement ERP for their business operations.

The implementation of SAP project was given to IBM by APPLE Group for their Line of Business (LOB) (Phase-Wise Implementation)

Always implementation project majorly handled or done at on site or client place.

IBM will identify project managers, delivery managers, team leaders and respective consultants for this project.

# Implementation Process

Company Profile

**Note:** During the implementation phase Business has to identify core team members and Super users who will provide information to the consultants on their business process. Ex: GM, BP, CFO, CEO etc...

# **ASAP Methodology:**

Accelerated SAP (ASAP) is SAP's standard implementation methodology.

It contains the road map, a step by step guide that incorporates experiences from many years for implementing of SAP R/3.

# **Phases of ASAP Methodologies:**

- 1. Project preparation
- 2. Business blue print
- 3. Realization
- 4. Final preparation
- 5. Go-Live and Support

#### Phase 01. Project Preparation:

The primary focus of phase1 is getting the project started, identifying team members and developing a high level plan.

# The main deliverables are:

- Project charter (Mission, Business drivers)
- Project procedure and standards
- > Detailed project plan
- Technical requirements planning (order pc's)
- Project kickoff
- Project team training plan (Level 1 & 2)
- Project room set up
- Project team structure and roles
- Signoff of project preparation phase

#### **Phase 02: Business Blue Print:**

To understand the business goals of the company and to determine the business requirements needed to support those goals.

#### The main activities are:

- Understand current business process
- Create To-be business Blue Print
- ➤ Define organizational structure (Company, Plant etc...)
- Prepare conversion and interface requirement
- Enterprise and base line scope documents
- Business blue print approval
- ➤ Training level2

Installed R/3 System

#### **Understand Current Business Process:**

(BRD Documents, Q&A Data base, the regular meeting with the core team members etc...)

# **Create To-be Business Blue Print:**

Based on the understanding of the business process we consultants has to prepare business blue print documents.

Preparation of To-be document (Business Blue Print) this document consists of how the business want tracking of their business transactions in SAP. Our understanding of their enterprise structure, modules. They want to implement and their business process.

# **Define Organizational structure of client:**

Understanding and deifying organisation is very important by the consultant. The organization structure depends on 'n' no. of parameters considering all we must define organization structure.

# Preparation of End-user training manuals **Understanding of interface requirements**

# Interface:

The connection between SAP system to other third party systems is called as interface.

Preparation of Base line Scope document

Trainings to the End users or Super users

#### Phase 3: Realization:

The purpose of this phase is to implement all the business process requirements based on the business blue print. The customization in the development system will be done in step by step in two work packages.

- 1. Base configuration
- 2. Final configuration

#### The main activities are:

- ✓ Implement business process based on the blue print document
- ✓ Configuration of the settings and its documentations✓ Testing
- ✓ Define Authorizations in the R/3 Systems
- ✓ Preparation of User Manuals

# Phase 4: Final Preparation:

The main activities are:

- 1. Cut-over activities
  - Uploading of transactional data and master data from legacy system to SAP System.
- 2. Resolve all crucial open issues (GAPS)

# **Phase 5: Go-Live and Support:**

All the transports will be moved from development system to production. Business will use SAP system for their regular transactions and stop legacy systems.

# **Business Blue-Print Phase for APPLE Group:**

The scope of modules APPLE Group wants to implement below modules

- 1. FICO
- 2. MM

Page 8 Afzal

- 3. SD
- 4. PP
- 5. BASIS
- 6. ABAP
- 7. HR
- 8. QM
- 9. PM

# FI Organization Structure

Company

Company code1, company code2..... company code n Business Area1. Business Area2..... Business Area n

# **Create Apple Group Organizational Structure**

#### FICO Scope:

Below sub modules want to be implement for FICO.

- 1. General Ledger
- 2. Accounts Payables
- 3. Accounts Receivables
- 4. Asset Accounting
- 5. Banking
- 6. Reporting system
- 7. Taxation
  - a. Excise
  - b. VAT
  - c. CST
  - d. TDS

#### **The Reporting Requirement**

APPLE Group want to generate their financial statements at manufacturing ltd. With currency INR and according to the accounting standards of IAS to meet external reporting.

The internal reporting will be at plant level for management information.

Ashraf Group is following the reporting year as April to March.

# Ashraf Group wants the below transactions to be posted in respect to the G/L Accounting.

- 1. Journal entries
- 2. Parked documents
- 3. Recurring entries
- 4. Document reversals
- 5. Foreign currency transactions posting
- 6. Accrual / Deferral postal
- 7. Interest calculations
- 8. Analysis of GL Accounts
- 9. Month end closing operations
- 10. Bank reconciliation

# **GL Configuration Steps**

Configuration of organization structure

- 1. Define company
- 2. Define Credit Control Area
- 3. Define Company Code
- 4. Define Business Area
- 5. Define Functional Area
- 6. Maintain Consolidated Business Area

- 11. Financial statements maintenance
- 12. Finalization of Accounts
- 13. Carry forward balances to next years

- 7. Maintain FM Area
- 8. Define Segment
- 9. Define Profit Center

# **Configuration of organization Structure**

Company is a organizational unit in account. That represents a business organization according to the requirements of commercial law in a particular country. In SAP all consolidation functions in Financial Accounting are based on companies. A company can consists of one or more company codes.

<u>Path:</u> Sap Easy Access Menu → Sap Menu→Tools→ Customizing → Img→ Spro-Execute Project→ Sap Reference Img Press Enter.

# To view T-Code for IMG Activities

Additional Information→Display Key→Img Activity

A new column with Transaction codes will be displayed next to the IMG Activity. The last 4 digits is called as T-Code.

#### Step01 - Define Company (OX15)

Enterprise Structure → Definition → Financial Accounting → Define Company → Click On Img Activity Button → Select New Entries Button

Company : TR10

Company Name : Group of Industries ltd.

Street : Hyderabad PO Box : 500020 Postal Code : 500020 City : Hyderabad

Country : IN Language Key : EN Currency : INR

Save - V\_T880

229 Countries and 48 Languages available in SAP system.

Table Name is T880 Click on Create Request

Short Description: Ashraf Group enterprise structure

Click on save or Enter button TR No : EC6K900560

**Note:** We can save the similar nature of customizing settings under one transport request. Each TR holds the contents of configuration changes with reference to respective tables.

Click on Enter Button

The Message will get as Data was Saved

<u>View Table Contents:</u> (T-Code= SE16N or SE16)

Table : T880 Company : TR10 Click on Execute button

The company details maintained in the fore ground, updated in the form of Table

**View Transport Request Details:** (T-Code = SE01/SE09/SE10)

**USER: SAPUSER** 

REQUEST TYPE: Customizing request

The changes done by functional consultants will be stored under customizing request. We consultants only customizing the SAP Screens in order to meet Business requirements and not doing any changes to the existing screens or programs

**Work Bench Request:** the changes done by technical consultants (ABAP) in order to meet Business requirements are called as Bench request.

Ex: Changes to existing screen layouts, menus, new reports and program developments, Forms development etc...

# **Request Status**

Modifiable

Released

□ Display

If the TR status was modifiable we can add more customization changes to the same TR No. Till the TR status was change into released.

**Released:** the Basis consultants can move the TR's from one server to another server only if the status of TR is Released. One cannot append (add) customization changes to the released TR. Display press enter on this button.

Each request consists of Task. Hence expand the task

- ✓ Expand IMG Activity
- √ View maintenance
- ✓ V-T880
- ✓ T880
- ✓ 800TR10

# Step 2 - Define Credit Control Area: (OB45)

Credit control area is an organizational unit. Which is used to represent the credit limits of the customers with in the organization.

Note: The credit control area will be used by FI & SD Modules.

Path: Spro → Img → Enterprise Structure → Definition → Financial Accounting → Define Credit

Control Area → New Entries
Credit Control Area : TR10
Currency : INR

Data for Updating SD

Update : 000018 Open delivery value for sales order, open billing document value

FY Variant : Risk Category : Credit Limit :

Representative group:

In detailed overview of credit control area will be discussed during AR and SD Modules.

Click on Back Button.

Description: Credit control area of Ashraf

Save - Table V\_T014

View Maintenance Data: V\_T014

Reguest : EC6K900560

Click on own request select or do Ashraf click on your TR click on Enter Button.

# Step 03 - Define Company Code: (OX02) - T001

Company code is an organisational unit using which a complete set of financial statements (P&L and Balance Sheet) will be generated. All business transactions must be posted at company code level. Company code is called as a Legal entity.

We can have 'n' no. of company codes within the organisation depends on Business requirements and to meet legal reporting requirements.

We can have Transactions between inter company codes in such scenario the affiliated company codes will be treated as customers and vendors in order to initiate initial stock transports and elimination of inter company transactions etc...

<u>Path:</u> Spro → Img → Definition → Fin Acc → Edit, Copy, Check Company Code

Click on IMG activity → Edit Company Code data → New Entries

Company Code: TR10

Company Name: Ashraf Trading

**Additional Data** 

City: Hyderabad

Country : IN
Currency : INR
Language : EN
Click on Address Button
Title : Company

Name : Ashraf Trading Co

Search Terms

Search Term ½: Street

Postal Code/Street:

Country: IN Region: 13

PO Box Address

For Address Screen press the Enter.

Click on object Attributes Button to view Tables Effected

Save - Table is T001

Table to view Address of the Company Code (ADRC)

In detailed address will be stored with address No. In tool table and the detailed information of the address will be displayed under **ADRC** .

# Step 04 - Define Business Areas: (OX03)

Business areas will be defined at geographical area level, product level, functional area level according to the business requirements. We can generate financial statements at business area level

Business areas are independent of company codes and no need to assign business areas to company codes.

All business transactions will be posted at company code level and at the same time we can give business area for internal reporting.

The reason for non assignment of Business areas to company code is the business wants to get consolidated reporting at Business area level irrespective of company codes.

Business area is one of the organisational unit which is used for internal reporting purpose.

The business area mapping with geographical level always we done at plant level or Branch Offices.

Path: Spro→Enterprise Structure→Definition→FA→Define Business Area → New Entries

Business Area	Description
TR10	Telengana
TR11	Andhra Pradesh

Save Table is V TGSB

# Step 05 - Define Functional Areas: (OKBD) - This view is obsolete (Out dated)

Functional areas one of the organizational unit in FI used to classify the expenses of an organisation into functional areas to meet the needs of cost of sales accounting.

Functional areas are sales, production, marketing, administrating, research & development etc...

# Step 06 - Maintain Consolidated Business Area (OCC1)

**Path:** Spro→Enterprise Structure→Definition→FA→ Maintain Consolidated Bus Area → New Entries → New Entries

Zitation / them Zitation	
Consolidation Business Area	Description
TR10	TR10 Consolidated Bussiness Area

Save - Table is V TGSBK

#### Step 07 - Maintain FM Area (OF01)

Path: Spro→Enterprise Structure→Definition→FA→ Maintain FM Area → New Entries

Consolid	lation Bus	siness Area	Description	FM Area Currency
TR10			TR10 FM Area	INR

Save

# **Assignment of Organisational Unit:**

Step 01 – Assign Company Code To Company

Step 02 - Assign Company Code To Credit Control Area

Step 03 - Assign Business Area To Consolidated Business Area

Step 04 – Assign Company Code to FM Area

# Step 01 - Assignment of Company code to Company (OX16)

Path: Spro→Enterprise Structure→Assignment→FA→Assign Company Code To Company →

Position → Enter Company Code : TR10

Save - Table is T001 Note: All company code assignments will be stored under table T001

# Step 02 - Assign Company code to Credit Control Area:

**Path:** Spro→Enterprise Structure→Assignment→FA→Assign Company Code To Credit Control Area →Position → Enter Company Code : TR10

Business Area	Description	Consolidated Business Area	Description
TR10		TR10	
TR11		TR10	

Save it.

#### **General settings or Basic Settings**

For using of any company codes for Business transactions we must define below Basic Settings.

- 1. Fiscal/Financial year settings
- 2. Posting period variant
- 3. Field status variant
- 4. Tolerance groups for Employees and GL Accounts

- 5. Document types and Number rangers
- 6. Posting keys
- 7. Company code Global parameters
- 8. Assignment of Tax procedure at country level

#### **Fiscal Year Variant:**

The financial year of the organisation is called as Fiscal year.

**Variant:** all the settings and conversions for the respective configurations is stored or saved with a name which is called as a variant.

#### The characteristics of Variants

- a) Variants will be maintained at client level
- b) Can be used for n. no of company codes with respect to business requirements
- c) Changes to the variant will get applicable to all the company codes for which the variant has been assigned

All the conversions related to Financial year will be maintained under Fiscal year variant.

#### Types of Fiscal Year:

- I. Calendar year (January to December)
- II. Non-Calendar year

April to March

October to September

July to June

A fiscal year should normally consists of 12 regular periods and maximum of 4 special periods. This periods are called as virtual periods.

#### **Special Periods:**

In SAP we can additionally maintain Four Special periods (maximum) to meet year-end closing activities of the Business.

These are virtual periods and any posting done using this special periods will get updated to the last period of (Normal) your fiscal year variant.

Special periods will be identified with 13 to 16 periods.

Conversion of calendar periods to non-calendar periods:

Calendar month	No.of Days	SAP FY Periods April – March	SAP FY Periods Oct – Sept	SAP FY Periods July – June
January	31	10	4	7
February	28	11	5	8
March	31	12	6	9
April	30	1	7	10
May	31	2	8	11
June	30	3	9	12
July	31	4	10	1
August	31	5	11	2
September	30	6	12	3
October	31	7	1	4
November	30	8	2	5
December	31	9	3	6

Year Shift: +1 for Previous Periods 0 for Current Period -1 for Future Periods In SAP the system will not take 2 years as financial year. Then we will take which year has maximum months has financial year.

# Standard fiscal year Variants are

- ➤ K4 = CALENDAR YEAR
- ➤ V3 = April to March

- ➤ V9 = October TO September
- ➤ V6 = July to June
- WK = Calendar Weeks

# Maintain Fiscal Year (OB29):

Path: Spro→FA (New) → Financial Accounting Global Settings (New) → Ledgers → Fiscal Year & Posting Periods → Maintain Fiscal Year Variant (Maintain Shortened Fiscal Year) → New Entries

_	Description	No.of Posting Periods	No.of Special Periods
TR	April to March	12	4

Save Table is T009 Double Click on Folders Periods

Month	Day	Period	Year Shift
1	31	10	-1
2	28	11	-1
3	31	12	-1
4	30	1	0
5	31	2	0
6	30	3	0
7	31	4	0
8	31	5	0
9	30	6	0
10	31	7	0
11	30	8	0
12	31	9	0

#### Save - Table is T009

Double Click on Folder Period Texts → New Entries

Language	Period	Text	Text
EN	1	APR	APRIL
EN	2	MAY	MAY
EN	3	JUN	JUNE
EN	4	JUL	JULY
EN	5	AUG	AUGUST
EN	6	SEP	SEPTEMBER
EN	7	OCT	OCTOBER
EN	8	NOV	NOVEMBER
EN	9	DEC	DECEMBER
EN	10	JAN	JANUARY
EN	11	FEB	FEBRUARY
EN	12	MAR	MARCH

Save

# **OR Copy V3 Variant and Change the name**

**Assign Company Code to Fiscal Year Variant (OB63)** 

Path: Spro→FA(New)→FA Global Settings (New)→Ledgers→Fiscal Year & Posting Periods→Assign Company Code To Fiscal Year Variant

System will Display warning messages ignore the warning messages by pressing Enter.

→ Company Code:

→ Assign Fiscal year Variant: TR

Save Table is T001

# **Year Dependent Fiscal Year:**

The no .of periods and no. Of days in a period are subjected to year dependent. The conversion rules must be defined each and every year according to the change.

Following are situations we use year dependent Fiscal Year

a) **Shortened Fiscal Year:** A Financial year with less than 12 months is called as Shortened Fiscal year.

Ex. The Business start up or close in the mid of the year for the respective year must use shortened fiscal year.

Ex2. Business Suddenly want to convert from one financial year to other financial year to meet statuary requirements.

**Scenario 1:** Shifting over from April to March final reporting to January to December or vice versa. **Scenario 2:** the closing day of the period is specific to a particular day then we use shortened fiscal year. We have to take in December 31 as day end.

Ex. Month end always should be last Friday of the period.

Ex2. When the business wants to use 4-4-5 period concept.

**4-4-5**: Each Quarter consists of 13 weeks and first 2 months will follow 4 weeks respectively and month consists of 5 weeks.

#### **Maintaining Factory Calendar:**

The Factory Calendar used to maintain Holiday calendar and Public holidays. It will be used by FI, MM, SD and HR modules.

Path: Spro → Sap Net Weaver → General Settings → Maintain Calendar →

X Public Holidays

Click on change Button

Click on create

With fixed date

Day: 31 Month: 01

Public Holiday Class: 1 (Ordinary Public Holiday)

Short Name: IND-Rep-Day

Save it.

#### The Transport message is

No TR will be generated for Holiday calendar. Hence must be maintain manually in the respective server.

Press Enter

Maintain like this for

Aug-15

May-1

Oct-2 etc...

Select Back Arrow Button

Click on Holiday Calendar

Change button

Click on Create Button

Calendar ID: TR (India Holiday Calendar)

Valid From: 2013 To: 2023

Click on Assign Holiday

Select Holidays and Click on Assign Public Holiday

Save it.

Press Enter.

Select Back Arrow Button

Again Back Arrow Button

✓ Factory Calendar

Change

New entries or Create

Factory Calendar ID: 95 Factory calendar for APPLE Group

Valid From: 2013 To: 2013

Holiday Calendar ID: 95

# Work Days

- ✓ Monday
- ✓ Tuesday
- ✓ Wednesday
- ✓ Thursday ✓ Friday
- ✓ Saturday

Sunday

# Posting period variant:

Posting period variants are used to have a control on periods to be open and close in order to post business transactions.

The periods open and close will be controlled along with the Account type.

Account Type: In SAP Account Types are used to Identify and control nature of Business transactions.

S: General Ledgers

A: Assets

D: Customers

K: Vendors

M: Materials

+: All

# **Step1: Define Posting period variant (OBBO)**

Path: SPRO→ FA(NEW)→ FA GLOBALSETTINGS→ LEDGERS→FISCAL YEAR AND POSTING PERIODS→POSTING PERIODS→ DEFINE VARIANTS FOR POSTING PERIODS

Variant	Name
New Entries	APPLE BL Posting Period Variant

Save it

Own Request Table is: T001

Step2: Assign Variants to Company Code (OBBP)

Same Path

Position

Company Code:

Variant: Save it.

**Step 3: Open and Close Posting Periods (OB52)** 

Same Path

**New Entries** 

Varian t	A/C Typ	From Accoun	To Accoun	From Perio	Yea r	To Perio	Yea r	From Perio	Yea r	To Perio	Yea r
	е	t	t	d		d		d		d	
	+	-	-	1	201	1	201	13	201	16	201
					3		3		3		3
	Α	-	999	1	201	1	201	13	201	16	201
					3		3		3		3
	D	-	999	1	201	1	201	13	201	16	201
					3		3		3		3
	K	-	999	1	201	1	201	13	201	16	201
					3		3		3		3
	М	-	999	1	201	1	201	13	201	16	201
					3		3		3		3

Save it.

Table is T001B

#### **Field Status Variant:**

Field Status variant controls the status of Field against field status group. While posting transactions.

FSTV (Field status variant) Consists of n. No of Field status groups. Each group consists common 80 fields.

Under this group fields will be maintain with below statuses.

- 1. Suppress
- 2. Require
- 3. Optional
- 4. Display

These field status groups will be maintain according to the Nature of GL Accounts.

Ex. G003 – Material Consumption Accounts

This group will be assign to the GL Accounts which are in Nature of material consumption Accounts.

Ex. Raw Material Consumption, packing material consumption etc...

For **G003** the fields related to materials management will be maintained with Status 'optional'.

#### **G005 Bank Accounts**

This group will be assign the GL Accounts belongs to Bank Accounts.

#### Class 15

The field status variant consists of n.no of Field status groups. All the groups commonly consists of 80 fields. According to the nature of GL Accounts these fields will be maintained with below Status.

- ✓ Support
- ✓ Require
- ✓ Optional

**Note 1.** While creation of GL Accounts we must assign the field status group to the GL Account. Hence while posting Business transactions system will validate the status of the fields against that group and accordingly the respective fields will get populated.

**Note.** 2 Standard SAP recommended only to copy field status variant from the existing variants 0001 OR 1000.

# **Define Field Status Variant (OBC4)**

Path: SPRO → FA (NEW) → FA GLOBAL SETTINGS (NEW) → LEDGERS → FIELDS → DEFINE STATUS VARIANTS

Select the variant 1000

Click on Copy as Button Change the field status to

Description: FSTV for APPLE Group

Press Enter Select Copy all Button

The message is Number of 47 Dependent entries copied

Select the variant:

Double click on Field Status Groups

All the groups were copied

Save it

Table is T004V.

# Assign company code to Field Status Variants (OBC5)

Same path

Position

Copy Code:

Fld Stat Var:

Save it.

The table is T001.

#### **Tolerance Groups for Employees or Users.**

Tolerance are used to maintain upper limits for below transactions. That the user can post.

- 1. Upper limit for amount that an user can post to a document.
- 2. Upper limit for line item amount
- 3. Maximum cash discount that an user can grant or take
- 4. Maximum allowed payment difference gain or loss

# **Null Tolerance Groups**

Tolerance group always maintained at company code level. If any tolerance group maintain without providing group number or value is called as Null Tolerance group.

The properties maintained under this groups are by default applicable to all the users authorized for this company code.

In case of tolerance group with number business has to expressively assign the tolerance group to the respective users.

# **Define Tolerance Groups for Employees (OBA4)**

Path: SPRO → FA (NEW) → FAGB → DOCUMENT → TOLERANCE GROUPS → DEFINE TOLERANCE GROUPS FOR EMPLOYEES

**New Entries** 

Group:

Company Code: Currency: INR

<u>Upper Limits for Posting Procedures</u> Amount per Document: 99999999999

Amount per Open Item Account item: 9999999999

Cash Discount for Line Item: 10% Permitted Payment Difference

> Amount Percent Cash Discount Adj to

Revenue 10/-10/-Expense

Save it.

#### Class 16

# **Tolerance groups for GL Accounts**

Path: SPRO→FA(NEW)→GENERAL LEDGER A/C(NEW)→BUSINESS TRANSACTION → OPEN ITEM CLEARING →CLEARING DIFFERENCES→DEFINE TOLERANCE GROUPS FOR GL A/C.

Company Code:	1	
Tolerance Group	tolerance grou	New Entries
Save it.	ı	

Table is T043S

Note: if Tolerance group maintained with Null value no need to assign this group for the GL A/C. these settings will be applicable to all the GL's created under T201 company code.

This setting is mandatory and which is used for GL A/C clearing while clearing of GL A/C any clearing differences in local currency will get posted to the predefined GL A/C with the maximum amount updated in this step.

# **Document Types and Number Rangers**

**Document Types:** Document Types are used to identify the nature of your business transactions. We have 'N' No.of standard SAP delivered document type which can be used for our Business transactions. Upon requirement we can define new document type to differentiate or identify transactions.

# **Document Type Controls:**

- ✓ Document number rangers
- ✓ Reverse Document
- ✓ A/C types allowed✓ Net document type allowed
- ✓ Customer Vendor check
- ✓ Controls negative postings permitted
- ✓ Inter-company postings
- ✓ Inter trading partner
- ✓ Reference number and document headed text require or not during document entry.
- ✓ Default exchange rate type for Foreign currency transactions.

Document Number Rangers. Each and every document type a Number range will be associated and for which number range interval maintained at company code level.

**Document:** Proof of Business transactions is called as Document

A Document will consists of one document header and multiple line items

According to the document principle the debit and credit line item amounts must be tallied.

Ex: Customer and Vendor invoices, credit memos, asset acquisition, depreciation, material consumptions etc...

While posting documents as per the nature of Business transactions we must refer respective document type.

Class: 17

#### **Examples for Document Types:**

- ✓ SA GL ACCOUNT DOCUMENT
- ✓ AA ASSET ACCOUNTING
- ✓ AF DEPRECIATION
- ✓ KR VENDOR INVOICE
- ✓ KG VENDOR CREDIT MEMO
- ✓ KZ VENDOR OUTGOING PAYMENT
- ✓ DR CUSTOMER INVOICE
- ✓ DG CUSTOMER CREDIT MEMO
- ✓ DZ CUSTOMER INCOMING PAYMENT

#### **Define Number Rangers:**

Each and every document in SAP will be identified with a document number. This document numbers are associated with document type.

# **Number rangers characteristics**

- ✓ Company code dependent
- ✓ Number rangers are year specific or year dependent
- ✓ Must maintain number range interval against the number range
- ✓ Number rangers are 2 types
  - i. Internal number ranges
  - ii. External number ranges

Number rangers are not automatically recorded or saved in transport request.

It is advisable to maintain number range in the respective servers instead of moving through Transport Request.

# Document type path: (OBA7)

SPRO → FA (NEW) → FAGS (NEW) → DOCUMENT → DOCUMENT TYPE → DEFINE DOCUMENT

TYPES FOR ENTRY VIEW

Document Type : SA Number Range: 01

# **Number Rangers: (FBN1)**

Company Code:

Click on change Intervals Click on Insert Intervals

**New Intervals** 

No	Year	From Number	To Number	Current Number	Ext
01	2013	100000	199999	0	

Press Enter

Save it.

**Note:** During the implementation project we can create transport request for Number Rangers manually and we can move the Transport Request to respective clients.

Class: 18

Posting Keys: Posting keys are used to identify the type of line item transactions. It controls

- 1. Whether the entry is Debit or Credit
- 2. It controls account type

- 3. Field status of posting key
  - → the field status control at two levels
  - a. At GL A/C level
  - b. Posting Key level

Standard SAP recommended not to make any changes related to the posting key field statuses which causes inconsistency while posting business transactions.

**Note:** Posting keys are maintained at client level. Any changes to these keys applicable to all the company codes under the client.

Posting key	Description	Debit/Credit indicator	Account Type
01	Customer invoice	Debit	Customer
11	Credit Memo	Credit	Customer
31	Vendor invoice	Credit	Vendor
<mark>40</mark>	Debit entry	<b>Debit</b>	G/L Account – SA
<mark>50</mark>	Credit entry	Credit	G/L Account - SA
70	Debit Asset	Debit	Asset
75	Credit Asset	Credit	Asset

<u>Charts of Accounts:</u> Charts of Account (COA) is list of GL A/C. We will control or maintain the parameters related to GL accounts creation at COA level.

There are 3 types of COA's can be used in SAP.

- a. Operative chart of accounts INDIAN
- b. Group chart of accounts
- c. Country specific chart of account CORPORATE

**Note:** It is mandatory to maintain operative COA to the company code. The rest of the COA's maintenance is optional or depends on Business reporting requirements.

# **Define Chart of Accounts (OB13)**

SPRO→ FA(NEW)→ GENERAL LEDGER A/C(NEW) → MASTER DATA→GL A/C → PREPARATIONS → EDIT CHART OF ACCOUNTS LIST

New Entries
Chart of Accounts:

Description: APPLE Group Chart of Accounts

**General specifications** 

Maintenance Language: English

Length of GL A/C Number: 6 (Max 10 Characters)

Integration

Controlling Integration: Manual creation of Cost Element

Once the controlling module is activates the P&L Accounts must be extend as a cost elements. This indicator controls whether cost elements to be created manually of automatically at the time of creation of GL A/C's

Consolidation

Group chart of Accounts:

This chart of accounts used for consolidation of Financial statements.

Group chart of accounts always used for consolidation purpose. This COA is necessary when multiple company codes are assign to different chart of accounts. For consolidation purpose we create a separate group chart of accounts. And assign it to Operative chart of Accounts.

<u>Status</u>

Blocked		
If this indicator	selected one cannot create GL A/Cs using this COA's and Company Co	de
Save it	Table is T004	

# Assign Chart of Accounts to Company Code (OB62)

Path: SPRO→FA→GL A/C→MASTER DATA→PREPARATIONS→ASSIGN COMPANY CODE TO CHART OF ACCOUNTS

Position press enter

Company Code	Company Name	City	Chart of Account	Country COA
	APPLE	Mumbai		
	Manufacturing			

**Country Chart of Account:** used to meet countries specific legal requirements.

Class: 19

**Define Account Group (OBD4)** 

Path: SPRO→GL A/C (NEW)→MASTER DATA→ GL A/C→PREPARATIONS→DEFINE ACCOUNT GROUP

Grouping of GL A/C's according to its nature. The account group controls

- ✓ The number ranges of your GL Accounts
- ✓ Controls field status of GL Masters

Field Status

Master Data Transactional Data

Controls Controls

A/C Group GL Accounts and Posting Keys

New Entries

Chart of	Account	Name	From	То
Account	Group		Account	Account
		LIABILITIES		
	SCCP	SHARE CAPITAL	100000	100099
	RSSP	RESERVES AND SURPLUS	100100	100199
	SCLN	SECURED LOAN	100200	100299
	USLN	UNSECURED LOAN	100300	100399
	CLPR	CURRENT LIABILITIES	100400	100499
	PROV	PROV AND OTHER LIABILITIES	100500	100599
	ACDP	ACCUMILATED DEPRICATION	100600	100699
	SUCR	SUNDRY CREDITORS	100700	100799
	TAXS	TAX ACCOUNTS	100800	100899
	CLGA	CLEARING ACCOUNTS	100900	100999
		ASSETS ACCOUNT		
	FXAS	FIXED ASSETS	200000	200099
	STTR	STOCK IN TRADE	200200	200299
	INVS	INVESTMENTS	200100	200199
	SUDR	SUNDRY DEBTORS	200300	200399
	CSBK	CASH & BANK	200400	200499
	LOAD	LOANS & ADVANCES	200500	200599
	CUAS	CURRENT ASSETS	200600	200699
		INCOMES		
	SALE	SALES	300000	300099
	OINC	OTHER INCOME	300100	300199
	INDR	INCREASE OR DECREASE STOCKS	300200	300299
		EXPENDITURE		
	RMCS	RAWMATERIAL CONSUMPTION	400000	400099
	PYEX	PAYROLL EXPENSE - SALARY	400100	400199
	MFEX	MANUFACTURING EXPENSES	400200	400299
	DEPR	DEPRICIATION	400300	400399
	ADMN	ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES - RENT	400400	400499
	FEXP	FINANCIAL EXPENSES	400500	400599

MEX	MARKETING	EXPENSES 4006	00 400699
SDEI	SALES DEDU	JCTIONS 4007	00 400799

Save it.

Table is T077S

LIABILITIES ACCOUNT 100000 - 199999

ASSETS ACCOUNT 200000 - 299999

INCOMES ACCOUNT 300000 - 399999

EXPENSES ACCOUNT 400000 - 499999

Class: 20

**Note:** there is a tight integration between Operative chart of account, company code and Account Groups for creation of GL Accounts.

# **Define Retained Earnings Account: (OB53)**

Retained Earnings A/C is a nature of reserves GL A/C. Which captures the previous year carry forward profit and loss result in the current year.

Note: We must maintain this GL A/C before creation of other GL A/C

According to the Business requirements we can define one or two Retained Earning A/C's Path: SPRO→FA (NEW)→GL A/C (NEW)→MASTER DATA→GL A/C→ PREPARATIONS → DEFINE RETAINED EARNINGS A/C

Chart of Accounts:

Transaction: BIL (Balance Carry Froward)

Account Assignment

P&L Statement Account A 100100

Save it.

The message is Account 100100 not created in COA

Press Enter

Save in your Request.

# Assignment of Tax Procedure to Country India: (OBBG)

Tax procedure consists of the calculation parameters of taxes against particular country. In India the below taxes will be calculated.

- 1. Excise Duties (Cenvat)
- 2. Tax on Sales or Purchase
  - a. VAT
  - b. CST
- 3. Custom Duties
- 4. TDS (Tax Deducted at Source)

In SAP TDS will be called as with holding taxes.

The above components are Taxations we follow in SAP against country India is called as CIN. CIN stands for Country India Version.

**Note:** In detailed Taxation will be covered during AR Module. Now we are just assigning standard Tax procedure to Country India.

Path: SPRO→ FA (NEW)→FAGS (NEW)→TAX ON SALES OR PURCHASE→ BASIC

SETTINGS→ ASSIGN COUNTRY TO CALCULATION PROCEDURE

Position

Cty	Name	Procedure
IN	INDIA	TAXINN

Press F4 for Tax Procedures

Save it.

# **Enter (or) Maintain Global Parameters: (OBY6)**

ન Company Code:

Global parameters are used to maintained or view the parameters maintained against a company code.

Path: SPRO→FA (NEW)→FAGS (NEW)→ GLOBAL PARAMETERS FOR COMPANY CODE→ENTER GLOBAL PARAMETERS

POSITION

COA:

Company: TR10

Credit Control Area: TR10 Fiscal Year Variant: 95

Field status variant: Posting Period Variant:

# Other Control indicators at Company Code level

- → Maximum Exchange rate deviation: 10%
- → Business area Financial Statement

Select this indicator only in case the Business wants to Generate internal financial statements at Business area level.

If this indicator selected system will make sure the availability of Business area field ready to input while posting of transactions from MM, SD and Controlling Modules.

→ Select Propose Fiscal Year

If this Indicator is selected the current fiscal year will get defaulted for Display and change transactions.

**Note:** This indicator must be selected with the company codes which are maintained with year dependent document number ranges.

→ Select Define default Value Date

Value date will be used as base for Bank Transactions and interest calculation settings. If this indicator selected system date as value date while posting of line items.

Click on Additional Data

Name Parameter Value

Detail Tax Entry with MIRO:

TDS No. : TDS1234 PAN No. : PAN12345

Click on Back Arrow Button

Save it.

#### Class 21

<u>Master data for GL:</u> The Day to Day Business transactions (Transactional Data) will get posted with the base of Master data. Master data will be used as reference for all the reporting and the transactional figures will get stored under respective master data.

<u>Example for Master Data:</u> GL A/C's, Customer and Vendors A/C, Assets, Bank keys and Cost Centres etc...

For Master data there will be no TR generated. This Data must be maintained against the respective servers. It can be either manually or upload from legacy system or excel file to SAP using upload methods.

Ex: LSMW (Legacy System Migration Work Bench)

BDC (Batch Data Conversion)

# **Creation of GL Masters or Accounts:**

GL A/C's are one of the primary master data which captures all the financial transactions, financial reporting also done through GL A/C's.

GL A/C creation will be controlled majorly by below parameters.

- 1. Chart of Accounts
- 2. Company Code
- 3. Account Group

The GL A/C creation always dependent on the relationship between Chart of Accounts and Company Code. If same Chart of A/C assign to multiple Company Codes one GL A/C number can be used across the Company Codes.

The GL A/C master will be maintained at Chart of Account level and Company Code Level. Chart of Account data will remains same across the company codes.

Ex: A/C groups, GL account Type, GL Description, Trading Partners etc...

Company code data can be changed according to the company code requirements or business requirements.

Ex: Currency, Tax Codes, Field status group, reconciliation A/C's etc...

#### **Create GL A/C's (Share Capital)**

The GL A/C can be created in following ways.

- 1. Only in Chart of Accounts
- 2. Extend GL A/C to Company Code
- 3. Centrally (COA + Company Code)

Path: ACCOUNTING→FA→ GENERAL LEDGER→ MASTER RECORDS→ GL A/C'S→ INDIVIDUAL PROCESSING→ FSP0-IN CHART OF ACCOUNTS

Note: While creation of GL A/C's refer A/C Groups for GL A/C Number

- → GL Account: 100000
- → Chart of Account:
- → Click on Create Button

**Under Tab** 

Type/Description

Control in COA

Account Group: Share Capital

□ P&L Statement A/C

Select Balance Sheet A/C

Description

Short Text: Eqty Share Capital

GL A/C Long Text: Equity Share Capital Account

Consolidation Data in COA

**Trading Partner** 

**Trading Partner:** It is the ID of subjected companies with whom we are dealing for Business transactions (Inter Company Transactions). Trading Partners will be used for consolidation of Multiple company code transactions and elimination of Inter Company Business Transactions. Under Tab

#### Key word Translation

Kev word in COA

Language	Keyword

This tab is used to maintain GL A/C description in multiple languages.

**Information:** this tab is used to maintain long notes related to GL Account and its assignments.

<u>Information</u>

<u>X</u> . L

Save it. Data Saved. Table is SKA1 (COA)

Class 22

# Extending the GL A/C to Company Code Level (FSS0)

Same path

GL A/C: 100000 Company Code:

Click on Create Button

**Control Data** 

Account Currency: INR

Account currency will be defaulted to company code currency. If A/C currency is maintained with company code currency the transactions to this GL A/C's can be posted with multiple currencies.

And the balances will get updated into local currency. Because of exchange rate conversions.

If A/C currency maintained other than company code currency transactions to that GL A/C get posted only be that currency.

→ Select only balances in Local Currency

This indicator must be selected only for Balance sheet GL A/C's except below nature GL A/C's.

- ✓ GL A/C's maintained A/C Currency other than company code currency
- ✓ For Reconciliation A/C type GL A/C's
- → Select Line Item Display

Selection of this indicator the Business can view in detailed itemised report on GL A/C's.

→Sort Key: 001 (Posting Date)

While posting of Business transactions to this GL A/C the value of the sort key will get updated to the assignment field. This assignment field will be used as base for sorting of GL line item reports.

# Create Bank Interest Tab

→ Field Status Group: G001

While posting of transactions to this GL A/C's System will check the field status of the group assign to this GL A/C's and populate the respective fields while posting. Save it Table is SKB1.

# **Create GL Account Centrally: (FS00)**

Cash in Hand A/C

Same path

To check the A/C Group T- Code is - OBD4

The A/C Group is Cash & Bank – 200400

→GL A/C No. 200400

→ Company Code:

Click on Create Button

Type or Description

A/C Group: cash and Bank Select Balance Sheet A/C

Description

Text: Cash in Hand A/c
Text: Cash in Hand A/c

Control Data

Account currency: INR

- →select only Balances in Local Currency
- → Select Line Item Display

→Sort Key: 001 Create/Bank Interest

→ Field Status Group: G001

→ Select Relevant to Cash Flow Button

Select this indicator for the GL A/C's which are relevant to cash flow. System will determine that this GL A/C's are relevant to payments and receipts.

Ex: Bank and Cash A/C's, Bank charges A/C's, Check clearing A/C's, the clearing A/C's used for payments.

Save it.

# **Create GL account Rent**

→GL A/C: 400400 →Company Code: Click on Create Type Description

→A/C Group: Admin Expense →Select P&L Statement A/C

Description
Text: Rent A/C
Control Data
→Currency: INR

→select Line Item Display

Select Line item Display

→Sort Key: 001

→ Field Status Group: G001

Save it.

# **Create GL A/C Maintenance:**

→GL A/C: 400401 →Company Code:

Click on Create with Template Reference GL A/C: 400400

Company Code:

Change text: Maintenance A/C

Save it.

# Posting of Transactional Data (F-02)

Path: ACCOUNTING →FA→ GL→ DOCUMENT ENTRY→ GENERAL POSTING Document Date: It refers actual transaction Date. It will be the Invoice date as well.

Posting Date: The Date the transaction has been posted to SAP

**Transaction Date:** the date used to convert or translate foreign currency transactions to local currency. Using this date system will identify the appropriate exchange rate from Exchange rate table.

**Value Date:** this date will be used for Bank transactions to identify the dates for interest calculations.

**Baseline Date**: the date from which payment terms for customers and vendors will get applicable for calculation of due dates.

**Asset Value date:** This date will be used as base in Asset Accounting for depreciation calculation for Asset transfer, scrapping, retirement etc...

→ Document Date: 22-04-2013

Press F4 to get the Calendar, Press F2 to populate current Date.

→ Posting Date: 22-04-2013

→Document Type: SA
→Company Code:

→Period: 1

According to the Fiscal year variant conversion rules system automatically populate the

period.

→Currency: INR →Posting Key: 40

→Place the cursor on Account & Press F4

Company Code: Press Enter

Double Click on 200400 →Account: 200400

Press Enter

Amount: 10000000 Business Area: 95S1 Text: Share Capital for AP

Posting Key: 50 Account: 100000 Press Enter

Amount: \* amount copied from previous line item

Text: + copied from Previous line item

Go to Document→Simulate

Entry is

Cash A/C DR

To Equity Share Capital A/C

Save it.

#### Class 23

System will be shown error message No Item category assign to GL A/C 200400 Analysis is we are using ECC6.0 version. System will automatically activated document shifting against the company code.

Document Splitting to use generate Financial Statement. Internally we archive 0 balances field reporting.

Note: in order to reefing the issue temporarily we are deactivating document splitting.

Path: SPRO→FA NEW→GL NEW→BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS→DOCUMENT

SPLITTING→ACTIVATE DOCUMENT SPLITTING Double Click on Deactivation for Company Code

Position

Company Code:

Select Inactive Check Box

Save it.

After this configuration step again Share Capital Receipt Journal Voucher

→ Document Number 100000 was posted in Company Code:

Tables

Document Header Data: BKPF Document Line Item: BSEG View A/C Document: (FB03)

Path: A/C→FA→GL→DOCUMENT→DISPLAY – FB03

Document Number: 100000

Company Code: Fiscal Year: 2013 Press Enter

To View additional Header Details

Click on Display Document Header Button

We will get additional details.

Entered By: Entry Date: Time of Entry: Document Type:

#### **Change Accounting Document:**

Once Accounting Document got posted one cannot change below fields.

- ✓ GL Account Number
- ✓ Amounts
- ✓ Additional A/C assignments

In case any changes require to above fields we must reverse the document and post a fresh entry with correct values.

The following fields can be changes

- √ Value Date
- ✓ Assignments
- ✓ Text

# **Change Document (FB02)**

# Same path:

Doc No. 100000 Company Code: Fiscal Year: 2013 Press Enter

Double click on Cash in Hand line item change the text to Share Capital for AP Andhra Pradesh

Click on Next arrow Button (Shift + F7)

Give the text as "+"

Document

Save

Message is changes have been Saved.

#### **Testing of Reversal Scenario**

The accounting document must be reversed in case of wrong header details. GL A/C, Amounts and Additional A/C assignments. While reversing of Accounting document we must refer reversal reason code.

<u>Reversal Reason Code:</u> the reason codes are used to identify the reason for reversal and it also controls below parameters.

- 1. Alternative posting date is allowed
- 2. Negative reversals is allowed or not

**Note:** standard SAP provided n no. Of reason codes which can be used by reversing to meet our business requirements we can define new reason codes as well.

# **Define Reason Code:**

SPRO→FA NEW→GL A/C NEW→ BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS→ADJUSTMENT POSTING/REVERSAL→REASONS FOR REVERSAL

#### **New Entries**

Reason	Text	Negative Posting	Alternative Posting Date
9A	Wrong GL A/C		
9B	Wrong Business Area		✓
9C	Wrong Amount	✓	
9D	Wrong Document Header	<b>✓</b>	✓

#### Save it.

#### **Permit Negative Postings:**

Company Code	Company Name	City	Negative Posting Permitted
	APPLE Group	Mumbai	✓

#### Save it.

# **Alternative posting Date:**

If this indicator was selected system will allows you to reverse the document with alternative date which is different than your original accounting document.

Ex: Document posting date is 22-04-2013 reversed date is 23-04-2013

#### Class 24

If this indicator was activated system reduces the transactional figures from the same side of the GL A/C instead of increasing opposite side Balances.

# **Testing of Reversals:**

With Wrong GL A/C (F-01)

Doc Date: 24-04-2013

Type: SA

Company Code:

Posting Date: 24-04-2013

Posting Key: 40 Press Enter

GL A/C: 400400 press Enter

Amount: 1000 Business Area: 95S1

Text: Maintenance Expenses

Posting Key: 50

A/C: \* Text: +

Document→Simulate→save it

Document NO. 100001

View GL A/C Balances. (FAGLB03 OR FS10N)

Path: A/C→FA→GL→ACCOUNT→DISPLAY BALANCES NEW

Account Number: 400401

Company Code: Fiscal Year: 2013

Execute

The message is No data found for fiscal year 2013.

User that entry might posted to wrong GL A/C to get confirmation he wants to check A/C entry.

Hence Display Document (FB-03)

→Doc No: 100001 →Company Code: →Fiscal Year: 2013

Entry is Rent A/c Dr To Cash A/C

User realized maintenance posted to wrong GL A/C Rent(400400).

View GL Balances for Rent (FAGLB03/FS10N)

GL A/C: 400400

Co code:

Fiscal Year: 2013

Execute				
Period	Debit	Credit	Balance	Cumulative Balance
Balance carry forward				
1	1000		1000	1000

User wants to reverse the transaction because of wrong GL A/C.

The reason is after posting A/C entry one cannot change GL A/C hence reverse the entry and post correct document.

#### For Reversal A/C Document (FB08)

Path: ACCOUNTING→FA→GL→DOCUMENT→REVERSE→INDIVIDUAL REVERSAL

Doc Number: 100001 Company code: Fiscal Year: 2013

Specifications for Reverse Posting

Reversal Reason: 9A

Posting Date: 25-04-2013 press Enter

The Error Message

Reversal reason 9A only posting date 24-04-2013.

Reason alternative posting date check box was not maintained for reason code 9A

→Remove the date

System will post the reverse Doc with the Date 24-04-2013

Document→Post or Save Document Number is 100002.

View Reversal Document FB03 or Document→ Display

A/C Entry is

Cash in Hand A/C Dr

To Rent A/C

Click on Doc Header Button

Reverse Doc for 100001

Double click on 100001

Click on Doc Header

Reversed By: 100002 Reversal Reason: 9A

View A/C Balances (FS10N)

GL A/C: 400400

Co Code: Execute

Post Maintenance Entry with Rs. 1000/-.

F-02

# **Enjoy Screen (FB50)**

A/C→FA→GL→POSTING→ENTER GL A/C DOCUMENT

Click on Switch Company Code Company Code: press Enter

Basic Data

Doc Date: 24-04-2013

Currency: INR GL A/C: 400401 Select Debit Amount: 10000

Text: maintenance Charges

Business Area: 95S1 GL A/C: 200400

Credit Amount: \* Text: +

Note: user wrongly posting entry with 10000/- instead of Rs. 10000/-.

Document→Simulate & Save

Doc No. 100003.

View GL Balance (FS10N)

GL A/C: 400401

Co Code:

Fiscal Year: 2013

Execute

Debit Balance of Rs. 10000/-.

→user realized Amount Rs. 10,000/- posted wrongly Hence reverse the document.

FB08

Doc Number: 100003

Co Code:

Fiscal Year: 2013 Reversal Reason: 9C

Save it.

Doc 100004 was posted. View A/C Balance (FS10N)

GL A/C: 400401 Company Code:

Execute

Output is the Debit balance 10000/- removed from GL A/C instead of increasing credit balance.

Class: 25

**Foreign Currency Transactions** 

The transactions posted other than company code currency are called as Foreign Currency transactions. To meet statutory reporting requirements like Financial statements. All foreign currency transactions must be valuated or translated to Local currency or company code currency.

In SAP we use Exchange Rate Type for translation of Foreign currency to local currency while posting of a document we refer following currencies.

- ✓ **Document currency or Transaction currency:** The currency which is used to post the document is called as Document currency or transaction currency.
- ✓ Local Currency: Currency of the company code is called as local currency. If document currency is other than company code currency the transaction must be translated into local currency.

# **Important terms in Foreign Currency Transactions**

- 1. Exchange Rate Type: during foreign currency transactions exchange rate type is key indicator which is used for
  - a. To maintain the relationship between two currencies
  - b. Conversion factors of those currencies
  - c. Maintain exchange rates date wise
- 2. Conversion Factors: With reference to Exchange rate types we maintain relations between two currencies and their conversion factors
- 3. Exchange Rates: Exchange Rates will be maintained with reference to exchange rate type date wisely while posting of business transactions and Foreign currency system will refer this exchange rate type and rate maintained in the table with the translation date and converts foreign currency into local currency.

# **Configuration Steps**

1. Maintain Exchange Rate Type (OB07)

SPRO→SAP NET WEAVER→GENERAL SETTINGS→CURRENCIES→CHECK EXCHANGE RATE TYPES

According to the nature of business transactions we maintain multiple exchange rate types. Below are standard exchange rate types provided by the SAP.

M - Average Rate - Commonly used for all transactions

B – Bank Selling Rate – used at the time of imports

G - Bank Buying Rate - Used for Export transactions

**Note:** System will use exchange rate type 'M' as default for all applications. Hence we must maintain settings at least for 'M'.

**NEW ENTRIES** 

Exchange Rates	Usage
9M	Average Rate
9B	Bank selling rate (imports)
9G	Bank buying rate (Exports)

Save it.

Table is TCURV.

#### **Define Translation Ratios for Currency Translation (OBBS)**

#### Same path

Ignore the warning message press Y Button

#### **NEW ENTRIES**

INEW EINTRIES						
Exchange Rate Type	From	То	Valid from	Ratio from	Ratio to	
9M	USD	INR	01.04.2013	1	1	
9B	USD	INR	01.04.2013	1	1	
9G	USD	INR	01.04.2013	1	1	
М	USD	INR	01.04.2013	1	1	

Save it.

Table is TCURF.

#### **Enter Exchange Rates (OB08)**

# Same path1

**NEW ENTRIES** 

Exchange	Valid From	Ratio From	From	Direct	To Currency
Rate			Currency	Quotation	
9M	01.04.2013	1	USD	47	INR
9B	01.04.2013	1	USD	50	INR
9G	01.04.2013	1	USD	52	INR
M	01.04.2013	1	USD	65	INR

Save it.

**Testing of Foreign currency transactions** 

Step 1. Create GL A/C HDFC loan account (FS00)

→GL A/C: 100300 →Co. Code:

Create

→account Group: Unsecured loans

Select balance sheet A/C Description: HDFC loan A/C

Currency: INR

Select Only balances in local currency

Select Line item Display

Sort Key: 001

Field status group: G005 Select Relevant to cash flow

Save it.

Step 2: HDFC Loan Receipt (F-02)

Doc Date: 26.04.2013

Doc Type: SA Currency: USD Posting key: 40 Account: 200400 Press Enter Amount: 100\$

Amount in local currency: 5300/-

Business Area: 95S1 Text: FC transaction Posting Key: 50 Account: 100300

Amount: \*
Text: +
Simulate

To change currency press Display Currency Button to shift amounts from local currency and document currency

Save it.

**Note:** while posting of transactions in foreign currency initially system will check any default exchange rate type maintained to the document type if not found automatically search for exchange rates for the rate type 'M'.

#### Class 26

Assignment of Default Exchange Rate Type in the document type (OBA7)

Doc Type: SA Default Values

Exchange rate type for foreign currency Docs: 9M

Save it.

Post Foreign currency transaction

Date: 26.04.2013 Currency: USD Posting Key: 40 Account: 200400 Press Enter Amount: 10\$

Business Area: 95S1

System validated document type SA and picked up the exchange rate type '9M' and according to the translation date in the document extracted the value of "47" from exchange rate

table.

Posting key: 50 Account: 100300

Amount: \*
Text: +
Simulate
Save it.

# Maintain Exchange Rate Manually: (F-02)

Doc date: 26.04.2013 Currency/Rate: USD 57

The warning message Exchange Rate 57/- deviated from table rate 47/- by 21.28%. against the company code maximum exchange rate deviation maintained with 10%. Hence any exchange rate deviation between exchange rate table and manual exchange rate with through warning message.

# Posting of Foreign currency other than USD (F-02)

Date: 26.04.2013 Currency: SAR Press Enter

The error is conversion factors missing for rate type 9M currency SAR→INR.

Now maintain conversion factors (OBBS)

Select Yes NEW ENTRIES

Exchange rate	From	То	Valid from	Ratio from	Ratio to
9M	SAR	INR	01.04.2013	1	1

Save it.

# Maintain Exchange Rates (OB08)

**NEW ENTRIES** 

Exchange Rates	Valid from	From Currency	Dir Quotation	To Currency
9M	01.04.2013	SAR	17	INR

Save it.

Post Data (F-02) Date: 26.04.2013

Type: SA Currency: SAR Posting key: 40 Account: 200400 Press Enter

Amount: 1000 SAR

Amount in Local currency: 17000/- INR

Save it.

#### **Group Currency:**

Currency used for consolidated reporting purpose. This currency will be maintained at client level. If business wants to get the consolidated report at Group Currency level are must activated group currency at each company code.

Hence the transactions posted at company code level automatically get translated or posted parallel at Group Currency as well.

#### Class 27

### **Identifying of Group Currency Indicator (SCC4)**

Group currency can be identify by going through the client settings. The client currency is terms as Group currency.

Double click on Client 800

The currency is EUR

#### Maintain Additional Currencies against Company Code (Parallel Currency) (OB22)

The transactions posted against company code can parallel update additionally with two currencies. They are

- ✓ Groups currency✓ Company currency
- ✓ Hard currency
- ✓ Index Based currency

**Press NEW ENTRIES** 

Company Code:

System automatically populates 1<sup>st</sup> local currency

Currency Type: 10 Company code currency

2<sup>nd</sup> Local currency

Currency Type: 30 Group Currency

40 Hard Currency

50 index-based currency

60 global company currency

Valuation: 0 Legal Valuation (1 – Group Valuation, 2 – Profit Centre Valuation)

Currency: EUR

Exchange Rate Type: M

Source Currency: 2 Translation taking first local currency as basis

1 Translation taking transaction currency as basis

Translation Date Type: 3 Translation Date (1 – Document Date, 2 – Posting Date)

Save it.

# **Define or Maintain Conversion Factors for Group Currency (OBBS)**

New Entries

Exchange Rate Type	From	То	Valid From	Ratio From	Ratio To
M	INR	EUR	01.04.2013	1	1

Save it.

#### **Define Exchange Rates (OB08)**

New Entries

1.4	CW LITTIES					
	xchange ate Type	Valid From	From Currency	Direct Quotation	To Currency	Indirect Quotation
M		01.01.2013	INR	0.014114	EUR	70.8500

Save it.

# **Testing of Group Currency (F-02)**

Doc Date: 27.04.2013 Company code: Currency: INR Posting Key: 40 A/C: 400401 Press Enter Amount: 10000/-Business Area: 95S1

Text: Testing of group currency

Posting Key: 50 A/C: 200400 Press Enter Amount: \* Text: +

Click on Document Over View Button (Shift + F2)

Click on Display Currency Select Group Currency

Press Enter

Amount: 140EUR Save it.

#### **Posting of Foreign currency Transaction**

Doc Date: 27.04.2013

Currency: USD
Posting Key: 40
A/C: 400401
Press Enter
Amount: 100\$

Amount in Local Currency: 4,700/-INR

Posting key: 50
Parking Document

Parked Documents are subjected to approvals. The document parked by the user will be sent to authorised person for cross check or verification. The person can be accept or reject the document.

Parked Documents are called as Preliminary documents and No Transactional Data will get updated or posted to GL Account till the parked document was accepted and posted by the user or by authorised person.

The parked functionality can be handled

- ✓ Manually
- ✓ Through Work Flow

# Parking Functionality through Manual Concept

When the user or Accountant parked the document and send the document information through mail to the authorised user for validating the correctness. The authorised user validate the document and he can approve or reject the document. This information again sent to the user manually by mail.

#### **Activate Users in SAP (SU01)**

To view list of users available in the system

Place the cursor on User and Press F4

Press Enter

Select the user SAP

Click on change password

Give New password

Press enter

#### Parking of Document by SAP user (FV50)

Path: A/C→FA→GL→POSTING→EDIT OR PARK GL DOCUMENT

Company Code: Doc Date: 29.04.2013 GL A/C: 400400

Debit

Amount: 1000

Text: Testing of Park Document

Business Area: 95S1 GL A/C: 200400

Credit

Amount: 10000

Text: +

Document→Park

Document 100009 was parked.

# To View Document (FB03)

Doc No. 100009

Co code:

Fiscal year: 2013 Press Enter

Table for Parked Document: VBSEGS

Sending of Short message to Authorised user

System→Short Message

<u>Title:</u> Document No. 100009 parked. Company Code:

**Document Content** 

Sir.

I have parked the document, kindly validate and update Thanks

Recipient	Recipient Type	Express Mail
SAP	SAP Logon Name	✓

Click on send.

#### Login SAP with user ID

SAP Sap123

Change the password

#### View inbox

SAPMENU→OFFICE→WORK PLACE-SBWP

Press enter Expand Inbox

The observation of User SAP is Document 100009 posted incorrectly with wrong amounts and hence sending a manual mail rejecting the document and for corrections.

# **Change or Edit Amounts for Parked Document** (FV50)

A/C→FA→GL→DOCUMENT→PARKED DOCUMENT→FBV2-CHANGE

FBV2 – CHANGE

FBV0 - POST

FBV4 - CHANGE HEADER

FBV6 - REJECT Company Code:

Document Number: 100009

Fiscal Year: 2013 Press Enter

For parked Document user can change Document Header fields as well as line item

information.

Change Debit Amount to 10000/-

Click on Post (Shift + F11)

Document 100009 was posted in company code

#### Class 29

#### Posting Functionality through Work Flow

Work Flow is the feature used to send the information automatically when the scenario executed. Work flow will be developed by ABAP consultants. The work flow can be extensively used in case of authorisations and approval process.

#### Steps or Process of Parking in case of Workflow

- ✓ Initiator parks the document FV50
- ✓ Workflow will get triggered automatically once the initiator parks the document
- ✓ A mail will automatically triggered to Authorized person or Finance officer with park document information
- ✓ Automatically if he opens the screen system will provide two options Accept or Reject
- ✓ If he clicks on Reject Button system automatically calls up transaction FBV6 and a mail will triggered to initiator with rejection reason
- ✓ If he accept the document transaction FBV0 will be triggered and again mail will be sent to initiator with comments

T-Code for Workflow creation or maintain SWDD

#### **Recurring Documents**

Recurring Documents are called as template documents and periodically accounting entries will be generated with reference to template document. Based on the frequency maintain in the recurring document we will execute and post Accounting Entries. All recurring nature transactions will be maintain under this document with the respective amounts and additional account assignments. These documents will save the time of the users for month end closing activities.

# Creation of GL A/C (FS00)

GL Account: 400402

Create

Type/Description

A/C Group: Administration expenses Select P&L Statement Account Text: Stationary Expenses Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001

Field Status Group: G001

Save it.

#### **Define Number Ranges for Recurring Document (FBN1)**

Recurring Documents will use same document type but Number range will be "X1".

Company Code:

Click on Change Intervals

Click on Insert Intervals

No	Year	From Number	To Number
X1	2013	1	9999

#### Save it

# **Define Recurring Document Templates (FBD1)**

Note: These Recurring Documents will be maintained by the Business according to their

requirements.

Path: ACCOUNTING→FA→GL→REFERENCE DOCUMENTS→FBD1-RECURRING DOCUMENT

Company code:

First Run on: 01.04.2013 Last Run on: 31.12.9999

Intervals in Months: 01 Per Month

Run Date: 5

Document Type: SA Currency: INR Posting Key: 40 Account: 400400 Press Enter Amount: 10,000/-Business Area: 95S1

Text: Rent Posting Key: 40 Account: 400401 Press Enter Amount: 5000/-

Text: +

Posting Key: 40 Account: 400402 Press Enter Amount: 1000/-Posting Key: 50 Account: 200400 Press Enter Amount: 16,000/-

Text: + Save it.

Document 1 was stored in Company Code

# **Execution of Recurring Documents**

The Recurring Documents will be periodically executed in order to generate financial accounting entries.

#### Class 30

While execution of Recurring Document system will generate Batch Input Session for processing of Accounting Document in background instead of online.

#### **Batch Input Session (BTIS)**

Batch Input Session is the feature provided by the SAP to post documents in background. When business needs to execute or post or process multiple transactions we use batch input sessions. The BTIS consists of the parameters related to posting of transactions and we can view Log related to the execution of BTIS. If transactions consists of errors and again BTIS can be executed.

Path: A/C→FA→GL→PERIODIC PROCESSING→RECURRING ENTRIES→EXECUTE – F.14

Company Code: Fiscal Year: 2013

Settlement period: 01.04.2013 to 30.04.2013 Batch Input Session Name: SAPF120\_

Select Hold Processed Session

Execute

Message is Session SAPF120\_ was created.

Note: The BTIS consists of the data transferred from the recurring documents. If we process BTIS

the Recurring data will be posted to Accounts.

**Process Batch Input Session (SM35)** 

SYSTEM MENU→SERVICES→BATCH INPUT→SESSIONS

Select the Session SAPF120\_0510

Press Process Button Processing Mode

Select Process/Foreground

If this option selected all the screens will be displayed while processing.

Press Enter

Document Date: 05.04.2013 Next Run: 05.05.2013 Document No. 1

Keep on press Enter till you get the message processing of BTIS completed.

Click on Session Overview Double Click on your Session

Log Created

Document No. 100000

**View Accounting Document (FB03)** 

Document No. 100010

Press Enter

**View Recurring Document Information (FBD3)** 

Path: A/C→FA→GL→DOCUMENT→REFERENCE DOCUMENTS→RECURRING

DOCUMENTS→FBD3-DISPLAY

FBD2-CHANGE F.56-DELETE

FBD4-DISPLAY CHANGES

Document No. 1 Company Code: Fiscal Year: 2013

View→Recurring Entry Data

**Execution of Recurring Document for the month of May** (F.14)

Company Code: Fiscal Year: 2013

Settlement period: 01.05.2013 to 31.05.2013

Batch Input Session Name: Select Hold Processed Session

Execute

Execute BTIS (SM35)

Select the Session

**Process Mode** 

Select Display Errors Only Mode

Press Enter

Error is Period 2 is not open (OB52)

Posting Period Variant: Open 2<sup>nd</sup> Period as well

Save it.

After rectification of error execute Batch Input Session Screen.

Processing of Batch Input Session completed.

Click on Session Overview

Click on Log Button Double click on Session

Document No. 100011 was posted.

### **Open Item Management**

This is the functionality used for clearing procedure. The GL Accounts which are subjected to clearing must be selected with open item management. If this option was selected the clearing can be done at Item level instead of balances.

Ex. Salary payable, rent payable, cash discount clearing accounts, GR, IR clearing accounts etc...

#### **Clearing Procedure**

Outgoing and incoming payments are called as clearing. This clearing can be done at Item level of the GL account if we select Open Item Management.

Clearing can be.

- Full clearing
- Partial clearing
- Residual clearing

Ex. Insurance payable is the GL A/C

#### Class 31

#### Create GL A/C Insurance Payable A/C (FS00)

GL Account: 100400 Account: Current Liabilities Select Balance Sheet A/C

Text: Insurance Payable A/c

Select Only Balances in Local currency

Select Open Item Management

Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001

Field Status group: G001

Save it.

#### Creation of GL Insurance A/c

GL A/C: 400500

Account: Financial Expenses

Select P&L account Text: Insurance account Select Lind Item Display

Sort key: 001

Field Status Group: G001

Save it.

#### Posting of Insurance Payable Transaction (F-02)

Doc Dt: 30.04.2013

Posting Dt: 30.04.2013

Posting Key: 40 Account: 400500 Press Enter Amount: 1000/-Business Area: 95S1

Text: Testing of Open Item Management

Posting Key: 50 Account: 100400 Press Enter Amount: \* Text: +

Doc No. 100012.

# Posting Insurance Payable for the Month of May (Post with Reference)

Press Post With Reference

Reference Doc No. 100012

Co code:

Save it.

Fiscal Year: 2013 Flow Controls

Select Line Item Display

Press Enter

Change the Dates to Doc Dt. 31.05.2013 Postage Dt. 31.05.2013 Keep on Pressing Enter

Save it.

Doc No. 100013

#### Post Insurance payable Rs. 5,000/- for the month of May

Click on Post with Reference Button

Doc No. 100013

Select Display Line Item

Change Amount: 5,000/- for both the Line items.

Keep on press Enter

Save it.

Doc No. 100014

# **View GL Balances (FS10N)**

GL Account: 100400

Co code:

Fiscal Year: 2013

Execute

# **View GL Line Item Display (FAGLL03 or FBL3N)**

Path: A/C→GL→ACCOUNT→DISPLAY/CHANGE ITEMS(NEW)

GL Account: 100400

Co Code:

Select Open Items

Open at key Date: 31.05.2013

Execute.

**Note:** The total of Open Items must be equals to GL A/C Balances. **Output:** 3 open line items displayed with the total amount of Rs. 7000/-

#### **Clearing Procedure**

The GL Accounts which are maintained as open item management are subjected to clearing indicates the items of the GL accounts will be cleared by other GL accounts or with the same GL account situational.

# **SAP FICO**

Outgoing payment of Rs. 1,000/- by cash towards Insurance payable of April (F-07)

Path: A/C→FA→GL→POSTING→OUTGOING PAYMENTS

Doc Dt. 03.05.2013

Type: SA

Bank GL A/C: 200400 Amount: 1,000/-

Text: Insurance payment Open Item Selection
Account: 100400
A/C Type: S

Press Process open Items Click on Select All Button Click Deactivate Items

Double Click on The Line item which you want to Clear

Amount Entered: 1,000/-

Assigned: 1,000/Not Assigned: 0

Document → Simulate

Entry is

Insurance Payable A/C Dr 1,000/-

To Cash A/C 1,000/-

Note: Business Area to the cash Account automatically extracted from the original line item.

Save it

Doc No. 100015

View GL Balance (FS10N)

GL account: 100400

Co Code:

Fiscal Year: 2013

**View Line Item Display (FAGLL03)** 

GL account: 100400 Select Open Items Key Dt. 31.05.2013

List of Open item Balance is: 6,000/-

Select Back arrow button

Click on Cleared Items. Execute.

Class 32

Partial Clearing: Payment of partial amount of the open item

SAP treatment on partial payments is

- ✓ All the items remains open till the original invoice got totally cleared.
- ✓ We can identify partial documents with reference to clearing document No.

# Testing of Partial Payments:

View Line Item Display (FBL3N)

GL Account: 100400 Select Open Items

Execute.

Payables are 1,000/- and 5,000/-

Partial Payment: out of 1,000/- make the payment of 200/- (F-07)

Dt. 06.05.2013 Type: SA Bank Data Account: 200400 Amount: 200/-

Text: Partial Payment Account: 100400

Click on Process Open Items

Activate Item 1,000/-

Partial payment

Against 1,000/- Line Item

Double click on payment amount

Make it as 200/-

Document → Simulate

Insurance Payable A/C Dr 200/-

To Cash A/C 200/-

Save it. Doc No. 100016.

#### **Line Item Display**

GL: 100400

Payment of Balance 800/-

While Clearing Balance 800/- we must refer open invoice as well as partial clearing

document (F-07) Dt. 06.05.2013 Bank Data

GL: 200400 Amount: 800

Text: Balance Payment

Open item

Account: 100400

Activate Original invoice amount 1,000/- and 200/-. Hence balance will be 800/-

Simulate Save it.

Doc no. 100017 FBL3N report

GL Account: 100400 Open Item: Rs. 5,000/-Select Back arrow Button Click on cleared items

Clearing date: 06.05.2013

Execute.

#### **Residual Clearing:**

One of the option of partial payment but Accounting treatment will be different.

#### **Features of Residual**

- ✓ While doing the partial payment using residual option system will Reverse Original invoice amount. Post payment Amount and creates New Open Item for the Balance amount to be cleared.
- ✓ There will be no connectivity or relation between original invoice and partial payment

#### **Testing of Residual** (FBL3N Report)

Open item is Rs. 5,000/-

Partial payment using residual option (F-07)

Dt: 06.05.2013 Type: SA A/C: 200400 Amount: 2,700/-Text: residual GL: 100400 Residual Items

Activate the item 5,000/-

Double click on Residual Item (New Open Item)

2,300/-Simulate

Insurance payable A/C Dr 5,000/-

To Cash A/C 2,700/-

To Insurance Payable A/C 2,300/-

Class 33 0

#### Foreign Currency Revaluation

Revaluation of Foreign Currency transactions in order to know Exchange Gain or Loss is a statutory requirement. We must revaluate these transactions at item level or Balance level periodically or yearly.

#### Creation of GL A/C's (FS00)

GL: 400510

Group: Financial Expenses Select P&L Statement account

Text: Exchange Loss Select Line Item Display

Sort key: 001

Field status Group: G001

Save it.

GL: 300100

Group: Other Income

Select P&L Statement account

Text: Exchange Gain

Save it. GL: 100900 Company Code:

Account Group: clearing Accounts
Select Balance Sheet accounts
Text: Clearing Exchange account

Select Only Balances in Local Currency

Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001 Save it.

#### **Configuration Steps**

# **Define Valuation Methods**

Path: SPRO → FA(N)→GL ACCOUNT→ PERIODIC PROCESSING→ VALUATE→ DEFINE

**VALUATION METHODS** 

New Entries Method:

**Description: Valuation Method Always** 

<u>Valuation Procedure</u> Select **X Always Evaluate** 

Document Type: SA

**Exchange Rate Determination** 

Exchange Rate Type for Debit Balance: M Exchange Rate Type for Credit balance: M

Determine Exchange Rate Type from Account Balance

If this indicator selected Exchange Rate Type will be identified from GL Balance level.

X Exchange Rate Type from Invoice Reference

If you selected this indicator the Exchange Rate Type determine from each invoice reference and currency combination.

Select option 2

Save it.

#### **Define Valuation Areas**

Same path

New Entries

Valuation	Valuation Method	Currency Type
95		Co. Code Currency

Save it.

#### **Check Assignment of Accounting Principles to Ledger Group**

Same path

Identify the Accounting principle assigned to the Ledger Group 0L

Accounting Principle	 Target Ledger GL	
IAS	0L	

#### **Assign Valuation Areas and Accounting Principles**

Same path

New Entries

Valuation Area	Accounting Principle
95	IAS

Save It.

#### **Prepare automatic posting for Foreign Currency Valuation**

**Path:** SPRO $\rightarrow$  FA $\rightarrow$  GL $\rightarrow$  PERIODIC PROCESSING $\rightarrow$  VALUATE $\rightarrow$  FOREIGN CURRENCY VALUATION $\rightarrow$  PREPARE AUTOMATIC POSTINGS FOR FOREIGN CURRENCY VALUATION

Double click on KDF Exchange rate difference open items GL Accounts

Chart of Accounts: New Entries GL A/C: 100400 Currency: INR

Currency: INR Currency Type: 10

**Exchange Rate Difference Realized** 

Loss: 400510 Gain: 300100 Valuation

Valuation Loss 1: 400510 Valuation Gain 1: 300100

Balance sheet adjustment: 100900

Save it.

KDF is used for open item managed GL A/C.

Note: Transaction Key KDF used to valuate open item managed GL Accounts.

Transaction: KDB

Exchange Rate Difference using Exchange Rate Key

If the Business wants to determine Exchange Rate Differences using key we must maintain below settings and this key must be assigned to all the GL accounts managed with Foreign Currency.

Exchange Rate Key	Expense Account	Gains
	400510	300100

Save it.

Assignment of Exchange Rate Key to GL Account: (FS00)

GL Account: 100300 Click on Change Button

#### **Control Data**

Exchange Rate Difference Key:

Save it.

#### Class 34

# **Testing of Exchange Gain or Loss**

Post Foreign Currency transaction (Loan Receipt at Exchange Rate 40 in USD) (F-02)

Doc Dt. 08.05.2013

Currency: USD Rate: 40

Posting Key: 40 A/C: 200400 Press Enter Amount: 1000\$ Business Area: 95S1

Text: Testing of Foreign Currency Transaction

Posting Key: 50 Account: 100300 Press Enter Amount: \* Text: +

Document → Simulate

Save it.

Doc no. 100018

Maintain or change Exchange Rate to 48/- with Exchange Rate Type 9M (OB08)

#### **New Entries**

Exchange Rate	Valid From	From Currency	Direct Quotation	To Currency
9M	08.05.2013	USD	48	INR

Save it.

# Foreign Currency Valuation (New) FAGL\_FC\_VAL)

Path: ACCOUNT→ FA → GL → PERIODIC PROCESSING→ CLOSING→ VALUATE→ FOREIGN

CURRENCY VALUATION

**General Data selection** 

Co. Code:

Valuation Dt. 31.05.2013 Valuation Area: 95

**GL Balances** 

Select Valuate GL Account Balances

GL Account: 100300

Exchange Rate Difference Key:

Execute.

Output:

GL Account: 100300 Loan Amount: 1000\$ Old Value: 40,000/-New Value: 48,000/-Gain/Loss: 8,000/-

The Exchange Gain or Loss transactions are

FC transaction valuations can be executed periodically or yearly basis in case of periodic execution relevant to Account Balances must be reversed in the future month.

# Class 35 <u>Interest Calculations</u> Creation of GL Accounts (FS00)

GL Account: 400501 Group: Financial Expenses Select Profit and Loss Account Text: Interest Expense or Loss

Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001

Field Status Group: G001

Save it.

GL Account: 300001 Group: Other Income

Select Profit and Loss Account Text: Interest Gain Account Select Line Item Display

Sort key: 001

Field Status Group: G001

Save it.

GL Account: 100401 Group: Current Liabilities Select Balance Sheet Account Text: Interest Payable Account

Select Only Balances in Local Currency

Select open Item Management

Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001

Field Status Group: G001

Save it.

GL Account: 200600

**Group: Current Assets** 

Select Balance Sheet account Text: Interest Receivable Account Select Only Balances in Local Currency

Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001

Field Status Group: G001

Save it.

GL Account: 100200 Group: Secured loans

Select Balance Sheet account Text: Loan from Third Party

Select Only Balances in Local Currency

Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001

Field Status Group: G001

Save it.

#### **Configuration Steps:**

# **Define Interest indicator or Interest Calculation Types (OB46)**

Path: SPRO→ FA (NEW)→ GL NEW → BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS→ BANK ACCOUNT INTEREST CALCULATION→ INTEREST CALCULATION GLOBAL SETTINGS→ DEFINE INTEREST CALCULATION TYPES

**New Entries** 

Interest Indicator	Name	Interest Calculation Type
95	Balance Interest Indicator	S

Save it.

S = Balance interest Calculation

P = Item interest Calculation

Z = Penalty interest Calculation

#### **Prepare Account Balance interest Calculation (OBAA)**

#### Same path;

**New Entries** 

Interest Calculation Indicator: 95

**Period Determination** 

Interest Calculation Frequency: 01 (1Month)

Interest Determination
Calendar Type: G

Standard SAP delivered below Calendar types

No. of days in year No. of Days in Month

B – Bank Calendar - 360 30 J – French Calendar 365 30

F – French Calendar 360 exact No. of Days in a calendar month G – Gregorian Calendar 365 Exact No. of Days in a Calendar month

Select Balance Plus Interest

Save it.

# **Define Reference Interest Rates (OBAC)**

Same path till Bank A/C interest Calculation → Interest Calculation → Define Reference Interest Rates → New Entries

In this step we create indicator for Reference Interest which is used to maintain interest rates periodically or date wise.

Reference Interest Rate: 95\_D Text: Debit Interest Rates

Date from: 01.04.2013

Currency: INR

Press Next Entry Button Reference Interest Rate: 95\_C Text: Credit Balance Interest Rates

Date from: 01.04.2013

Currency: INR

Save it.

### **Define Time Dependent Terms (OB81)**

Same path: New Entries

Interest Calculation Indicator: 95

Currency Key: INR

Effective From: 01.04.2013 Sequential Number: 1

Term: Debit Interest Balance Interest Calculations

Interest Rates

Reference Interest Rate: 95\_D

Press Next Entry Button Interest Indicator: 95 Currency Key: INR Effective from: 01.04.2013

Sequential No. 2

Term: Credit Interest Balance Interest Calculation Reference Interest Rate: 95\_C Save it.

#### **Enter Interest Values (OB83)**

#### Same path: New Entries

Reference Indicator	Valid from	Interest Rate
95_D	1.4.2014	10.25
95_C	1.4.2014	11
95_D	5.5.2014	10
95_C	5.5.2014	10.80

#### Save it.

#### **Prepare GL Account Balance Interest Calculation (OBV2)**

Same path till BANK INTEREST CALCULATION→ INTEREST POSTING→ PREPARE GL ACCOUNT BALANCE INTEREST CALCULATION

This step is used for automatic determination of GL Accounts related to Interest Calculation. GL Accounts assignment will be done using default account symbols.

Click on Account Button

#### Chart of Accounts:

Account Symbol	Currency	GL Account
0001 - Interest Received	INR	300101
0002 - Interest Paid	INR	400501
1000 - GL Account (Earned)	INR	200600
2000 - GL Account (Paid)	INR	100401

Save it.

#### Class 36

# <u>Assignment of Interest Indicator to the Loan Accounts</u> (FS00)

GL Account: 100200 Click on Change Button Create/Bank Interest

Assign Interest Indicator: 95 Balance Interest Indicator

Save it.

# Loan Receipt Entry on 16.04.2013 (F-02)

Doc Dt. 10.05.2013
Posting key: 40
Account: 200400
Press Enter
Amount: 10,000/Text: Loan Receipt
Posting Key: 50
Account: 100200
Press Enter
Amount: \*

Value Dt: 16.04.2013

Note: interest Calculation will be based on Value Date.

Text: + Save it.

# Calculation interest on Loan from party for the month of April (F.52)

 $A/C \rightarrow FA \rightarrow GL \rightarrow PERIODIC PROCESSING \rightarrow INTEREST CALCULATION \rightarrow BALANCE$ 

INTEREST CALCULATION

Chart of Account:

Co. Code:

Calculation period: 01.04.2013 to 30.04.2013

Interest Calculation Indicator: 95

Execute

Loan Amount: 10,000/-Interest %: 11%

No. of Days for Interest Calculations: 15days

Interest is: 45.21/Select Back arrow button

**Output Control** 

Select Additional Balance line Select Interest Rate Overview

Posting Control

Select Post Interest Settlement Select Update Master Records Session Name: RFSZIS00

Posting Date of session: 30.04.2013

Select Hold Process session

All the above selection parameters can be stored under a variant so intern next time when you execute the transaction we can get the input values and can be modified accordingly.

Click on Save Button

Variant Name:

Meaning: Interest calculation Click on Save (Variant Saved)

Select Back Arrow Button

Execute the Transaction F.52

Click on Get Variant Button

Execute the Variant Dialog Box

Select your variant

All the selection parameters populated on screen.

Execute

End of the page the message is Batch Input Session Created.

# **Executed Batch input Session (SM35)**

Select and process your session in Process/Foreground

Keep on press Enter

System update the GL Master record with key date of last Interest calculation 30.04.2013

The date of last interest Run: 10.05.2013

Double click on Processed Batch Input Session

Go to Log

Doc No. 100024

# **View Accounting Document (FB03)**

Doc No. 100024

Co. Code:

Fiscal Year: 2013

Interest Expense or Loss A/C Dr To Interest Payable A/C

#### **Execute Interest for the Month of May (F.52)**

Click on Get variant Button

Variant: Execute

Calculation period: 01.05.2013 to 31.05.2013

4days 11% 27 days 10.80% Total Interest: 91.94/-

Batch Input Session Created.

Process BTIS (SM35)
Select the variant

Select Process in Display Errors Only

Doc No. 100025.

#### Class 37

#### **ACCOUNTS PAYABLE**

Accounts payable is subjected ledger of financial accounting and deals with Vendors (Suppliers) Vendors are called as sub ledgers. All Business transactions of the Vendors will be handled through these sub ledgers. For Financial Reporting each and every vendor master or sub ledger we must assign respective GL accounts. The GL accounts assign to subjected ledgers are called as Reconciliation Accounts.

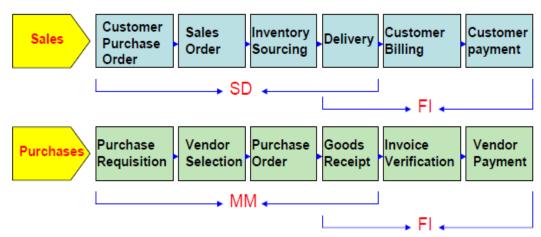
No transactions can be directly posted to these reconciliation accounts. These accounts will get updated transactions posted to subsidiary accounts.

<u>Reconciliation Accounts:</u> Reconciliation Account is a GL Account. which will be assign to subsidiary ledgers. In detailed itemized report can be extracted through subsidiary ledgers and accumulated balances of these ledgers will be reported through Reconciliation Accounts.

#### **Vendor Business Transactions:**

- 1. Purchase Invoices
  - a. Non PO base Purchase (Purchase invoice posting using FI-AP module)

b. PO based Purchases (MM-FI Integration) Procurement to Payment Cycle (P to P Cycle)



In case of MM module is in scope all inventory procurements will be handled through PO based invoice level or PO based Purchases. AP module is used for

- i. Validate the invoice and post it to financial accounting
- ii. Check Vendor open items for due date analysis
- iii. Outgoing payments to Vendors on due dates
- iv. Validating the tax calculations
- v. Bank Reconciliation statements
- vi. Statements to Vendors periodically with the list of transactions handled and information on due amounts.
- 2. Goods Returns
- 3. Out Going Payments: Payments can be handled in SAP as below
  - i. By Cash
  - ii. By Bank
    - a. Manual Payments
    - b. Automatic payments (by Cheque, bank transfers, DD)
- 4. Calculation of cash discounts based on the terms agreed with the vendor
- 5. Interest Calculations: On Overdue items penalty interest will be calculated and to be paid
- 6. Taxation: tax on Sales and Purchases
  - i. Excise Duties
  - ii. VAT
  - iii. CST
  - iv. Services taxes
  - v. Custom Duties
  - vi. TDS.

#### **Configuration Steps**

#### **Create GL Accounts (FS00)**

GL Account: 100700

Account Group: Sundry Creditors Select Balance Sheet Account Text: Domestic payables

Currency: INR

Do not select Only Balances in Local Currency Reconciliation Account for Account Type: Vendors

Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 012 (Vendor Number)

Field Status Group: G067 (Reconciliation A/C)

Save it.

Create With Template

Save it.

GL A/C: 100701

Reference GL A/C: 100700

Co. Code:

Text: Foreign Payables

Save it.

Create with Template GL A/C: 100702

Text: Affiliated Payables

Save it.

Create with Template GL A/C: 100703

Text: Employee Payables Create with Template GL A/C: 100704 Text: Service Payables

Save it.

Create with Template GL A/C: 100705

Text: One time Vendor Payables

Save it.

GL A/C: 400100

Group: Payroll Expenses Select P&L Account

Text: Professional Service Charges

Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001

Field Status Group: G001

Save it.

#### **Configuration Steps**

#### **Define Vendor Account Groups (OBD3)**

SPRO→FA (NEW)→A/C RECEIVABEL & A/C PAYABLE→VENDOR ACCOUNTS→MASTER DATA→PREPARATIONS FOR CREATING VENDOR MASTER DATA→ DEFINE A/C GROUPS WITH SCREEN LAYOUT (VENDORS) → New Entries

Account Group:

Name: Domestic Vendor Group

Field Status

Double Click on Company Code Data Double Click on A/C Management

Select Reconciliation A/C as Required Entry

While Creation of Vendor Master Reconciliation A/C will be the Mandatory Entry.

Save it. Create Request AP Configuration Settings.

Next Entry button A/C Group: 9511

Name: Foreign Vendor Group

Maintain Reconciliation A/C has Required Field.

Save it.

Next Entry Button A/C Group: 9512

Name: Affiliated Vendor Group

Save it.

Next Entry Button A/C Group: 9513

Name: Employee Vendor Group

Save it

Next Entry Button A/C Group: 9514

Name: Service Vendor Group

Save it.

Next Entry Button A/C Group: 9515

Name: One Time Vendor Group Select One Time Account

Reconciliation Account as Required Entry

Save it.

Create Number Ranges for Vendor A/C (XKN1)

Note: Vendor Master Number Ranges will be maintain at Client Level. Which indicates same

Vendor Master can be used in Multiple Company Codes

# Change Intervals

Insert intervals DOMESTIC PAYABLE

No	From No	To No
T1	20611	20619
nsert Button		·
Insert Intervals FOR	REIGN PAYABLE	
No	From No	To No
T2	20620	20629
Insert Intervals		
No	From No	To No
T3	20630	20639
Insert Intervals		
No	From No	To No
T4	20640	20649
Insert Intervals		·
No	From No	To No
T5	20650	20659
Insert Intervals ONE	TIME PAYABLE	
No	From No	To No

20669

Save it.

T6

Ignore the message & press Enter

# Assign Number Ranges to Vendor A/C Groups (OBAS)

20660

Position

A/C Group:

Group	Name	Number Range
	Domestic vendor Group	T1
9511	Foreign Vendor Group	T2
9512	Affiliated Vendor Group	T3
9513	Employee Vendor Group	T4
9514	Service Vendor Group	T5
9515	One Time Vendor Group	T6

Save it.

# **Define Sensitive Field for Dual Control (Vendors)**

In this step we maintain the field changes in the Vendor Master are critical subjected to Configuration of changes by authorized users.

Any changes to these fields in this material masters are subjected to confirmation till the changes were confirmed by authorized user. No payment can be processed against to the Vendor. Same path

**New Entries** 

Field Name	Field Label
LFA1-LNRZA	Alternative Payee
LFB1-ZTERM	Terms of Payment

Save it.

# Class 39

#### **Define Tolerance for Customer and Vendors OBA3**

Path: SPRO → FA (NEW)→AR & AP → BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS→ OUTGOING PAYMENT→ MANUAL OUTGOING PAYMENTS→ DEFINE TOLERANCE (VENDORS)

New Entries Co. Code:

Tolerance Group: APPLE Group Tolerance

Permitted Payment Differences

 Amount
 Percent

 Gain
 10
 1%
 EX 10000
 9990

 Loss
 10
 1%

 Save it.
 10
 1%

Save II.

<u>Define Document Types & Number Ranges for Vendor Transactions</u> (OBA7)

Document Type	Description	Number Range
KA	Transfers and Reserves	<mark>17</mark>
KG	Vendor Credit Memo	<mark>19</mark>
KR	Vendor Invoice	<mark>17</mark>
<mark>KZ</mark>	Vendor Payment	<mark>15</mark>

<u>Define Number Range interval for above Number Ranges</u> (FBN1)

Co. Code	Number Range	Year	From Number	To Number
	17	2014	1700000	1799999
	15	2014	1500000	1599999
	19	2014	1900000	1999999

Save it.

Posting keys (OB41)

Posting key	Name	DR/CR	Account Type
31	Invoice	Credit	Vendor
21	Credit Memo	Debit	Vendor
25	Outgoing payment	Debit	Vendor
24	Other Payment	Credit	Vendor
26	Payment difference	Debit	Vendor
36	Payment difference	Credit	Vendor
29	Special GL Debit	Debit	Vendor
39	Special GL Credit	Credit	Vendor

#### **Credit Vendor Master Data**

Vendor Master consists of all the important information of the Vendor like

- 1. Address & communication information
- 2. Taxation Information
- 3. Vendor Bank details & alternative payee information

4. Reconciliation account, payment details, vendor statement information, purchase organisation details etc...

Vendor master data consists of following 3 views

- a. General DATA (Client Level)
- → Address
- → Control
- → Payment Transaction
- b. Company code Data (at each co. Code this information can be changed)
- → Accounting info
- → Payment transaction
- → Correspondence
- → With Holding Tax
- c. Purchasing Organisation Data

This information will be maintained if materials are procured through MM Cycle

# **Create Vendor Master** (FK01 or XK01)

 $A/C \rightarrow FA \rightarrow AP \rightarrow MASTER RECORDS \rightarrow FK01 CREATE (or)$ 

→ MAINTAIN CENTRALLY→ CREATE - XK01

Co. Code:

A/C Group: 9513 (Employee Vendor Group)

Screen 1 Address

Name Title: Mr.

Name: Salman Khan

Search Terms

Search Terms: Salman

Street/Address Country: IN

Select Next Screen Screen2 Control Account Control

Tax information will be maintained

Select Next Screen

Screen 3 Payment Transactions

Country	Bank Key	Bank A/C	A/C Holder
IN	ICICI	000123456	Salman

Bank key is the unique identity for any Bank which holds the Bank Address details

Click on Bank Data Bank Name: ICICI

Region: 10

Bank Branch: JP Nagar, Bangalore

Press Enter Next Screen

Screen 4 Account Information

Reconciliation Account: 100703 Employee Payables

Sort Key: 001

Cash Management Group: A5 (Personal Cost)

Select Next Screen

<u>Screen 5</u> <u>Payment Transactions</u> Select Check Double Invoice Button

If any invoice posted with the same reference key system will through warning message.

Select Next Screen

Screen 6 Correspondence

Save it.

Vendor No. 400700 was created in Co. Code

#### **Post Transactional Data**

Post Vendor Salaries Payable Transaction
A/C → FA → AP → DOCUMENT ENTRY →INVOICE GENERAL – F-43

Date: 27.05.2013 Doc Type: KR Co. Code: Posting key: 31 Account: 400700 Press Enter

GL Account: 100703 Amount: 50,000/-Text: Salary Payable Posting Key: 40 Account: 400101 Press Enter Amount: \*

Document → Simulate

Save it.

Doc No. 1900000
GL Account creation
GL Account: 400101
Group: Payroll Expense
Select P&L Account
Text: Salaries Account
Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001 FSTG: G001 Save it.

# Class 40

View GL A/C Balances (FS10N)

Accounting → Financial Accounts → Accounts Payable → Accounts → Display Balances

GL Account: 100703

Co. Code: Execute

Credit balance of 50,000/- updated to GL A/C

**Create Vendor Master (XK01)** 

Co. Code: A/C Group: 9513 Address Screen

Title: Mr.

Name: Somayajulu K

Search Term: Somk

Country: IN Region: 10

**Payment Transactions** 

Country: IN
Bank Key: HDFC
Bank A/C: 00098765
A/C Holder: Somayajulu
Click on Bank Data
Bank Name: HDFC
Bank Branch: Bangalore

# **Accounting Information Accounting Screen**

Recon A/C: 100703

Cash Management Group: A5 Select Check Double Invoice Save it. Vendor No. 400705.

#### Post Salary Payable of 35,000/- against Vendor No. 400705 (F-43)

Doc Date: 28.05.2013 Type: KR

Posting Key: 31
Account: 400705
Press Enter
GL A/C: 100703
Amount: 35000
Text: Salary Payable
Posting Key: 40
Account: 400101
Amount: \*
Text: +

Document → Simulate

Save it

Doc No. 1900001.

# **Display GL Balances (FS10N)**

GL A/C: 100703 Co. Code: Execute

The GL A/C credit Balance is 85,000/-

Double click on Balance Amount Field

The assignment field got updated with vendor number (The Sort Key for GL A/C 100703 maintained with Value 012 Vendor Number)

#### **View Vendor Line Item Display (FBL1N)**

A/C→FA→AP→ACCOUNT→FFBL1N- DISPLAY/CHANGE LINE ITEMS

Vendor A/C: 400705

Co. Code:

Select open items

Open at key date: 28.05.2013 Execute

One line item Displayed with the status open (Red Colour)

Net Due date symbol is DUE Payable amount of 35,000/-

# Outgoing Payment of 35000/- against to the Vendor 400705 (F-53)

A/C→FA→AP→DOCUMENT ENTRY→OUTGOING PAYMENT→ F-53-POST

Doc Dt: 28.05.2013 Type: KZ co. Code:

Bank Data Account: 200400 Amount: 35,000/-

Text: Outgoing Payment Open Item Selection

Account: 400705

Click on Process Open Items

Activate (Blue colour) the Vendor line item which the Business wants to clear by selection

Activate Items

Amount Entered: 35,000/-

Assigned: 35,000/Not Assigned: 0
Document → Simulate
Save it, Doc No. 1500000.

# Vendor GL Balance (Recon A/C) (FS10N)

GL A/C: 100703 Co. Code:

Execute

Dr Credit Balance 35,000 85,000 50,000 Double click on Balance Amount

#### **View Vendor Line Item Display (FBL1N)**

Vendor A/C: 400705

Co. Code:

Select Cleared Items

Execute

The Invoice & Payment Documents displayed with the Status cleared (Green Colour)

#### Class 41

#### **Payment Terms**

Payment Terms are used to identify or calculate Net Due Date of the Invoices.

Net Due Date is used for

- 1. Identifying of Payment Due Date
- 2. Calculation of Cash Discounts
- 3. Interest Calculations on Items
- 4. Reminders to customers and vendors on their overdue line items
- 5. Automatic payment of Vendor Open Line Items etc...

Standard SAP has delivered n no. of payment terms according to the Business Requirement we can create additional terms.

The payment terms will be assigned to the Vendor Master as per the agreement had with the vendor.

**Note:** If Required we can assign the payment terms while posting of Business Transactions **Define Payment Terms (OBB8)** 

SPRO→FA (NEW)→ AR & AP→ BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS→ OUTGOIG INVOICES OR CREDIT MEMOS→ MAINTAIN TERMS OF PAYMENT

Base Line Date: The date from which system will Payment Terms

The Base Line Date can be a posting date, document date or defaulted to fixed day or a month.

### Create a Payment Term with 15 days due net from the date of posting date.

**New Entries** 

Payment Terms: TR10

Account Type
Select Customer
Select Vendor

<u>Default for Baseline Date</u>

Select posting Date

**Payment Terms** 

Term no. of days

1 15

Save it.

# Post Vendor Invoice using Payment Term TR10 (F-43)

Doc Dt: 29.05.2013 Type: KR

Posting Key: 31 A/C: 400700

Press Enter Amount: 10,000/-

Payment Terms: TR10 Days: 15

Base Line Date: 29.05.2013 Text: Testing of Payment Terms

Posting Key: 40 A/C: 400101

Press Enter Amount: \* Text: +

Document → Simulate Save it. Doc No. 1900002.

#### **View Vendor Line Item Display (FBL1N)**

Vendor A/C: 400700 Select Open Items Key Date: 29.05.2013

Execute

Click on Change Layout Button

From the Hidden Fields select Net Due Date field from the Shown Fields Click on Document Date

Click on the Button Show selected Fields.

Click on Copy

Against 1000/- invoice Due date symbols is Not Due. Net Due Date is 13.06.2013.

Click on Save Layout Button

Layout:/Z Save it.

# **Create Payment Terms with below Specifications (OBB8)**

- → Base line date 1<sup>st</sup> of Next Month
- → Within 10 Days 3% Cash Discounts
- → 20 Days 1% Cash Discount
- → 30 Days is Due Net

**New Entries** 

Payment Term: 9501
Base Line Date
Fixed Date:1

Additional Months: 1

<u>Default Base Line Date</u>

Select Posting Date

<u>Payment Terms</u>

 Term
 Percentage
 No. of Days

 1
 3%
 10

 2
 1%
 20

 3
 30

Save it.

Post Vendor Invoice (F-43)

Doc Dt: 29.05.2013 Type: KR

Posting Key: 31 A/C: 400700

Press Enter Amount: 2000/-

Payment Terms: 9501 Base Line Date: 01.06.2013

Posting Key: 40 A/C: 400101

Amount: \*

Text: + save it.

**View Line Item Display (FBL1N)** 

Vendor A/C: 400700 Select Open Items

Execute

Click on Select Layout Button, Select Your Layout

The Net Due Date is 01.07.2013.

# **Create Instalment Payment Terms with below Specifications ((OBB8)**

→ 40% immediate Payment

→ Rest of the Amount is Two Equal instalments

→ Payable Every Month of

**New Entries** 

Payment Term: Z950 Select Instalment Payment

Next Entry Button Term: Z951

**Default for Base Line Date** 

Select Posting date

Next Entry Term: Z952

Select Base Line Posting date

Payment Terms

<u>Fixed Date</u> <u>Additional Month</u>

5

Next Entry Term: Z953 Base Line Data Select Posting Date Payment Term

<u>Fixed Date</u> <u>Additional Months</u>

5

Save it.

# **Define Terms of Payment for Instalment Payment (OBB9**

# Same Path

**New Entries** 

Terms of Payment	Instalment	Percent	Payment Term
Z950	1	40%	Z951
Z950	2	30%	Z952
Z950	3	30%	Z953

Save it.

Post Invoice (F-43)

Doc Dt: 29.05.2013 Type: KR

Posting key: 31 A/C: 400700

Press Enter Amount: 10,000/-Payment Term: Z950

Posting Key: 40 A/C:400101

Press Enter Amount: \* Text: +

#### Simulate

Vendor Invoice Splitted according to the payment terms

Item1: 4000/-, Item2: 3,000/-, Item3: 3,000/-

Save it. Doc no. 1900004.

#### **View Line Item Display (FBL1N)**

Layout: /Z

4,000/- Due Date is 29.05.2013 3,000/- Due Date is 05.06.2013 3,000/- Due Date is 05.07.2013

#### Post Vendor Credit Memo - FB65 or F-41

This is nothing but a Purchase return.

#### Class: 42 House Banks

The Banks with which we deal in SAP system are called as House Banks.

All Payment Transactions (dealing with Cheque, Online Transfers, Automatic Payments)

must be done through House Banks.

House Banks = Bank Key + Bank A/C ID

Bank Key Holds the Bank Address information.

A/C ID consists of Account Number and GL A/C associated with that Bank.

Note: all the Bank related Business transactions must be done with the combination of House Bank and Bank A/C ID.

Ex. Cheque Transactions, automatic payments, E-Bank Statement, direct transfers, Lock Box Functionalities.

Note: at each change of Bank address we must define it has a New House Bank.

One House Bank can consists of Multiple A/C ID's

#### Create GL A/C (FS00)

GL: 200420 A/C: cash & Bank

Select Balance Sheet A/C

Text: STATE BANK OF INDIA Current A/C Select Only balances in Local Currency

Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001 FSTG: G001

Select Relevant to cash flow.

Save it.

GL A/C: 200421 With Template GL A/C: 200420 Press Enter

Text: STATE BANK OF INDIA Check issue Clearing A/C

Select Open Item Management

Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001 Save it.

#### **Define House Banks (FI12)**

SPRO→FA (NEW)→ BANK ACCOUNTING→ BANK ACCOUNTS→ DEFINE HOUSE BANKS

Co. Code:

Note: House Banks are Co. Code dependent.

New Entries House Bank: 1000 House Bank Data Bank Country: IN Bank Key: SBI

Note: Bank Key maintained at Country Level

Create

Bank Name: State Bank of India (Hyderabad)

City: Hyderabad

Double click on Bank Accounts Folder

New Entries A/C ID: acct1

Description: Current A/C No. 1 Bank A/C Number: 123456789

Currency: INR GL A/C: 200420

Save it.

#### **Maintain Check Lots (FCHI)**

Check lots consists of from and to check no's issued by the Bank. We can also maintain the cheques are sequential or non sequential cheque lot. Business will create check lots on requirement.

#### Accounting $\rightarrow$ Fin Acc $\rightarrow$ Acc Payable $\rightarrow$ Periodic Processing $\rightarrow$ F110 – Payments

Menu → Environment → Check Information → Number Ranges

Paying Co. Code: House Bank: 1000 A/C ID: acct1

Click on Change Button

Click on Create

Lot

Lot Number: 01

Check Number: 000001000
To : 000001099
Short Info: Check lot No. 1
Purchase Dt: 01.04.2013

Save it.

#### Class 43

# Testing of Manual Payment by Check

**Create New Vendor (XK01)** 

Co. Code: A/C Group: 9154 Press Enter Title: Mr.

Name: Salman Khan

Country: IN Region: 10

Recon A/C: 100704 Sort Key: 001

Cash Management Group: A1 Save it. Vendor No. 400710

Create GL Master GL A/C: 400110

Group: Payroll Expense

Select P& L A/C

Text: Professional charges Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001 FSTG: G001 Save it.

Post Vendor Invoice (F-43)

Doc Dt: 31.05.2013 Type: KR

Posting Key: 31 A/C: 400710

Press Enter Amount: 10,000/-

Text: Professional charges

Posting Key: 40 A/C: 400110

Amount: \*
Text: +
Simulate

Save it, Doc No. 1900005

Vendor Business transactions will update below Tables.

- √ BKPF Accounting Document Header
- ✓ BSEG Accounting Document Line Items

Vendor Line Items are subjected to Open Item Management. Hence the Vendor Line Items additionally update below Tables.

- ✓ BSIK Vendor Open Invoices
- ✓ BSAK Vendor Cleared Items

# View Vendor Line Item Display (FBL1N)

Vendor: 400710 Co. Code:

Select open Items

Execute

System populate the selection parameters under BSIK table and extract the information in a user defined format.

There is a Open Line Item of 10,000/-.

Check Payment of 10,000/- to Vendor 400710 (F-53)

Doc Dt: 31.05.2013

Type: KZ Bank Account

A/C: 200421 Amount: 10,000/-

In case of Check payments and Bank transfers it is always advisable to post to a clearing account till business receive confirmation from the Bank about realization of check transactions.

Text: Check Payment Open Item Selection Account: 400710

Type: K

Press Process Open Items

Activate Vendor Line Item which you want to clear.

Document → Simulate Save it. Doc No. 1500001.

**View vendor Line Item Display (FBL1N)** 

Vendor: 400710 Co. Code:

Select Cleared Items

Execute.

Once the Open Items were cleared system removes the entry from Open Item Table (BSIK) and place it in Cleared Item Tables (BSAK).

Under Open Item Document (1900005) the Clearing Document No. 1500001 got updated.

# Check Details Creation Against Payment Doc No. 1500001 (FCH5)

A/C→ FA→ AP→ Environment→ Check Information → Create→ FCH5 – Manual Checks

Payment Doc No. 1500001

Co. Code: Fiscal Year: 2013 House Bank: 1000

A/C ID: acct1

Check No: 0000010000

Press Enter City: Bangalore

Save it.

Check no. 000001000 created Successfully.

#### **View Check Register (FCHN)**

A/C→ FA→ AP→ Environment→ Check Information → Display→FCHN-Check Register

Co. Code:

House Bank: 1000 A/C ID: acct1 Execute

Check No	Payment	Amount	Recipient	Encashment Date
000001000	1500001	10,000/-	Salman Khan	-

Bank Statement Received that Check No. 000001000 encashed by vendor (Updation of check encashment date) **FCH6** 

A/C→ FA→ AP→ Environment→ Check Information → Change→FCH6 – Additional Info / Cash

Co. Code:

House bank: 1000 A/C ID: acct1

Check No. 000001000

Press Enter

Check Encashment Date: 31.05,2013

Save it, Check No. 000001000 saved Successfully.

Post check Transactions to Main Bank A/C after check Realization (F-02)

Doc Dt: 31.05.2013 Type: SA

Posting Key:40 A/C: 200421

Press Enter

Amount: 10,000/-

Text: Check Clearing

Posting Key: 50 A/C: 200420

Press Enter

Amount: \*

Text: +

Document → Simulate

Save it. Doc No. 100028.

#### Class 44

#### **Check Void or Cancelled in case of**

- 1. Un used checks (check damage, destroy or old one) void
- 2. Issued Checks

The check issued to the vendor assigned to the payment document number but the same will be voided in following scenarios.

→ Issued check dishonoured by bank due to signature mismatch, insufficient funds and vendor lost the check in all above cases we can avoid the issued check and give a new check to the vendor to the same payment document

Invoice → Outgoing Payment → Check Issue → Dishonour → Void Issued Check (Cash or Issue New Check)

In the above scenario the payment document will remains same and issue a new check against that document.

# **Cancel Payment FCH8)**

In this case along with the issued check void payment document also will get reversed and vendor cleared item will be come as open item.

At the time of reversal of cleared or payment document system will reverse the payment document and also reset the cleared status to open status for vendor invoices (KR Document).

#### **Creation of Void Reason Code:**

SPRO → Fin Acc → A/R & AP → Bus Transactions → Outgoing Payments → Automatic Outgoing Payments → Payment Media → Check Management → FCHV - Define Void Reason Codes Select New Entries

Reason : Void Reason Code :

Save

# **Testing of Voiding**

# **Void Unused Checks (FCH3)**

Accounting → Fin Accounting → Accounts Payable → Check Information → Void → Unused Checks

Co. Code: House Bank: 1000 A/C ID: ACCT1

Check Number: 000001001

Vendor reason code: 06 (Destroyed or Unusable)

Click on Void

# View Check Register (FCHN)

Co. code:

House Bank: 1000 A/C ID: ACCT1

Execute

# **Testing of issued check Void**

# Post Vendor Invoice (F-43)

Vendor A/C: 400700 posting Key:31

Amount: 500

Posting Key: 40 GL A/C: 400110

Save Doc No. 19000016.

# **Outgoing Payment (F-53)**

Bank A/C: 200421 (Check issue Clearing A/C)

Amount: 500 Vendor: 400700

Deselect or deactivate all the line items and activate Rs. 500/- Line Item.

Save. Doc No. 1500002.

# Issue check to the vendor against payment Doc No. 1500002 (FCH5)

Doc No. 1500002

Co. Code:

House Bank: 1000 A/C ID: ACCT1 Check No. 000001002

Press Enter City: Bangalore

Save.

#### **Issued check Dishonoured**

Accounting → Fin Accounting → Accounts Payable → Check Information → Void → Issued Checks

(FCH9) Co. Code:

House Bank: 1000 A/C ID: ACCT1

Check No. 000001002

Void Reason Code: 07 (Stolen)

Void

Message: Check 000001002 voided payment document not reversed.

# <u>Issue New Check against Payment Doc No. 1500002</u> (FCH5)

Check No. 000001003

Press Enter City: Bangalore

Save.

#### Check 1003 Honoured and En cashed (F-02)

Type: SA posting Key: 40 GL A/C: 200421 Amount: 500 Posting Key: 50 GL A/C: 200420

Simulate Save.

#### **Update Check EnCashment Details (FCH6)**

Check No. 000001003

Check Encashment Dt: 03.06.2013

Save.

# **Voiding of issued check and Cancelled Payment**

Invoice → outgoing Payment → Check Creation

Post Invoice (F-43)

Vendor: 400700 Amount: 1000/-

Debit GL A/C: 400110

Save. Doc No. 1900007 Outgoing Payment (F-53)

Bank A/C: 200421 Amount: 1000/-

Vendor A/C: 400700

Deactivate all the items and activate 1000/- invoice.

Save.

# **View Line Item Display (FBL1N)**

Vendor A/C: 400700 Co. Code:

Select Cleared Items

Execute

The 1,000/- KR Document displayed with Cleared Status.

# **Check Creation (FCH5)**

Payment Doc No. 1500003 Check No. 000001004

City: Bangalore

Save.

# **Void issued Check and Cancel Payment (FCH8)**

Accounting → Fin Accounting → Accounts Payable → Check Information → Void → Cancel Payment

Void Issued Check + Reverse Payment Document + Reset Cleared Item into Open Item

1004 1500003 1900002

Co. Code:

Reason Code: 09 Reversed Check Payment

Reversal Data: Reversal Reason: 01

Press Enter

Click on Cancel Payment

Message: Check No. 1004 cancelled, reverse doc No. 1700000.

#### **View Line Item Display (FBL1N)**

Vendor A/C: 400700

Co. Code:

Select Cleared Items

Execute

The payment Doc 1500003 reversed with 1700000

Select Back Arrow Button

Select open Items

Execute

The Doc 1900002 again appearing under open items.

#### Class: 45

#### **Special GL Transactions**

Special GL Transactions will be identified with special GL indicators. Below are list of

Special	GL	Transactions.
Special	CI	Indicator

Special GL Indicator	<b>Description</b>
A	Used for Down Payment/Advances
F	Down payment Request
G	Guarantees
Н	Security Deposit
L	Letter of Credit
Q	Bills of Exchange

For each Special GL Indicator we will assign reconciliation A/C and Special GL A/C or Alternative Reconciliation A/C.

**Alternative GL A/C:** The GL A/C which will be assigned in the Special GL Indicator. If any Transactions posted with Special GL Indicator will bypass Recon A/C and update to Special GL A/C.

#### **Create GL Account (FS00)**

GL: 200610

Group: Current Assets
Select Balance Sheet
Text: Advances to Vendors

Recon A/C for A/C Type: Vendors

Select Line Item Display

Sort key: 012

FSTG: G067 (Reconciliation A/C)

Save it.

# Automatic assignment of GL A/C's for Special GL Indicators or Down Payments made on Vendors (OBYR)

Spro→ FA (New) → AR & AP→ Business Transactions → Down payment Made → Define Alternative Recon A/C For Down Payments (Obyr)

Double click on Special GL Indicator A against A/C Type K

Chart of Accounts:

Recon A/C	Special GL
100700 – Domestic Payable	200610
100701 – Foreign Payable	200610
100702	200610
100703	200610
100704	200610
100705- one time vendor account	200610

Save it.

### **Testing of Advances to Vendors**

**Create New Vendor Master (XK01)** 

Co. Code: A/C Group: 9514 Press Enter

Vendor Name: Ram

Country: IN Region: 10

Press Enter

Recon A/C: 100704 Sort Key: 001 Cash Management Group: A5

Save it.

Vendor No. 400711.

# **Vendor Advance Payment (Posting (F-48)**

A/C → FA → AP → Document Entry → Down Payment → Down Payment → F-48 Down Payment

Dt: 04.06.2013 Type: KZ

Vendor A/C: 400711 Special GL Indicator: A Bank A/C: 200400 Amount: 1,000/-Business Area: 95S1

Text: Advance Payment to Vendor

Press Enter Amount: 1,000/-

Text: +

GL A/C: 200610

As Special GL Indicator A being used system by pass the GL A/C 100704 and posted the

Amount to Special GL A/C 200610.

Simulate

Save it. Doc No. 1500004

Vendor A/C Dr To Cash A/C

#### **View GL Balances (FS10N)**

GL A/C: 200610

Co. Code: Execute

Debit Balance of Rs. 1,000/- updated. View Vendor Line Item Display (FBL1N)

Vendor A/C: 400711 Select open Items

Type

Select Special GL Transactions

Execute

1,000/- Line Item displayed with Special GL Indicator A.

Post Vendor Invoice for Rs. 1,000/- (F-43)

Dt. 04.06.2013 Type: KR
Posting Key: 31 A/C: 400711

Press Enter GL A/C: 100701 Amount: 1,000/-Text: Vendor invoice

Posting Key: 40 A/C: 400110

Amount: \*
Text: +
Simulate

Professional Charges A/C Dr

To Vendor A/C

Save it, Invoice No. 1900008.

**View FBL1N Report** 

A/C: 400711 Select Open Items

**Type** 

Select Normal Items

Select Special GL transactions

Execute

One Line Item with Special GL 'A' and other item is Normal Invoice.

## Transfer Advances to Normal Vendor A/C (Recon A/C) for clearing of Invoices (F-54)

A/C→ FA→ AP→ Document Entry → Down Payment → Clearing F-54

Dt. 04.06.2013 Type: KA

Vendor A/C: 400711

Click on Process Down Payment

**Under Transfer Posting** 

Double click on the field to Transfer Available amount or Enter the amount Manually.

Simulate

Vendor A/C Dr (100704)
To Vendor A/C (200610)
Save it. Doc No. 1700001.

## Posting of Credit Memo (Goods Returned to Vendor) - FB65

Accounting > Fin Acc > Acc Payable > Document Entry > FB65 - Credit Memo

Vendor No =

Document Date =

Amount =

Text =

Gen Ledger Acc =

Amount = \*

Text = +

Simulate and Post

## **View FS10N Report**

A/C: 200610

#### Execute

## **View FBL1N Report**

A/C: 400711

Select Normal Items

Both the Items display under normal items with Zero Balance but with the Status of Open.

## Auto Clearing of Vendor Line Items (F-44)

A/C→FA→ AP→ A/C→ CLEAR F-44

A/C: 400711 clearing Dt. 04.06.2013

Co. Code:

Click on Process Open Items Activate the Line Items

1000 Dr and 1000 Cr

Simulate

Document Generated without Line Items

Save it.

## **View FBL1N Report**

Vendor: 400711 Select Cleared items

Execute.

#### Class 46

Scenario2: Advance is 2,000/- and Invoice is 1,200/-

## Post Vendor Down Payment (F-48)

Dt. 05.06.2013 Type: KZ

Vendor A/C: 400711 Special GL Indicator: A Bank A/C: 200400 Amount: 2,000/-Press Enter Amount: \*

Text: Advance Payment

Simulate Vendor A/C Dr To Cash A/C

Save. Doc No. 1500005.

## Posting Invoice (F-43)

Dt. 05.06.2013 Type: KR

Posting Key: 31 Vendor A/C: 400711

Press Enter Amount: 1200/-Text: Vendor Invoice Posting Key: 40 GL A/C: 400110

Amount: \*
Text: +
Simulate

Professional Charges A/C Dr

To Vendor A/C

Save. Doc No. 1900009.

# Transfer of Advance from Special GL A/C (200610) to Recon A/C (100704) (Clear Vendor Down Payments) (F-54)

Doc Dt. 05.06.2013 Type: KA

A/C: 400711

Click on Process Down Payments

Transfer Posting: 1200/-

Simulate

Vendor A/C Dr (100704) To Vendor A/C (200610) Save. Doc No. 1700002.

## **View FBL1N Report**

Vendor: 400711

Select Special GL Transactions

Execute.

The Advance of 800/- remains under Special GL transactions.

Select Back Arrow Button Select Normal Items

Execute.

## **Vendor Auto Clearing (F-44)**

A/C: 400711

Click on Process Open Items

Select the Line Items belongs to 1200/-

Simulate

No Line Items Generated as this transaction is used to auto clear Open Items which have Debit and Credit entries with the same amount and to set status to clear.

Save it.

## **Scenario3: Advance Less than Invoice Amount**

### Balance Advance is 800/- post Vendor Invoice with an amount of 1,100/- (F-43)

Vendor A/C: 400711

Press Enter

Information Message: 800/- down Payment on Current Assets Exists.

Amount: 1100/-Text: Vendor Invoice

Posting Key: 40 A/C: 400110

Amount: \* Text: + Save. Doc No. 19000010.

Transfer Advance of 800/- (F-54)

Dt. 05.06.2013 Type: KA

Vendor A/C: 400711

Press Enter

Transfer Posting: 800/-

Simulate and Save. Doc No. 1700003.

## Clearing of 1,100/- Invoice with the Outgoing Payment of 300/- (F-53)

Dt. 05.06.2013 Type: KZ

Bank A/C: 200400 Amount: 300/-

Text: Outgoing Payment Vendor A/C: 400711

Click on Process Open Items Select Advance Transfer 800/- item

Invoice 1,100/-

Simulate Vendor A/C Dr

To Cash A/C

Save it. Doc No. 150006.

## **Special GL Request**

Down Payment Request are noted items used for reminder or information on due date. We can refer this request for actual Down Payments. These requests are called as Noted Items.

#### Class 47

## **Special GL Request**

Special GL Indicator for Request is "F" the Settings are

## Assignment of Special GL A/C against Indicator "F" (OBYR) or (FBKP)

Double click on Special GL

Double click on A/C Type "K" and Indicator "F"

Chart of A/C:

0.14.1.0.7.00.		
Recon A/C	Special GL A/C	
100700	200610	
100701	200610	
100702	200610	
100703	200610	
100704	200610	
100705	200610	

Click on Properties

Save the Data.

Noted Items Selected

Target Special GL Indicators are: AIMB

While posting of Down Payment request we must refer only Target Special GL Indicators and Cannot the Indicator related to Request.

Save it.

## Post Down Payment Request (F-47)

A/C→ FA→ AP→ DOCUMENT ENTRY→ DOWN PAYMENT→ REQUEST F-47

Dt. 06.06.2013 Type: KA

Co. Code:

Vendor A/C: 400711

Target Special GL Indicator: A

Press Enter Amount: 6000/-Due on: 07.06.2013

Text: Advance Payment Request

The above document is noted item and update the transaction only in subjected ledgers but

not to Finance.

Save it. Doc No. 1700004.

#### **View FBL1N Report**

Vendor: 400711 Select Noted Items

Execute

One Line Item displayed with Indicator "F".

## Conversion of Noted Items to Actual Down Payment (F-48)

Dt. 06.06.2013 Type: KZ

Vendor A/C: 400711 Special GL Indicator: A

Bank A/C: 200400 Amount: 6000/-Click on Request Select the Line Item

Click on Create Down Payments

Save it.

Vendor A/C Dr To Cash A/C

Request → Down Payment → Invoice → Transfer Down Payment → Auto Clearing

## **Automatic Payment Program (APP)**

APP is a tool which is used to clear customers and vendors open items automatically based on the Due Dates of the Invoices.

#### **Features of APP**

- 1. Based on the due date Invoices and Payment request clear automatically
- 2. Cash Discounts calculated and posted to accounts
- 3. Checks will be generated automatically and assign to the Payment Document
- 4. Business can take the print out of payment advices and checks
- 5. Payments can be done by checks as well as by Bank Transfer In case of Bank transfer system creates DME (Data Medium Exchange) file or IDOC (Intermediately Documents) with the payment information and send to the Bank for clearing purpose.

## **Configuration Steps**

## **Configure Automatic Payment Program for Country (FBZP)**

SPRO $\rightarrow$  FA (NEW) $\rightarrow$  AP & AR $\rightarrow$  BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS  $\rightarrow$  OUTGOING PAMENTS  $\rightarrow$  AUTOMATIC OUTGOING PAYMENTS  $\rightarrow$  PAYMENT METHOD/ BANK SELECTION FOR PAYMENT PROGRAM  $\rightarrow$  SET UP PAYMENT METHOD FOR COUNTRY FOR PAYMENT TRANSACTION

APP configuration maintained at payment method which will be created under a Country.

New Entries Country: IN

Payment Method: C

Description: Check Payment

Payment Method Select Out Going

**Payment Method Classification** 

Select Check

**Required Master Record Specification** 

Select Street, PO Box, Postal Code

## **Posting Details**

Document Type for Payment: KZ
Clearing Document Type: KA

**Payment Medium** 

Select Use Classic Medium Programs (RFFO\*)
Payment Medium Program: RFFOUS C

Name of Print Data Set: LIST1S

This consists of the List of all Printer details in order to Check Printing and Payment

Advices.

Printing settings related to Advices and Checks.

Double click on Currencies Allowed

Maintain currencies here if the Business wants to restrict payment method with a particular currency.

To Apply the payment method for all sort of currencies do not maintain any values. Save it.

## Set up Payment Methods for Company code for Payment Transaction - FBZP

Same path New Entries Paying Co. Code: Payment Method: C

**Amounts Limits** 

Minimum Amount: 1000 Maximum Amount: 500000 Select Payment per Due Day Select Foreign Partner Allowed Select Foreign Currency allowed

**Expand Form Data** 

Form for the Payment Medium: F110\_PRENUM\_CHCK

Drawer on the form **Accounts Executive** 

Execute.

#### **Set up all Company codes for Payment Transactions**

**New Entries** Co. Code:

Sending Co. Code: XXX Paying Co. Code: XXX

Select Separate Payment for Business area

Tolerance days for Payable:

Out going Payment with cash Discount from:

Maximum Cash Discounts do not select

Vendors

Special GL Transaction to be Paid: AF

Save it.

## Set up Paying Company Code for Payment Transactions

Note: In this step you will specify from which bank account should system makes payment.

Same path **New Entries** Paying Co. Code: Control Data

Minimum Amounts for Incoming Payment: 100 Minimum Amounts for Outgoing Payment: 100

**Expand Form** 

Form for the Payment Advice: F110\_IN\_AVIS

**Expand Sender Details** 

Text ID: ST

Letter Header: 0001 Header

Footer: 0001 Footer

Signature: 0001\_Signature Sender: 0001 Sender

Save it.

#### Class 48

## **Set up Bank Determination**

Same path

This step is used to assign House Bank and Respective A/C ID's to the Payment Method.

Position

Select Co. Code:

Double click on Ranking order

**New Entries** 

Payment Method	Currency	Rank order	House Bank
В	INR	1	1000

Double click on Bank A/C's

**New Entries** 

House Bank	Payment Method	Currency	Account	Bank Sub A/C
1000	В	INR	ACCT1	200421

Double click on Available Amounts

**New Entries** 

House Bank	A/C	Days	Currency	Available for Outgoing Payments
1000	ACCT1	999	INR	9999999

Save it.

## **Testing of Automatic Payment Program(APP)**

## Assign payment Method to Vendor Master (Change Vendor) (XK02)

Accounting → Fin Accounting → Accounts Payable → Master Records → Maintain Centrally →

XK02 – Change Vendor: 400710 Co. Code:

Under Co. Code Data

**Select Payment Transactions** 

Press Enter

Assign Payment Method: C

Save it.

Follow the same Procedure for other Vendor Masters.

**Note:** while Execution of APP system will Validate Payment Method from the Vendor Invoice. If not Validate in Vendor Master.

While posting of Invoices Payment Method extracted from your Vendor Master.

## We need to assign to all the vendors payment methods like above

#### **Testing of APP Program:**

## **Posting of Vendor Invoice (F-43)**

Dt. 07.06.2013 Type: KR

Vendor: 400700

Amount: 15,000/- Payment Method: B

Text: APP

Posting Key: 40 A/C: 400110 Amount: \* Business Area: 95S1

Text: + Save.

Vendor: 400705 Amount: 5000/-Business Area: 95S1

Save it.

Vendor: 400705 Amount: 2,000/-Business Area: 95S2

Save it.

## Posting of Vendor Down Payment Request (F-47)

Vendor: 400710 Special GL Indicator: A

Press Enter Amount: 6000/-Business area: 95S1

Due on: 07.06.2013 Payment Method: B

Save it.

## **Execute Automatic Payment Program**

## A/C > FA > AP > PERIODIC PROCESSING > PAYMENTS > F110 - PAYMENTS

Run Date: 07.06.2013 Identification: T1 Press Enter

**Status** 

Message: No Parameters Entered as Yet

**Parameters** 

**Posting Dt**. 07.06.2013

System uses this date for Clearing Document.

**Docs Entered** Up to: 07.06.2013

System will consider the eligible Vendor Line Items for Payment till this date.

Co. Code:

Payment Method: B

Next Payment Date: 08.06.2013

This date must be at least 1 day ahead to the Run Date. System will also include the Vendor Invoices which will become over due by Next Payment Date. In order to avoid loss of cash discounts and loss the credibility from the Vendor

The system will includes those line items also in this run business can decide whether include those invoices in this payment run or can be excluded by rejecting the invoice (Blocking) in the Edit Proposal.

## Vendor: 1 to 999999 Additional Log

Select Due Date Check Button

Select Payment Method selection in all cases Select Line Items of the Payment Documents

Vendor No. 1 to 999999

Based on the above selection parameters system will extract the Vendor invoices and creates a proposal. The proposal consists of list of items to be cleared. Business can view the proposal and edit the proposal. You can edit proposal for

- 1. Lock the Vendor Line Items against Payment
- 2. Change the cash discounts amounts and percentages
- 3. Re allocate or change House Bank Details

Save Parameters.

Details Have been saved for the run on 07.06.2013, Identification is T1.

Go to <u>Status</u> Click on Proposal Dt. 07.06.2013

#### **Select Start Immediately**

Press Enter

Message: Proposal run has been Schedule (system will generate Back end job to extract all open

items)

The Status is Proposal is Running

Keep on Click on Status

Till Status changed to Payment Proposal has been Created
Click on Edit Proposal
Select All Accounting Clerks

Press Enter

The Line Items Displayed in Red Colour.

Double Click on Vendor: 400700 The House Bank Field is Missing.

Error is, Required Address data is missing in Vendor Master.

Assign according to the configuration steps for Payment Method "B" Vendor Master must consists

of Address Details.

Open a New Session "XK02"

Vendor: 400700 Select Address Street NO. 1 Po Box. 500072

Save it.

Go to F110 screen

Place your Cursor on Payment Proposal has been created.

EDIT→ PROPOSAL→ DELETE

Proposal Delete: YES Click on Schedule Proposal Select Start Immediately Click on Edit Proposal

All the Line Items are Green Colour Except for the Vendor; 400705 Double Click on the Line Items

Error Message; Error in Creating the Payment Document read Job Log.

#### Class 49

Double Click on Error Line Item

Double Click on Line Item

Popup Displayed with Change Line Items

Error Message: Error in Creating the Payment Document

Click on Reallocate

House Bank: 1000 ACCT1

Press Enter

Select Back Arrow Button

The Vendor No. 400711 displayed under Exceptional List.

An Amount of 6,000/- displaying with Red Colour.

Double click on Line Item

Against the Vendor 400710 we created a down payment request 6,000/-

APP is considering the Due Date and Advance Payment is done through APP.

## **Granting of Additional Cash Discounts**

Double click on the Line Item

Double click on Line Item

Cash Discount Percentage: 1%
Cash Discount Calculated: 10/-

Press Enter

Save the Proposal

Select Back Arrow Button

Message: Payment Proposal has been Edited.

Click on Schedule Payment Run

Dt. 08.06.2013

Select Start Immediately

Keep on press Enter till the Status Changed to Posting Orders 2 Generated, 2 Completed.

#### Additional Log

Click on Payment Run Log

System generated Doc No. 1500008, 1500009

Error with 400705 Vendor.

Exchange rate Different Accounts are incomplete for A/C 100703, Currency INR to EUR payment is not possible.

#### Printout/Data Medium

Program Variant
RFFOUS\_C \_ABN
Select Maintain Variants

Select for All Selection Screens

Click on Continue
Co. Code Selection
Paying Co. Code:
Sending Co. Code:
Further Selection
Payment Method: B
House Bank: 1000
A/C ID: ACCT1

Print control

Select Print Checks	Printer LP01	Select Print Immediately
Select Print Payment Advice Notes	Printer LP01	Select Print Immediately
Select Payment Summary	Printer LP01	Select Print Immediately

No. of Sample Printouts: 0

Click on Attributes

Description: STATE BANK OF INDIA Bank Details

Variant Name: ABN Select Back Arrow Button Save the Parameters

<u>Status</u>

Click on Schedule Printout

Dt. 08.06.2013 select Start Immediately

Job Name: replace the? with

Press Enter

Message: Job Has been Scheduled

## To View the Job Status (SM37)

Job Name: '

User Name: SAP USER

Dt. 08.06.2013

Execute

The Job with the Status with Finished.

Job displayed with Spool Symbol indicates system generated printouts.

## **View Spool Request (SP01)**

Created By: SAP USER

Dt. 08.06.2013 Client: 800 Execute

Click on SAP SCRIPT BUTTON against Check Payment

Check printout has been Displayed

Select Back Arrow Button

Click on SAP SCRIPT BUTTON against Payment Advice

Payment Advice consists of Information about Invoices paid through Check.

we are sending you a separate payment advice for document 150/ from 05.06.2017 to explain the invoice items.

Sum total 0,00 51.000,00

Payment document Check r	oumber Date	Currency INR ***	Payment amount
1507 1002	05.06.2017		*****51.000,00*
Bank number	Account number	Check number	
123456	SBI123456	1002	
STATE BANK OF INDIA	- ACC1		
*** FIFTY-ONE THOUSA	ND INR***	******5	INR 1.000,00*

Company Prathiba Rani Darling

Umang Credit Supplier

#### Class 50

#### **Execution of APP**

## **Create Vendor Master (XK01)**

Co. Code:

A/C Group: Other Income

**Address** 

Title: Company

Name: XYZ Manufacturers Street: Street No. 10 Postal code: 500016

Country: IN Region: 10

Po. Box: 500016 Press Enter

Recon A/C: 100704

Cash management Group: A5

Payment Method: B

Save.

Vendor No. 400712.

#### Post Vendor Invoice (F-43)

Dt. 10.06.2013 Type: KR P. Key: 31 A/C: 400711

Press Enter Amount: 5500/-Payment Method: B

Text: Invoice

P. Key: 40 A/C 400110

Press Enter Amount: \* Text: +

Save. Doc No. 1900014.

# Execute APP (F110) Run Date: 10.06.2013

Identification: T1
Parameters

Posting Date: 10.06.2013

Document Entered Up to: 10.06.2013

Co. Code:

Payment Method: C

Next Posting Dt. 11.06.2013

Vendor: 400712 Additional Log

X Select Due Date check

X Select Payment method selection in all cases
X Select Line items of the payment documents

Vendor No.

400712 save it.

Go to the Tab Status

Click on Schedule Proposal

Select start **Immediately** 

Press Enter

Keep on press Status Button till the Message changed to payment proposal has been created.

Click on Display Proposal to view List of Open Invoices has been extracted by the system.

One Invoice displayed with status exception.

Select Back Arrow Button

Go to the Tab Additional Log

Click on Proposal Run Log

Error in No Entry for City made

<u>Status</u>

Place the cursor on proposal Line Item Payment Proposal has been created

Edit→Proposal→Delete

Should the Proposal be Deleted press YES.

## **Change Vendor Master (XK02)**

Vendor NO. 400712 Select address City: Bangalore

Save.

After changes again Execute

Proposal Button

Keep on press Enter

Click on Display Proposal

The Status of vthe Line Item changed to Green

Select Back Arrow Button Click on Edit Proposal

Select Accounting Clerks

Press Enter

Double click on Vendor Line Item

Double click on Line Item Discount Amount: 50/-

Save it.

Click on Payment Run Select Start Immediately Keep on Press Enter

Payment Run has been Carried out.

**Additional Log** 

Click on Payment Run Log

In table T030R the Entry SKE is Missing.

**Analysis**: System is calculating cash discount of Rs. 50/- but automatic assignment of cash discount GL A/C is Missing.

Go to Status tab

Place the cursor on Payment Run has been Carried out

Edit → payments → Delete Output

Select YES.

## **Create GL A/C for Cash Discount Gain (FS00)**

GL: 300102

Group: other Income Select P&L A/C

Text: Cash Discount Gain A/C Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001 FSTG: G001 Save it.

## Automatic assignment of Cash Discount GL A/C

SPRO→ FA (NEW)→ AP & AR→ BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS→ OUTGOING PAYMENT → OUTGOING PAYMENTS GLOBAL SETTINGS → DEFINE ACCOUNTS FOR CASH DISCOUNTS TAKEN

Chart of Accounts:

Press Enter

Save the Posting Rules

Account

300102

Save it.

The calculated Cash discounts automatically posted to this GL A/C.

#### **Execute F110**

Run Date: 10.06.2013 Identification: T1 Click on Payment Run Select Start Immediately Keep on Press enter

Posting orders 1 Generated, 1 Completed.

Additional Log

Click on Payment Run Log

Doc No. 1500010 Entry is **(FB03)** 

Vendor A/C Dr 5500/-

To Cash A/C 4950/-

To Cash Discount Gain A/C 50/-

#### Print out / Data Medium

<u>Program</u> <u>Variant</u>

RFFOUS\_C

Click on Maintain Variant

Select for all Selection Screens

Press Enter

Program Run Dt. 10.06.2013

Co. Code:

Payment Method: B House Bank: 1000 Account ID: ACCT1

Check Lot: 1

Select Print Checks

Select Print Payment Advice

Click on Attributes Meaning: ABN AMRO

Save

Save Parameters.

#### **Status**

Click on **Printouts** 

Select Start Immediately

Job Name change? with

Press Enter

## **View Job Status SM37**

Job Name: 7

Execute

The Job Status in Finished

#### **View Spool Request or Print Outs (SP01)**

Execute

Click on **SAP Script Button** against Check.

#### Class 51

## **New GL Concept** (Accounting)

New GL Accounting is introduced from SAP ECC5.0 version onwards. The below Three important features were introduced from ECC5.0 Version onwards.

- 1. Document Splitting
- 2. New General Ledger
- 3. Real Time FI-CO Reconciliation

The Business can decide weather they want to use above new features are not to their existing system. If the Business is using older than ECC5 version they must upgraded their systems to new versions in order to use this features. Such type of projects are called as upgrade projects. Upgrade is Two Types

a. **Technical Upgrade:** It means system will technically upgraded to New Version but business don't want to activate New Features of that Version.

**Note:** for technical upgrades we must make sure the functionality of older and new versions should remains same.

b. **Functional Upgrade:** If Business wants to use the new features of the upgraded version that is called as Functional Upgrade Project.

**Note:** for Functional upgrade first System must be upgraded technically.

<u>Document Splitting:</u> Document Splitting is the New Feature introduced from ECC5.0 version. This will make sure the generation of <u>Zero Balance</u> internal reporting or Financial Statements.

**Note:** till 4.7 Version Business had faced many issues to achieve Zero Balancing internal reporting. Hence SAP related New Versions to avoid all the issues faced by the clients.

## **Characteristics of Document Splitting**

- 1. Achieve Zero Balance reporting at Characteristics level (Business Area or Profit Centre or any other Characteristics)
- Segmental Reporting

## **Document splitting Functionality**

- 1. Identify and activate Splitting Characteristics for internal reporting
- 2. Classify the GL accounts according to the document splitting category
- 3. According to the classification of GL accounts system will extract characteristic value from the source item to destination line items.

#### **Splitting Rules**

- 1. **GL** Accounts: in case of GL Accounts system will validate existence of characteristics in any of the GL Line Item and the same will be populated to other Line Items. If multiple business areas entered system split the off setting entry also according to the characteristics used in the document.
- **2. Assets:** all asset transactions will get posted through asset masters. System will derive or extract business area or profit centre from the asset master. The business area for vendor transactions will be extracted from Asset Line Item.
- **3. Customer and Vendors:** the Business area will be extracted from the expense or Revenue GL A/C or Asset Line Item of the transaction.
- **4. Materials:** In case of Logistics or Material transactions system will extract Business area with the combination of Plant and Division.

In case of Profit centre: Profit Centre will be assign in the respective Material Master.

#### Class 52

## **Configuration Steps**

## Activation of Document Splitting against Co. Code

SPRO→ FA (NEW) → GL A/C (NEW) → BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS → DOCUMENT SPLITTING → ACTIVATE DOCUMENT SPLITTING

Activate Document Splitting

Select Document Splitting Check Box

Splitting Method: Z000000012

Level of Details

Select Inheritance

If this Indicator was selected the splitting characteristics for GL accounts are extended or forwarded to other lines that do not have assignments.

Double Click on Deactivation for Co. Code

Co. Code:

Deselect Inactive Check Box

Save it.

#### **Define Document Splitting Characteristics for GL Accounting**

Same path

Field	Zero Balance	Partner Field	Mandatory Field
Business Area	✓	PARGB	✓
Profit Centre		PPRCTR	
Segment		PSEGMENT	

Save it.

## Classify GL Accounts for Document Splitting

Same path

Chart of Accounts:

Press Enter

In this step we are assigning splitting category against GL Accounts.

**New Entries** 

Account From	Account To	Category	Description
100000	100599	01000	Balance Sheet A/C
100600	100699	07000	Assets
100700	100799	03000	Vendors
100800	100899	05100	Tax on Sales or Purchases
100900	100990	01000	Balance Sheet A/C
100910	100999	01001	Zero Balance Posting
200000	200099	07000	Assets
200100	200199	01000	Balance Sheet A/C
200200	200299	06000	Material
200300	200399	02000	Customers
200400	200499	04000	Cash Account
200500	200699	01000	Balance Sheet A/C
300000	300999	30000	Revenue
400000	400999	20000	Expenses

Save it.

## **Create GL Accounts (FS00)**

GL A/C: 100910 Co. Code:

A/C Group: Clearing Accounts Select Balance Sheet A/C

Description: Zero Balance Clearing A/C Select Only Balances in Local Currency

Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001 FSTG: G001 Save it.

## **Define Zero Balance Clearing Account**

Same Path

Select the Key 000

Double Click on Accounts Folder

Chart of Accounts:

Press Enter

#### **New Entries**

OL A/O	Decemention
GL A/C	Description
100910	Zero Balance Clearing A/C

Save it.

## **Testing of Document Splitting**

Post Vendor Invoices with 2 Different Business Areas (F-43)

Dt. 12.06.2013 Type: KR

## SAP FICO

Posting Key: 31 A/C: 400710

Press Enter Amount: 1000/-

Text: Testing of Active Document Splitting

Posting Key: 40 A/C: 400110

Press Enter

Amount: 600 Business Area: 95S1

Text: +

Posting Key: 40 A/C: 400110

Press Enter Amount: 400

Business Area: 95S2

Text: + Simulate

Observation: No Business Area assign to Vendor Line Item.

Document → Simulate General Ledger to view line items after splitting.

Professional charges A/C Dr 600/- 95S1

To Vendor A/C 600/- 95S1

Professional Charges A/C Dr 400/- 95S2

To Vendor A/C 400/- 95S2 Select Back arrow Button Leave list Press YES Save it. Doc No. 1900015.

## Outgoing Payment to The Vendor (F-53) (Passive Document Splitting)

Dt. 12.06.2013 Type: KZ

Co. Code:

Bank A/C: 200400

Business Area for the Payment Document will be Extracted from the Original Invoice. Bank line items and cash discounts line items also splitted as per the Characteristic assignment in the original Invoice.

Amount: 990/-

Text: Testing of Passive Document Splitting

Open Item Selection

A/C: 400710 Type: K

Click on Process Open Items

Cash Discount: 10/- against Vendor Invoice No. 1900015

Simulate

Vendor A/C Dr 1000/-

To Cash A/C 990/-

To Discount Gain A/C 10/-Simulate in general Ledger

Vendor A/C Dr 95S1 600/-

To Cash A/C 594/To Discount Gain A/C 6/-

Vendor A/C Dr 95S2 400/-To Cash A/C 396/-To Discount Gain A/C 4/-

Select Back arrow Save it. Doc No. 1500011.

**Testing of Zero Balance Clearing Scenario** 

**Share Capital (F-02)** 

Dt. 12.06.2013 Type: SA Posting Key: 40 A/C: 200400

Press Enter

Amount: 100000/- Business Area: 95S1

## SAP FICO

Text: Testing of Zero Balance Clearing

Posting Key: 50 A/C: 100000

Press Enter

Amount: \* Business Are: 95S2

Text: + Simulate

Document → Simulate General Leger

Cash A/C Dr 95S1

To Zero Balance Clearing A/C 95S1

Zero Balance Clearing A/C Dr 95S2 To Equity Share Capital A/C 95S2

Note: Always Make sure No transactions should hit Zero Balance Clearing Account

Select Back Arrow Save it. Doc No. 100032

#### Class 53

#### **New General Ledger**

This is one of the New feature introduced from ECC5.0 version to meet parallel accounting requirements of the Business. Which indicates to maintain the books of accounts in Multiple Accounting standards or principles.

## Purpose of Ledger Concept

- 1. For parallel Accounting
- 2. Using of Multiple Currencies
- 3. Reporting in different Fiscal periods other than co. Code fiscal reporting

Ledger are Two Types

- a. Leading Ledger
- b. Non Leading Ledger

While creation of co. Code itself system will assign co. Code to leading ledger. This is the default ledger used by system for statutory requirements.

Leading Ledger identified with Indicator 0L.

**Non – Leading Ledger**: these ledgers are user define and n. No. of Non – Leading Ledgers can be defined based on the Business requirements. This ledger concept was introduced in order to avoid the issues faced by the Business for parallel accounting maintenance. Till 4.7version we used "Special Purpose Ledgers" for parallel accounting which is very tough.

## Features of Non – Leading Ledgers

- 1. Should be created and activated manually
- 2. Used to meet parallel accounting, currency requirements and different Fiscal year reporting
- 3. Transactions posted in leading ledger automatically get updated in Non Leading Ledger
- 4. If requires direct adjustment entries can be posted to Non Leading Ledgers
- 5. While creation of Ledger system automatically creates ledger groups
- 6. Ledger groups can consists of Multiple ledgers
- 7. In each ledger group we must define one representative ledger. Which indicates other ledgers of the group must follow the currency and fiscal periods of representative ledger.

## **Configuration Steps**

## Define Ledgers for General Ledger Accounting

SPRO → FA (NEW) → FINALCIAL ACCOUNTING GLOBAL SETTINGS (NEW) → LEDGERS → LEDGER → DEFINE LEDGERS FOR GENERAL LEDGER ACCOUNTING

**New Entries** 

Ledger	Ledger Name	Totals Table
9Z	-Non – Leading Ledger	FAGLFLEXT

Save it.

Till 4.7 we have table up to GLTO.

Note: Ledger Group 9Z is created only with Ledger 9Z

Press Enter

## <u>Define and Activate Non – Leading Ledgers</u>

Same Path Ledger: 9Z Press Enter. New Entries Co. Code: Fiscal Year: K4

Posting Period Variant:

Save it.

## **Assign Scenarios and Customer Fields to Ledgers**

Same path

Select the Ledger: 9Z Double Click on Scenarios

**New Entries** 

Scenario for GL Accounting	Description
FIN_CCA	Cost Centre update
FIN_GSBER	Business Area
FIN_PCA	Profit Centre update
FIN_SEGM	Segmentation

Save it.

If we activate scenarios the above fields will get populated while posting of transactions in to New GL Tables.

FAGLFLEXT – TOTALS FAGLFLEXA – LINE ITEMS

## **Define Ledger Group**

Same path

Select the Group: 9Z

Double click on Ledger Assignment

Ledger	Representative Ledger
9Z	✓

## **Define Accounting Principles**

SPRO → FA (NEW) → FINALCIAL ACCOUNTING GLOBAL SETTINGS (NEW) → LEDGERS → PARALLEL ACCOUNTING → DEFINE ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

**New Entries** 

IFRS: International Finance Reporting Standards

Save it.

## Assign Accounting Principle to Ledger Group

Same Path New Entries

Accounting Principles	Target Ledger Groups	
IFRS	9Z	

Save it.

## **Define Document Types for Entry View in a Ledger**

SPRO → FA (NEW) → FAGS (NEW) → DOCUMENT → DOCUMENT TYPES → DEFINE TYPES FOR ENTRY VIEW IN A LEDGER

Ledger: 9Z Press Enter New Entries

Туре	Number Range
SA	9Z
AA	9Z
KA	9Z
KG	9Z
KR	9Z
KZ	9Z
DA	9Z
DG	9Z
DR	9Z
DZ	9Z
AF	9Z
AB	9Z
PR	9Z
RV	9Z
WE	9Z
WL	9Z
WA	9Z

Save it.

## **Define Document Types for General Ledger View**

Same Path Ledger: 9Z Press Enter New Entries

Maintain Document Type and Number Ranges same as it is of above step.

Save it.

## **Define Document Number Ranges for General Ledger View**

SPRO → FA (NEW) → FAGS (NEW) → DOCUMENT → DOCUMENT NUMBER RANGES → DOCUMENTS IN GENERAL LEDGER VIEW → DEFINE DOCUMENT NUMBER RANGES FOR GENERAL LEDGER VIEW

Co. Code:

Click on Change Intervals

Insert Intervals

No	Year	From Number	To Number
9Z	2012	1	999999999
9Z	2913	1	999999999

Save it.

## **Testing of New Ledger Scenarios**

Post Vendor Invoice (F-43)

Dt. 13.06.2013 Type: KR
Posting Key: 31 A/C: 400711

Press Enter

Amount: 1000/-

Text: New GL Testing

Posting Key: 40 A/C: 400110 press Enter

Amount: \* Text: +

Simulate Vendor A/C Dr

To Professional Service A/C

Document → Simulate in General Ledger

Click on Ledger Ledger: 9Z Press Enter Posting Period: 6 Ledger: 9Z

Select Back Arrow

Save it. Doc No. 1900016.

Class 54

## **Legacy System Migration Work Bench**

It is used to upload Master data and transactional data from Excel or Notepad to SAP. This tool majorly used by functional consultants without taking the help of development team.

## Testing of LSMW for GL A/C Upload

Open an Excel file and maintain a template which details you want to upload.

#### In Excel file

GL A/C	Co.	A/C	P&	Balanc	Short Text	Lon	Currenc	Only	Reco	Ope	Sor	LI	FST
No.	Cod e	Group	L	e Sheet		g Text	У	Balance s in Local currenc y	n Type	n Item MGT	t Key	D	G
10000 1		SCC P		Х	Eqty Share Cap		INR	Х			001	Х	G00 1
40060 0		MEX P	Х		Advertiseme nt		INR				001	Χ	G00 1

Save it.

## **Execute LSMW** (LSMW)

Project Selection

Project: Z

Sub Project: ZFI Object: ZMASTER

Create

Description of all the above entries

Execute

**Select Maintain Object Attributes** 

Execute

Select Change Mode

Select Batch Input Recording Click on Recording Overview Select Create Recording

Recording: Ztest

Description: GL Master Recording

Press Enter

Transaction Code: FS00

Press Enter GL A/C: 400700 Co. code: Create

A/C Group: Sales Deductions

Double click on Balance sheet Account

Click on P&L A/C

**Text: Customer Discounts** 

Control Data

A/C Currency: INR

Double click on Only Balances in Local Currency

Double click on Recon A/C for A/C Type Double click on Open Item Management

Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001

Field Status Group: G001

Save it.

Select Default All

Save

Select Back Arrow Again Back Arrow Batch Input Recording Recording: ZTEST

Save it. Back Arrow

## **Select Maintain Source Structures**

Execute

Click on Change Mode

Create

Structure: ZFS00

Description: GL Structure

Press Enter

Excel Template Data will be assigned to this structure. This structure must consists of same

fields of Excel fields.

Save it.

To view the Recorded Information

Click on Object Over View

Click on Table

Copy the table contented and place in a new Excel sheet. The format will be text format.

Convert the data from text to column format.

Data→ Text to Columns

The System has recorded below fields.

**GL NO** 

CO. CODE

A/C GROUP

P&L A/C

**BALANCE SHEET** 

SHORT TEXT

LONG TEXT

**CURRENCY** 

ONLU BALANCES IN LOCAL CURRENCY

**OPEN ITEM MANAGEMENT** 

LINE ITEM DISPLAY

**SORT KEY** 

FIELD STATUS GROUP.

As System did not recorded Recon A/C Type. Remove the field from Excel.

Change "CHAR" to "C".

Go back to LSMW.

## Select Maintain Source Fields

Using this step we are maintaining fields against the data structure.

Execute

Click on Change Mode

Place the cursor on ZFS00

Select Table Maintenance

From the Excel copy the contents in the below format.

Field Name	Туре	Length	Field Description
SAKNR	С	10	GL A/C NUMBER
BUKRS	С	4	CO. CODE

Save and select Back Arrow.

## **Select Maintain Structure Relations**

In this step we are mapping recording to Data Structure

Execute

Click on Change

ZTEST mapped with Data structure ZFS00

Save it. Select Back Arrow.

## **Select Maintain Field Mapping and Conversion Rules**

Execute

In this stpe the recorded fields will be mapped with data structure fields.

Click on Change Button

Place the cursor on ZTEST

Extras Menu → Auto Field Mapping

Select Match Fields with Same Name

Select No Confirmation

Press Enter

Auto Field Mapping Complete

Press Enter

Cross check Mapping done correctly

Save it. Select back arrow.

#### **Select Specify Files**

Save as or convert the Excel Template GL Master.xls into Note Pad

Save as Tyep: Text (tab delimitted) (\*.txt)

Save it.

Go back to LSMW Select Specify Files

Execute

Click on Change Mode

Place the cursor on Legacy data on the PC front end

Create to Add Entry

Browse the file GL Master.txt from the Desktop

Name: GL Master Upload

File Content

Select data for one source structure

Delimeter

Select Tabulator

Field Structure

Select Field Name ar Start of File

Press Enter

Save it. Back Arrow.

Note: Close all the Files after Assignments.

## **Select Assign Files**

Execute

Click on Change

For Data Structure FS00

GL Master.txt Assigned

Save it.

## **Select Read Data**

Execute

Again Execute

No. of Records are 2

Select Back Arrow

## **Select Display Read Data**

Execute

Press Enter

Click on any of the Line Item.

## **Select Convert Data**

Execute

Message: 2 Records Converted Select Display converted Data

Execute

Press Enter

Validate the field mapping by clicking on Line Item

## **Select Create Batch Input Session**

Execute

Select Keep Batch Input Folders

Execute

Message: 1 Batch Input Session created with 2 Transactions.

## **Select Run Batch Input Session**

Execute

Select the Session Process

Select Display Errors Only

**Process** 

Processing of Batch Input Session Completed.

Class 55 1

## With Holding Taxes (TDS)

With Holding Tax is formally called as TDS. The customer reduces or deduct the with Holding Tax portion from the Vendor and he pays the with held amount directly to the appropriate Tax Authorities. According to the legal requirements below are few Examples for TDS.

#### Section

192	TDS on Salaries
193	TDS on Interest on Securities
194A	TDS on Other than Securities
194C	TDS on Payment to Contractors
194H	TDS on Commission & Brokerage
1941	TDS on Rent
194J	TDs on Professional & Technical Services

The TDS can be deducted by the customer either at the time of Invoice or Payment.

In SAP with Holding Taxes are 2 Types

- 1. Classic With Holding Tax
- 2. Extended with Holding Tax

Classic is the Old Feature of SAP and Extended is New Version available from 4.0 version.

## **Configuration Steps**

## **Check With Holding Tax Countries**

Path: SPRO→ FA (NEW) → FAGS (NEW) → WITHHOLDING TAX → EXTENDED

WITHHOLDING TAX → CHECK WITHHOLDING TAX COUNTRIES

New Entries Country: IN

Withholding Tax Country: IN

Press Enter Description: INDIA

Save it.

#### **Define Withholding Tax Type for Invoice Postings**

Path: SPRO → FA (NEW) → FAGS (NEW) → WITHHOLDING TAXES → EXTENDED WITHHOLDING TAX → CALCULATION → WITHHOLDING TAX TYPE → DIFINE WITHHOLDING TAX TYPE FOR INVOICE POSTINGS

Country: IN General Data

Withholding Tax Type: Y1

Description: TDS on Commission & Brokerage

#### Base Amount:

Select Gross Amount

Rounding Rules

Select Withholding Tax Commercial Rounding

Select Post withholding Tax Amount

**Accumulation Type** 

Select Per Year Starting with Month: 1

**Control Data** 

Select With Hold Tax Base Manual Select Manual Withholding Amount

Select No Certificate Numbering

**Base Amount** 

Select Withholding Tax Code Level

#### Withholding Tax Amount

Select Withholding Tax Level

Save it.

## **Define other Tax Types for Education cess and Higher Education cess**

Except Withholding Tax type and description all other settings reamains as above for New

Tax Types. **Next Entry** Tax Type: Y2

Description: Education cess

**Base Amount** Select Tax Amount Click on Inherite Base Accumulation Type

Select No Accumulation Type

Save it. **Next Entry** Tax Type: Y3

Description: Higher Education cess

**Base Amount** Select Tax Amount Select Inherit Base Select No Accumulation

Save it.

## **Define Withholding Tax Keys**

Path: SPRO → FA (NEW) → FAGS (NEW) → WITHHOLDING TAX → EXTENDED WITHHOLDING TAX → BASIC SETTINGS → DEFINE WITHHOLDING TAX KEYS

Data Base Table: T059O, T059OT

Country: IN New Entries

Official Key Name

Y001 194H TDS on Commission & Brokerage

Save it.

#### **Check Recipient Type**

Path: SPRO → FA (NEW) → FAGS (NEW) → WITHHOLDING TAX → EXTENDED

WITHHOLDING TAX → BASIC SETTINGS → CHECK RECEIPNT TYPES

Country: IN Press Enter **New Entries** 

Withholding Tax Type	Receipnt Type	Text
Y1	OT	Others
Y2	ОТ	Others
Y3	ОТ	Others

Save it.

#### **Define Business Places**

Path: SPRO → FA (NEW) → FAGS (NEW) → WITHHOLDING TAX → EXTENDED

WITHHOLDING TAX → BASIC SETTINGS → CHECK INCOME TYPES

Co. Code: Press Enter **New Entries** 

Business Place: 1000 Hyderabad Business Place

Save

Give the Address

Country: IN Region: 01

Save it.

#### **Define Section Codes**

Path: SPRO → FA (NEW) → FAGS (NEW) → WITHHOLDING TAX → EXTENDED TAX → EXTENDED WITHHOLDING TAX → BASIC SETTINGS → SOUTH KOREA → DEFINE SECTION CODE

Co. Code: Press Enter New Entries

Section Code	Name 1	Business
1000	Section Code	1000

Press Enter

Country: IN Region: 01

Press Enter

Save.

#### **Define Business Places**

Path: SPRO → CROSS-APPLICATION COMPONENTS → GENERAL APPLICATION

FUNCTIONS → NOTA FISCAL → CNPJ → BUSINESS PLACES → DEFINE BUSINESS PLACES

**New Entries** 

Co. Code Section Code

1000

**Note:** Maintain this step if assignment of Section code is missing.

## **Assign Factory Calendar to Business Places**

Path: SPRO → FA (NEW) → FAGS (NEW) → WITHHOLDING TAX → EXTENDED

WITHHOLDING TAX → BASIC SETTINGS → INDIA → ASSIGN FACTORY CALENDARS TO

**BUSINESS PLACES** 

New Entries Co. Code:

Section Code: 1000

Factory Calendar: 01 General Calendar

Rule: Day after

Save it.

#### **Maintain Tax Due Dates**

**Path:** SPRO  $\rightarrow$  FA (NEW)  $\rightarrow$  FAGS (NEW)  $\rightarrow$  WITHHOLDING TAX  $\rightarrow$  EXTENDED WITHHOLDING TAX  $\rightarrow$  BASIC SETTINGS  $\rightarrow$  INDIA  $\rightarrow$  MAINTAIN TAX DUE DATES

New Entries

Country	Official Withholding Tax Key	Recipient	No. Of Days
IN	Y001	OT	777

Save it.

## **Define Withholding Tax Codes**

Path: SPRO  $\rightarrow$  FA (NEW)  $\rightarrow$  FAGS (NEW)  $\rightarrow$  WITHHOLDING TAX  $\rightarrow$  EXTENDED WITHHOLDING TAX  $\rightarrow$  CALCULATION  $\rightarrow$  WITHHOLDING TAX CODES  $\rightarrow$  DEFINE

WITHHOLDING TAX CODES

Country: IN Press Entries New Entries

Withholding Tax Type: Y1 Withholding Tax Code: YA

Official Withholding Tax Key: Y001

## SAP FICO

Description: TDS on Commission & Bank Charge

**Base Amount** 

Percentage Subjected to Tax: 100%

Posting Indicator: 1 Standard Posting, Bank, Vendor, Customer Line Item reduced

Withholding Tax Rate: 2%

Next Entry Tax Type: Y2 Tax Code: YB Tax Key: Y001

Description: Education cess

Percentage Subjected to Tax: 100%

Posting Indicator: 1 Tax Rate: 2% Next Entry Tax Type: Y3 Tax Code: YC Tax Key: Y001

Description: Higher Education cess Percentage Subjected to Tax: 100%

Posting Indicator: 1 Tax Rate: 1%

Save it.

### Portray Dependencies between Withholding Tax Types

**Path:** SPRO  $\rightarrow$  FA (NEW)  $\rightarrow$  FAGS (NEW)  $\rightarrow$  WITHHOLDING TAX  $\rightarrow$  EXTENDED

WITHHOLDING TAX → CALCULATION → WITHHOLDING TAX BASE AMOUNT → PORTRAY

DEPENDENCIES BETWEEN WITHHOLDING TAX TYPES

Country: IN Position

Y1 check withholding Tax Type No. 28

Double Click on Y2

Dependency on Type No. 28

Next Entry Type: Y3

Dependency on Type No. 28

Save it.

## **Define Minimum / Maximum amounts for Withholding Tax Codes**

Path: SPRO → FA (NEW) → FAGS (NEW) → WOTHHOLDING TAX → EXTENDED

WITHHOLDING TAX → CALCULATION → MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM AMOUNTS → DEFINE

MIN/MAX AMOUNTS FOR WITHHOLDING TAX CODES

Country: IN New Entries Tax Type: Y1 Tax Code: YA Currency: INR

Valid From: 01.04.2000

Withholding Tax Base Exempted Amount: 35000/-

Save it.

## Assign Witholding Tax Types to Co. Codes

**Path:** SPRO  $\rightarrow$  FA (NEW)  $\rightarrow$  FAGS (NEW)  $\rightarrow$  WITHHOLDING TAX  $\rightarrow$  EXTENDED WITHHOLDING TAX  $\rightarrow$  COMPANY CODE  $\rightarrow$  ASSIGN WITHHOLDING TAX TYPES TO

**COMPANY CODES** 

New Entries Co. Code:

Withholding Tax Type: Y1 Receipient Type: OT

Select Withholding Tax Agent

Withholding Tax Obligated from: 01.04.2013
Obligation to Withholding Tax Until: 31.12.2014

Next Entry Co. Code:

Withholding Tax Type: Y2 Receipient Type: OT

Select Withholding Tax Agent

Withholding Tax Obligated from: 01.04.2013 Obligation to With holding Tax Until: 31.12.2014

Next Entry Co. Code:

Withholding Tax Type: Y3 Recipients Type: OT

Select Withholding Tax Agent

Withholding Tax Obligated from: 01.04.2013 Obligation to Withholding Tax Until: 31.12.2014

Save it.

## **Activated Extended Withholding Tax**

Path: SPRO  $\rightarrow$  FA (NEW)  $\rightarrow$  FAGS (NEW)  $\rightarrow$  WITHHOLDING TAX  $\rightarrow$  EXTENDED WITHHOLDING TAX  $\rightarrow$  COMPANY CODE  $\rightarrow$  ACTIVATE EXTENDED WITHHOLDING TAX

Co. Code: Save it.

#### Creation of GL Accounts for Withholding Tax (FS00)

GL A/C: 100800

Create

Group: Tax A/C

Select Balance Sheet A/C

Text: TDS on Commission and Brokerage Select Only Balances in Local Currency

Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001

Field Status Group: G001

Save it.

GL A/C: 100801 Group: Tax A/C Select Balance Sheet Text: Education cess

Save it.

GL A/C: 100802 Group: Tax A/C

Select Balance Sheet A/C Text: Higher Education cess

Save it.

Define Accounts for Withholding Tax to be Paid over

Path: SPRO → FA (NEW) → FAGS (NEW) → WITHHOLDING TAX → EXTENDED WITHHOLDING TAX → POSTING → ACCOUNTS FOR WITHHOLDING TAX → DEFINE ACCOUNTS FOR WITHHOLDING TAX TO BE PAID OVER

Chart of Accounts:

Press Enter

Save th Posting Rules

Тах Туре	GL A/C
Y1	100800
Y2	100801
Y3	100802

Save it.

## **Specify Document Type (Accounts Payable)**

Path: SPRO → FA (NEW) → FAGS (NEW) → WITHHOLDING TAX → EXTENDED WITHHHOLDING TAX → POSTING → INDIA → REMITTANCE CHALLANS → DOCUMENT TYPES → SPECIFY DOCUMENT TYPE (ACCOUNT PAYABLE)

**New Entries** 

Co. Code Document Type

SA

Save it.

## **Remittance Challan**

A document, in India, that you present to a bank, when depositing aby form of withholding tax that you have retained. The Challan states how much tax is being deposited. A separate Challan is required for each form of withholding tax.

## **Maintain Number Groups**

Path: SPRO → FA (NEW) → FAGS (NEW) → WITHHOLDING TAX → EXTENDED WITHHOLDING TAX → POSTING → INDIA → REMITTANCE CHALLANS → MAINTAIN NUMBER GROUPS

**New Entries** 

Co. Code	Section Code	Official Withholding Tax Key	Number Group
	1000	Y001	01

Save it.

#### **Assign Number Ranges to Number Groups**

Path: FA (NEW) → FAGS (NEW) → WITHHOLDING TAX → EXTENDED WITHHOLDING TAX → POSTING → INDIA → REMITTANCE CHALLANS → ASSIGN NUMBER RANGES TO NUMBER GROUPS

Number Group	Number Range
001	01

Save it.

## **Maintain Number Ranges**

Path: FA (NEW) → FAGS (NEW) → WITHHOLDING TAX → EXTENDED WITHHOLDING TAX → POSTING → INDIA → REMITTANCE CHALLANS → MAINTAIN NUMBER RANGES Maintain Groups

Select the Group against Number Group 001 Assigned

Interval → Maintain

Co. Code: Press Enter Insert Interval

Year	From Number	To Number
2013	1	999999999

Press Enter Save it.

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#### **Maintain Number Groups and SAP Script Forms**

Path: FA (NEW) → FAGS (NEW) → WITHHOLDING TAX → EXTENDED WITHHOLDING TAX → POSTING → INDIA → WITHHOLDING TAX CERTIFICATES FOR VENDORS AND CUSTOMERS → ASSIGN NUMBER RANGES TO NUMBER GROUPS

New Entries Co. Code:

Section Code: 1000

Official Withholding Tax Key: Y001

Form: J\_1IEWT\_CERT Number Group: 001

Save it.

## <u>Assign Number Ranges to Number Group</u>

Path: FA (NEW) → FAGS (NEW) → WITHHOLDING TAX → EXTENDED WITHHOLDING TAX → POSTING → INDIA → WITHHOLDING TAX CERTIFICATES FOR VENDORS AND CUSTOMERS → ASSIGN NUMBER RANGES TO NUMBER GROUPS

**New Entries** 

Number Group	Internal No. Range
001	03

Save it.

## **Maintain Number Ranges**

**Path:** FA (NEW)  $\rightarrow$  FAGS (NEW)  $\rightarrow$  WITHHOLDING TAX  $\rightarrow$  EXTENDED WITHHOLDING TAX  $\rightarrow$  POSTING  $\rightarrow$  INDIA  $\rightarrow$  WITHHOLDING TAX CERTIFICATES FOR VENDORS AND CUSTOMERS

→ MAINTAIN NUMBER RANGES

Select Maintain Group Button

Select the Group against which Number Group 001 Assign

Interval → Maintain

Co. Code: Insert Intervals

Year	From Number	To Number
2013	1	999999

Save it

## Maintain Company Code settings Excise Registration

Path: SPRO → LOGISTICS - GENERAL TAX ON GOODS MOVEMENTS → INDIA → BASIC SETTINGS → MAINTAIN COMPANY CODE SETTINGS

New Entries Co. Code: Save it.

## Assign Withholding Tax to Vendor Master Data (XK02)

Path: A/C → FA → AP → MASTER RECORDS → MAINTAIN CENTRALLY → XK02 CHANGE

Vendor No: 400700

Co. Code:

Select Withholding Tax Check Box Withholding Tax Country: IN

Withholding Tax Type	Tax Code	Liable	Recipient Type
Y1	YA	✓	ОТ
Y2	YB	✓	OT
Y3	YC	✓	ОТ

Message: Post Process open items after charging relevant Withholding Tax Type

Ignore the Message and Save it.

## Number Range Maintenance for Below Table Views (SM30)

Table View: J\_1IEWT\_CERTNO

Maintain

Validate the Existence of No. Group 001 and Number Range 03.

View: J\_1IEWTNUMGR\_N

Maintain

Validate Co. Code: Section Code: 1000

Official Withholding Tax Key: Y001

Number Group: 001

View: J\_1IEWTNUMGR\_1

Maintain New Entries

Co. Code	Section Code	Official Tax Key	No. Group
	1000	Y001	001

Save it.

#### **Testing of Withholding Tax Transactions**

**Posting Vendor Invoice (F-43)** 

## SAP FICO

Dt. 17.06.2013 Type: KR
Posting Key: 31 A/C: 400700

Press Enter

Amount: 20000/- Business Place/Section Code: 1000, 1000

Text: Vendor Invoice

Posting Key: 40 A/C: 400110

A popup message displayed with withholding tax code information

Press Enter

Amount: \* Business Area: 95S1

Text: + Save it.

Professional charges A/C Dr

To Vendor A/C

To TDS

To Education cess

To Higher Education cess Save it. Doc No. 1900017.

## Create Remittance Challan (J1INCHLL)

Co. Code:

Fiscal Year: 2013 Business Place/Section Code: 1000

Posting Dt. 16.06.2013 to 30.06.2013

Section: Y001 Vendor: 400700 Recipient Type: OT

Doc Dt: 17.06.2013 Posting Dt. 17.06.2013

Bank A/C: 200420 Save as Variant Variant Name:

Meaning: Remittance Challan

Save it Execute.

Select Document Number

Press Enter

System will direct you to outgoing payment screen

Amount Entered: 1/-Assigned: 400/-Not Assigned: 399/-

To change Amount from Rs. 1/- to 400/- click on Document Overview Button

Double click on Bank Line Item Change the Amount to: 400/-

Process Open Items

Simulate TDS A/C Dr To Bank A/C

Save it. Doc No. 100033

System Generated internal Challan No. 1

These amounts will be paid at the Bank and Bank will provide one External Challan No. In the Next Step the External Challan No. Must be mapped with this internal challan no. For reference.

## **Enter Bank Challan (J1INBANK)**

Co. Code:

Fiscal Year: 2013

Challan Clearing No. 100033 press F4 and select the doc no.

System automatically updated

Internal Challan No. 1 And challan Dt. 17.06.2013 Bank Challan No. 1234 Bank Challan Dt. 17.06.2013

Bank Key: SBI Execute

Message: challans were updated.

## **Certificates Print (J1INCERT)**

Co. Code:

Fiscal Year: 2013

Business Place/ Section Code: 1000

Section: Y001

Posting Dt. 01.04.2013 to 31.03.2014

Bank Challan No. 1234

Bank Challan Dt. 01.04.2013 to 31.03.2014

Vendor: 400700

Certificate Dt. 31.03.2014 Signature: Shiva Prasad Designation: Finance Manager Place of Printing: Hyderabad

Save as Variant

Execute

Give the output device: LP01

No. Of copies: 1

Print

To view the print out (SP01)

Execute

Click on SAP Script Button.

## **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts Receivable is a Subjected Ledger used to deal with Customer Business Transactions.

In detailed Item wise information will be extracted or possible through subjected Ledgers and Accumulated GL Balances associated with this Subjected Ledgers used for Financial Reporting.

# Configuration Steps for AR Create GL Accounts (FS00)

GL A/C: 200300

A/C Group: Sundry Debtors Select Balance Sheet

Description: Domestic Receivables Recon A/C for A/C Type: Customers

Select Line Item Display Sort Key: 031 Customer No. Field Status Group: G067

Save it.

GL A/C: 200301

A/C Group: Sundry Debtors Select Balance Sheet

Description: Foreign Receivables Recon A/C for A/C Type: Customers

Select Line Item Display Sort Key: 031 Customer No. Field Status Group: G067

Save it.

GL A/C: 200302

A/C Group: Sundry Debtors Select Balance Sheet

Description: Affiliated Receivables Recon A/C for A/C Type: Customers

Select Line Item Display Sort Key: 031 Customer No. Field Status Group: G067

Save it.

GL A/C: 200303

A/C Group: Sundry Debtors Select Balance Sheet

Description: One Time Customer Receivables

Recon A/C for A/C Type: Customers

Select Line Item Display Sort Key: 031 Customer No. Field Status Group: G067

Save it.

GL A/C: 300000 Group: Sales

Text: Domestic Sales Select P&L A/C

Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001

Field Status Group: G001

Save it.

**Define Customer Master Groups (OBD2)** 

SPRO  $\rightarrow$  FA (NEW)  $\rightarrow$  AR & AP  $\rightarrow$  CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS  $\rightarrow$  MASTER DATA  $\rightarrow$  PREPARATIONS FOR CREATING CUSTOMER MASTER DATA  $\rightarrow$  DEFINE A/C GROUPS WITH SCREEN LAYOUT (CUSTOMER) **OBD2** 

New Entries A/C Group:

Name: Domestic Customer Double Click on Co. Code Data Double Click on Account Management Select Reconciliation as Required Entry

Save it.

Next Entry A/C Group: 9511

Name: Foreign Customer
Double Click on Co. Code Data
Double Click on Account Management
Select Reconciliation as Required Entry

Save it.

Next Entry A/C Group: 9512

Name: Affiliated Customer
Double Click on Co. Code Data
Double Click on Account Management
Select Reconciliation as Required Entry

Save it.

Next Entry A/C Group: 9513

Name: One Time Customer Double Click on Co. Code Data Double Click on Account Management Select Reconciliation as Required Entry

Save it.

## **Create No. Ranges for Customer Accounts (XDN1)**

Same path Change Intervals Insert Intervals

No	From No	To No	
9A	500540	500549	
9B	500550	500559	
9C	500560	500569	
9D	500570	500579	

Save it.

## Assign No. Ranges to Customer A/C Groups (OBAR)

Same path

Came pain		
A/C Group		
	9A	
9511	9B	
9512	9C	
9513	9D	

Save it.

#### **Define Tolerances for Customers and Vendors (OBA3)**

This step already maintained while doing Configuration steps for Accounts Payable.

New Entries

Co. Code:

Group: \_\_\_\_\_ APPLE Group Tolerance group

Permitted Payment Differences

Gain: 10/- 1% Loss: 10/- 1%

Save it.

#### **Define Document Types and Number Ranges (OBA7)**

Type Name No. Range

DA Customer Document 16

Click on No. Range information

Co. Code: Change intervals Insert intervals

No	Year	From No	To No.
16	2013	1600000	1699999

#### Save it

Туре	Description	No. Range	From No	To No
DG	Customer Credit Memo	16		
DR	Customer Invoice	18	1800000	1899999
DZ	Customer Payment	14	1400000	1499999

#### Save it.

#### Posting Keys (OB41)

Key	Description	Dr/Cr	A/C Type
01	Customer Invoice	Debit	Customer
11	Credit Memo	Credit	Customer
15	Incoming Payment	Credit	Customer

#### **Master Data Creation**

#### **Create Customer Master (FD01 or XD01)**

A/C  $\rightarrow$  FA  $\rightarrow$  AR  $\rightarrow$  MASTER RECORDS  $\rightarrow$  CREATE – FD01 or MAINTAIN CENTRALLY  $\rightarrow$  CREATE – XD01

A/C Group:

Click on A/C Group Overview Button

A/C Group No. Press Enter

Double Click on A/C Group:

Co. Code: Press Enter

General Data Screen

Title: Company

Name: ABC Enterprises

Country: In Region: 10

Click on Company Code Data

Recon A/C: 200300 Sort Key: 001

Save it. Customer No. 500540. **Customer Master Tables**KNA1 General Data

KNB1 Customer Master Co. Code Data

KNB5 Customer Master (Dunning Data)
KNB4 Customer Payment History
KNBK Customer Bank Details

#### **Vendor Master Tables**

LFA1 Vendor Master General Data LFB1 Vendor Master Co. Code Data

LFBK Vendor Bank Details

#### **Transactional Data Tables**

**GLTO or FAGLFLEXT** 

BKPF BSEG

The above Tables used for Financial Reporting Purpose using GL Accounts

Description	GL Table	Vendors	Customers
Open Line Item	BSIS	BSIK	BSID
Cleared Item	BSAS	BSAK	BSID

#### **Testing of Customer Business Transactions**

#### Post Customer Invoice (F-22)

A/C → FA → AR → DOCUMENT ENTRY → INVOICE GENERAL – F-22 or INVOICE – FB70

Dt. 18.06.2013 Type: DR Posting Key: 01 A/C: 500540

GL A/C: 200300 Press Enter

Amount: 10,000/- Payment Term: 9501

Text: Customer Sales Invoice

Posting Key: 50 A/C: 300000 Domestic Sales

Press Enter Amount: \* Text: +

Business Area: 95S1

Simulate

Customer A/C Dr To Sales A/C

Save it. Doc No. 1800000.

#### Maintain GL A/C's for Cash Discount Loss (FS00)

GL A/C: 400511

Group: Financial Expenses

Select P&L A/C

Text: Cash Discount Loss Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001

Field Status Group: G001

Save it.

#### Automatic Assignment of Cash Discount Loss GL A/C

SPRO  $\rightarrow$  FA (NEW)  $\rightarrow$  AR & AP  $\rightarrow$  BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS  $\rightarrow$  INCOMING PAYMENTS  $\rightarrow$  INCOMING PAYMENTS GLOBAL SETTINGS  $\rightarrow$  DEFINE ACCOUNTS FOR CASH DISCOUNT GRANTED (OBXI)

Chart of Account:

Press Enter

Save the Posting Rules

Account 400511

Save it.

#### **View Customer Line Item Display (FBL5N)**

A/C → FA → AR → ACCOUNT → DISPLAY/CHANGE LINE ITEMS

Customer A/C: 500540

Co. Code:

Select Open Line Items

Execute

Open Line Item for Rs. 10,000/-

#### **Incoming Payment from Customer by Cash (F-28)**

A/C → FA → AR → DOCUMENT ENTRY → INCOMING PAYMETS – F-28

Dt. 28.06.2013 Type: DZ

Bank Data A/C: 200400 Amount: 10,000/-

Text: Incoming Payment Open Item Selection

A/C: 500540 A/C Type: D

Click on Process Open Items

Cash Discount of 100/- elegible for Customer. Hence Incoming Payment Rs. 9,900/-

Click on Document Over View

Double Click on Cash Account Line Item

Amount: 9,900/-Process Open Items

Simulate

Cash A/C Dr 9900/-

Cash Discount Loss A/C Dr 100/-To Customer A/C 10,000/-Save it. Doc No. 1400000.

#### **View Line Item Display (FBL5N)**

Customer: 500540 Select Cleared Items

Execute.

Class 58 1
Customer VS Vendor

#### Create Customer Master with Reference to any of the Vendor

View Vendor Master (XK03)

Vendor: 400700 Select Address Mr. Salman Khan

#### **Open a New Session for Customer Master Creation (XD01)**

A/C Group: Co. Code: Title: Mr.

Name: Salman Khan Search Term: Salman

Street: 1 Postal Code: 500016

Country: IN Region: 10

Control Data Vendor: 400700

Note: after saving Customer Master this Customer will get assigned to the Vendor Master.

Click on Co. Code Button Recon A/C: 200300 Sort Key: 001

Save it. Customer No. 500541. View Vendor Master (XK03)

Vendor: 400700 Select Address Select Control Press Enter

Customer No. 500541.

#### **View Vendor Open Items (FBL1N)**

Vendor No. 400700 Select Open Items

Execute

Total open items listed with the amount of 1,22,970/-.

Post Sales Invoice against Customer 500541 with an Amount of 1,50,000/- (F-22)

Dt. 19.06.2013 Type: DR Posting Key: 01 A/C: 500541

Press Enter Amount: 150000/-

Text: Vendor VS Customer

Posting Key: 50 A/C: 300000 (sales A/C)

Amount: \* Business Area: 95S1

Text: + Simulate

Save it. Doc No. 1800001.

#### **View Customer Line Item Display (FBL5N)**

Customer: 500541

Co. Code:

Select Open Item

**Type** 

Select Normal Items Select Vendor Items

Execute

Vendor Balance 122970/-Customer Balance 150000/-

Hence Incoming Payment: 27,030/-.

#### **Incoming Payment of Balance Amount**

Dt. 19.06.2013 Type: DZ

Bank A/C: 200400 Amount: 27,030/-

Text: Vendor VS Customerr

A/C: 500541

Type: D select Other Accounts

Press Enter

Vendor A/C: 400700

A/C Type: K Co. Code:

Select Standard Open Items

Press Enter

Remove any cash discounts granted by the system. Make sure not Assigned Value must be Zero.

Simulate and Save it.

#### **Correspondence**

Correspondence is the feature provided in SAP to send statements to the customers in regular intervals or frequency. For sending of statements we must use correspondence.

#### **Configuration Steps:**

#### **Define Correspondence Type**

SPRO  $\rightarrow$  FA (NEW)  $\rightarrow$  AR & AP  $\rightarrow$  BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS  $\rightarrow$  CLOSING  $\rightarrow$  COUNT  $\rightarrow$  BALANCE CONFIRMATION  $\rightarrow$  CORRESPONDENCE MAKE & CHECK SETTINGS FOR CORRESPONDENCE  $\rightarrow$  DEFINE CORRESPONDENCE TYPES

Ignore the message the table is cross client.

New Entries
Correspondence:

Correspondence Type: Individual Correspondence

Select Account Required No. Of Date Specifications: 2

Save it.

#### **Assign Programs for Correspondence Type**

Same Path New Entries Co. Code:

Correspondence:

Name of the Print Program: RFKORD10

Name of Variant:

Save it.

#### **Define Forms Names for Correspondence Print**

Same Path New Entries

Co. Code	Program	Form	
	RFKORD10	F140 ACC STAT 01	

Save it.

#### **Create Report Variants for Correspondence**

Same Path

Program: RFKORD10

Execute

Sendor Details:

Sort Variant for Correspondence: K1

Line Item Sorting: P1

**Print Control** 

Output to Printer: LP01 Select Print Immediately

Save as Variant Variant Name:

Meaning: Correspondence

Save it.

#### Assign Statement Indicator in Customer Master (XD02)

Customer: 500540
Co. Code Screen
Correspondence

Bank Statement: 2 (Monthly A/C Statement)

Save it.

#### **Print Customer Statement** (F.27)

Co. Code: A/C Type: D

Customer A/C: 500540 Indicator in Master Record: 2

Key Dates for A/C Statements: 01.06.2013 to 30.06.2013

Correspondence: Log to Printer: LP01

Execute. 1 Periodic Statement was requested.

Press Enter

Message: Like to Issue the Request. Click on YES.

Spool Request No is 25275.

#### **View Print out (SP01)**

Spool Request No. 25275

Execute. Click on SAP Script Button.

#### Class 59

<u>Dunning:</u> Dunning is sending Reminders to Customers on their Over Due items. This can be used to both with the Customers and Vendors. This is nothing but a reminderr statement to the customers starting from Gentle reminder to till legal notice.

#### **Configuration Steps for Dunning**

#### **Define Dunning Procedure (FBMP)**

SPRO  $\rightarrow$  FA (NEW)  $\rightarrow$  AR & AP  $\rightarrow$  BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS  $\rightarrow$  DUNNING  $\rightarrow$  DUNNING PROCEDURE

New Procedure Dunnig Procedure:

Name: 4 Dunning levels at 3 Days intervals

General Data

Dunning Levels in Days: 3 No. Of Dunning Levels: 4 Interest Indicator: 01

Select Standard Transaction Dunning

Click on Special GL Indicators

Against Vendor select Check box against "A" down payment on Current Assets

Select Back Arrow

Go to Environment → Co. Code Data

#### **New Entries**

Co. Code	By Dunning Level	Reference Co. Code	Sorting Indicator for GL A/C's	Sorting Indicator for Line Items
	✓		K1	P1

#### Save it.

Come back to the Dunning Procedure Main Screen

Click on Dunning Levels

Dunning Level	1	2	3	4
Days in Arrears		3	6	9
Always Dun?	✓	✓	✓	✓
Print all Items	✓	✓	✓	✓

Click on Charges Currency: INR Press Enter

Dunning Level	From Dunnning Amount	Dunning Charge	Dunning Charge %
2	5000/-	10/-	
3			1%
4			5%

#### Click on Minimum Amounts

Dunning	Minimum Amounts
1	
2	10,000/-
3	10,000/-
4	15,000/-

#### Click on Dunning Texts

Co. Code: Press Enter A/C Type

Select Customer

Press Enter

Level	Form Number
1	F150_DUNN_01
2	F150_DUNN_02
3	F150_DUNN_03
4	F150_DUNN_04

Select Back Arrow

Save it.

#### **Testing of Dunning**

#### Assign Dunning Procedure in Customer Master (XD02)

Customer: 500541

Co. Code: Press Enter

Co. Code Data Screen

Correspondence

Assign the Dunning Procedure:

Save it.

#### **View Customer Line Item Display (FBL5N)**

Customer: 500541

Co. Code:

Select Open Items

Execute

Over Due of 1,50,000/-

#### **Execute Dunning Procedure** (F150)

A/C → FA → AR → PEIRODIC PROCESSING → DUNNING – F150

Run Dt. 20.06.2013 Identification: T1 Parameters

Dunning Dt. 20.06.2013

Document Posted Upto: 20.06.2013

Co. Code:

Customer: 500541 Additional Log Customer: 500541

Save

Message: Details have been saved.

<u>Status</u>

Click on Schedule Optput Device: LP01

Press Enter

Start Dt. 20.06.2013 Select Start Immediately

Click on Schedule

Keep on press Enter till you get the Message Dunning Selection is Complete

Click on Log to view detailed information on dunning execution.

Select Back Arrow Click on Dunning List

Program: RFMAHN21

Press Enter

Doc No. 180001 Displayed under List

Select Back Arrow

Click on Dunning Print out

Output Device: LP01 Press Enter

Statr Dt. 20.06.2013 Select Statr Immediately

Click on Print

Status: Dunning Print out Running

Press Entr till you get the Message Dunning Printout is Complete.

#### To View Dunning Statement (SP01)

Execute

#### **View Customer Master Data (XD03)**

Customer: 500541 Press Enter Correspondence

Dunning Level 1 Updated Last Dunned: 20.06.2013

#### Functional Specifications for Developing Customer A/C Statement

For any sort of developments or enhancements in SAP (New reports, programs, forms or script development) Functional Consultants are responsible for gathering of Business requirements. Based on the information we prepare functional Specification document and provided to the ABAPer. Based on this document ABAPer will prepare technical specification documents and develop the respective changes.

#### Class 60

#### **Format**

Left Side Corner Logo of the Company

Customer No

**Customer Address** 

Right side Corner Co. Code Address

Statement Dt.
Credit Limit

Credit Terms

Middle of the List Statement of A/C's

Dt. INV No. Due Dt. Amount Balance Amount Aging

#### **Detailed Steps**

Selection parameters Co. Code, Customer No, analysis period.

#### **Detailed or Logic for Statement**

- 1. From the provided Co. Code in the selection parameters go to Table T001 and Extract Address.
- 2. Go to table ADRC and populate this address No and retrive company address, Telephone No, Fax No. Etc...

From the Customer provided in selection paramters go to Table KNA1 get the address Number and populate in ADRC table to fetch Customer address details.

#### **Extraction of Credit Terms**

From Table KNB1 system will check customer details like payment term populate customer No. And payment term in table T052U and extract description of Payment Terms.

#### **Extraction of Customer Line Items**

From the selection parameters (Co. Code, customer, analysis date or key date) system will extract customer open line items from BSID table.

#### **Calculation of Aging or Due Date**

Due date of the Invoice can be calculated based on Document Date or Due Date.

In case of Document Date considered your

Aging = Key Date - Document Date

In case of Due Date

Aging = Key Date – Due Date of the Invoice

## Class 61 Taxation

#### Taxes on Sales & Purchases

In India the taxation comprises of

- 1. Direct Taxes Income Tax, Professional Tax
- 2. Indirect Taxes sales & purchases Tax

**Different Types of Taxes** 

Excise Duties levied on Manufacturing, Sales and Purchases

Custom Duties Levied on all Imports and Exports

<u>CST</u>: Central Sales Tax → all interstate sales Transactions

All the above taxes will comes under India Localization taxes and called CIN (Country India Version).

All the taxes will be calculated in SAP using tax procedure which be maintained at country level. Tax procedure consists of important parameters like

- 1. Condition Type
- 2. Account Keys

**Condition Type:** Condition Types are very important in Tax procedure or pricing procedure. Condition Type controls

**Condition Clause:** Which controls whether this condition type holds discounts or surcharges, prices or taxes.

**Calculation Type:** controls whether condition type is a fixed amount or calculated based on percentages or using unit of measurement.

**Condition Category:** It will explains condition belongs to prices, taxes, freight or confirmed purchase price etc...

**Rounding Rule:** It can be either Commercial Rounding, Round Up, Round Down.

**Access Sequence:** Access Sequences are used to differentiate tax percentages or sales deduction percentages based on condition records.

Tax procedure in SAP can be either Condition based or Formula Based. In case of formula based we need to maintain Multiple tax codes for each change of tax percentage.

#### Condition Types used for VAT

Condition	Description	Access	Condition	Calculation	Condition
Туре	-	Sequence	Class	Туре	Category

BASB	Base Amount	Null	A (Discount	B (Fixed	K (Base
			or Surcharge	Amount)	Amount
					Excluding
					Tax)
MWRS	Input Tax	MWST	D (Taxes)	Α	D (Tax)
				(Percentages)	
MWAS	Output Tax	MWST	D	Α	D

#### **Account Key or Process Key**

Account Key holds the calculated taxes or prices in a GL Account. This Account Key maintained in the tax or pricing procedure against to the Condition Type.

We Assign GL Accounts to the Account Keys.

Account Key or Process Key consists of

<u>Tax Type:</u> if this indicator was selected the calculated taxes not get posted to GL Accounts.

<u>Posting Indicator:</u> 1. No posting Required, 2. Separate Line Item, 3. Distribute to Relevant Expense or Revenue Items.

Below are Account Kevs used for VAT

Process Key	Description	Tax Type	Not Deductable	Posting Indicator
VST	Input Tax	2 (Input Tax)	Do not Select	2 (Separate Line Item)
MWS	Output Tax	1 (Output Tax)	Do not Select	2 (Separate Line Item)

#### Creation of GL Accounts (FS00)

GL Account: 200200 Group: Stock in Trade Select Balance Sheet

Text: Inventory Raw Material A/C Select Only Balances in Local Currency Tax Category: - (only Input Tax Allowed)

Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001

Select Posting Without Tax Allowed Field Status Group: G001, save it.

GL A/C: 100810
Group: Tax Account
Select Balance Sheet A/C
Text: Input Tax on VAT

Select Only Balances in Local Currency

Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001

Field Status Group: G001

Save.

GL A/C: 100811 Group: Tax Account Select Balance Sheet A/C Text: Output Tax on VAT

Select Only Balances in Local Currency

Select Line Item Display

Sort Key: 001

Field Status Group: G001

Save.

#### **Change GL Account Sales 300000**

Tax Category: + (only Output Tax Allowed)
Select Posting Without Tax Allowed.

Save it.

#### **Define Tax Procedure (OBYZ)**

Spro → FA (New) → FAGS (New) → Tax On Sales / Purchases → Basic Settings → Check

Calculation Procedure

Double Click on Define Procedure

New Entries Procedure

TP India Tax Procedure

Select the Entry

Double Click on Control Data

**New Entries** 

Step	Condition Type	Description	From	То	A/C Key
10	BASB	Base Amount			
20	MWAS	Output Tax	10	10	MWS
30	MWVS	Input Tax	10	10	VST

Save it.

#### **Assign Country to Calculation Procedure (OBBG)**

Same path Country: IN

Assign the Procedure: TP

Save it.

#### Assign Tax Codes for Sales and Purchases (FTXP)

Spro → FA (New) → FAGS (New) → Tax On Sales / Purchases → Calculation → Define Tax

Codes For Sales & Purchases

Country: IN Tax Code: V0 Press Enter

Description: Exempted Input Tax

Tax Type: V (Input Tax)

Press Enter Against VST: 0%

Save it.

Tax code: V1 press Enter

Tax Code	Description	Tax Type	A/C Key	Tax %
V1	14% Input Tax	V	VST	14%
V2	12% Input Tax	V	VST	12%

#### Save it.

Ouvo II.				
A0	Exempted	Α	MWS	0%
	Output Tax			
A1	8% Output Tax	Α	MWS	0%

Save it.

#### **Define Tax Accounts (OB40)**

Spro → FA (New) → FAGS (New) → Tax On Sales / Purchases → Posting → Define Tax Accounts (Ob40)

Double click on Transaction Key or A/C Key: MWS

Chart of Account: Press Enter

Save the Posting Rules

GL A/C: 100811

Save it.

Double Click on VST Save the Posting Rule GL A/C: 100810

Save it.

#### Assign Tax Codes for Non Taxable Transactions (OBCL)

Spro → FA (New) → FAGS (New) → Tax On Sales / Purchases → Posting →

Assign Tax Codes for Non-Taxable Transactions

Co. Code: Input Tax: V0 Output Tax: A0

Save it.

## **Asset Accounting**

#### **Steps in Asset Accounting**

Step 01: Check Country Specific Settings(Optional)

Step 02: Assign 0% Tax Codes for Non-Taxable Transactions

Step 03: Copy reference Chart of Depreciation

Step 04 : Specify Description of Chart of Depreciation

Step 05: Delete other than book depreciation

Step 06: Check whether depreciation area are copied or not

Step 07: Assign chart of dep to the company code

Step 08: Define Account Determination

Step 09: Create Screen Layout rules for asset class Step 10: Create number ranges for asset master

Step 11: Define Asset Class

Step 12: Determine Depreciation area in Asset Class

Step 13: Maintain Depreciation Key

Step 14: Create GL Accounts

Step 15: General ledger account assignment to account determination

Step 16: Define Base Method for Depreciation

Step 17: Maintain Declining-balance methods

Step 18: Define Multilevel methods
Step 19: Define Period Control Method

Step 20: Define Document type and number ranges for asset depreciation

Step 21 : Create Asset Master Records Step 22 : Create Sub-Master Records

#### **Asset Accounting:**

Asset Accounting Component supports Monitoring of Assets or tracking of assets. This Component supports Purchase of asset, Sale of asset, Profit on sale of asset, loss on sale of asset, Scrapping of asset, depreciation on asset etc.

#### **Step 01 Check Country Specific Settings:**

Path: Spro > Img > FA (N) > Asset Accounting > Org Stru > Check country specific settings (Optional)

Position = Country = INCountry Currency - INR

Save

#### Step 02 : Assign 0% Tax Codes for Non-Taxable Transactions

Path: SPRO- Financial Accounting (New) - Asset Accounting- Integration with the General Ledger-Assign Input Tax Indicator for Non-Taxable Acquisitions

Execute

Go to Position button

Company Code :

Enter

Input Tax : V0

Output Tax : A0ave and enter

#### **Step 03 Copy Reference Chart of Depreciation**

Definition: Chart of depreciation means list of depreciation areas. Depreciation Area means one set of book keeping.

Path: SPRO- SAP Reference IMG- Financial Accounting (New)- Asset Accounting- Organizational Structures- Copy Reference Chart of Depreciation/Depreciation Areas (Tcode:OAP1)

Execute

Double click on Copy Reference Chart of Depreciation

Click on Copy org.object (F6)

From chart of dep. : 0DE To chart of dep. :

Enter, Enter, Enter and enter

One time go back

#### Step 04: Specify Description of Chart of Depreciation

Double click on Specify Description of Chart of Depreciation

Go to position button

Chart of Dep. :

Enter

Description : Chart of Depreciation for

Save and enter One time go back

#### Step 05: Delete other than book depreciation

Double click on Copy/Delete Depreciation Areas

Chart of Dep. = :

Enter

Select 2,3,10,15,20,30,31,32,41 and 51 (Select all depreciation areas except 1)

Click on Delete (Shift+F2) Save and enter and enter

#### Step 06: Check whether depreciation area are copied or not

#### Step 07 Assign Chart of Depreciation to Company Code

Path: SPRO- Financial Accounting (New) - Asset Accounting- Organizational Structures- Assign

Chart of Depreciation to Company Code (Tcode:OAB1)

Execute

Go to position button

Company code

Enter

Chrt Dep

Save and enter

#### **Step 08 : Define Account Determination**

Definition: Account Determination is a bridge to flow the asset values to General ledger accounting (This is integration point between General ledger and Asset accounting)

## Path: SPRO- Financial Accounting (New) - Asset Accounting- Organizational Structures-Asset Classes- Specify Account Determination

Execute

Click on New Entries (F5)

Acct.determ. Name of account determination

Buildings

TR11 Plant & Machinery TR12 Furniture & Fixtures

TR13 Vehicles

Save and enter

#### Step 09 : Create Screen Layout rules for asset class

Definition: Screen layout controls Fields in Asset Master record.

Path: Same path

Execute

Select 1010, 2000 and 3000

Click on copy as (F6)

Buildings

TR11 Plant & Machinery TR12 Furniture & Fixtures

TR13 Vehicles

Save and enter

#### Step 10: Create number ranges for asset master

Path: Same path

Company Code

Click on change interval

Click on Insert interval (Shift+F1)

No : 01

From number : 100000 To number : 199999

Enter

Click on Insert interval (Shift+F1)

No : 02

From number : 200000 To number : 299999

Enter

Click on Insert interval (Shift+F1)

No : 03

From number : 300000 To number : 399999

Enter

Save and enter

Step 11: Define Asset Class

Definition: Asset class means which are having same characteristic features.

Path: same path

Execute

Click on New entries (F5)

Asset Class : Buildings Short Text : Buildings

**Asset Type** 

Account determ. : - Building Scr.layout rule : - Building

Number range : 01 X No AUC or Summary management of AUC

Save and enter Click on NEXT Button

Asset Class : Buildings Short Text : Buildings

**Asset Type** 

Account determ. : TR11 - Plant & Mach Scr.layout rule : TR11 - Plant & Mach

Number range : 02

Inventory Data
X Include Asset

X No AUC or Summary management of AUC

X Mange Historically Save and enter Click NEXT Entry

Account determ. : TR12- Furniture & Fix Scr.layout rule : TR12 - Furniture & Fix

Number range : 03

Inventory Data

X Include Asset

X No AUC or Summary management of AUC

X Mange Historically Save and enter Click on NEXT Entry

Account determ. : TR13- Vehicles Scr.layout rule : TR13 - Vehicles

Number range : 04

Inventory Data

X\_Include Asset

X No AUC or Summary management of AUC

X Mange Historically Save and enter

#### Step 12 : Determine Depreciation area in Asset Class

#### SAP FICO

Path: SPRO- Financial Accounting- Asset Accounting- Valuation- Determine Depreciation Areas in

the Asset Class

Execute ChDep :

Enter

Go to position button Asset Class

Enter Select \_\_\_\_\_

Double click on Depreciation Areas

Screen layout : 2000

Deselect Area deact. Save and enter

#### 9. Maintain Depreciation Key

Definition: Depreciation keys nothing but Depreciation rate.

Path: SPRO- Financial Accounting- Asset Accounting- Depreciation- Valuation Methods-

Depreciation Key- Maintain Depreciation Key

Execute

Click on Select All (F7) Click on Activate (Ctrl+F3)

Enter

Save and enter

#### Step 12 : Create GL Accounts

**Building A/C** 

G/L Account : 200100

Company Code :

Click on Create

Go to Type/Description Tab

Account group : ASST Assets

Select Balance sheet Account

Short Text : Buildings A/C G/L Acct Long Text : Buildings Account

Go to Control data Tab

Recon acct for Account type : A Assets

Select line item display

Sort Key : 018 (Asset Number)

Go to Create/bank/interest Tab

Field status group : G007

Save

10.2. Sale of Asset

G/L Account : 300030

Company Code :

Click on Create

Go to Type/Description Tab

Account group : INCO Incomes

Select P&L Statement Acct

Short Text : Sale of Asset A/C G/L Acct Long Text : Sale of Asset Account

Go to Control data Tab

Select only balances in local crcy

#### SAP FICO

Select line item display

Sort Key : 001

Go to Create/bank/interest Tab

Field status group : G007

Save

10.3. Profit on sale of Asset

G/L Account : 300040

Company Code :

Click on Create

Go to Type/Description Tab

Account group : INCO Incomes

Select P&L Statement Acct

Short Text : Pr.Sale of Asset A/C

G/L Acct Long Text : Profit on Sale of Asset Account

Go to Control data Tab

Select only balances in local crcy

Select line item display

Sort Key : 001

Go to Create/bank/interest Tab

Field status group : G007

Save

10.4. Loss on Sale of Asset

G/L Account : 400040

Company Code :

Click on Create

Go to Type/Description Tab

Account group : EXPN Expenses

Select P&L Statement Acct

Short Text : LS.Sale of Asset A/C

G/L Acct Long Text : Loss on Sale of Asset Account

Go to Control data Tab

Select Only balances in local crcy

Select line item display

Sort Key : 001

Go to Create/bank/interest Tab

Field status group : G007

Save

10.5. Scrap on Assets

G/L Account : 400050

Company Code :

Click on Create

Go to Type/Description Tab

Account group : EXPN Expenses

Select P&L Statement Acct

Short Text : Scrap on Asset A/C G/L Acct Long Text : Scrap on Asset Account

Go to Control data Tab

Select only balances in local crcy

Select line item display

Sort Key : 001

Go to Create/bank/interest Tab

Field status group : G007

#### Save

10.6. Depreciation A/C

G/L Account : 400060

Company Code

Click on Create

Go to Type/Description Tab

Account group : EXPN Expenses

Select P&L Statement Acct

Short Text : Depreciation A/C G/L Acct Long Text : Depreciation Account

Go to Control data Tab

Select Only balances in local crcy

Select line item display

Sort Key : 001

Go to Create/bank/interest Tab

Field status group : G007

Save

10.7. Acc.Dep Account

G/L Account : 110000

Company Code :

Click on Create

Go to Type/Description Tab

Account group : LIAB Liabilities

Select Balance sheet Account

Short Text : Acc.Dep A/C

G/L Acct Long Text : Accumulated Depreciation Account

Go to Control data Tab

Recon.account for acct type : A Assets

Select line item display

Sort Key : 001

Go to Create/bank/interest Tab

Field status group : G007

Save

#### 11. Assign G/L Accounts

Path: SPRO- SAP Reference IMG- Financial Accounting (New) - Asset Accounting- Integration with the General Ledger- Assign G/L Accounts

Execute

ChDep :

Enter

Select Chrt/Accts

Double click on Account determination

Go to position button

Account Determ. :

Enter Select

Double click on Balance sheet accounts

Acquisition:Acquis. and production costs : 200100
Loss made on asset retirement w/o reven. : 400050
Clearing acct. revenue from asset sale : 300030
Gain from asset sale : 300040
Loss from asset sale : 400040

Double click on Depreciation

Acc.dep. accnt.for ordinary depreciation : 110000 Expense account for ordinary depreciat. : 400060

Save and enter and enter

12. Maintain Number ranges for Depreciation posting (Tcode: FBN1)

Company code

Click on change interval

Click on Insert Interval (Shift+F1)

No : 04 Year

From Number : 040000000 To Number : 0499999999

Enter

Save and enter

#### 13. Screen layout Rule

Definition: Screen layout rule controls fields in Asset Master Record

Path: SPRO- Financial Accounting (New) - Asset Accounting- Master Data- Screen Layout- Define

Screen Layout for Asset Master Data

Execute

Double click on Define Screen Layout for Asset Master Data

Go to Position button

Screen layout

Enter Select

Double click on Logical Field groups Select 3 Time dependent data Double click on Field Group rules Select Cost center optional

Save and enter

#### 14. Creation of Asset Master Record

Path: Accounting- Financial Accounting- Fixed Assets- Asset- Create- AS01-Asset (Tcode: AS01)

Asset Class

Company Code Enter

Go to General data Tab

Description : Building/Ameerpet

Capitalized on

Go to Deprec. Areas Tab

: DG20 **DKey** Useful life : 50

Odep.start : 12.01.2010

Save

#### 15. Purchase of Asset

#### 15.1. With Bank (Tcode: F-02)

Enter Header data (Type SA)

**PstKy** : 70

Account \_ (Asset Number)

TType : 100

Enter

Amount : 10000000

: 50 PstKy

Account : 290100 (Bank A/C)

Enter

Amount

Go to Menu bar Document - simulate

Save

#### 15.2. With Vendor

path: Accounting - Financial Accounting - Fixed Assets - Posting - Acquisition - External Acquisition

- F-90 - With Vendor (Tcode:F-90)

Enter header data (Type KR)

PstKy : 31

Account : \_\_\_\_\_ (Vendor Number)

Enter

Amount : 20000000

PstKy : 70 Account :

TType : 100

Enter

Amount :\*

Go to Menu bar Document - simulate

Save

#### 16. Sale of asset

#### 16.1. With Bank (Tcode: F-02)

Enter Header data (Type SA)

PstKy : 40 Account : 290100

Enter

Amount :
PstKy : 50
Account : 300030

Enter

Amount : \*

Select Asset Retirement

Go to Menu bar Document - simulate Asset Number :

Select Complete retirement

Enter Save

#### 16.2. With Customer

Path: Accounting - Financial Accounting - Fixed Assets - Posting - Retirement - Retirement w/Revenue - F-92 - With Customer (Tcode:F-92)

Enter Header data (Type DR)

PstKy : Account :

Amount : PstKy : Account : :

Enter

Enter

Amount :\*

Select Asset retirement

Go to Menu Bar Document - simulate

Asset number :

Sub number :

Asset value date : Select Complete Retirement

Enter Save

17. Takeover of existing assets (Tcode: AS91)

Asset Class : Company Code :

Enter

Description

Capitalized on : 01.01.2000

Go to Deprec.Areas Tab

DKey : DG20 Use life : 30

Click on Takeover values (Shift+F8)

Cum.acquis.val. 2000000

Accm.ord.deprec : 500000

Enter

Save and enter

18.Scrap on asset:

Path: Accounting - Financial Accounting - Fixed Assets - Posting - Retirement - ABAVN-Asset

retirement by scrapping (Tcode: ABAVN)

Execute

Click on change company code

Company code : Scrap on asset a\c Dr.

Asset : Accumulate depreciation a\c Dr.

Go to transation data tab

To Asset a\c

Document date : Asset value date :

Click on simulate Save and enter

19. Asset transfer

19.1 Asset transfer with in company code: (Business area to business area)

Path: Accounting - Financial Accounting - Fixed Assets - Posting - Transfer – ABUMN-Transfer with in company code (Tcode:ABUMN)

excute

Asset : (Giver area asset number)

Goto transaction data tab

Document date

Asset value date

Select Existing asset : (Receiver area asset number)

19.2 Asset transfer for Inter company code:

Path: Same path (Tcode: ABT1N)

Company code : (Giver company code)
Asset : (Giver area asset number)

Go to transaction data tab

Company code : (Receiver company code)
Existing asset : (Receiver area asset number)

Note: you can go to Assign G/L Accounts and you can give to receiver company clearing

account number(FS00) in giver Assign G/L Accounts.

## And you can give to giver company clearing account number(FS00) in receiver Assign G/L Accounts

#### 17. Depreciation run

Path: Accounting - Financial Accounting - Fixed Assets - Periodic Processing - Depreciation Run -

AFAB - Execute (Tcode: AFAB)

Company Code : Fiscal year : Posting period : 1

Select Test run Select Error analysis

Execute

Note: If there is any errors, Click on Error list (F7)

One time go back Deselect Test run Go to menu bar

Program - Execute in background

Output device : LP01 Number copies : 1

Enter

Click on Immediate Save (Ctrl+S) Go to Menu bar

System -services - output Control

Execute (F8)
Select Spool no.
Display contents (F6)

#### 18. Document display (Tcode: FB03)

Click on Document list (Shift+F8)

Company Code : Document type : AF

Execute

#### 19. Asset explorer

Path: Accounting- Financial Accounting- Fixed Assets- Asset- AW01N - Asset Explorer (Tcode:

AW01N)

Company code :

Asset : \_\_\_\_\_

Enter

# **MM** Integration

#### 1. Define plant

Definition: Plant is an operational area.

Path: SPRO- SAP Reference IMG- Enterprise Structure- Definition- Logistics - General- Define

copy, delete, check plant (Tcode: OX10)

Execute

Double click on Copy, delete, check plant

Click on copy org.object (F6)

## SAP FICO

From plant To plant Enter, Enter, enter and enter One time go back Double click on Define Plant Go to position button	: 1000 :
Plant Enter	:
Select	
Click on Detail (Ctrl+Shift+F2)	Della va va Diant
Name1	: Bollaram Plant
Click on Address (Shift+F5) Name	: Bollaram Plant
Street	: Bollaram
House number	: 1-234
Postal code	: 123456
City	: Hyderabad
Country	: IN
Enter	
Save and enter	
<u> </u>	he place where stock is physically kept within a plant. G- Enterprise Structure- Definition- Materials Management-
processing of requests for quotat Path: Same path (Tcode: OX08) Execute	zation is responsible for all purchasing activities (including the
Click on New Entries (F5)	
Purch.Organization :	ur. Org for
purch.Org.Descr. : Pu Save and Enter	ur. Org for
4. Assign plant to compan	v code
<u> </u>	G- Enterprise Structure- Assignment- Logistics - General- Assign
plant to company code (Tcode:O	·
Execute	,
Click on New Entries (F5) CoCd	:

PInt :

Save and enter

#### 5. Assign purchasing organization to company code

Path: SPRO- SAP Reference IMG- Enterprise Structure- Assignment- Materials Management-Assign purchasing organization to company code (Tcode:OX01)

Execute

Go to Position button

Purchasing Org. :

Enter

CoCd :

Save and enter

#### 6. Assign purchasing organization to plant

Path: same path (Tcode: OX17)

Execute

Click on New Entries (F5)

POrg. :

Save and enter

#### 7. Define Attributes of Material Types

Definition: Whenever you create a material master record, you must assign it to a material type. Path: SPRO- SAP Reference IMG- Logistics General- Material Master- Basic Settings- Material Types- Define Attributes of Material Types (Tcode: OMS2)

Execute

Go to Position button

Material type : ROH

Enter

Select ROH

Double click on Quantity/Value updating

Go to position button

Valuation Area

Material type : ROH

Select Qty updating

Select Value update Save and

enter

#### 8. Maintain Company Codes for Materials Management

Path: SPRO - SAP Reference IMG- Logistics General- Material Master- Basic Settings- Maintain Company Codes for Materials Management (Tcode: OMSY)

Execute

Go to Position button

Company code :

Enter

Year :

Period

Select ABp Save and enter

#### 9. Set Tolerance Limits for Price Variance

Path: SPRO- SAP Reference IMG- Materials Management- Purchasing- Purchase Order- Set Tolerance Limits for Price Variance (Tcode: OMEU)

Execute

Select

CoCd TIKy

0001 PE

```
0001 SE
Click on Copy as (F6)
Company code
Enter
Company Code
Enter
Save and enter
   10. Set Tolerance Limits
Path: SPRO- SAP Reference IMG- Materials Management- Inventory Management and Physical
Inventory- Goods Receipt- Set Tolerance Limits (Tcode: OMC0)
Execute
Select
CoCd TIKy
0005 B1
0005 B2
Click on Copy as (F6)
Company code
Enter
Company Code
Enter
Save and enter
   11. Maintain Default Values for Tax Codes
Path: SPRO- SAP Reference IMG- Materials Management- Logistics Invoice Verification- Incoming
Invoice- Maintain Default Values for Tax Codes (Tcode:OMR2)
Execute
Click on New Entries (F5)
Company Code
Save and enter
   12. Edit PO Supplement Text in Invoice Verification
Path: Same path (Tcode: OMR8)
Execute
Click on order Text: general
Click on New Entries (F5)
CoCd
Select PO Text
Save and enter
Two Time go back
Click on notifiable order text types
Click on New Entries (F5)
CoCd ID
____ F03
     F07
Save and enter
   13. Set Tolerance Limits
Path: SPRO- Materials Management- Logistics Invoice Verification- Invoice Block- Set Tolerance
Limits (Tcode: OMR6)
Execute
Select
CoCd TIKy
0005 AN
0005 AP
0005 BD
0005 BR
```

Afzal Page 134

0005 BW

0005 DQ 0005 KW 0005 LA 0005 LD 0005 PP 0005 PS 0005 ST 0005 VP

Click on Copy As (F6)

Company Code :

Enter

Company Code :

Enter

Company Code :

Enter

Company Code

Enter

Company Code :

Enter

Save and enter

#### 14. Define Valuation Control

Definition: we can group together valuation areas by activating the valuation grouping code. Path: SPRO- Materials Management- Valuation and Account Assignment- Account Determination-

Account Determination Without Wizard- Define Valuation Control (Tcode: OMWM)

Execute

Select valuation grouping active

Save and enter

#### 15. Group Together Valuation Areas

Path: Same path (Tcode: OMWD)

Execute

Go to Position button

Valuation area

Enter

Val.Grpg.code :0001 Save

and enter

#### 16. Define Valuation Classes

Definition: you define which valuation classes are allowed for a material type. The valuation class is a group of materials with the same account determination. If a transaction is to be posted to

different accounts depending on the valuation class, create an account determination for each valuation class in the step Create automatic postings.

Path: Same path (Tcode: OMSK)

Execute

Click on Valuation class

Valcl ARef 3000 0001 3001 0001 3002 0001 3003 0001 Save and enter

One time go back

Click on Material type/Account category reference

Go to position button

Material type : ROH

ARef : 0001

Save and enter

17. Create G/L Master Records (Tcode: FS00)

17.1. Raw Material A/C

G/L Account : 290500

Company Code :

Click on create

Go to Type/description Tab

Account Group : ASST Assets

Select Balance sheet Account

Short Text : Raw Material A/C G/L Acct Long Text : Raw Material Account

Go to Control data Tab

Select only balances in local crcy

Select line item display

Sort Key : 001

Go to Create/Bank/Interest Tab

Field Status Group : G006

Select post automatically only

Save

17.2. GR/IR Clearing A/C

.G/L Account : 190500

Company Code :

Click on Create

Go to Type/description Tab

Account Group : LIAB Liabilities

Select Balance sheet Account

Short Text : GR/IR Clearing A/C G/L Acct Long Text : GR/IR clearing Account

Go to Control data Tab

Select only balances in local crcy Tax Category : \* Select Posting without tax allowed

Select line item display

Sort Key : 001

Go to Create/Bank/Interest Tab Field Status Group : G001

Save

#### For MM Integration, Tax procedure and Tax Codes required

#### 18. Tax procedure

Definition: Tax procedure will be developed country wise. Tax procedure is assigned to country

#### 18.1 Check Calculation Procedure

Path: SPRO- Financial Accounting- Financial Accounting Global Settings- Tax on Sales/Purchases-Basic Settings- Check Calculation Procedure (Tcode: OBYZ)

Execute

Double click on Define Procedures

Click on New Entries (F5)

Procedure : Description :

Enter Select \_\_\_\_

Double click on Control data Click on New Entries (F5)

Step CType Fro To AcctKey

100 BASB

110 MWVS 100 100 VST 120 MWAS 100 100 MWS

Save and enter

#### 18.2 Assign Country to Calculation Procedure

Path: Same path (Tcode: OBBG)

Execute

Go to position button

Country : IN

Enter Proc. :

Save and enter

#### 18.3. Define Tax Codes for Sales and Purchases

Definition: Tax Codes nothing but tax rates

Path: SPRO- Financial Accounting- Financial Accounting Global Settings- Tax on Sales/Purchases-Calculation- Define Tax Codes for Sales and Purchases (Tcode: FTXP)

Execute

Country : IN Enter Tax Code :

Tax Code : 4% Input Tax Tax Type : V (Input Tax)

Enter

Input Tax VST 4.000 110 100 MWVS

Save

Tax Code : M4

Tax Code : 4% Output Tax Tax Type : A (Output Tax)

Enter

Output Tax MWS 4.000 120 100 MWAS

Save

#### 18.4. Creation of G/L Master Records (Tcode: FS00)

18.4.1. Input Tax A/C

G/L Account : 290400

Company Code :

Click on Create

Go to Type/Description Tab

Account Group : ASST Assets

Select Balance sheet Account

#### SAP FICO

Short Text : Input Tax A/C G/L Acct Long Text : Input Tax Account

Go to Control data tab

Select only balances in local crcy

Select line item display

Sort Key : 001

Go to Create/bank/interest Tab

Field status group : G001

Save

18.4.2. Output Tax A/C

G/L Account : 190400

Company Code :

Click on Create

Go to Type/Description Tab

Account Group : LIAB Liabilities

Select Balance sheet Account

Short Text : Output Tax A/C G/L Acct Long Text : Output Tax Account

Go to Control data tab

Select only balances in local crcy

Select line item display

Sort Key : 001

Go to Create/bank/interest Tab

Field status group : G001

Save

#### 18.5. Define Tax Accounts

Path: SPRO- Financial Accounting- Financial Accounting Global Settings- Tax on Sales/Purchases-

Posting- Define Tax Accounts (Tcode: OB40)

Execute

Double click on Input Tax VST

Chart of accounts :

Enter

Select Tax code

Save

Tax code :

Account : 290400

Save and enter One time go back

Double click on Output Tax MWS

Select Tax code

Save

Tax Code :

Account : 190400

Save and enter

## 18.6. Maintain Tax Category \* and Select posting without Tax allowed in Service account and Service Revenue A/C G/L Master Records in control data Tab. (Tcode:FS00)

#### 19. Configure Automatic Postings

Path: SPRO- SAP Reference IMG- Materials Management- Valuation and Account Assignment-Account Determination- Account Determination Without Wizard- Configure Automatic Postings (Tcode: OMWB)

Execute

Click on Cancel (F12)

Click on Account Assignment (Shift+F4) Double click on Inventory posting BSX

Chart of Accounts

Enter

Select Valuation Modif. Select Valuation

Save

Valuation modif. : 0001 (Valuation Grouping Code)

Valuation class : 3000

Account : 290500 (Raw Material Account)

Save and enter One time go back

Double click on GR/IR clearing account WRX

Save

Account : 190500

Save and enter

#### 20. Create Material Master Record

Path: Logistics - Materials Management - Material Master - Material - Create (General) - MM01 -

Immediately (Tcode:MM01)

Material

Industry Sector : C Chemical industry

Material type : ROH Raw Material

Enter

Select Basic Data 1 Select purchasing

Select General Plant Data / Storage 1

Select Accounting 1

Plant : Stor.location : Enter

Material

Base Unit of measure

Material Group : 0001

Enter

Purchasing Group : 004

Enter and enter

Valuation Class : 3000

Price Control : V
Moving price

Save

#### 21. Vendor Master Record

Path: Accounting- Financial Accounting - Accounts Payable - Master Records - Maintain Centrally -

XK01 - Create (Tcode: XK01) Vendor :

Company Code : Purchasing organization :

Account Group : 0001

Enter

Title : Company

Name :
Search Term :
Street :
House number :
Postal code :

City : Hyderabad

Country : IN

Enter, enter and enter

Recon. Account : 190100 Sort key : 012 Cash mgmnt group : A1

Enter, enter and enter

Order currency : INR
Terms of payments : 0001
Inco terms : EXW

Select GR-based Inv.verif.

Purchasing group : 004 Planned deliv.time : 1

Save

#### 22. Procure to process (P2P)

#### 22.1. Purchase Requisition

Path: Logistics - Materials Management - Purchasing - Purchase Requisition - ME51N - Create

(Tcode: ME51N)

Go to Items

Material :

Quantity :

Delivery Date :

Material Group : 004

Plant : Stor.Loc. :

Click on Check (Ctrl+Shift+F3)

Save

#### Requisition number

#### 22.2. Request for Quotation (RFQ)

Path: Logistics - Materials Management - Purchasing - RFQ/Quotation - Request for Quotation -

ME41 - Create (Tcode: ME41)

RFQ Type : AN
Language key : EN
RFQ Date :
Quotation deadline :
Purchasing organization :
Purchasing group : 004
Plant :

Storage Location

Material group :

Req.Tracking number : Suresh

Enter

Coll.no :100

Enter

Material : RFQ Quantity : Deliv.time :

Enter

Click on Vendor Address (F7) Vendor

Enter Save

#### 22.3. Maintain Quotation

Path: Logistics - Materials Management - Purchasing - RFQ/Quotation - Quotation - ME47 - Maintain (Tcode: ME47)

RFQ :

Enter
Net price

Save

#### 22.4. Price Comparison

Path: Same path (Tcode: ME49)

Purchasing organization : Collecting RFQ :

Execute (F8)

#### 22.5. Purchase order

Path: Logistics - Materials Management - Purchasing - Purchase Order - Create - ME21N - Vendor/Supplying Plant Known (Tcode: ME21N)

Click on Selection variant

Choose Request for quotations

Plant :

Storage location :

Material group :

Purchasing organization

Purchasing group : 004

Company Code :

Keep blank Vendor Field

Execute (F8)

#### 22.5.1. Pick and drop method

Hold left click on mouse to shopping cart.

#### 22.5.2. Adopt purc.Document

Select Purch.Doc. Click on Adopt Go to Item details Go to Invoice Tab

Tax Code : R4

Click on Check (Ctrl+Shift+F3)

Save

PO Number

## 22.6. Maintain number ranges 50 and 51 for Document types WE (Goods Receipt) and RE (Invoice Verification) (Tcode: FBN1)

#### 22.7. Goods Receipt

Path: Logistics - Materials Management - Inventory Management - Goods Movement - MIGO -

Goods Movement (MIGO) (Tcode: MIGO)

A01 Goods Receipt R01 purchase order:

Enter

Select Item OK Click on check (F7)

Click on post (Shift+F11)

A04 Display

Enter

Go to Header data Go to Doc.Info Tab Click on FI Documents

#### 22.8. Invoice Verification

Path: Logistics - Materials Management - Logistics Invoice Verification - Document Entry - MIRO - Enter Invoice (Tcode: MIRO)

Invoice date

Purchase order/Scheduling agreement: 4500017174

Enter

Select calculate Tax

Copy Balance Field amount to amount field

Click on Simulate (Ctrl+Shift+F7)

Click on post or save

22.9. Report (Tcode: FBL1N)

22.9. Outgoing payments (Tcode: F-53)

## **SD** Integration

#### 1. Define sales organization

Definition: Sales organization nothing but sales department.

Legally, a sales organization is included in exactly one company code. You can assign one or more plants to one sales organization. The sales organization has an address.

Path: SPRO- SAP Reference IMG- Enterprise Structure- Definition- Sales and Distribution-Define, copy, delete, check sales organization (Tcode: OVX5)

Execute

Double click on Copy, delete, check sales organization

Click on copy org.object (F6)

From sales org. : 1000

To sales org. :

Enter, enter, enter and enter

One time go back

Double click on Define Sales Organization

Go to position button

Sales org. :

Enter Select

Click on Details (Ctrl+Shift+F2)

Sales organization : Hyderabad

Click on Address (Shift+F5)

Name : Hyderabad Street : Ameerpet House number : 1-234 Postal code : 123456 City : Hyderabad

Country : IN

Region : AP

Language : EN English

Enter, enter and enter

Save and enter

#### 2. Define Shipping point

Definition: The shipping point is the top level in the organization for shipping. A shipping point can be allocated to several plants. A shipping point can be divided into several loading points.

Path: SPRO- SAP Reference IMG- Enterprise Structure- Definition- Logistics Execution- Define, copy, delete, check shipping point (Tcode: OVXD)

Execute

Double click on Copy, delete, check shipping point

Click on Copy org.object (F6)

From shipping point : 1000

To Shipping point :

Enter, enter, enter and enter

One time go back

Double click on Define shipping point

Go to position button

Shipping point :

Enter Select

Click on Details (Ctrl+Shift+F2) Click on address (Shift+F5)

Name : Shipping point for

Street : Ameerpet
House number : 234
Postal code : 123456
City : Hyderabad

Country : IN

Transportation zone : 0000000001

Enter

Save and enter

#### 3. Assign sales organization to company code

Path: SPRO- SAP Reference IMG- Enterprise Structure- Assignment- Sales and Distribution-Assign sales organization to company code (Tcode: OVX3)

Execute

Go to position button

Sales org. :

Enter CoCd :

Save and enter

4. Assign Shipping Points

Path: SPRO- SAP Reference IMG- Logistics Execution- Shipping- Basic Shipping Functions-Shipping Point and Goods Receiving Point Determination- Assign Shipping Points (Tcode: OVL2)

Execute Shift+F7

Shipping cond. : 01
Loading group : 0001
Plant : Enter

PrShP

Save and enter

5. Creation of G/L Master Records (Tcode: FS00)

5.1. Cost of Goods Sold A/C

G/L Account : 400070

Company Code :

Click on Create

Go to Type/Description Tab

Account Group : EXPN Expense

Select P&L statement Acct

Short Text : COGS A/C

G/L Acct Long Text : Cost of Goods Sold A/C

Go to Control data Tab

Select only balances in local crcy

Select line item display

Sort Key : 001

Go to create/Bank/Interest Tab

Field status group : G003 Save

5.2. Finished Goods A/C

G/L Account : 290600

Company Code :

Click on create

Go to Type/description Tab

Account Group : ASST Assets

Select Balance sheet Account

Short Text : Finished Goods A/C G/L Acct Long Text : Finished Goods Account

Go to Control data Tab

Select only balances in local crcy

Select line item display

Sort Key : 001

Go to Create/Bank/Interest Tab

Field Status Group : G006

Select post automatically only

Save

5.3. Sales Account

G/L Account : 300100

Company Code :

Click on Create

Go to Type/Description Tab

Account Group : INCO Incomes

Select P&L statement Acct

Short Text : Sales A/C G/L Acct Long Text : Sales Account

Go to Control data Tab

Select only balances in local crcy Tax Category Select posting without tax allowed

Select line item display

Sort Kev : 001

Go to create/Bank/Interest Tab

Field status group : G029

Save

#### 6. Integration of COGS A/C and Finished goods Account (Tcode: OMWB)

Click on Cancel (F12)

Click on Account Assignment (Shift+F4)

Double click on Offsetting entry for inventory posting GBB

Chart of Accounts

Enter

Select General modification Select valuation modif. Select valuation class

Save

valuation modif. : 0001

General modification : VAX

Valuation class : 7920 Account : 400070 valuation modif. : 0001

General modification : BSA

Valuation class : 7920 Account : 400070

Save and enter One time go back

Double click on Inventory posting BSX

Valuation modif. : 0001 Valuation class : 7920 Account : 290600

Save and enter

#### 7. Assign Sales G/L Account

Path: SPRO- SAP Reference IMG- Sales and Distribution- Basic Functions- Account

Assignment/Costing- Revenue Account Determination- Assign G/L Accounts

(Tcode: VKOA)

Execute

Double click on Cust.Grp/MaterialGrp/AcctKey

Click on New Entries (F5)

App CndTy. : KOFI ChAc. SOrg. AAG : 01 AAG : 03 ActKy : ERL Account : 300100

Save and enter

#### 8. Maintain number ranges for 49 (Tcode: FBN1)

Company code

Click on change interval

Click on Insert Interval (Shift+F1)

No : 49

Year : 2014 From Number : 4900000000

To Number : 4999999999

Enter

Save and enter

9. Create Material master record (Tcode: MM01)

Material :

Industry Sector : C Chemical Industry Material type : FERT Finished Goods

Enter Select Basic Data 1

Sales: Sales Org. Data 1 Sales: Sales Org. Data 2 Sales: General/Plant Data General Plant Data / Storage 1

Accounting 1

Enter
Plant :
Stor.Location :
Sales org. :
Distr.Channel :10

Enter

Material :
Base Unit of measure : TO
Material Group : 0001
Division : 00
Gross Weight : 10000
Net Weight : 10000

Enter

Delivering Plant : T : 1

Click on conditions
Scal Quantity Amount
1 100000
10 TR10
100 90000
One time go back

Enter

Acct assignment grp : 03

Enter

Trans.Grp : 0001 Loading Grp : 0001

Enter and enter

Valuation Class : 7920

Price Control : S (Standard price)

Standard price : 100000

Save

10. Create Customer Master Records

Path: Accounting - Financial Accounting - Accounts Receivable - Master Records - Maintain

Centrally - XD01 - Create (Tcode: XD01)

Account Group : 0001 Customer :

Company Code : Sales organization : 10 Division : 00

Enter

Title : Company

Name :
Search Term :
Street :
House Number :
Postal code :
City

City : Country : IN Region : 01

Transportation Zone : 0000000001

Click on Company Code Data (Ctrl+F2)

Recon.Account : 290300 Sort Key : 031

Click on Sales area data (Ctrl+F3)

Go to Shipping Tab

Delivery priority : 01 Shipping conditions : 01 Delivering plant :

Go to Billing documents tab

Incoterms: EXWTerms of payments: 0001Acct assgmt group: 01Tax classification: 1

Save

11. Initial Stock posting

Path: Logistics - Materials Management - Inventory Management - Goods Movement - Goods

Receipt - MB1C - Other (Tcode: MB1C)

Movement type : 561
Plant : Storage Location : Enter

Material : Quantity :

Enter Save

Go to Menu bar

Other Goods Receipts- Display

Enter Click on

Accounting Document (F7)

11.1. Maintain Condition Records

Path: Logistics- Sales and Distribution- Master Data- Conditions- Select Using Condition Type-

VK11 – Create (Tcode: VK11)

Condition type : MWST (Output Tax)

Enter

Select Domestic Taxes

Enter

Country : IN

T : 1 (This is maintained in Customer Master)
T : 1 (This is maintained in Material master)

Tax code : M4

Save

#### 12. Creation of Sales order

Path: Logistics - Sales and Distribution - Sales - Order - VA01 - Create (Tcode: VA01)

Order type : OR

Sales organization

Distribution Chennel : 10 Division : 00

Enter

Sold to party :\_\_\_\_\_ (Customer Number)

PO Number : 10

Go to Sales Tab

Material : Order Quantity : 10

Enter

Double click on Material Go to Conditions Tab

Save

Sales order N

#### 13. Goods Issue to customer

Path: Logistics - Sales and Distribution - Shipping and Transportation - Outbound Delivery - Create

- Single Document - VL01N - With Reference to Sales Order

(Tcode: VL01N)

Shipping point : Selection Date :

Order

Enter

Go to Picking Tab

SLoc : Picked Qty : 10

Enter

Click on post goods issue (Shift+F8)

Go to Menu bar

Outbound delivery - Display

Outbound Delivery :

Enter

Go to Menu bar

Environment - Document Flow Select GD Goods Issue:Delivy Click on Display Document (F8) Click on Accounting Documents (F7)

Delivery Document No: 80015175

#### 14. Customer invoice

Path: Logistics - Sales and Distribution - Billing - Billing Document - VF01 - Create (Tcode: VF01)

Document :

Enter Save

Go to Menu bar

Billing Document - Display

Billing Document number Click on Accounting (F6)

# Period End and Year End Process

#### 1. Financial statements version

Path: SPRO- SAP Reference IMG- Financial Accounting (New)- General Ledger Accounting (New)- Master Data- G/L Accounts- Define Financial Statement Versions (Tcode: OB58) Execute

Click on New Entries (F5)

Fin.Stmt.version

Name : Financial Statements

Maint.Language : EN (English)

Select Item keys auto.

Chart of accounts :

Save and enter

Click on Fin. statement Items (Shift+F8)

Click on create items (F5)

Liabilities Assets Incomes Expenses Enter

Select Liabilities

Click on Assign Accounts (F6)
From Acct To Account D C
100000 199999 -

Enter

Select Assets

Click on Assign Accounts (F6)
From Acct to Account D C

### SAP FICO

200000 299999 -

Enter

Select Incomes

Click on Assign Accounts (F6)
From Acct To Account D C
300000 399999 -

Enter

Select Expense

Click on Assign Accounts (F6)
From Acct To Account D C
400000 499999 -

Enter

Save and enter

#### 1.1. Financial Statements Report

Path: Information Systems- Accounting- Financial Accounting- General Ledger- F.01 - Balance Sheet (Tcode: F.01)